

## Index to Volume 1

### **a**

- Abraham's LSER approach 221
- absorption
  - detectors 248
  - UV/visible light 252
- abundant fragmentation 101
- accuracy 38
  - mass measurement 111
- acetaminophen 59
- acetone 45
- acetonitrile (ACN) 21, 34, 37, 63, 75, 168, 174, 187, 188, 230
  - organic modifier 138
  - toxic 168
  - water mixtures 201
  - water mobile phases 143, 187
  - water solutions 143
- acid-base behavior 202
- acid–base dissociation constant 202
- acid-base systems 93
- acidic compounds, loses 263
- acidity-basicity character 170
- ACN/buffer mobile phases 145
- active flow technology (AFT)
  - columns 44, 51
  - curtain flow 52–54, 58
  - efficiency 54, 57, 58
  - illustration of AFT end fitting 51–54, 58
  - parallel segmented flow 51–54, 58
  - performance of AFT columns 53
  - sensitivity 53, 54, 58
  - speed 58
- AC voltage 259
- additives 35
- adsorption 4, 21, 183
  - chromatography 26
  - isotherms 3, 4
- aerosol generation 257
- affinity chromatography (AC) 26, 232
- agglomerates 45
- air-driven fluid pump 45
- alcohols 34, 35
- aldicarb sulfoxide 120
- alkaline eluants 235
- alkaline hydrolysis 75
- alkyl chain phases 163
- alkyl ether sulfates 115
- alkyl ligand 167
- alkylsilane 20
  - surfaces 161
- alkyl stationary phases 163
- alkyl sulfates 115
- alkyne–azide click chemistry 76
- allergens 123
- alumina 43, 234
  - stationary phase 234
- American Society for Mass Spectrometry (ASMS) 89
- amide-based stationary phase 75
- amines 5
- amino acids
  - sequence 123
- amino-based materials 75
- amino columns, diol columns 235
- amino-modified material 75
- amino-modified silica 67, 75
- aminopropyl silica 75
- ammonium chloride buffer 151
- ammonium formate 265
- analyte retention 273
  - pH-dependent changes 273
  - pH effect 266
  - time 268
- analytes
  - behavior 268
  - chiral chromatography 5
  - dissociation 269
  - instantaneous 270

- pH gradient retention time 273
  - polarity (hydrophilicity) of 276
  - analytical chromatograms, for metoprolol 227
  - 2-phenylbutyric acid 20
  - 3-phenyl-1-propanol 20
  - analytical (linear) chromatography 4
  - analytical method
    - goal of 288
  - analytical target 286
  - anionic surfactants 115
  - anthelmintics 120
  - anti-Langmuir behavior
    - adsorption isotherm 4
  - antinutrients 123
  - APCI/APPI sources 96
  - apolar alkyl groups, bonded silica-based
    - stationary phases 236
  - apolar compounds 114
  - aqueous buffer solutions 147
  - aqueous mobile phases 21, 173
  - aqueous normal-phase chromatography (ANPC) 230
  - aqueous-organic mixtures 161, 171, 182
  - asymmetry factors 20
  - atmospheric pressure chemical ionization (APCI) 88, 113, 260
    - interface 89, 94, 95, 103
    - process 94
    - source 93, 94
  - atmospheric pressure electron capture dissociation (APECED) source 98
  - atmospheric pressure ionization (API)
    - techniques 87, 88, 99, 101
  - atmospheric pressure laser ionization (APLI) 88, 98, 99
  - atmospheric pressure photoionization (APPI) 88, 114
    - source 96
  - average particle size 29
  - average zone width 13
  - avermectins 120
  - axial heterogeneity 46
- b**
- back pressure 37
  - band broadening 7, 8, 10–13, 18, 54
    - with increasing flow rate 11
  - baseline drift 38
  - batch reactors 116
  - Bayesian modeling 295
  - $\beta$ -blocker
    - chromatograms for 165
  - benzimidazoles 120
  - benzylamine, at pH values 223
  - binodal line 145
  - bioinformatics 121, 126
  - biological sample 40
  - biomolecules, characterization of 111
  - biopesticides 119
  - bis(triethoxysilyl)ethane 20
  - Boltzmann's constant 17
  - bonded ionic groups 232
  - bonding type 33
  - bootstrapping techniques 295
  - bottom-up approach 123
  - Box-Behnken design (BBD) 291, 292
  - Brønsted model 147
  - buffers
    - cations 259
    - hydro-organic mobile phases 147
    - ionization constants 148
  - butocarboxim sulfoxide 120
  - butyl benzene band profiles 55
- c**
- caffeine 59
  - capacity factors
    - on Click TE-Cys and HILIC columns 77
  - capillary columns 76
  - capillary electrophoresis (CE) 93
  - capillary separated vaporization chamber
    - and nozzle (CSVN) system 104
  - carbapenems 76
  - carbohydrates 63, 67
  - carbon loading 33
  - cardiovascular diseases 125
  - carotenoids 127
  - carrier gas, flow rate 257
  - casein variants 123
  - $\alpha_{s1}$ -casein 123
  - catecholamines 261
  - cationic solutes, on silanols
    - sorption-desorption kinetics of 164
  - $C_{18}$ -based silanes 163
  - $C_{18}$  columns 45, 163
    - core-shell column 113
  - cell calibration 171
  - central composite design (CCD) 291, 292
  - central point injection 44
  - cephalosporins 76
  - ceramics 43
  - charge-based HPLC separation 232
  - charged aerosol detection (CAD) 258
  - charge exchange 97
  - charge transfers 258
  - chemical bonding (grafting)

- chromatographic ligand 161
- chemical interactions 137
- chemical stability 21
- chemometrics
  - analytical target profile/critical quality attributes 286
  - critical process parameters 287
  - critical quality attributes modeling 293
  - data analysis 280, 284
  - design space (DS) 294
  - investigation of 288
  - knowledge space 288
  - in LC method development 285
  - optimization designs 291
  - QbD approach in LC method 286
  - quality risk assessment 287
  - robustness testing 295
  - screening designs 289
  - strategy, advantage of 279
  - techniques 279
  - trial and error approach 285
  - working point 295
- chiral chromatography 233
- chiral HPLC separations 233
- chiral preparative chromatography 3
- chiral separations 236
- chiral stationary phase (CSP) 233
- chloroform 145, 146, 241
- chromatograms 7, 8, 12, 271, 272
  - analysis 281
- chromatograph
  - analysis 280, 282
  - behaviors 192
  - chromatographer 25, 219
  - columns 6, 27, 159, 266
  - conditions 25
  - data 280, 281
  - detector 120
  - molecule, structure of 228
  - retention 263
- chromatographic hydrophobicity index (CHI) 274
- chromatographic hydrophobic retention 151
- chromatographic objective function 219
- chromatographic packing materials 32, 190
- chromatographic performance 17
- chromatographic practice 214
- chromatographic retention 275
  - behavior of probe solutes 185
  - mobile phase, pH Measurements of 264
  - pH effects 263
- chromatographic selectivity 34
- chromatographic separations 26, 229
  - conditions 218
- chromatographic signals 280, 281
  - baseline and noise 281
- chromatographic system 25, 35, 227, 279, 280
  - buffers, characteristics of 265
  - high-pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC) 228
  - HPLC separation modes
    - charge-based separations 232
    - other separation mechanisms 232
    - polarity-based separations 228
    - size-exclusion chromatography (SEC) 232
  - normal-phase/polar organic solvents 233
  - bonded phases 235
  - isocratic/gradient elution 241
  - mobile-phase selection 238
  - nonbonded phases 234
  - retention mechanism 234
  - solvent strength/selectivity 239
  - stationary phases 234
  - stationary phases/selectivity 236
  - pH-related effects 274
  - physical methods 227
  - plant pigments, colorful separation 227
  - software packages 281
- chromatographie separation 256
- ChromDream 220
- Click Maltose column 76
  - material 76
- C<sub>18</sub> ligand 183
- coccidiostatic drug 120
- collision-induced dissociation (CID) mode 88, 99
- column bed heterogeneity 46, 49
  - axial heterogeneity 46, 49
  - radial heterogeneity and wall effect 49, 51
  - in slurry packed columns 50
- column dead time 27
- column dead volume 43
- column dimensions 32
- column efficiency 12–14, 16, 19, 52
  - effect of temperature on 36
- column effluent
  - ion-exchange column 259
- column lengths 9, 16, 57
- column loadability 188
- column packing 15, 45, 163
  - equipment used for downward slurry packed columns 45
  - material 276
  - processes 45
  - techniques 44
- column performance 44
- column resistance factor 15

- columns 9, 19, 32
    - advancement 39
    - advantages 37
    - with core-shell particles 39
    - diameter 190
    - properties 266
    - selection 35
    - size 32
    - technology 40, 43
    - temperatures 17, 237
  - column wall 52
  - commercial GC–MS 101
  - comprehensive two-dimensional liquid chromatography (LC/LC) mode 40
  - compression 39
  - computer-assisted interpretive optimization strategies 219
  - conductivity, detectors 259
  - contaminants
    - for data acquisition 111
  - conventional column 55
  - conventional HPLC 39
  - conventional pressure 15
  - core-shell particles 15, 39, 43, 113
  - corona charged aerosol detectors (CAD) 151
  - correlation optimized warping (COW) 282
  - coshift 282
  - Coulomb interactions 137
  - countercurrent chromatography (CCC)
    - technique 136, 227
  - C<sub>18</sub> porous silica microparticles 192
  - critical micellar concentration (CMC)
    - in mobile phase 231
  - critical process parameters (CPPs) 287
  - critical quality attributes (CQAs) 286, 287
    - multiobjective optimization problems 294
  - cross contamination 13
  - cross-linked polymer
    - structures 162
  - Cucurbita maxima* 81
  - curtain flow column (CF) 51
    - chromatography columns 52
    - environment 53
  - cyano-based silica 75
  - cyanopropyl phases 32
  - cyclofructans (CFs)
    - cyclofructan 6 (CF6)-based stationary phases 76
  - cysteine 76
- d**
- data acquisition 114
  - data analysis, chemometrics 280, 284
  - database
    - for simultaneous analysis using UHPLC–orbitrap MS 119
    - workflow scheme used to create and apply 119
  - data-dependent acquisition (DDA) 115
    - mode 121
  - data overloading 283
  - data preprocessing
    - chromatographic analysis, problem solving 280
  - dead time estimation, in chromatographic systems 206
  - dead volumes 39
  - Derringer desirability function 295
  - design of experiments (DoE) methodology 288
  - desorption electrospray, ionization (DESI) 106
  - detection 38
    - limits 116
  - detectors 44, 55, 280
    - linearity 247
    - specifications 39
    - used in LC 261
  - deuterium 253
    - lamp 250
    - ultraviolet excitation and long-term stability 254
  - deuterium oxide 173
  - deviations, from linearity 208
  - dewetting, bonding density 189
  - dichloromethane (DCM) 46, 142
  - 3,5-dichlorophenol 204
  - diffraction
    - optical arrangements 255
  - diffusion 18
    - adsorption constant 11
    - coefficients 10, 29
    - in liquid phase 12
    - length 18
  - 1,2 dihydroxypropylether 235
  - N,N*-dimethylformamide 207
  - Dimroth–Reichardt parameter 201
  - diol-based silica 75
  - dioxane 138
  - 1,4-dioxane index 169, 170
  - diphenhydramine 269
    - retention times 270
  - dipole-dipole interaction 26, 65, 137
  - dipole interactions 32
  - dipoles (polarity) 168
  - disaccharide (Click Maltose) 76
  - discharge lamps, low-pressure 250
  - dispersion 36

dispersive solvent 45  
 dispersive SPE (dSPE) 118  
 distribution equilibrium 6  
 divinylbenzene (DB) 113  
 Doehlert design 291–293  
 DoE methodology 291, 295, 296  
 D-optimal design 293  
 downward slurry packing methods  
   45, 47  
 drug development 77  
 DryLab 220  
 dual polarity detection 120  
 dwell time 217

## e

eco-toxicity 112  
 eddy diffusion 9, 10, 12, 36  
 efficiencies 13–15, 28, 30  
   – of AFT column depends on segmentation  
     ratio 55  
   – chromatographic system 8, 9  
   – gain of AFT column 57  
   – for 3 µm particle-packed columns 57  
   – trend 15  
 electrochemical (EC)  
   – detection (ECD) 257, 258, 260, 261  
   – schematic representation of 257  
 electrode contamination 261  
 electron affinity (EA) 97  
 electron capture (EC) 97  
 electron ionization (EI) 87, 100, 114  
   – interface 101, 102, 104  
   – ionization 101  
 electropneumatic heated nebulizer 98  
 electrospray 113  
 electrospray ionization (ESI) 88, 260  
   – analysis 92  
   – APPI interface 100  
   – ion 88, 90  
   – nebulization process 91  
   – sources 92  
   – TOF-MS detection 274  
 electrospray ionization source (ESI-TOF-MS)  
   methods 274  
 electrospray quadrupole iontrap mass  
   spectrometry 81  
 electrostatic forces 26  
 electrostatic interactions 21, 65, 67  
 eluents 21  
   – nonpolar 21  
   – pH 277  
   – retention factor for 65  
   – sequence, polarity order 240

  – strength 210, 240  
 eluotropic strengths 238  
 embedded polar group (EPG) 167  
 empirical equations 148  
 enantiomers 233  
 end-capping 33, 166  
   – columns 166  
   – reagent 167  
 end-point detection processes 44  
 environmental analysis 112, 113  
*Escherichia coli* 81  
 ethanol 34, 169  
 ethanolamine 75  
 ethanol index 170  
 ethanol, toxic 168  
 ethylene-bridged hybrid silica 67  
 evaporative light scattering detector  
   (ELSD) 246, 256  
   – schematic diagram 256  
 evolving factor analysis (EFA) 283  
 exploratory data analysis (EDA)  
   – cluster analysis 284  
 external standard calibration 38  
 extra-column volume 206  
 extracted ion chromatograms 59

## f

factor analysis (FA) 284  
 fatty acids 126  
 filter-filter detector 254  
 flow cell 55  
 flow rates 10, 11, 15, 17, 19, 35–37, 39, 45, 46,  
   59, 124  
   – optimum 37  
 flow sensitive detectors 54  
 flow velocities 47, 49, 50, 58  
 fluid flow 46  
 flukicides 120  
 fluorescence (FLD) 254  
 fluorescence derivatization 252  
 fluorescence detection 50, 253  
   – disadvantage of 253  
 fluorescence detectors 254  
   – block diagram of 253  
   – designs 254  
   – optical arrangement for 253  
 fluorescence excitation 253  
 fluorescence spectroscopies 185  
 fluorescent emission 254  
 food bioactive peptides 124  
 food lipidomics 125, 127  
 food metabolomics 124, 125  
 foodomics 121

- approach 121
- food proteomics 121, 124
- food quality 124
- food science 121, 124
- food toxicants 117
- applications 117
- formic acid 80
- Fourier transformation (FT)
  - infrared 185
- Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance (FT ICR) 111
- Fourier transform MS (FTMS) 260
- $2^{3-1}$  fractional factorial design 290
- fractional factorial design (FrFD) 289
- fragmentation 99, 100, 102
  - collisional-induced dissociation (CID) 99
- Fresnel-type RI detector 255
  - optical arrangements 255
- FrFD, limitation of 290
- FTICR-MS data 123
- full factorial design (FFD) 289
  - one-factor-at-the-time approach 289
  - properties of 289
- fused core particles 17, 18, 191

## g

- galactose-modified silica 76
- gas chromatography (GC) 11, 35, 95, 227
  - EIMS interface 100
  - MS, interface 102
- gas phase
  - ion–molecule reactions 104
  - reactions 97
- gas–vapor mixture 94
- gate valve 46
- Gaussian distribution 7
- Gaussian/Lorentzian curves 282
- Gaussian peak shape 5
- Gaussian profiles 280
- gel filtration chromatography (GFC) 26, 232
- gel permeation chromatography (GPC) 44, 232
- ghost peaks 38
- glass, electrode 148
- glutathione biosynthesis 76, 81
- gluten proteins 123
- glycans 78
- glycoconjugates 78
- glycosylation 79
- gradient elution 37, 38, 147, 174, 179, 180, 216, 219, 242
- gradient grade solvents 179

- gradient of organic modifier 216
- gradient program 218
- gradient retention times 199
- gradient system 37
- gradient time 37
- grafting density 161
- graphitized carbon 113
- green chromatography 21
- greenest solvent 142
- green solvents 142

## h

- Handerson-Hasselbalch equation 263
- heart-cut, approach 40
- height equivalent to theoretical plate (HETP)
  - curves 48, 49, 57, 59
- helium, molecules 99
- heterogeneity
  - of lipids 126
  - of packed bed 53
- hexafluorobenzene 97
- hexane sulfonate 35
- high-performance anion-exchange chromatography (HPAEC) 78
- high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) 2, 15, 63, 159, 228
- high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC) 25, 40, 228
  - classification of 228
  - columns 43, 44, 93, 222, 247, 256
  - conditions 136
  - detectors 246, 260
  - with mass spectrometry (MS) 260
  - method development, strategy 38
  - $pK_a$  assay
    - medium-to-high-throughput 274
  - polarity-based separations 239
  - separation modes 59, 238
  - separations 239
  - size particles 17
  - ultraviolet (UV) detector 245
  - UV cutoff wavelengths of solvents 249
  - vs.UHPLC 17
- high-pressure packed columns 43
- high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) 114
  - analyzers 115
  - in environmental field 114
- high-resolution or tandem (MS/MS) instruments 88
- high-temperature liquid chromatography (HTLC) 111, 173
  - separations 113

high-throughput, UHPLC–ESI–MS/MS  
analysis 90

Hildebrand 138

–  $\Delta$  parameter 141

– solubility 138

– – polarity scales 141

homogeneity, of packing 11

homologous series method 208

Horváth, solvophobic theory of 266

HPLC–EI–MS separation 102

hybrids

– instruments 111

– LIT-orbitrap mass analyzer 125

– materials 5, 19, 20

– silica core 37

– tandem instruments 115

– tandem mass spectrometers 121

hydrocarbons 258

hydrogen bonding 21, 26, 65, 66, 75, 187

hydro-organic

– elution 146

– mobile phase 148, 149

– reversed mobile phases 152

hydrophilic

– interactions 76

– monolithic columns 77

– partitioning 64

hydrophilic interaction liquid chromatography  
(HILIC) 21, 22, 63, 230, 276

– analysis 276

– application of 77, 78, 80

– cation-exchange (HILIC/CEX) mixed mode  
zwitterionic material 76

– columns 78, 125

– conventional NPLC stationary phases for 67

– MS approaches in structural glycomics 79

– MS-based metabolomics 80

– MS in structural glycomics 78

– resources 64

– retention mechanism in 22, 276

– role in enrichment/analysis of protein post-  
translational modifications 79

– separation mechanism in 64, 65

– stationary phase 67, 78

hydrophilicity 76

hydrophobic

– chains bond 162

– retention 221

– subtractive approach 221, 222

– subtractive model 221, 222

– surface 161

hydrophobic and ion exchange  
interactions 276

hydrophobic interaction chromatography

(HIC) 231

hydrophobic interaction liquid chromatography  
(HILIC) 144

hydrophobicity 26, 122

– contribution 222

– interactions 5, 32, 36, 231

hyphenation, system 124

hypothetical mobile phase 201

## i

ICH Q2(R1), testing specified by

– icoshift 282

– algorithm 282

– aligns 282

ideal analytical chromatogram 2

ideal chromatographic conditions 280

ideal chromatographic signal 280

ideal Gaussian shape 8

identification, points (IPs) 120

immobilization

– liquid film 182

– polysaccharide chiral stationary phases 236

impurities 77

infinite diameter column 44, 53

influence adsorption processes 209

information-dependent acquisition (IDA)

experiments 115

injection cycle time 59

injection techniques 44

inline detectors

– characteristics 246

– – detector cell volume 247

– – dynamic range 247

– – linearity 247

– – selectivity 246

– – sensitivity 246

– charged aerosol detection (CAD) 258

– conductivity detectors 259

– coupling detectors 260

– electrochemical detector 257

– evaporative light-scattering detector 256

– fluorescence detector 252

– GC detectors, for HPLC uses 245

– HPLC detectors, comparison of 260

– photodiode array detector 251

– refractive index detector (RID) 245, 255

– UV-visible absorbance detector 247

– – fixed wavelength 249

– – flow cell of 248

– – variable wavelength 250

instantaneous retention factor 269

instrument dwell time 268

- intermolecular interactions 229
    - in HILIC, diversity of 66
  - internal diameter (ID) 101
  - intersystem crossing (ISC) 99
  - ion chromatography 44, 259
  - ion-dipole interactions 137
  - ion-exchange chromatography 26, 63, 232
  - ion-exchange interaction 36
  - ion-exchange particles 43
  - ion formation 95
    - mechanism of 101
  - ion fragmentation 91
  - ionic liquids (ILs) 143
  - ionic surfactants 231
  - ionization
    - analytes retention 269
    - compounds 150, 202
    - efficiency 97
    - mechanism 97
    - process 97
    - solutes 170
  - techniques 88, 100
  - ion–molecule collisions 101
  - ion–molecule reactions 104
  - ion-pair chromatography (IPC) 231
  - ion pairing
    - agents 231
    - reagents 35, 231
  - ion, suppression 126
  - isocratic conditions 26
  - isocratic elution 37, 38, 242
  - isocratic measurements 176
  - isocratic mobile phase 181
  - isocratic mode 268
  - isocratic retention, effect of pH 266, 267
  - isocratic retention time 200
  - isoelutotropic mobile phases 146
  - isotope-labeled internal standards (ISs) 92
  - IT-TOF detector 125
- k**
- KCl solution 148
  - ketoprofen 266, 273
  - Kinetex and Accucore columns 43
  - Kinetex HILIC core–shell column 77
  - kinetics 6
  - KISS principle 25
  - k* value 30
- l**
- lactose–modified silica 76
  - Lambert’s law 247
  - laser beams 98
  - laser pulses 99
  - LC-based methods
    - DESI–MS interface 106
    - effluent 100
    - EI–MS coupling 100
    - fluorescence detectors 254
    - method development 287
    - parameters 38
    - MS-based metabolomics 124, 125
    - MS confirmatory analysis
      - recent trends 120, 121
    - MS instrumentations 93, 102, 111, 112
    - MS market 89
    - MS/MS analysis 122
    - of  $pK_a$  determination 274
    - MS screening analysis 118, 120
    - MS system 112
    - MS techniques 111, 127
    - QqQ system 114
    - retention “Troika” 66, 67
    - TOF analysis 115
    - TOF-MS strategy 123
  - LC-MS interfaces
    - API sources 88
    - atmospheric pressure chemical ionization 93, 94
    - atmospheric pressure laser ionization 98
    - atmospheric pressure photoionization 95, 96
    - electrospray interface (ESI) 89
      - factors influencing 92
      - modes of operation 92
      - operation/ion formation, principles of 90
    - non-API sources 99
      - DESI–MS interface 106
      - direct EI 100
      - single-photon low-pressure photoionization/EI ionization, combination 104
      - in supersonic molecular beam (SMB) 103
    - orientative distribution 89
  - Lewis acid-base theory 36
  - ligand-exchange (LE), interaction 36
  - ligand-solution interface 188
  - light intensities 255
  - limit of detection (LOD) 246
  - linear chromatography 3
  - linear combinations of predictor variables 215
  - linear free energy relationships (LFER) 220
  - linearity 39, 247
  - linear organic modifier, gradient 268
  - linear pH gradient 270
  - linear regression model 65, 215
  - linear retention model 217

- linear solvation energy relationship (LESR)
    - approach 66, 220
    - model 220, 221
    - solute descriptors 221
  - linear velocity 16, 36, 55
    - flow 39
  - lipid components 126
  - lipidomics 121, 125, 126
  - liquid chromatography 1, 2, 11, 15, 21, 35, 39, 87, 227, 245, 259
    - advances and trends in 113
    - chemometric applications 280
    - method 285
    - modern trends in 14
    - optimization strategies 199
    - systems 206
  - liquid–liquid, chromatography 228
  - liquid-liquid extraction (LLE) 1, 78, 145, 152
  - liquid-liquid-like transfer process 184
  - liquid-liquid partitioning 21
  - liquid mobile phase 227, 228
  - liquid–solid chromatography 228
  - liquid solvent state 135
  - literature-based lipophilicity parameters 275
  - LIT hybrids 121
  - LIT-orbitrap over QqTOF 116
  - localized detector 44
  - log  $k_w$  determination 274
  - longitudinal diffusion 10
  - low-resolution (LR) mass spectrometers 114
  - LR mass spectrometers 115
  - lysine-based zwitterionic material 76
- m**
- macrolides 120
  - markers, injection of 207
  - mass accuracy 124
  - mass spectrometry (MS) 54, 78, 87, 113, 121, 126, 136, 171
    - advances and trends in 113, 117
    - analysis 63
    - chemical ionization 93
    - detection 264
  - mass spectroscopy (MS) 279
  - mass transfer 19, 36, 37
    - coefficient 29
    - kinetics 18, 39
  - mathematical methods 208
  - mathematical models 35, 274
  - MATLAB 220
  - matrix effect 92
  - matrix solid-phase dispersion (MSPD) 118
  - maximal peak compression 273
  - maximum peak compression 273
  - maximum residue limits (MRLs) 117
  - mechanical strength 43
  - MeOH/buffer mobile phase 150
  - MeOH mobile phase 150, 151
  - mercury lamp 250
  - metabolic fingerprinting 124
  - metabolite profiling 81
  - metabolomics 76, 80, 121
    - databases 125
    - platform based on UHPLC fluorescence TOF-MS assay 125
  - metal-based packings 234
  - metal impurities in silica 235
  - metal-oxide 21, 77, 234
  - N*-methyl pyrrolidone 142
  - methanol (MeOH) 21, 34, 35, 37, 45, 113, 148, 173, 230
  - methionine 54
  - method development, strategy 37
  - methyl-*t*-butyl ether (MTBE) 141
  - metoprolol 20
  - micellar liquid chromatography (MLC) 231
  - microbial transformation products 116
  - microelectrodes 50
  - migration zone 10
  - milk proteins 123
  - mobile phase 4–7, 10, 20, 29, 34, 36, 52, 78, 99, 151, 178, 182, 189, 229, 233, 238, 257, 259, 266
    - composition 148, 174, 201, 214, 239, 241, 269, 293
    - evaporation (nebulization) of 256
    - flow rates 37
    - linear velocity 16
    - modifiers of the short-chain alcohol type 234
    - pHs 263, 268–271, 277
    - polarity 200
    - polar solvents 229
    - purification and degassing of 253
    - solvents 35
    - velocity 11, 18, 29
    - viscosity 136
  - model polarizability 66
  - modern UHPLC particle 18
  - modifier content 214
    - at solute location 217
    - in isocratic elution 219
  - retention factor and protonation constant 205
  - simultaneous effect 205
  - molar refraction 66
  - molecular, dynamics 185

molecular diffusion 9, 10, 12, 21, 36  
 molecularly imprinted (MI)-SPME techniques 118  
 monolith, technology 111  
 monolithic columns 19, 37, 39, 44  
 monoliths 19  
 monomeric surfactant molecules 231  
 monosaccharide (Click Glucose) 76  
 Monte Carlo simulation 185, 295  
 MS-based metabolomics 80  
 MS-based platforms for lipidomic 126  
 MS-compatible  
   – buffers 265  
 MS detection selectivity 80  
 MS detectors 59, 114  
 MS/MS fragmentation 121  
 MS<sup>n</sup> sensitivity 116  
 MS<sup>2</sup> operations 111  
 MS proteomics 121  
 multicomponent protocols 117  
 multidimensional chromatography 39  
 multidimensional protein identification technology 122  
 multimode ionization 114  
 multiple small isocratic steps 218  
 multiresidue methods 112  
 multivariate curve resolution (MCR), algorithm 282  
 mycotoxins 117, 120  
*m/z* values 115

## **n**

nano-ESI systems 93  
 nano HPLC systems 247  
 nano-LC  
   – columns 101  
   – technology 100  
 nano-LC–MS system 101  
 nano-online HILIC–MS systems 80  
 nano-RP–LC–MS 80  
 naphthalene 21  
 narrow columns 32  
   – AFT columns 58  
 neutral loss scan (NLS) 118  
 new material trend 19  
 NIST library 104  
 nitrogen (carrier gas) 256  
 nitromethane 169  
   – index 170  
 NMR spectroscopy 80, 173  
 noise contributions, for columns 56  
 non-API interface 100

nonaqueous reversed phase (NARP) 126  
 nonfluorescent  
   – compounds 252  
   – molecules 252  
 nonionic surfactants 115  
 nonlinear chromatography 3  
 nonlinear regression 208  
 nonpolar (hydrophobic) materials 159  
 nonpolar solvents 241  
 nonpolar stationary phases 5, 239  
 non-UV-absorbing components 248  
 normal-phase liquid chromatography (NPLC) 21, 63, 201, 229  
 normal-phase (NP) mobile phases 98  
 normal-phase mode (NP-LC)  
   – mobile-phase solvents 238  
   – overlapping/coeluting 239  
   – pH effect on retention 276  
   – separations 238  
   – solvents 239  
*N*-values 57

## **o**

octadecylsilane (C<sub>18</sub> or ODS) 32  
 1-octanol/water partition coefficient 138, 174  
 octyl C<sub>8</sub>-bonded phases 32  
 oligosaccharides 76  
 omic technique 121  
 on-column matched refractive index  
   – detection 50  
 opioid 124  
 optimal alignment technique 282  
 optimum linear velocity 29  
 optimum sample preparation technique 38  
 orbitrap analyzers 100  
 orbitrap detectors 111  
 orbitrap instruments 123, 126  
 orbitrap mass analyzer 116  
   – drawbacks 117  
 organic contaminants 112  
 organic micropollutants 112, 116  
 organic mobile phase 230  
 organic modifiers 21, 34  
   – gradient 269, 273  
 organic polymer backbone 276  
 organic solvents 37  
 organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) 114  
 orthogonal retention behavior 44  
*ortho*-phthaldehyde (OPA) derivatization 253  
 OSIRIS 220

**p**

- packing conditions 45
- packing factor 11
- packing materials 15, 33, 36, 77, 113
  - composition 36
  - particles 18
- papaverine 266
- parallel factor analysis (PARAFAC) 283
  - model, for multivariate data 283
- parallel segmented flow column (PSF) 51
- parking lot effect 47
- particle diameter 14
- particle pore structure 45
- particle sizes 12, 16–18, 32, 36, 39, 43, 45, 55, 76, 77
  - distribution 29
- partition chromatography 26
- partitioning interaction 65
- partitioning process 183
- parvalbumin 123
- pattern recognition 284
- PDA 3D-chromatogram 252
- PDA detector, optical arrangement of 251
- peak asymmetry 27, 28, 38
  - factor 27
- peak fronting 5
- peak tailing factor 27
- PEEK capillary tube 106
- pellicular material 17
- peptide-centric approach 123
- peptides 124
- perfluorinated compounds 113
- permeability 19, 44
- pesticides 113, 119
- phase diagrams 146
- pH control 35
- phenolic compounds 151
- phenylalanine 54
- phenyl-bonded phases 32
- 2-phenylbutyric (PB) acid 20
- 3-phenyl-1-propanolol (PP) 20
- pH gradient conditions 272
- pH gradient duration 271
- pH gradient mode 273
- pH gradient separation 269, 273
- phosphocholine 76
- phosphorylation 79
- photodetector, signal 250
- photodiode array detector 251
- photodiode detectors 249
- photodiodes 251
- photodissociation 99
- photoionizable compound 97
- photoionization 104
  - principle of 95
- pH-sensitive electrode 171
- pH shifts 148
- pH stability 43
- pH-stable hybrid column (XBridge) 20
- pH-stable silica 19
  - -based C18 hybrid packing materials 22
- pH values 20
- physicochemical
  - processes 228
- piroxicam 59
- PIS scan 116
- $pK_a$ , determination 274
- Plackett–Burman design (PBD) 289, 290
- plate height 8
  - concept 7
- Pneumatic nebulizers 257
- polar analytes 63
- polar compounds 63
- polar-embedded alkyl stationary phases 190
- polar end-capped stationary phases 167
- polar functional group 167
- polar interactions 5, 26
- polarity 35, 75
  - -based chromatographic system
  - – polarities of stationary and mobile phases 230
  - of different stationary phases 237
  - model 210
  - order 240
- polar lipids 126
- polar metabolites 81
- polar mobile phase 5
- polar organic compounds 32
- polar organic solvents 21
  - chromatography 231
  - mode 237
- polar organic solvents chromatography (POSC) 233
- polar pharmaceuticals 78
- polar pollutants 114
- polar stationary phases 21, 63, 237
- polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) 254
- polyaspartamide-based materials 75
- poly(aspartic acid) stationary phase 75
- polychromatic light 251
- polychromatic radiation 251
- polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons 99
- polyether ether ketone (PEEK) tube 211
- PolyGLYCOPLEX column 78

- poly(2-hydroxyethyl aspartamide) stationary phase 75
  - polymer-based monolithic columns 39
  - (polymeric) compounds 228
  - polymeric packing materials 36
  - polymeric phases 162
  - polymerization 78
  - polyphenolics 124, 125
  - polystyrene 113
  - poly(succinimide) silica 75
  - poly(2-sulfoethyl aspartamide) stationary phase 75
  - pore shape 29
  - pore sizes 33
    - distribution 29
  - porosity 15, 19, 66
  - porous graphitized carbon (PGC) 37, 191
  - porous particles 113
  - porous polymeric rod 37
  - porous shell particles 113
  - porous silica 162
  - porous silica microparticles 191
  - post acquisition data processing 117
  - postcolumn derivations 252
    - chamber 253
  - post-translational modifications 123
  - 3-*P,P*-diphenylphosphonium-propylsulfonate 76
  - p-p interaction 32
  - precision 38, 121
  - precolumn derivatization 252
  - precursor ion scan (PrIS) 118
  - PREOPT-W 220
  - preparative chromatography 5
  - pressure 35
    - back 58
    - fluctuations 45
    - from pump 46
  - pressure drop 15, 17
  - pressures 17
  - pressurized liquid extraction (PLE) 118
  - principal component analysis (PCA) 283
  - principal components (PCs) 284
  - product ion scan (PIS) experiments 115
  - propanol 34, 35
  - protein composition 121
  - protein precipitation 78
  - proteins 123
    - analysis of 160
    - characterization of 123
  - proteolytic digestion 123
  - proteomics 76, 121–123
    - applications 123
    - workflow 122
  - protic solvent 148
  - proton acceptor 169
  - protonation constant 210
  - protons, acceptor of 170
  - proton transfer 97
  - PSF column 59
  - pulsations 49
  - pulsed amperometric detection (PAD) 78
  - pulsed direct injection 59
  - pulsed direct injection HPLC-MS 60
  - pumping clean mobile phase 250
  - Purnell equation 29, 30
- q**
- QbD approach
    - for LC method development 286
  - Q-linear ion traps (QqQLIT) 111
    - instruments, flexibility 115
  - quadrupole
    - analyzer 106, 120
  - quadrupole time-of-flight (QqTOF) 111
    - hybrid instruments 119
    - instruments 116, 126
  - quality by design (QbD) approach 285
  - quality risk assessment 287
  - quantitation 39
  - quasi-isobaric interfering ions 115
  - QuEChERS
    - methodology 117
- r**
- radial
    - bed heterogeneity 49
    - compression columns 49
    - heterogeneity 46
  - radiation, adsorption 98
  - radical, molecular ion 101
  - random walk model 7
  - rapid scanning variable wavelength 250
  - Rayleigh stability 90
  - refractive index (RI) 54, 137, 245
    - detectors 255, 256
  - refractive index detector (RID) 261
  - regioisomers 127
  - regular injection profile through a glass packed column 53
  - Reichardt ET30 parameter 141
  - Reichardt scale 142
  - relay gradients 176
  - reproducibility 63
  - residual silanols 164
  - resistance in mass transfer 35

- resolution 12–14, 25, 28, 30, 37, 39, 63, 121
    - of carbohydrates 75
    - control 35
    - factor
      - regulating column 29
      - control 31
    - of geometrical isomers 37
    - influenced by 30
    - influence on 14
    - vs. selectivity, retention, and efficiency 31
  - resonantly enhanced multiphoton ionization (REMPI) 98
  - response surface methodology (RSM) 291
  - retention 14, 30, 75, 191
    - accuracy of predictions 203
    - of analytes 65
    - behavior 63, 177
    - dependence of 204
    - factor 7, 10, 11, 14, 15, 27, 29, 36, 66, 200
    - of HILIC stationary phases 64
    - NPLC and POSC share 234
  - retention factors 17, 66, 78, 206, 213, 267, 271
  - *k* value 33
  - uncertainty in prediction 216
  - retention, in RPLC 181
  - retention, in ternary solvent systems 200
  - retention mechanism 276
    - in HILIC 65
    - mobility of alkyl chains 186
    - solutes compete 188
  - retention models 6, 66, 215, 218
  - retention of acidic species 205
  - retention time 7, 9, 20, 276
    - drift 281
    - in gradient elution 217
    - shift 281
  - reversed phase (RP), analysis 98
  - reversed phase high-performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) 263, 269, 274, 276
  - reversed phase liquid chromatography (RPLC) 63, 159, 199, 230
    - with alkyl-bonded stationary phases 160
    - column 182
    - column, in routine laboratory 192
    - columns 161, 184, 221
    - computer-assisted interpretive optimization 218
    - conventional columns 203
    - dead time estimation 206
    - development and trends 160, 190
    - dimethyl octadecylsilane systems 187
    - dynamic methods 207
    - fundamental equation for gradient elution 216
    - general elution problem of 175
    - gradient elution 216
    - gradients of modifier 175, 176, 179, 181
    - isocratic elution 175, 199
    - linear solvation energy relationships (LSER) 220
    - local models for characterizing columns 221
    - mobile phase 167, 168, 170
    - model regression process on quality of predictions 215
    - modifier content, pH, temperature 210
    - MS-based metabolomics 80, 81
    - nonintegrable retention models 217
    - packing materials 163, 188
    - pH, as experimental factor 202
    - polarity models 201
    - polynomial models 199
    - practical considerations 214
    - pressure effect 211
    - process 166
    - retention factors, deviations of 211
    - retention mechanisms 181–184, 186, 188, 189
    - retention modeling 199
    - retention prediction, enhancing 214
    - retention using modifier content 199
    - reversed mode 159
    - silanol deactivation 166
    - silanol effects 164
    - silica support/chemical bonding 161
    - solvents 170
    - static methods 207
    - stationary-phase characterization 160, 186, 220
    - temperature, as chromatographic factor 172
    - temperature, effect of 209
    - Van't Hoff equation 209
  - robustness 39
  - root-mean-square (RMS) variation 246
  - RP *C*<sub>18</sub> columns 125
- s**
- saccharides 75, 76
  - Saccharomyces cerevisiae* 81
  - safety assessment 123
  - sample capacity 39
  - sample carryover 39
  - sample preparation 38
    - LC–MS analysis 112, 117, 118
  - sample retention 13
  - scanning mass spectrometers 120

- scanning speed 111
- Schiff-base 75
- segmentation ratio 52, 54, 55
- selected reaction monitoring (SRM) 103, 114
  - transitions 114, 115, 118
- selectivity 12–15, 19, 27, 29, 31, 39, 44, 59, 75, 113, 114
  - factors influencing 33
  - of HILIC stationary phases 64
- semiporous materials 17–19
- semiporous particles 18, 19
- sensitivity 54, 97, 113, 121
  - of detector 246
- separation methods 39, 280
  - characteristics 40
  - efficiencies 27, 37
  - factor 14, 27
- separation science 40
- separation selectivity 78
- seven ionizable compound, separation of 150
- shell particles 39
- shifting 282
- shotgun methodology 126
- Si atom 162
- Si-C bond 19
- signal intensity 101
- silanizing reagent
  - hydrophobic surface 166
- silanols 164, 235
  - blockers 167
  - polar adsorption centers 164
- silanophilic interactions 164
- silica
  - batch-to-batch reproducibility 164
  - derivatization 166
  - hybrid material 21
  - stability of 37
- silica backbone of the stationary phase 231
- silica-based materials
  - columns 166
  - monolithic column 212, 213
- silica-based monoliths 191
  - columns 39, 212
- silica-based packing 36, 234
- silica-based RPLC 190
- silica-based stationary phases 5, 234, 239
- silica columns
  - normal-phase gradient separations 242
- silica gel (SiO<sub>2</sub>) 67, 234
- silica modification, silanization 161
- silica packings 166
- silica surface functionalization 161
- silicon, atom bridge 235
- silicone–hydride (Si–H) groups 235
- siloxanes 20, 235
  - bond hydrolysis 170
- silver ion chromatography (SIC) 126
- SIM mode 104
- single-photon ionization (SPI) 104
- single photon low-pressure photoionization-electron ionization interface 105
- single-sample analysis 26
- size exclusion chromatography (SEC) 26
- slurry, reservoir 46, 47
- small-angle neutron scattering 185
- small-particle stationary phases 17
- S/N responses 54
- Snyder–Soczewiński relationship 266
  - SST diagram 170
- Snyder's triangle 34
  - in Cartesian 141
  - for choosing solvents 34
  - for water and water-miscible solvents 169
- sodium phosphate 151
- soft desorption ionization methods for mass spectrometric analyses 89
- soft ionization technique 91
- soft-walled columns 49
- software tools for data acquisition 111
- solid core particles 37
- solid PEEK ring 52
- solid-phase extraction (SPE) 78, 117
- solubility 21, 26
  - of hydrophilic analytes 63
  - of mobile phase 200
- solute
  - dipolarity 66
  - hydrophobicity 174
  - intermolecular interactions of 168
  - migration efficiency 51
  - molecules 6
  - polarizability 66
  - protonation of 203
  - retention 174
- solute/mobile-phase/stationary-phase parameters 200
- solute property (SP) 221
- solute–solvent–stationary-phase interactions 66
- solutes pair
  - measuring selectivity factor 237
- solvent 32, 45, 46
  - consumption 35
  - elutropic strength 238
  - fully miscible 143
  - ions 102

- load 59
  - localization 238, 239
  - melting point of 135
  - mixture 143
  - mobile-phase pH/buffers 147
  - molecular weight/density/molar volume 136
  - nomograms 146
  - nonfully miscible 144
  - phase diagrams 144
  - pH, definition 147
  - pH, in hydro-organic mobile phases 147
  - physicochemical data of 153
  - physicochemical properties 135, 143
  - $pK_a$  shifts, in hydro-organic mobile phases 148
  - polarity 138
  - recycling technologies 168
  - selectivity 240
  - selectivity groups 240
  - selectivity optimization 241
  - selectivity triangle 240, 241
  - Snyder classification of 138, 139
  - strength 21, 40
  - type 34
  - viscosity 35, 136
  - solvent extraction (SE) 117
  - solvent-rich mobile phases 150
  - solvent's solving ability 138
  - solvent UV cutoff 238
  - solvophobic theory 182, 183
  - spectral band width of detector 247
  - spectrophotometric detector 239
  - speed 39, 59
  - SPE–HPLC–QqQ system 114
  - sphingomyelin 127
  - stability 67
    - over wide pH range 37
  - standard HPLC instruments 18, 19
  - standard isotope-labeled (SIL) peptides 123
  - stationary phase 4, 6, 7, 10, 27, 28, 35, 36, 233
    - architecture 185
    - characterization 199, 222
    - concentration 3
    - developed for HILIC 75, 76
    - environment 184
    - for HILIC 67, 68
    - of HTLC columns 113
    - of monolithic columns 113
    - particles 2
    - polarity 201
    - properties 228
    - surface 166
    - yields 36
  - steeper pH gradient 273
  - steric hindrance 137
  - steroids 114
  - stress, of analytical systems 113
  - strong cation exchange chromatography (SCX) 79
  - structural protein characterization 123
  - sub-2  $\mu\text{m}$  particles 39
  - $\alpha/\beta$  sugar anomerization 75
  - sulfobetaine 76
  - sulfonamides 120
  - superior mass resolution 121
  - supersonic EI-LC-MS apparatus
    - cold EI mass spectrum of 105
    - schematic of 103
  - supersonic molecular beams (SMB) 88
    - approach 103
  - surface adsorption 65
  - surface area 33
  - surface-modified silica 230
  - surface tension 137
  - synchronization 180
  - system suitability 39
  - system synchronization 180
- t**
- Tanaka–Euerby test 222
  - taurine 75
  - temperature 21
    - optimum 37
    - significant factor 35
  - temperature gradient 17
  - temperature-programmed liquid chromatography (TPLC) 35
  - ternary-phase diagrams 145
  - tetraethoxysilane 19
  - tetrahydrofuran (THF) 34, 141, 167, 230
  - theoretical plate (N) 8, 12, 27–30
  - thermal degradation 104
  - thermal vaporization 103
  - thermodynamic dissociation constants 264
  - thermospray interfaces 100
  - theroeical plate height (H) 8
  - thiol-ene click chemistry 76
  - thiols 125
  - time of flight (TOF) 260
  - titania 43
    - pH stability 77
  - total gradient time 38
  - total ion current (TIC) chromatogram 115
  - total particle size 18
  - total variance 8

total zone broadening 11  
 toxins 123  
 trial-and-error approaches 218  
 triethylamine (TEA) 35, 142  
 triglycerides (TGs) 126  
 triple-quadrupole (QqQ)  
 – analyzer 120  
 – mass analyzers 114  
 – mass spectrometers 111  
 – MS 59  
 – scan modes 114  
 trypsin 122  
 TSK Amide-80 column 75  
 Tswett's original straight-phase mode 5  
 tungsten filament produces 101  
 turbulent flow chromatography (TFC) 112  
 two-dimensional chromatography 39  
 two-dimensional gas chromatography  
 (2D-GC) 39  
 two-dimensional gel electrophoresis  
 (2DGE) 122  
 two-dimensional separations 44  
 two-dimensional systems categories 40  
 type A silicas 235  
 type C silicas 235  
 types of stationary phases 234  
 types of ternary gradients 177

## u

ultrahigh-performance liquid chromatography  
 (UHPLC) 15, 33, 39, 87, 111, 173, 228  
 – orbitrap MS 119  
 – particles 18  
 – QqLIT analysis 114  
 – QqQ system 120  
 – system 43  
 ultraperformance liquid chromatography  
 (UPLC) system 19  
 ultrasonication 45  
 ultrasonic radiation 47  
 ultraviolet  
 – absorbance detector 260  
 – absorbing component 248  
 – absorbing impurities 180  
 – cutoff value 239  
 – detection 54, 168, 260, 261  
 – detectors 135, 137  
 – filters 113  
 – radiation 252  
 – sensitivity 233  
 – transparent 135  
 – vis absorbance 263  
 – wavelengths 99

universal residue analytical method 112  
 uracil 21

## v

vacuum UV (VUV)  
 – lamp 96  
 – radiation 104  
 validation 38  
 van Deemter curves 16, 35  
 van Deemter equation 29, 30, 35, 36, 39, 174  
 van Deemter plots 29, 30, 39  
 van der Waals forces 26  
 van der Waals interactions 137  
 Van't Hoff equation 209, 210  
 vaporization 103  
 vegetable oils 126  
 velocity 16, 45  
 – linear 58  
 – of molecule 6  
 veterinary drugs 117, 119  
 vicinal silanols  
 – isolated silanols 164  
 vinyl silica 76  
 virtual column 53  
 – internal diameter of 55  
 viscosities 15, 17, 35, 63  
 – of methanol-water mixtures 168  
 – of water 143  
 viscous friction 17  
 volatile buffer 63  
 volatility 151

## w

wall effect 49  
 water buffers 264  
 water-compatible phases 167  
 water impurities, of polar solvents 159  
 water-miscible solvents 160, 167  
 water-organic mobile phase 266  
 water-soluble cellular metabolites 81  
 weak acid (ketoprofen) 266  
 – retention factor on mobile-phase pH 267  
 weak bases  
 – isocratic retention, pH effects on 267  
 weaker interactions 21  
 weighted regression 215  
 well-established conventional gradient  
 HPLC 270  
 Workflow scheme 119

## x

xanthophylls 127  
 Xbridge particles 19

xenon 253  
– lamps 254

**Z**

zero absorbance 250  
ZIC<sup>®</sup>-HILIC column 21  
ZIC–HILIC hyphenated offline with RPLC 79  
zirconia 43  
zirconia-based columns 36

zirconia-based stationary phases  
221  
zirconia substrate 36  
zirconium oxides 113, 161  
zone-broadening effects 9, 11  
Zorbax XDB columns 165  
zwitterionic material 76  
zwitterionic stationary phases 76  
zwitterions 21

