

Periodic Table for the *Table of Isotopes* (1999)

1 (IA)																2 (IIA)																Group																13 (IIIA)																14 (IVA)																15 (VA)																16 (VIA)																17 (VIIA)																18 (VIIIA)																															
Hydrogen																Lithium																Beryllium																Element																Boron																Carbon																Nitrogen																Oxygen																Fluorine																Neon															
H ₁																Li ₃																Be ₄																E _Z																B ₅																C ₆																N ₇																O ₈																F ₉																Ne ₁₀															
+1																+1																+2																K																+3																+4																+5																-2																-1																0															
1.00794																6.941																9.012182																M.P. ^o																10.811																12.0107																14.00674																15.9994																18.9984032																20.1797															
8.9%																1.86x10 ⁻⁹ %																2.38x10 ⁻⁹ %																Ox.States																6.9x10 ⁻⁸ %																0.033%																0.0102%																0.078%																2.7x10 ⁻⁸ %																0.0112%															
At.Weight																Abundance%																Q																																																																																																																															
2 1 1 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 3 3 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 4 4 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 5 5 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 6 6 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 7 7 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 8 8 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 9 9 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																2 10 10 180.5 ^o 1287 ^o 1342 ^o																															

† Lanthanides

Cerium	Praseodymium	Neodymium	Promethium	Samarium	Europium	Gadolinium	Terbium	Dysprosium	Holmium	Erbium	Thulium	Ytterbium	Lutetium
Ce ₅₈	Pr ₅₉	Nd ₆₀	Pm ₆₁	Sm ₆₂	Eu ₆₃	Gd ₆₄	Tb ₆₅	Dy ₆₆	Ho ₆₇	Er ₆₈	Tm ₆₉	Yb ₇₀	Lu ₇₁
140.116	140.90765	144.24	[145]	150.36	151.964	157.25	158.92534	162.50	164.93032	167.26	168.93421	173.04	174.967
3.70x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	5.44x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	2.70x10 ⁻⁹ %		8.42x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	3.17x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	1.076x10 ⁻⁹ %	1.97x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	1.286x10 ⁻⁹ %	2.90x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	8.18x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	1.23x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	8.08x10 ⁻¹⁰ %	1.197x10 ⁻¹⁰ %

‡ Actinides

Thorium	Protactinium	Uranium	Neptunium	Plutonium	Americium	Curium	Berkelium	Californium	Einsteinium	Fermium	Mendelevium	Nobelium	Lawrencium
Th ₉₀	Pa ₉₁	U ₉₂	Np ₉₃	Pu ₉₄	Am ₉₅	Cm ₉₆	Bk ₉₇	Cf ₉₈	Es ₉₉	Fm ₁₀₀	Md ₁₀₁	No ₁₀₂	Lr ₁₀₃
232.0381	231.03588	238.0289	[237]	[244]	[243]	[247]	[247]	[251]	[252]	[257]	[258]	[259]	[262]
1.09x10 ⁻¹⁰ %		2.94x10 ⁻¹¹ %											

The new IUPAC Group format numbers the groups from 1 to 18. The numbering system used by the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) is given in parentheses. For elements that are not naturally abundant, the mass number of the longest-lived isotope is given in brackets. The abundances (atomic %) are based on meteorite and solar wind data. The melting point (M.P.), boiling point (B.P.), and critical point (C.P.) temperatures are given in °Celsius. Sublimation and critical temperatures are indicated by s and t.

REFERENCES

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3. *Chemical and Engineering News*, 63(5), 27(1985).
4. E. Anders and N. Grevesse, *Abundances of the Elements: Meteoritic and Solar*, Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta 53, 197 (1989).