

Contents

Preface XV

List of Contributors XIX

1	Computational Viscoelastic Fluid Mechanics and Numerical Studies of Turbulent Flows of Dilute Polymer Solutions	1
	<i>Antony N. Beris and Kostas D. Housiadas</i>	
1.1	Introduction and Historical Perspective	1
1.2	Governing Equations and Polymer Modeling	6
1.3	Numerical Methods for DNS	10
1.3.1	Spectral Methods: Influence Matrix Formulation	11
1.3.1.1	The Semi-Implicit/Explicit Scheme	11
1.3.1.2	The Fully Implicit Scheme	13
1.3.1.3	Typical Simulation Conditions	15
1.3.2	The Positive Definiteness of the Conformation Tensor	15
1.4	Effects of Flow, Rheological, and Numerical Parameters on DNS of Turbulent Channel Flow of Dilute Polymer Solutions	17
1.4.1	Drag Reduction Evaluation	17
1.4.2	Effects of Flow and Rheological Parameters	19
1.4.3	Effects of Numerical Parameters	26
1.5	Conclusions and Thoughts on Future Work	29
	References	31
2	Modeling of Polymer Matrix Nanocomposites	37
	<i>Hendrik Heinz, Soumya S. Patnaik, Ras B. Pandey, and Barry L. Farmer</i>	
2.1	Introduction	37
2.2	Polymer Clay Nanocomposites and Coarse-Grained Models	40
2.2.1	Coarse-Grained Components	42
2.2.2	Methods and Timescales	42
2.2.2.1	Off-Lattice (Continuum) Approach	43
2.2.2.2	Discrete Lattice Approach	43
2.2.2.3	Hybrid Approach	44
2.2.3	Coarse-Grained Sheet	44

2.2.3.1	Conformation and Dynamics of a Sheet	47
2.2.4	Coarse-Grained Studies of Nanocomposites	50
2.2.4.1	Probing Exfoliation and Dispersion	51
2.2.5	Platelets in Composite Matrix	52
2.2.5.1	Solvent Particles	52
2.2.5.2	Polymer Matrix	55
2.2.6	Conclusions and Outlook	60
2.3	All-Atom Models for Interfaces and Application to Clay Minerals	61
2.3.1	Force Fields for Inorganic Components	62
2.3.1.1	Atomic Charges	64
2.3.1.2	Lennard-Jones Parameters	65
2.3.1.3	Bonded Parameters	67
2.3.2	Self-Assembly of Alkylammonium Ions on Montmorillonite: Structural and Surface Properties at the Molecular Level	68
2.3.3	Relationship Between Packing Density and Thermal Transitions of Alkyl Chains on Layered Silicate and Metal Surfaces	78
2.4	Interfacial Thermal Properties of Cross-Linked Polymer-CNT Nanocomposites	79
2.4.1	Model Building	81
2.4.2	Thermal Conductivity	83
2.5	Conclusion	86
	References	86
3	Computational Studies of Polymer Kinetics	93
	<i>Galina Litvinenko</i>	
3.1	Introduction	93
3.2	Batch Polymerization	95
3.2.1	Ideal Living Polymerization	95
3.2.2	Effect of Chain Transfer Reactions	97
3.2.3	Chain Transfer to Solvent	97
3.2.4	Multifunctional Initiators	102
3.2.5	Chain Transfer to Polymer	105
3.2.6	Chain Transfer to Monomer	109
3.3	Continuous Polymerization	111
3.3.1	MWD of Living Polymers Formed in CSTR	113
3.3.2	Chain Transfer to Solvent	116
3.3.3	Chain Transfer to Monomer	118
3.3.4	Chain Transfer to Polymer	120
3.4	Conclusions	123
	References	125
4	Computational Polymer Processing	127
	<i>Evan Mitsoulis</i>	
4.1	Introduction	127
4.1.1	Polymer Processing	127

4.1.2	Historical Notes on Computations	128
4.2	Mathematical Modeling	130
4.2.1	Governing Conservation Equations	130
4.2.2	Constitutive Equations	130
4.2.3	Dimensionless Groups	134
4.2.4	Boundary Conditions	138
4.3	Method of Solution	140
4.4	Polymer Processing Flows	143
4.4.1	Extrusion	143
4.4.1.1	Flow Inside the Extruder	143
4.4.1.2	Flow in an Extruder Die (Contraction Flow)	146
4.4.1.3	Flow Outside the Extruder – Extrudate Swell	149
4.4.1.4	Coextrusion Flows	150
4.4.1.5	Extrusion Die Design	153
4.4.2	Postextrusion Operations	154
4.4.2.1	Calendering	155
4.4.2.2	Roll Coating	157
4.4.2.3	Wire Coating	162
4.4.2.4	Fiber Spinning	163
4.4.2.5	Film Casting	169
4.4.2.6	Film Blowing	173
4.4.3	Unsteady-State Processes	176
4.4.3.1	Blow Molding	176
4.4.3.2	Thermoforming	178
4.4.3.3	Injection Molding	181
4.5	Conclusions	185
4.6	Current Trends and Future Challenges	187
	References	188

5 Computational Approaches for Structure Formation in Multicomponent Polymer Melts 197

Marcus Müller

5.1	Minimal, Coarse-Grained Models, and Universality	197
5.2	From Particle-Based Models for Computer Simulations to Self-Consistent Field Theory: Hard-Core Models	201
5.2.1	Hubbard–Stratonovich Transformation: Field-Theoretic Reformulation of the Particle-Based Partition Function	201
5.2.2	Mean Field Approximation	206
5.2.3	Role of Compressibility and Local Correlations of the Fluid of Segments	210
5.3	From Field-Theoretic Hamiltonians to Particle-Based Models: Soft-Core Models	211
5.3.1	Standard Model for Compressible Multicomponent Polymer Melts and Self-Consistent Field Techniques	211
5.3.2	Mean Field Theory for Non-Gaussian Chain Architectures	213

5.3.2.1	Partial Enumeration Schemes	213
5.3.2.2	Monte Carlo Sampling of the Single-Chain Partition Function and Self-Consistent Brownian Dynamics	214
5.3.3	Single-Chain-in-Mean-Field Simulations and Grid-Based Monte Carlo Simulation of the Field-Theoretic Hamiltonian	217
5.3.3.1	Single-Chain-in-Mean-Field Simulations	217
5.3.3.2	Minimal, Particle-Based, Coarse-Grained Model: Discretization of Space and Molecular Contour	219
5.3.3.3	Monte Carlo Simulations and Advantages of Soft Coarse-Grained Models	220
5.3.3.4	Comparison Between Monte Carlo and SCMF Simulations: Quasi-Instantaneous Field Approximation	221
5.3.4	Off-Lattice, Soft, Coarse-Grained Models	225
5.4	An Application: Calculating Free Energies of Self-Assembling Systems	227
5.4.1	Crystallization in Hard Condensed Matter Versus Self-Assembly of Soft Matter	227
5.4.2	Field-Theoretic Reference State: The Einstein Crystal of Grid-Based Fields	228
5.4.3	Particle-Based Approach: Reversible Path in External Ordering Field	229
5.4.3.1	How to Turn a Disordered Melt into a Microphase-Separated Morphology Without Passing Through a First-Order Transition?	229
5.4.3.2	Thermodynamic Integration Versus Expanded Ensemble and Replica-Exchange Monte Carlo Simulation	232
5.4.3.3	Selected Applications	235
5.4.4	Simultaneous Calculation of Pressure and Chemical Potential in Soft, Off-Lattice Models	238
5.5	Outlook	239
	References	242
6	Simulations and Theories of Single Polyelectrolyte Chains	247
	<i>Arindam Kundagrami, Rajeev Kumar, and Murugappan Muthukumar</i>	
6.1	Introduction	247
6.2	Simulation	251
6.2.1	Simulation Method	251
6.2.2	Degree of Ionization	253
6.2.3	Size and Shape of the Polyelectrolyte	255
6.2.4	Effect of Salt Concentration on Degree of Ionization	256
6.2.5	Radial Distribution Functions	259
6.2.6	Dependence of Degree of Ionization on Polymer Density	259
6.2.7	Size and Structure of the Polyelectrolyte	262
6.2.7.1	Theoretical Background	262
6.2.7.2	Dependence of Radius of Gyration on Salt with Monovalent Counterions	264

6.2.7.3	Bridging Effect by Divalent Counterions	265
6.3	The Variational Theory	266
6.3.1	Free Energy	269
6.3.2	Effect of Coulomb Strength on Degree of Ionization and Size	275
6.3.2.1	Salt-Free Solutions	275
6.3.2.2	Divalent Salt and Overcharging	278
6.3.3	Chain Contraction: Contrasting Effects of Mono- and Divalent Salts	279
6.3.4	Competitive Adsorption of Divalent Salts	279
6.3.5	Effect of Dielectric Mismatch Parameter	282
6.3.6	Effect of Monomer Concentration and Chain Length	282
6.3.7	Free energy Profile	284
6.3.8	Diagram of Charged States: Divalent Salt	287
6.3.9	Effect of Ion-Pair Correlations	290
6.3.10	Collapse in a Poor Solvent	291
6.3.11	Bridging Effect: Divalent Salt	295
6.3.12	Role of Chain Stiffness: The Rodlike Chain Limit	299
6.4	The Self-Consistent Field Theory	301
6.4.1	Extension of Edward's Formulation	303
6.4.2	Transformation from Particles to Fields	309
6.4.2.1	Transformation Using Functional Integral Identities	309
6.4.2.2	Hubbard–Stratonovich Transformation	310
6.4.3	Sum Over Charge Distributions	312
6.4.4	Saddle-Point Approximation	312
6.4.5	Numerical Techniques	314
6.4.5.1	Finite Difference Methods	315
6.4.5.2	Spectral Method: Method of Basis Functions	316
6.4.5.3	Pseudospectral Method	318
6.4.6	Fluctuations Around the Saddle Point	320
6.5	Comparison of Theories: SCFT and Variational Formalism	322
6.5.1	Self-Consistent Field Theory for Single Chain	322
6.5.2	Variational Formalism	325
6.5.3	Numerical Techniques	327
6.5.4	Degree of Ionization	328
6.5.5	Term-by-Term Comparison of Free Energy: SCFT and Variational Formalism	330
6.6	Conclusions	339
	References	339
7	Multiscale Modeling and Coarse Graining of Polymer Dynamics: Simulations Guided by Statistical Beyond-Equilibrium Thermodynamics	343
7.1	<i>Patrick Ilg, Vlasis Mavrantas, and Hans Christian Öttinger</i> Polymer Dynamics and Flow Properties We Want to Understand: Motivation and Goals	343

7.1.1	Challenges in Polymer Dynamics Under Flow	343
7.1.2	Modeling Polymer Dynamics Beyond Equilibrium	344
7.1.3	Challenges in Standard Simulations of Polymers in Flow	346
7.2	Coarse-Grained Variables and Models	347
7.2.1	Beads and Superatoms	348
7.2.2	Uncrossable Chains of Blobs	350
7.2.3	Primitive Paths	351
7.2.4	Other Single-Chain Simulation Approaches to Polymer Melts: Slip-Link and Dual Slip-Link Models	353
7.2.5	Entire Molecules	354
7.2.6	Conformation Tensor	355
7.2.7	Mesoscopic Fluid Volumes	357
7.3	Systematic and Thermodynamically Consistent Approach to Coarse Graining: General Formulation	357
7.3.1	The Need for and Benefits of Consistent Coarse-Graining Schemes	357
7.3.2	Different Levels of Description and the Choice of Relevant Variables	358
7.3.3	GENERIC Framework of Coarse Graining	360
7.3.3.1	Mapping to Relevant Variables and Reversible Dynamics	360
7.3.3.2	Irreversibility and Dissipation Through Coarse Graining	360
7.4	Thermodynamically Guided Coarse-Grained Polymer Simulations Beyond Equilibrium	363
7.4.1	GENERIC Coarse-Graining Applied to Unentangled Melts: Foundations	363
7.4.2	Thermodynamically Guided Atomistic Monte Carlo Methodology for Generating Realistic Shear Flows	365
7.4.3	Systematic Timescale Bridging Molecular Dynamics for Flowing Polymer Melts	369
7.4.3.1	Systematic Timescale Bridging Algorithm	369
7.4.3.2	Fluctuations, Separating Timescale, and Friction Matrix	371
7.4.3.3	Results	371
7.5	Conclusions and Perspectives	372
	References	374
8	Computational Mechanics of Rubber and Tires	385
	<i>Michael J. Poldneff and Martin W. Heinstein</i>	
8.1	Introduction	385
8.2	Nonlinear Finite Element Analysis	386
8.3	Incompressibility Conditions	389
8.4	Solution Strategy	393
8.5	Treatment of Contact Constraints	394
8.6	Tire Modeling	397
	References	403

9	Modeling the Hydrodynamics of Elastic Filaments and its Application to a Biomimetic Flagellum	405
	<i>Holger Stark</i>	
9.1	Introduction	405
9.1.1	Lessons from Nature	405
9.1.2	A Historical Overview	406
9.1.3	A Biomimetic Flagellum	408
9.2	Elastohydrodynamics of a Filament	408
9.2.1	Theory of Elasticity of an Elastic Rod	408
9.2.2	Hydrodynamic Friction of a Filament: Resistive Force Theory	410
9.2.3	Hydrodynamic Friction of a Filament: Method of Hydrodynamic Interaction	412
9.3	A Biomimetic Flagellum and Cilium	414
9.3.1	Details of the Modeling	414
9.3.2	Microscopic Artificial Swimmer	416
9.3.3	Fluid Transport	420
9.3.3.1	Two-Dimensional Stroke	421
9.3.3.2	Three-Dimensional Stroke	425
9.4	Conclusions	427
	References	427
10	Energy Gap Model of Glass Formers: Lessons Learned from Polymers	433
	<i>Puru D. Gujrati</i>	
10.1	Introduction	433
10.1.1	Equilibrium and Metastable States: Supercooled Liquids	433
10.1.2	Common Folklore	434
10.1.3	Systems Being Considered	435
10.1.4	Long-Time Stability	436
10.1.5	High Barriers, Confinement, and the Cell Model	437
10.1.5.1	Cell Model	437
10.1.5.2	Communal Entropy, Free Energy, and Lattice Models	440
10.1.6	Fundamental Postulate: Stationary Limit	441
10.1.7	Thermodynamics of Metastability	443
10.1.8	Scope of the Review	444
10.2	Modeling Glass Formers by an Energy Gap	446
10.2.1	Distinct SMSs	446
10.2.2	Entropy Extension in the Gap	446
10.2.3	Gibbs–Di Marzio Theory	447
10.3	Glass Transition: A Brief Survey	451
10.3.1	Experimentally Observed Glassy State	451
10.3.2	Glass Phenomenology	452
10.3.3	Fragility	453
10.3.4	Ideal Glass Transition as $r \rightarrow 0$	454
10.3.5	Kauzmann Paradox and Thermodynamics	456

10.3.6	Entropy Crisis and Ideal Glass Transition	457
10.4	Localization in Glassy Materials	459
10.4.1	Communal Entropy, Confinement, and Ideal Glass	459
10.4.2	Partitioning of $Z_T(T, V)$	463
10.5	Some Glass Transition Theories	464
10.5.1	Thermodynamic Theory of Adam and Gibbs	464
10.5.2	Free Volume Theory	465
10.5.3	Mode Coupling Theory	466
10.6	Progine–Defay Ratio Π and the Significance of Entropy	467
10.7	Equilibrium Formulation and Order Parameter	469
10.7.1	Canonical Partition Function	469
10.7.2	Free Energy Branches	470
10.7.3	Order Parameter and Classification of Microstates	470
10.8	Restricted Ensemble	471
10.8.1	Required Extension in the Energy Gap	471
10.8.2	Restricted and Extended Restricted PF's	471
10.8.3	Metastability Prescription	472
10.9	Three Useful Theorems	472
10.10	1D Polymer Model: Exact Calculation	475
10.10.1	Polymer Model and Classification of Configurations	475
10.10.2	Exact Calculation	477
10.11	Glass Transition in a Binary Mixture	480
10.12	Ideal Glass Singularity and the Order Parameter	484
10.12.1	Singular Free Energy	484
10.12.2	Order Parameter	485
10.12.3	Relevance for Experiments	486
10.13	Conclusions	488
	Appendix 10.A: Classical Statistical Mechanics	490
	Appendix 10.B: Negative Entropy	491
	References	492
11	Liquid Crystalline Polymers: Theories, Experiments, and Nematodynamic Simulations of Shearing Flows	497
	<i>Hongyan Chen and Arkady I. Leonov</i>	
11.1	Introduction and Review	497
11.1.1	Low Molecular Weight and Polymeric Liquid Crystals	497
11.1.2	Molecular and Continuum Theories of LCP	498
11.1.3	Soft Deformation Modes in LCP	500
11.1.4	Specific Problems in LCP Theories	502
11.1.5	Experimental Effects in Flows of LCP	503
11.2	General Equations and Simulation Procedures	504
11.3	LCP and their Parameters Established in Simulations	508
11.4	Results of Simulations	511
11.4.1	Simulations of Steady Shearing Flows	511
11.4.2	Simulations of Transient Start-Up Shear Flows	514

- 11.4.3 Simulations of Relaxation after Cessation of Steady Flow 518
- 11.4.4 On the Time-Temperature Superposition in Weakly Viscoelastic Nematodynamics 521
- 11.5 Conclusions and Discussions 522
- References 524

Index 527

