

## Index

### a

absorbance 215  
 absorbers, electromagnetic wave 226  
 absorption loss 213  
 absorption-transferring process 220, 221  
 acidity, Lewis 80  
 acids  
   – acid-catalyzed curing 168  
   – layered silicic 132  
   – tannic 196  
 acrylic matrix 183  
 acrylic rubber 119  
 activated monomer (AM) mechanism 22  
 activation energy 80, 82, 83  
 acyphosphine oxide 50  
 adsorbents, HPBs 157–161  
 adsorption capacity, hydrogels 173  
 adsorption isotherms 160, 161  
 agglomeration 80  
 alcoholysis 193  
 alignment, clay platelets 120  
 aliphatic diamine 116  
 aliphatic epoxy monomer 20  
 aliphatic epoxy resins 197  
 aliphatic HPBs 148  
 aliphatic polyester (APES) 144  
 alkoxydes 32, 33  
 alkoxy silane 18  
 alkyl ammonium ions, primary 110  
 alkyl groups, hydroxy 51, 52  
 aluminosilicates, MMT, *see* montmorillonite  
 amine catalysts, functional 58  
 3-aminopropyltrimethoxysilane (APTMS)  
   88, 92, 94  
 ammonium cations, quaternary 58  
 ammonium ions 9  
   – primary alkyl 110  
 anhydride curing 168  
 anhydride matrix, epoxy/ 123

antimicrobial coatings 179  
 antimicrobial surfaces 149–157  
 AOETMA 50  
 APDMMS 50  
 Arrhenius relationship 72  
 aspect ratio  
   – SWCNTs 228  
   – vermiculites 6, 7

### b

*Bacillus subtilis* 156, 157, 179  
 bacteria 155, 179  
 basal plane spacing 11  
 benzoxazine, quaternized monomers 170  
 bilayer, local 9  
 bio-based epoxy/clay nanocomposites  
   189–209  
 bio-based polyphenol hardener 196  
 bio-derived clay–UP nanocomposites  
   144  
 biochemical oxygen demand 204  
 biocidal agents 155  
 biodegradability 204  
   – nanocomposites 144  
 bisphenol, limonene 195  
 bisphenol A diglycidyl ether 2, 117, 123,  
   189  
 blending 220, 221  
   – melt 166  
 boehmite 29  
 bottom-up UV-cured epoxies 32–35  
 branched polyol 53  
 branching, HPBs 147  
 bridge interaction 172  
 bulk-initiated method 175  
 butadiene rubbers 181  
 butanediol 46  
 BzC16 3, 8–11  
 BzC18OH 8–11

## c

- C18-Swy MMT 44, 45
- carbon nanotubes (CNTs) 223–229
  - MWCNTs, *see* multiwalled carbon nanotubes
  - SWCNTs, *see* single-walled carbon nanotubes
- catalysts
  - functional amine 58
  - Grubbs 174, 175
  - petroleum-based 190
- cation exchange capacity (CEC) 4, 6–8
- cationic disinfectants 155
- cationic polymerization 176
  - ring-opening 21, 168
- cations
  - exchangeable 45
  - organoammonium 43
  - quaternary ammonium 58
  - soft 43
  - , *see also* ions
- CE (3,4-epoxycyclohexylmethyl-3',4'-epoxycyclohexane carboxylate) 23
- cell phones 226
- cellulose
  - decomposition 92–95
  - nanocomposites 76–88
- ceramic fillers 19
- chain extenders 41
- chain transfer agent 168
- char yield 136–139
- chemical-controlled curing 84
- chemiluminescence (CL) emission 154, 155
- chemistry
  - colloidal 17
  - PUs 41
  - thiol-ene 180
- chitosan 177
- clay minerals 131–135
- clay nanocomposites 28
  - bio-based 144, 189–209
  - epoxy- 117
  - ESO 113
  - HPBs 147–163
  - mechanical performance 109–128
  - phenol-formaldehyde/ 169
  - polybenzoxazine/ 169, 170
  - polysulfone/ 174
  - preparation 166–176
  - PU- 39–67
  - SMC 113
  - UPR hybrid 129–146
- clays
  - dispersions 39–67
  - excess 203
  - exchangeable cations 45
  - intragallery space 56
  - Lewis acidity 80
  - organo-, *see* organoclays
  - organophilic character 153
  - platelet alignment 120
  - polar 120
  - SMC 113
  - smectite 132
  - surface-modified 133–135, 147–163
  - tensile modulus 56, 57
- click reaction, cycloaddition 182
- Cloisite 30B 26, 27, 46
- coatings
  - antimicrobial 179
  - epoxy 34
  - epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 2
- coercivity 159
- colloidal chemistry 17
- complex permittivity 222, 226
- composite films 5, 6
- condensation
  - ceramic fillers 19
  - sol–gel process 32
- conducting nanocomposites 211–237
- conductivity, electrical 215
- conjugated polymers 219
- contact-specific surface area 115
- conventional thermogravimetry (CTG) 90–95
- creep-resistant materials 1
- critical load 27
- critical strain, relative 119, 120
- critical stress, relative 122
- cross-link density 130, 136–139
- cross-linking
  - conducting nanocomposites 216
  - epoxide groups 1
  - polymerization 174
- Cr(VI) water treatment 157–161
- CTG (conventional thermogravimetry) 90–95
- cure kinetics 72–74, 76–88
- cured epoxies
  - bio-based 197–200
  - UV- 17–37
- curing
  - acid-catalyzed 168
  - diffusion-controlled 84
  - layer-by-layer 24
- cycloaddition click reaction 182
- cycloaliphatic epoxy monomers 20

**d**

deagglomeration 3  
 decomposition, cellulose 92–95  
 decomposition peak 90, 91  
 deformation mechanism 116  
 degradation kinetics 72–74, 88–98  
 degree of conversion 72, 83  
 delamination 3, 4  
 – time 8  
 dendritic polymers 147  
 density, cross-link 130, 136–139  
 derivative TG (DTG) 90–93  
 dialkoxycarbenium ions 23  
 diamine, aliphatic 116  
 dicyandiamide (DICY) 189, 190  
 dicycloaliphatic epoxides 30  
 dielectric constant 221  
 dielectric permittivity 215  
 differential scanning calorimetry (DSC)  
 70  
 – temperature-modulated 74, 75, 84–88  
 diffusion-controlled curing 84  
 diglycidyl ester of dimer acid (DGEDA) 191,  
 192  
 diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A (DGEBA) 2,  
 117, 123, 189  
 diglycidyl ether of isosorbide 192  
 diisocyanates 41, 46  
 – PMDI 48  
 diol-functionalized MMT, PU chains  
 171  
 4,4'-diphenyl methane diisocyanate (MDI)  
 41, 53–56  
 direct photoinitiation method 28  
 disinfectants, cationic 155  
 disordered morphology 115  
 dispersed phase, dimensions 17  
 dispersions  
 – clay 39–67  
 – PU 43  
 distance  
 – interlayer 44  
 –, *see also* spacing  
 DMF 11  
 double bond conversion 152  
*d*-spacing 11  
 – HPBs 150  
 DTG (derivative TG) 90–93  
 dynamic loss processes 213  
 dynamic mechanical analysis (DMA)  
 98–100  
 dynamic vitrification temperature 86, 87  
 dynamical mechanical thermal analysis  
 (DMTA) 111–114

**e**

EGPs (exfoliated graphite platelets) 31  
 elastic modulus 114, 136–139  
 elastomers, thermoplastic polyurethane 42,  
 43  
 electrical conductivity 215  
 electrical properties 211–237  
 electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding  
 211–237  
 electromagnetic wave absorbers 226  
 electron transfer and polymerization process  
 180  
 elongation  
 – nanocomposites 100, 101  
 – at failure 136–139  
 end groups, vinylic 148  
 epichlorohydrin (ECH) 189  
 epoxides  
 – dicycloaliphatic 30  
 – photopolymerization 20–23  
 epoxidized lignocresol 194  
 epoxidized linseed oil (ELO) 191, 192  
 epoxidized soybean oil (ESO) 191, 204, 205  
 – clay nanocomposites 113  
 epoxidized vegetable oil 204, 205  
 epoxies  
 – (cyclo)aliphatic monomers 20  
 – coatings 34  
 – epoxy–clay nanocomposites 117  
 – epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 1–16  
 – epoxy/anhydride matrix 123  
 – hardeners 190–200  
 – UV-cured 17–37  
 epoxy functions 20  
 epoxy group, dialkoxycarbenium ions 23  
 epoxy resins 2, 167  
 – aliphatic 197  
 – bio-based 189–209  
 – graphene/epoxy composites 230, 231  
 – PANI/ 220–222  
 3,4-epoxycyclohexylmethyl-3',4'-  
 epoxycyclohexane carboxylate (CE) 23  
 esters  
 – DGEDA 191, 192  
 – vinyl 143  
 ethers  
 – bisphenol A diglycidyl 2  
 – DGEBA 2, 117, 123, 189  
 – diglycidyl ether of isosorbide 192  
 – glycidyl 20  
 – hexanedioldiglycidyl 34  
 – PGPE 198–204  
 excess clay 203  
 exchangeable cations 45

- exfoliated graphite platelets (EGPs)
  - 31
- exfoliated morphology 26, 134
- exfoliated platelets 7
- exfoliated structure 54, 167
- exothermic peak temperatures 76, 77
  
- f**
- far-field conditions 212
- feed ratio 198, 199
- fillers 5, 6
  - ceramic 19
  - conducting network 218
  - micro- 109
  - modified 10
  - nano-, *see* nanofillers
  - PU-nanocomposites 43
- films, composite 5, 6
- fire growth rate index (FIGRA) 141
- flame retardance 141–144
- flexural modulus 136–139
- foams, PU 43
- formaldehyde-based nanocomposites
  - 69–108
  - phenol/clay 169
- formaldehyde-based thermosetting polymers
  - 69
- fracture toughness 120–123, 136–139
- free radical polymerization 176
- Freundlich process 161
- friction, molecular 213
- FT-IR analysis, MWCNTs 88–90
- functional amine catalysts 58
- functionalities, polar 47
- functionalized graphene, solution
  - processable 230, 231
- functionalized graphene sheets (FGS) 30, 31
- functionalized nanoparticles 30
  
- g**
- gallery onium ions 118
- gel-like structure 135
- gelation 78
- glass-transition temperature 112, 114, 136–139
  - HPBs 152
- glassy matrix 112, 116, 117
- glassy state 86
- glucose oxidase 183, 184
- glycidyl ether 20
- gold nanocomposites 181–184
- Gram-negative bacteria 155, 179
- Gram-positive bacteria 179
  
- graphene 71
  - FGS 30, 31
  - nanocomposites 229–231
- graphite 229
- graphite platelets, EGPs 31
- green nanocomposites 168
- groups
  - epoxy 23
  - ester carbonyl 23
  - hydroxy alkyl 51, 52
  - hydroxy ethyl 47, 48
  - hydroxyl methyl 89
  - methylol 54
  - vinylic end 148
- Grubbs catalyst 174, 175
  
- h**
- hard matrix 112
- hardeners, epoxy 190–200
- heat capacity 85, 86
- heat flow 72, 75
  - nonreversing 85, 86
  - reversing 85, 86
- heat of reaction 78
- HEMA 151–157
- hexanedioldiglycidyl ether (HDGE) 34
- H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> treatment 3
- hybrid materials
  - conducting nanocomposites 211
  - organic–inorganic 18
- hybrid nanocomposites
  - toughened UP resin 142
  - UPR/clay 129–146
- hydrogels
  - adsorption capacity 173
  - thermoresponsive 182
- hydrolysis
  - ceramic fillers 19
  - sol–gel process 32
- hydroperoxides 154
- hydrophilicity 159
- hydroxy alkyl groups 51, 52
- hydroxy ethyl groups 47, 48
- hydroxyl methyl groups 89
- hyperbranched polymers (HPBs)
  - 147–163
  - structure 150
  
- i**
- immersion, monomer 167
- impact strength 136–139
- in situ* polymerization 19, 166
  - intercalative 131
- in situ* template synthesis 131

inorganic volume fraction 4  
 integrity 228  
 intercalated morphology 25, 134  
 intercalated structure 54, 167  
 intercalation 170  
 interfaces, organic inorganic 111  
 interference, electromagnetic 211–237  
 intergallery surface-initiated method 175  
 interlamellar spacing 117, 153  
 Interlayer distance 44  
 internal reflections, multiple 212–214  
 interparticle contact 218  
 intragallery space 56  
 intrinsically conducting polymers (ICPs) 211, 218–223  
 iodonium ions 190  
 ion exchange 4, 5  
 ions  
 – ammonium, *see* ammonium ions  
 – dialkoxycarbenium 23  
 – gallery onium 118  
 – iodonium 190  
 – sulfonium 190  
 –, *see* also cations  
 iron oxide nanoparticles 30  
 isobutylene–isoprene rubbers 181  
 isoconversional analysis, CTG 94, 95  
 isoconversional equation 74  
 isoconversional method 83, 84  
 isocyanates 44  
 isodimensional nanoparticles 39  
 isosorbide, diglycidyl ether 192

## k

kayak 24  
 kinetics  
 – cure 72–74, 76–88  
 – degradation 72–74, 88–98  
 – sol–gel process 33  
 – thermal 72–100  
 Kissinger method 74, 80–83  
 kraft lignin 193

## l

lamellar silicates 25  
 lamination, “wet edge” 25  
 laws and equations  
 – Arrhenius relationship 72  
 – degree of conversion 72  
 – isoconversional equation 74  
 – total shielding effectiveness 212  
 layer-by-layer curing 24  
 layered silicic acids 132

layered structure 131, 132  
 layers, graphene 229  
 Lewis acidity, clays 80  
 light-induced synthesis 178, 179  
 lignocresol, epoxidized 194  
 limonene bisphenol (LBP) 195  
 limonene diepoxide (LMDE) 191  
 linear heating rate 75  
 linseed oil, epoxidized 191, 192  
 liquid composite molding (LCM) 141  
 liquid-rubbery state 86  
 load, critical 27  
 local bilayer 9  
 localized reactions 24  
 loop interaction 172  
 loss, absorption 213

## m

magnetic permeability 215  
 magnetic sorbents 157  
 maleinization 27  
 MAOETMA 50  
 MAPDMMS 50  
 materials 39  
 – EMI shielding 215, 216  
 – thermosetting polymeric 1  
 matrices  
 – acrylic 183  
 – epoxy/anhydride 123  
 – glassy 112, 116, 117  
 – hard 112  
 – interactions with nanoclays 172  
 – particle/matrix interaction 115  
 – polymeric 17  
 – rubbery 112, 116, 117  
 – soft 112  
 – UP 110  
 MDI (4,4'-diphenyl methane diisocyanate) 41, 53–56  
 mean particle size 5, 6  
 mechanical analysis  
 – DMA 98–100  
 – DMTA 111–114  
 mechanical properties 100–103, 109–128, 135–141  
 melamine-formaldehyde (MF) resins 69, 70  
 melt blending 166  
 melt intercalation 131  
 metal nanocomposites  
 – polysulfone/ 184, 185  
 – preparation 176  
 – UV-cured 35  
 metal salts 178

- methacrylates 49
  - methods and techniques
    - AM mechanism 22
    - direct photoinitiation method 28
    - isoconversional method 83, 84
    - Kissinger method 74, 80–83
    - LCM 141
    - model-free kinetics method 83
    - multiheating rate methods 73, 82
    - Ozawa method 73, 80–83
    - sequential/simultaneous mixing 173
    - steam explosion method 194
  - methyl modifiers 48
  - methylol groups 54
  - MF resin/clay/cellulose nanocomposites, cure kinetics 76–80
  - microfillers 109
  - microhardness 157
  - microstructure, fillers 5, 6
  - milling 3, 7
  - minerals, clay 131–135
  - MIRs (multiple internal reflections) 212–214
  - mixing, sequential/simultaneous 173
  - model-free kinetics method 83
  - modifications, organic 39–67
  - modified fillers 10
  - modifiers, (non)reactive 43, 44
  - modulated TG (MTG) 75, 76, 95–98
  - modulus
    - elastic 114, 136–139
    - flexural 136–139
    - relative Young's 117
    - storage 98, 99, 112, 113, 136–139, 202
    - tensile 56, 57, 103, 198, 199
    - UTM 136–139
    - Young's 114–118, 136–139
  - molding, liquid composite 141
  - molecular friction 213
  - monolayer adsorption 161
  - monomers
    - immersion 167
    - multifunctional 147
    - quaternized 170
  - montmorillonite (MMT) 40
    - C18-Swy 44, 45
    - diol-functionalized 171
    - epoxy-vermiculite nanocomposites 2
    - Na-MMT 200, 201
    - OMM 204
    - OMMT 134, 135
    - organic-MMT content 121
    - polydicyclopentadiene/MMT nanocomposites 175
      - sodium 27, 28, 133, 171
      - UP-MMT nanocomposites 140
  - morphology 165
    - disordered 115
    - exfoliated 26, 134
    - intercalated 25, 134
  - MUF (melamine-urea-formaldehyde) resins 69, 70
  - multifunctional monomers 147
  - multiheating rate methods 73, 82
  - multiple internal reflections (MIRs) 212–214
  - multistep reactions 96
  - multiwalled carbon nanotubes (MWCNTs) 30, 31, 71, 72, 223–225, 227
    - PF resin/MWCNT/cellulose nanocomposites 88–100
    - surface-modified 88–90
- n**
- nanocomposites
    - biodegradable 144
    - clay, *see* clay nanocomposites
    - CNT-based 223–229
    - conducting 211–237
    - epoxy-vermiculite 1–16
    - formaldehyde-based 69–108, 169
    - graphene-based 229–231
    - green 168
    - hyperbranched polymers 147–163
    - ICP-based 218–223
    - magnetic behavior 159
    - metal 176
    - MF resin/clay/cellulose 76–80
    - PF resin/clay/cellulose 80–88
    - PGPE 198–204
    - polydicyclopentadiene/MMT 175
      - polymer, *see* polymer nanocomposites
      - polysulfone/metal/ 184, 185
      - precursors 40
      - preparation 4, 5, 165–188
      - PU-clay 39–67
      - rubber/silver 181
      - thermal stability 91
      - UP-MMT 140
      - UV-cured epoxies 17–37
      - UV-cured metal 35
      - VEO 143
  - nanofillers
    - EMI shielding 215, 217, 218
    - HPBs 148
    - reinforcing 109

- nanoparticles
    - functionalized 30
    - iron oxide 30
    - isodimensional 39
    - , *see also* particles
  - nanosheets 17, 39, 40
  - nanotubes 17, 39, 40
    - CNTs 223–229
    - MWCNTs, *see* multiwalled carbon nanotubes
    - SWCNTs, *see* single-walled carbon nanotubes
  - nanowhiskers 17, 39, 40
  - network
    - conducting 218
    - percolating 224
  - network analyzers, SNA/VNA 214
  - nonreactive modifiers 43, 44
  - nonreversing heat flow 75, 85, 86
- o**
- octadecylammonium-modified montmorillonite (OMM) 204
  - octahedral sheet 131, 133
  - one-tail modifiers 48
  - onium ions, gallery 118
  - organic–inorganic hybrids 18
  - organic inorganic interface 111
  - organic-MMT content 121
  - organic modifications 39–67
  - organically modified MMT (OMMT) 134, 135
  - organoammonium cations 43
  - organoclays 44
    - modifier structures 55
  - organophilic boehmite 29
  - organophilic character, treated clays 153
  - organovermiculites 10
  - oscillatory temperature forcing function 76
  - OX-MWCNTs 92, 97
  - Ozawa method 73, 80–83
- p**
- PANI–DBSA 220, 221
  - PANI–PTSA 223
  - particles
    - mean size 5, 6
    - particle/matrix interaction 115
    - , *see also* nanoparticles
  - PBS (poly(butylene succinate)) 53
  - peak, exothermic 76, 77
  - peak heat release rate (PHRR) 141
  - PEGDMA 151–157
  - PEI (polyethyleneimine) 158–161
  - percolating network 224
  - permeability 215
    - relative 212
  - permittivity
    - complex 222, 226
    - dielectric 215
  - petroleum-based catalysts 190
  - PF resin/clay nanocomposites 169
  - PF resin/clay/cellulose nanocomposites, cure kinetics 80–88
  - PF resin/MWCNT/cellulose nanocomposites 88–100
  - phenol-formaldehyde (PF) resins 69
  - phenolic resins 168, 169
  - photoinitiation 28
  - photopolymerization 149
    - epoxides 20–23
  - photosensitizers 21
  - plasticizing effect 118
  - plastics, thermosetting 130
  - platelets
    - alignment 120
    - EGPs 31
    - exfoliated 7
    - thickness 132
  - PNCs (polymer nanocomposites) 39–41
    - UV-cured epoxies 17–37
  - polar clays 120
  - polar functionalities 47
  - polyamines 189
  - polyaniline 219
  - polybenzoxazine/clay nanocomposites 170
  - poly(butylene succinate) (PBS) 53
  - polydicyclopentadiene/MMT nanocomposites 175
  - polyester
    - aliphatic 144
    - resins 129
  - polyethyleneimine (PEI) 158–161
  - polyglycerol polyglycidyl ether (PGPE) 198–204
  - polymer–gold nanocomposites 181–184
  - polymer-layered silicate nanocomposites 109
  - polymer nanocomposites (PNCs) 39–41
    - UV-cured epoxies 17–37
  - polymer–silver nanocomposites 177–181
  - polymeric 4,4'-diphenyl methane diisocyanate (PMDI) 48
  - polymeric materials, thermosetting 1
  - polymeric matrices 17
  - polymerization
    - and electron transfer 180
    - cationic 176

- cationic ring-opening 21, 168
  - cross-linking 174
  - free radical 176
  - *in situ* 19, 166
  - intercalative 131
  - radical-initiated 22
  - RAFT 182, 183
  - polymers
    - dendritic 147
    - formaldehyde-based thermosetting 69
    - hyperbranched 147–163
    - ICPs 211, 218–223
    - thermoset 165
  - polyols 41
    - branched 53
  - polyphenol hardener 196
  - polysulfone/clay nanocomposites 174
  - polysulfone/metal nanocomposites 184, 185
  - poly(tetramethylene glycol) 53, 54
  - polyurethanes (PUs)
    - clay nanocomposites 39–67
    - dispersions 43
    - foams 43
    - interaction with MMT 171, 172
    - thermoplastic elastomers 42, 43
    - thermoset 42, 43
  - precursors, nanocomposite 40
  - preparation
    - clay nanocomposites 166–176
    - metal nanocomposites 176
    - nanocomposites 4, 5
    - , *see also* synthesis
  - primary alkyl ammonium ions 110
  - Pseudomonas aeruginosa* 156, 157, 179
  - PUs, *see* polyurethanes
  - 2-pyrone-4,6-dicarboxylic acid 195
- q**
- quaternary ammonium cations 58
  - quasi-Newtonian behavior 29
  - quaternized benzoxazine 170
- r**
- radical-initiated polymerization 22
  - RAFT polymerization 182, 183
  - reaction rate 72
  - reactions
    - alcoholysis 193
    - condensation 19, 32
    - cycloaddition 182
    - hydrolysis 19, 32
    - localized 24
    - maleinization 27
    - multistep 96
    - polymerization, *see* polymerization
  - reactive modifiers 43, 44
  - reflectance 213
  - reflection coefficient 224
  - reflection shielding 212, 213
  - reinforced UP nanocomposites 130, 131
  - reinforcing nanofillers 109
  - relative critical strain 119, 120
  - relative critical stress 122
  - relative permeability 212
  - relative Young's modulus 117
  - resins
    - aliphatic epoxy 197
    - epoxy, *see* epoxy resins
    - MF 69, 76–80
    - PANI/epoxy resin 220–222
    - PF 69, 70, 80–100
    - phenolic 168, 169
    - polyester 129
    - toughened UP 142
    - UP 129–146
  - resole PF resins 84–86
  - tensile strength 102, 103
  - viscosity 88
  - resorcinol-formaldehyde (RF) resins 69
  - reversing heat capacity 85, 86
  - reversing heat flow 85, 86
  - rigidity 114–118
  - rubber
    - acrylic 119
    - rubbery matrices 112, 116, 117
    - silicon 181
    - silver nanocomposites 181
- s**
- salts, metal 178
  - scalar network analyzers (SNA) 214
  - scratch resistance test 27, 28
  - sequential mixing 173
  - sheets
    - FGS 30, 31
    - graphene 229
    - nano- 17, 39, 40
    - octahedral 131, 133
    - tetrahedral 131, 133
  - shielding, EMI 211–237
  - shielding effectiveness, total 212
  - silane-modified clay (SMC) 113
  - silane treatment 121
  - silicate nanocomposites, polymer-layered 109
  - silicates, lamellar 25
  - silicic acids, layered 132



- silicon rubbers 181
  - silver nanocomposites 177–181
  - simultaneous mixing 173
  - single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWCNTs)
    - 71, 223, 225–228
  - sinusoidal modulation 75
  - skin depth 213
  - smectite clays 132
  - sodium borohydride 177
  - sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) 90
  - sodium montmorillonite (Na–MMT) 27, 28
    - PGPE 200, 201
    - PU chains 171
    - structure 133
  - soft cations 43
  - soft matrix 112
  - sol–gel process 32, 33
  - solution intercalation 131
  - solution processable functionalized
    - graphene (SPFG) 230, 231
  - sonication 4
  - sorbents, magnetic 157
  - sorbitol polyglycidyl ether (SPE) 191
  - sorption behavior, UP nanocomposites 142
  - soybean oil, epoxidized 113, 191, 204, 205
  - spacing
    - basal plane 11
    - interlamellar 117, 153
    - , *see also* distance
  - d*-spacing 11
    - HPBs 150
  - sporeforming bacteria 179
  - stability, thermal 91
  - Staphylococcus aureus* 179
  - steam explosion method 194
  - storage modulus 98, 99, 112, 113, 136–139
    - temperature dependency 202
  - strain
    - at break 118–120
    - relative critical 119, 120
  - stress
    - at break 120–123
    - relative critical 122
    - yield 135
  - structural control 147
  - structure
    - bio-based epoxy resins 191
    - CE 23
    - conducting polymers 219
    - epoxy functions 20
    - exfoliated 54
    - gel-like 135
    - HPBs 150
    - intercalated 54
    - intercalated/exfoliated 167
    - layered 131, 132
    - modifiers 48, 49
    - Na–MMT 133
    - structure–property relationship 39
    - surfactants 51
  - sulfonium ions 190
  - surface area, contact-specific 115
  - surface-modified clays 133–135
    - hyperbranched polymers 147–163
  - surface-modified MWCNTs 88–90
  - surface-modified vermiculites 10
  - surfaces, antimicrobial 149–157
  - surfactants
    - SDS 90
    - structure 51
  - surfmers 149
  - suspensions, fillers 11
  - SWCNTs (single-walled carbon nanotubes)
    - 71, 223, 225–228
  - swelling 142
    - organoclays 44
  - synthesis
    - conducting nanocomposites 216, 217
    - light-induced 178, 179
- t**
- tactoids 26
  - tail interaction 172
  - tannic acid (TA) 196
  - temperature
    - dynamic vitrification 86, 87
    - glass transition 112, 114, 136–139
  - temperature-modulated DSC (TMDSC) 74, 75, 84–88
  - in situ* template synthesis 131
  - tenacity 123
  - tensile modulus 103, 198, 199
    - clays 56, 57
    - ultimate 136–139
  - tensile strength 101–103, 198, 199
    - UTS 136–139
  - TETA (triethylenetetramine) 189, 205
  - tetraethoxy-orthosilicate (TEOS) 33, 34
  - tetraethylenepentamine (TEPA) 2, 9
  - tetrahedral sheet 131, 133
  - theories and models
    - deformation mechanism 116
    - EMI shielding 212–214
    - TMDSC 74, 75
  - thermal kinetic analysis 95–98
  - thermal properties

- clay–UP nanocomposites 135–141
  - formaldehyde-based nanocomposites 69–108
  - thermal stability 91
  - thermogravimetric analysis (TGA)
    - epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 5, 9, 10
    - HPBs 150, 151
  - thermogravimetry
    - conventional 90–95
    - DTG 90–93
    - MTG 75, 76, 95–98
  - thermoplastic polyurethane elastomers (TPUs) 42, 43
  - thermoreponsive hydrogels 182
  - thermoset formaldehyde-based nanocomposites 69–108
  - thermoset polymers 1, 165
    - formaldehyde-based 69
  - thermoset PUs 42, 43
  - thermosetting plastics 130
  - thiol-ene chemistry 180
  - top-down UV-cured epoxies 24–31
  - total reaction heat 72
  - total shielding effectiveness 212
  - toughened UP resin 142
  - toughness, fracture 120–123
  - transmittance 213
  - triethylenetetramine (TETA) 189, 205
  - trimethylol propane (TMP) 41, 54
  - two-port VNA 214
  - two-tail modifiers 48
- u**
- ultimate tensile modulus (UTM) 136–139
  - ultimate tensile strength (UTS) 136–139
  - unsaturated polyester resin (UPR), hybrid clay nanocomposites 129–146
  - unsaturated polyester (UP) matrix 110
  - urea-formaldehyde (UF) resins 69
- UV-cured epoxies 17–37
- UV-cured metal nanocomposites 35
- v**
- vector network analyzers (VNA) 214
  - vegetable oil, epoxidized 204, 205
  - vermiculites
    - epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 1–16
    - surface-modified 10
  - vinyl ester oligomer (VEO) nanocomposites 143
  - vinyl end groups 148
  - viscoelasticity analysis 111–114
  - viscosity
    - aliphatic epoxy resins 197
    - resole PF resins 88
  - vitrification 78, 86
- w**
- water treatment, Cr(VI) 157–161
  - WAXRD
    - epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 5, 11–13
    - organoclay swelling 44
    - “wet edge lamination” 25
  - whiskers, nano- 17, 39, 40
  - wood chip 193
- x**
- X-linking, *see* cross-linking
  - X-ray diffractometry (XRD)
    - Cloisite 30B 26, 27
    - epoxy–vermiculite nanocomposites 5, 11–13
- y**
- yield stress 135
  - Young’s modulus 114–118, 136–139
    - relative 117