

Contents

Preface XVII

Acknowledgments XIX

1	Radionuclides and their Radiometric Measurement	1
1.1	Radionuclides	1
1.1.1	Natural Radionuclides	1
1.1.2	Artificial Radionuclides	4
1.2	Modes of Radioactive Decay	6
1.2.1	Fission	6
1.2.2	Alpha Decay	8
1.2.3	Beta Decay	10
1.2.4	Internal Transition	12
1.3	Detection and Measurement of Radiation	14
1.3.1	Gas Ionization Detectors	14
1.3.2	Liquid Scintillation Counting	16
1.3.3	Solid Scintillation Detectors	20
1.3.4	Semiconductor Detectors	20
1.3.5	Summary of Radiometric Methods	22
2	Special Features of the Chemistry of Radionuclides and their Separation	25
2.1	Small Quantities	25
2.2	Adsorption	26
2.3	Use of Carriers	28
2.4	Utilization of Radiation in the Determination of Radionuclides	31
2.5	Consideration of Elapsed Time	31
2.6	Changes in the System Caused by Radiation and Decay	31
2.7	The Need for Radiochemical Separations	32

3	Factors Affecting Chemical Forms of Radionuclides in Aqueous Solutions	35
3.1	Solution pH	35
3.2	Redox Potential	38
3.3	Dissolved Gases	42
3.3.1	Oxygen	42
3.3.2	Carbon Dioxide	43
3.4	Ligands Forming Complexes with Metals	46
3.5	Humic Substances	48
3.6	Colloidal Particles	51
3.7	Source and Generation of Radionuclides	52
3.8	Appendix: Reagents Used to Adjust Oxidation States of Radionuclides	54
3.8.1	Oxidants	54
3.8.2	Reductants	55
4	Separation Methods	57
4.1	Precipitation	57
4.2	Solubility Product	58
4.2.1	Coprecipitation	59
4.2.2	Objectives of Precipitation	60
4.2.2.1	Precipitations Specific for the Investigated Radionuclide	60
4.2.2.2	Group Precipitations for the Preconcentration of the Target Radionuclide	61
4.2.2.3	Group Precipitations for the Removal of Interfering Radionuclides and Stable Elements	61
4.3	Ion Exchange	64
4.3.1	Ion Exchange Resins	64
4.3.2	Distribution Coefficient and Selectivity	65
4.3.3	Cation Exchange or Anion Exchange?	66
4.3.4	Ion Exchange Chromatography	67
4.3.5	Ion Exchange in Actinide Separations	68
4.4	Solvent Extraction	70
4.4.1	Extractable Complexes	71
4.4.2	Distribution Constant and Distribution Ratio	72
4.4.3	Examples of the Use of Solvent Extraction in Radiochemical Separations	73
4.5	Extraction Chromatography	74
4.5.1	Principles of Extraction Chromatography	74
4.5.2	Extraction Chromatography Resins	74
4.5.3	Pb and Sr Resins	75
4.5.4	Use of Extraction Chromatography in Actinide Separations	76

5	Yield Determinations and Counting Source Preparation	81
5.1	The Determination of Chemical Yield in Radiochemical Analyses	81
5.1.1	Use of Stable Isotopic Carriers in Yield Determinations	81
5.1.2	Use of Radioactive Tracers in Yield Determinations	82
5.2	Preparation of Sources for Activity Counting	85
5.2.1	Preparation of Source for Gamma Emitters	85
5.2.2	Sample Preparation for LSC	86
5.2.3	Source Preparation for Alpha Spectrometry with Semiconductor Detectors and for Beta Counting with Proportional Counters	87
5.2.3.1	Electrodeposition	88
5.2.3.2	Micro-coprecipitation	88
5.2.3.3	Spontaneous Deposition	89
5.3	Essentials in Chemical Yield Determination and in Counting Source Preparation	89
5.3.1	Yield Determination	89
5.3.2	Counting Source Preparation	90
6	Radiochemistry of the Alkali Metals	91
6.1	Most Important Radionuclides of the Alkali Metals	91
6.2	Chemical Properties of the Alkali Metals	91
6.3	Separation Needs of Alkali Metal Radionuclides	92
6.4	Potassium – ^{40}K	93
6.5	Cesium – ^{134}Cs , ^{135}Cs , and ^{137}Cs	94
6.5.1	Sources and Nuclear Characteristics	94
6.5.2	Preconcentration of Cesium Nuclides from Natural Waters	95
6.5.3	Determination of ^{135}Cs	96
6.5.3.1	Determination of ^{135}Cs by Neutron Activation Analysis	96
6.5.3.2	Determination of ^{135}Cs by Mass Spectrometry	97
6.6	Essentials in the Radiochemistry of the Alkali Metals	98
7	Radiochemistry of the Alkaline Earth Metals	99
7.1	Most Important Radionuclides of the Alkaline Earth Metals	99
7.2	Chemical Properties of the Alkaline Earth Metals	99
7.3	Beryllium – ^7Be and ^{10}Be	102
7.4	Calcium – ^{41}Ca and ^{45}Ca	102
7.4.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement	102
7.4.2	Determination of ^{45}Ca and ^{41}Ca in Concrete	103
7.5	Strontium – ^{89}Sr and ^{90}Sr	106
7.5.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Sources	106
7.5.2	Measurement of Strontium Isotopes	107
7.5.2.1	Measurement of ^{90}Sr Activity	107
7.5.2.2	Simultaneous Determination of ^{89}Sr and ^{90}Sr	109
7.5.3	Radiochemical Separations of ^{90}Sr and ^{89}Sr	109
7.5.3.1	Determination of Chemical Yield in Radiostrontium Separations	110

7.5.3.2	Separation of Radiostrontium by the Nitrate Precipitation Method	110
7.5.3.3	Separation of Radiostrontium by a $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ Precipitation Method	113
7.5.3.4	Separation of Radiostrontium by Extraction Chromatography	114
7.6	Radium – ^{226}Ra and ^{228}Ra	117
7.6.1	Nuclear Characteristics of Radium Isotopes	117
7.6.2	Measurement of the Activity of Radium Isotopes	117
7.6.3	Need for Determining the Activity of Radium Isotopes	119
7.6.4	Radiochemical Separations of Radium	119
7.6.4.1	Separation of ^{226}Ra in Rock Samples with Use of Ion Exchange	120
7.6.4.2	Determination of ^{226}Ra and ^{228}Ra in Water by Extraction Chromatography	121
7.7	Essentials in the Radiochemistry of the Alkaline Earth Metals	122
8	Radiochemistry of the 3d-Transition Metals	123
8.1	The Most Important Radionuclides of the 3d-Transition Metals	123
8.2	Chemical Properties of the 3d-Transition Metals	124
8.3	Iron – ^{55}Fe	125
8.3.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{55}Fe	125
8.3.2	Chemistry of Iron	125
8.3.3	Separation of ^{55}Fe	128
8.3.3.1	Separation of ^{55}Fe by Solvent Extraction	128
8.3.3.2	Separation of ^{55}Fe by Extraction Chromatography	129
8.4	Nickel – ^{59}Ni and ^{63}Ni	130
8.4.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{59}Ni and ^{63}Ni	130
8.4.2	Chemistry of Nickel	131
8.4.3	Separation of ^{59}Ni and ^{63}Ni	132
8.4.3.1	Separation of Nickel by the DMG Precipitation Method	132
8.4.3.2	Separation of ^{63}Ni by Ni Resin	134
8.4.3.3	Separation of Nickel for the Measurement of Nickel Isotopes with AMS	135
8.4.3.4	Simultaneous Determination of ^{55}Fe and ^{63}Ni	135
8.5	Essentials in 3-d Transition Metals Radiochemistry	137
9	Radiochemistry of the 4d-Transition Metals	139
9.1	Important Radionuclides of the 4d-Transition Metals	139
9.2	Chemistry of the 4d-Transition Metals	140
9.3	Technetium – ^{99}Tc	140
9.3.1	Chemistry of Technetium	141
9.3.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{99}Tc	141
9.3.3	Separation of ^{99}Tc	143
9.3.3.1	Yield Determination in ^{99}Tc Analyses	143
9.3.3.2	Enrichment of ^{99}Tc for Water Analyzes	144

9.3.3.3	Separation of ^{99}Tc from Water by Precipitation and Solvent Extraction	144
9.3.3.4	Separation of ^{99}Tc by Extraction Chromatography	145
9.3.3.5	Separation of ^{99}Tc by Distillation	146
9.4	Zirconium – ^{93}Zr	146
9.4.1	Chemistry of Zirconium	147
9.4.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{93}Zr	148
9.4.3	Separation of ^{93}Zr	148
9.4.3.1	Determination of ^{93}Zr by TTA Extraction and Measurement by LSC	149
9.4.3.2	Separation of ^{93}Zr by Coprecipitation and Solvent Extraction for the Zr Measurement by ICP-MS	149
9.5	Molybdenum – ^{93}Mo	151
9.5.1	Chemistry of Molybdenum	151
9.5.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{93}Mo	153
9.5.3	Separation of ^{93}Mo	154
9.5.3.1	Separation of Radioactive Molybdenum by Aluminum Oxide	154
9.5.3.2	Separation of ^{93}Mo by Solvent Extraction	154
9.6	Niobium – ^{94}Nb	156
9.6.1	Chemistry of Niobium	156
9.6.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of Niobium Radionuclides	157
9.6.3	Separation of ^{94}Nb	157
9.6.3.1	Separation of ^{94}Nb by Precipitation as Nb_2O_5	158
9.6.3.2	Separation of ^{94}Nb by Precipitation as Nb_2O_5 and by Anion Exchange	158
9.6.3.3	Separation of ^{94}Nb by Solvent Extraction	159
9.7	Essentials in the Radiochemistry of 4-d Transition Metals	159
10	Radiochemistry of the Lanthanides	163
10.1	Important Lanthanide Radionuclides	163
10.2	Chemical Properties of the Lanthanides	163
10.3	Separation of Lanthanides from Actinides	165
10.4	Lanthanides as Actinide Analogs	165
10.5	^{147}Pm and ^{151}Sm	167
10.5.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{147}Pm and ^{151}Sm	167
10.5.2	Separation of ^{147}Pm and ^{151}Sm	168
10.5.2.1	Separation with Ln Resin	168
10.5.2.2	Determination of ^{147}Pm from Urine Using Ion Exchange Chromatography	170
10.5.2.3	Separation of ^{147}Pm from Irradiated Fuel by Ion Exchange Chromatography	170
10.5.2.4	Determination of ^{147}Pm and ^{151}Sm in Rocks	171
10.6	Essentials of Lanthanide Radiochemistry	173

11	Radiochemistry of the Halogens	175
11.1	Important Halogen Radionuclides	175
11.2	Physical and Chemical Properties of the Halogens	176
11.3	Chlorine – ^{36}Cl	178
11.3.1	Sources and Nuclear Characteristics of ^{36}Cl	178
11.3.2	Determination of ^{36}Cl	178
11.3.2.1	Determination of ^{36}Cl from Steel, Graphite, and Concrete by Solvent Extraction and Ion Exchange	179
11.4	Iodine – ^{129}I	181
11.4.1	Sources and Nuclear Characteristics of ^{129}I	181
11.4.2	Measurement of ^{129}I	182
11.4.2.1	Determination of ^{129}I by Neutron Activation Analysis	182
11.4.2.2	Determination of ^{129}I by Accelerator Mass Spectrometry	184
11.4.3	Radiochemical Separations of ^{129}I	185
11.4.3.1	Separation of ^{129}I by Solvent Extraction	185
11.4.3.2	Pretreatment of Samples for ^{129}I Analyses	188
11.4.3.3	Speciation of Iodine Species in Water	188
11.5	Essentials of Halogen Radiochemistry	190
12	Radiochemistry of the Noble Gases	193
12.1	Important Radionuclides of the Noble Gases	193
12.2	Physical and Chemical Characteristics of the Noble Gases	193
12.3	Measurement of Xe Isotopes in Air	194
12.4	Determination of ^{85}Kr in Air	194
12.5	Radon and its Determination	196
12.5.1	Determination of Radon in Outdoor Air and Soil Pore Spaces	197
12.5.2	Determination of Radon in Indoor Air	197
12.5.3	Determination of Radon in Water	197
12.6	Essentials of Noble Gas Radiochemistry	198
13	Radiochemistry of Tritium and Radiocarbon	201
13.1	Tritium – ^3H	201
13.1.1	Nuclear Properties of Tritium	201
13.1.2	Environmental Sources of Tritium	202
13.1.3	Determination of Tritium in Water	203
13.1.4	Electrolytic Enrichment of Tritium	203
13.1.5	Determination of Tritium in Organic Material	204
13.1.6	Determination of Tritium from Urine	204
13.1.7	Determination of Tritium after Conversion into Benzene	205
13.1.8	Determination of Tritium using Mass Spectrometry	205
13.1.9	Determination of Tritium in Nuclear Waste Samples	206
13.2	Radiocarbon – ^{14}C	207
13.2.1	Nuclear Properties of Radiocarbon	207
13.2.2	Sources of Radiocarbon	207
13.2.3	Chemistry of Inorganic Carbon	209

13.2.4	Carbon Dating of Carbonaceous Samples	209
13.2.5	Separation and Determination of ^{14}C	210
13.2.5.1	Removal of Carbon from Samples by Combustion for the Determination of ^{14}C	211
13.2.5.2	Determination of ^{14}C as Calcium Carbonate by Liquid Scintillation Counting	211
13.2.5.3	Determination of ^{14}C by Liquid Scintillation Counting with Carbon Bound to Amine	213
13.2.5.4	^{14}C Determination by LSC in Benzene	213
13.2.5.5	^{14}C Determination in Graphite form by AMS	213
13.2.5.6	Determination of ^{14}C in Nuclear Waste	214
13.3	Essentials of Tritium and Radiocarbon Radiochemistry	215
14	Radiochemistry of Lead, Polonium, Tin, and Selenium	217
14.1	Polonium – ^{210}Po	218
14.1.1	Nuclear Characteristics of ^{210}Po	218
14.1.2	Chemistry of Polonium	219
14.1.3	Determination of ^{210}Po	220
14.2	Lead – ^{210}Pb	221
14.2.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{210}Pb	221
14.2.2	Chemistry of Lead	223
14.2.3	Determination of ^{210}Pb	224
14.2.3.1	Determination of ^{210}Pb from the Ingrowth of ^{210}Po	225
14.2.3.2	Separation of ^{210}Pb by Precipitation	226
14.2.3.3	Separation of ^{210}Pb by Extraction Chromatography	226
14.3	Tin – ^{126}Sn	228
14.3.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{126}Sn	228
14.3.2	Chemistry of Tin	229
14.3.3	Determination of ^{126}Sn	230
14.4	Selenium – ^{79}Se	233
14.4.1	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{79}Se	233
14.4.2	Chemistry of Selenium	233
14.4.3	Determination of ^{79}Se	235
14.5	Essentials of Polonium, Lead, Tin, and Selenium Radiochemistry	236
15	Radiochemistry of the Actinides	239
15.1	Important Actinide Isotopes	239
15.2	Generation and Origin of the Actinides	239
15.3	Electronic Structures of the Actinides	244
15.4	Oxidation States of the Actinides	245
15.5	Ionic Radii of the Actinides	246
15.6	Major Chemical Forms of the Actinides	247
15.7	Disproportionation	247
15.8	Hydrolysis and Polymerization of the Actinides	249

15.9	Complex Formation of the Actinides	250
15.10	Oxides of the Actinides	250
15.11	Actinium	251
15.11.1	Isotopes of Actinium	251
15.11.2	Chemistry of Actinium	252
15.11.3	Separation of Actinium	253
15.11.4	Essentials of Actinium Radiochemistry	254
15.12	Thorium	255
15.12.1	Occurrence of Thorium	255
15.12.2	Thorium Isotopes and their Measurement	255
15.12.3	Chemistry of Thorium	256
15.12.4	Separation of Thorium	258
15.12.4.1	Separation of Thorium by Precipitation	258
15.12.4.2	Separation of Thorium by Anion Exchange	258
15.12.4.3	Separation of Thorium by Solvent Extraction	259
15.12.4.4	Separation of Thorium by Extraction Chromatography	259
15.12.5	Essentials of Thorium Radiochemistry	259
15.13	Protactinium	260
15.13.1	Isotopes of Protactinium	260
15.13.2	Chemistry of Protactinium	261
15.13.3	Separation of Protactinium	262
15.13.4	Essentials of Protactinium Radiochemistry	263
15.14	Uranium	264
15.14.1	The Most Important Uranium Isotopes	264
15.14.2	Occurrence of Uranium	266
15.14.3	Chemistry of Uranium	267
15.14.4	Hydrolysis of Uranium	269
15.14.5	Formation of Uranium Complexes	269
15.14.6	Uranium Oxides	271
15.14.7	From Ore to Uranium Fuel	271
15.14.8	Measurement of Uranium	272
15.14.9	Reasons for Determining Uranium Isotopes	273
15.14.10	Separation of Uranium	274
15.14.10.1	Separation of Uranium from Other Naturally Occurring Alpha-Emitting Radionuclides	274
15.14.10.2	Determination of Chemical forms of Uranium in Groundwater	274
15.14.10.3	Separation of Uranium from Transuranium Elements by Anion Exchange or by Extraction Chromatography	275
15.14.10.4	Separation of Uranium by Solvent Extraction with Tributylphosphate (TBP)	275
15.14.11	Essentials of Uranium Radiochemistry	275
15.15	Neptunium	277
15.15.1	Sources of Neptunium	277
15.15.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{237}Np	278
15.15.3	Chemistry of Neptunium	278

15.15.4	Separation of ^{237}Np	280
15.15.4.1	Neptunium Tracers for Yield Determinations	280
15.15.4.2	Preconcentration of Neptunium from Large Water Volumes	282
15.15.4.3	Separation of ^{237}Np by Extraction Chromatography	282
15.15.4.4	Separation of ^{237}Np by Anion Exchange Chromatography	283
15.15.4.5	Separation of ^{237}Np by Solvent Extraction	283
15.15.5	Essentials of Neptunium Radiochemistry	283
15.16	Plutonium	284
15.16.1	Isotopes of Plutonium	284
15.16.2	Sources of Plutonium	286
15.16.3	Measurement of Plutonium Isotopes	287
15.16.4	The Chemistry of Plutonium	289
15.16.4.1	Oxidation States and Plutonium	289
15.16.4.2	Disproportionation	290
15.16.4.3	Hydrolysis	291
15.16.4.4	Redox Behavior	291
15.16.4.5	Complex Formation	293
15.16.5	Separation of Plutonium	293
15.16.6	Tracers Used in the Determination of Pu Isotopes	294
15.16.7	Separation by Solvent Extraction	295
15.16.8	Separation of Pu by Anion Exchange Chromatography	296
15.16.9	Separation of Pu by Extraction Chromatography	297
15.16.10	Separation of Pu from Large Volumes of Water	298
15.16.11	Automated and Rapid Separation Methods for Pu Determination	300
15.16.12	Essentials of Plutonium Radiochemistry	301
15.17	Americium and Curium	302
15.17.1	Sources of Americium and Curium	302
15.17.2	Nuclear Characteristics and Measurement of ^{241}Am , ^{242}Cm , ^{243}Cm , and ^{244}Cm	303
15.17.3	Chemistry of Americium and Curium	304
15.17.4	Separation of Americium and Curium	306
15.17.4.1	Separation of Am and Cm by Ion Exchange	307
15.17.4.2	Separation of Am and Cm by Extraction Chromatography	307
15.17.4.3	Separation of Am and Cm by Solvent Extraction	307
15.17.4.4	Separation of Lanthanides from Am and Cm	308
15.17.5	Essentials of Americium and Curium Radiochemistry	309
16	Speciation Analysis	311
16.1	Considerations Relevant to Speciation	311
16.2	Significance of Speciation	312
16.3	Categorization of Speciation Analyzes	313
16.4	Fractionation Techniques for Environmental Samples	314
16.4.1	Particle Fractionation in Water	314
16.4.2	Fractionation of Aerosol Particles	316
16.4.3	Fractionation of Soil and Sediments	317

16.5	Analysis of Radionuclide and Isotope Compositions	317
16.6	Spectroscopic Speciation Methods	318
16.7	Wet Chemical Methods	321
16.7.1	Coprecipitation	321
16.7.2	Solvent Extraction	322
16.7.3	Ion Exchange Chromatography	323
16.8	Sequential Extractions	324
16.9	Computational Speciation Methods	326
16.10	Characterization of Radioactive Particles	329
16.10.1	Identification and Isolation of the Particles	330
16.10.2	Scanning Electron Microscopic Analysis of the Particles	330
16.10.3	Gamma and X-ray Analysis of the Particles	331
16.10.4	Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry Analysis of Radioactive Particles	332
16.10.5	Synchrotron-Based X-ray Microanalyses	332
16.10.6	Post-Dissolution Analysis of Particles	334
	Further Reading	335
17	Measurement of Radionuclides by Mass Spectrometry	337
17.1	Introduction	337
17.2	Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)	338
17.2.1	Components and Operation Principles of ICP-MS Systems	339
17.2.2	Resolution and Abundance Sensitivity	342
17.2.3	Dynamic Collision/Reaction Cells	343
17.2.4	Detectors	344
17.2.5	Detection Limits	345
17.2.6	^{90}Sr Measurement by ICP-MS	346
17.2.7	^{99}Tc Measurement by ICP-MS	348
17.2.8	Measurement of Uranium and Thorium Isotopes by ICP-MS	348
17.2.9	^{237}Np Measurement by ICP-MS	349
17.2.10	Measurement of Plutonium Isotopes by ICP-MS	349
17.3	Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS)	350
17.3.1	Components and Operation of AMS	350
17.3.2	^{14}C Measurement by AMS	352
17.3.3	^{36}Cl Measurement by AMS	353
17.3.4	^{41}Ca Measurement by AMS	353
17.3.5	^{63}Ni and ^{59}Ni Measurement by AMS	353
17.3.6	^{99}Tc Measurement by AMS	354
17.3.7	^{129}I Measurement by AMS	355
17.3.8	Measurement of Plutonium Isotopes by AMS	355
17.4	Thermal Ionization Mass Spectrometry (TIMS)	356
17.5	Resonance Ionization Mass Spectrometry (RIMS)	358
17.6	Essentials of the Measurement of Radionuclides by Mass Spectrometry	359
	Further Reading	360

18	Sampling and Sample Pretreatment for the Determination of Radionuclides	361
18.1	Introduction	361
18.2	Air Sampling and Pretreatment	362
18.2.1	Sampling Aerosol Particles	362
18.2.1.1	Radioactive Aerosol Particles	363
18.2.1.2	Integral Aerosol Particle Sampling	363
18.2.1.3	Size-Selective Aerosol Particle Sampling	365
18.2.1.4	Passive Aerosol Particle Sampling	366
18.3	Sampling Gaseous Components	366
18.4	Atmospheric Deposition Sampling	369
18.4.1	Dry/Wet Deposition Sampling	369
18.4.2	Ion Exchange Collector	370
18.5	Water Sampling	371
18.5.1	Surface Water Sampling	371
18.5.2	Water Core (Depth Profile)	372
18.5.3	Preconcentration of Radionuclides from Natural Waters	375
18.5.3.1	Preconcentration of Radiocesium (^{137}Cs and ^{134}Cs)	375
18.5.3.2	Preconcentration of Pu, Am, Np, and ^{99}Tc	376
18.6	Sediment Sampling and Pretreatment	377
18.6.1	Surface Sediment Sampling	377
18.6.2	Sediment Core Sampling	379
18.6.3	Sediment Pore Water Sampling	381
18.6.4	Pretreatment of Sediments – Storage, Drying, Homogenizing	383
18.7	Soil Sampling and Pretreatment	384
18.7.1	Planning the Sampling	384
18.7.2	Soil Core Sampling	385
18.7.3	Template Method	387
18.7.4	Trench Method	387
18.7.5	Pretreatment of Soil Samples	388
18.8	Essentials in Sampling and Sample Pretreatment for Radionuclides	388
19	Chemical Changes Induced by Radioactive Decay	391
19.1	Autoradiolysis	391
19.1.1	Dissolved Gases	392
19.1.2	Water Solutions	392
19.1.3	Organic Compounds Labeled with Radionuclides	392
19.1.4	Solid Compounds	393
19.2	Transmutation and Subsequent Chemical Changes	393
19.3	Recoil – Hot Atom Chemistry	394

