

Index

a

- angular overlap model (AOM)
 - angular distortion 42
 - f orbital energy 41
 - parameters 41
 - properties 41
 - superposition model 41
- aquo* ions
 - angular distortion 40
 - best fit factors 39
 - coordination geometry 38
 - diagonal matrix 39
 - ground multiplet 40
 - non-diagonal matrix 39
 - symmetry operations 39
- atomic force microscopy (AFM) 298
- atomic mean field integrals (AMFI) 86

b

- ball and stick (BS) approach 173, 175
- bidentate ligands 51
- Brillouin equation 70
- Brillouin function 81
- broken symmetry approach (BS) 130

c

- carboxylates 17, 62
- chemical exchange saturation transfer (CEST) technique
 - advantage 417
 - diaCEST agents 418
 - magnetization transfer asymmetry 416
 - PARACEST agents 418
 - proton exchange 417, 418
 - saturation transfer technique 415
 - spin distribution 415, 416
 - Z-spectrum 417

- chemisorption 306
- colossal magnetoresistance (CMR) 297
- configuration interaction (CI) method 85
- copper acetate
 - *ab initio* techniques 132
 - anisotropic components 133
 - covalency effects 133
 - DDCI3 133
 - dinuclear structure 132
 - effective Hamiltonian theory 135, 136
 - perturbation theory 133
 - post-CASSCF method 134
 - relative energy 135
 - singlet triplet separation 132
 - spin orbit contribution 134
 - T dependence 132
 - temperature dependent magnetic susceptibility 132
- crystal field (CF)
 - Dq parameter 38
 - group theory 37
 - non-vanishing parameters 37
 - operator equivalent 35
 - parameters 35
 - qualitative agreement 35
 - radial integrals 35
 - Stevens/Wybourne approach 36
 - symmetry requirements 36
 - tetragonal environment 36
 - transition metals 38
- crystal field strength 80
- Curie law 70
 - Curie–Weiss law 71
 - effective magnetic moment 70
 - Ln(III) ions magnetic information 71
 - transition metal ions, wave functions 72
- Curie spin relaxation 402
- Curie–Weiss law 71

- cyclooctatetraene 17
- cyclooctatetraene dianion (COT)
 - chloride salt 55
 - coordination sphere 55
 - crystal structure 55
 - cyclopentadienyl derivatives 55
 - sodium salt 55
- cyclopentadiene 17

- d**
- d* magnetic orbitals
 - HS-LS transition 11
 - octahedral environments 12
 - SCO 10, 12
 - SMM 13
- d* orbitals
 - aufbau approach 163
 - chirality
 - – crystal structure 170
 - – ECM 169
 - – magnetic chirality 169
 - – MChD 169, 170
 - – non-enantiopure materials 169
 - – non-zero contribution 170
 - – refraction and absorption 170
 - – space groups 170
 - – properties 169
 - – spin chirality 169
 - *4d* and *5d* ions
 - – exchange coupling constants 168
 - – J coupling constants 165
 - – Jahn Teller distortion 167
 - – magnetic properties 165
 - – NiM₂ adduct 168, 169
 - – octahedral coordination 165
 - – photomagnetism 165
 - – pseudo-spin operator 167
 - – six carbon donors 165
 - – trigonal bipyramidal pentanuclear cluster 165
 - *3d* metal ions 164, 165
 - DFT
 - – Bn parameters 172
 - – BS approach 173, 175
 - – epochal paper 172
 - – molecular structure 172
 - dynamic Jahn-Teller 163
 - f-d interactions 171
 - Gd transition metals 176
 - Ham effect 163
 - high spin state 163
 - low spin state 163
- density functional theory (DFT)
 - Coulomb repulsion 87
 - *D* values 91, 92
 - electron density 87
 - electron kinetic energy 87
 - electron nucleus interaction 87
 - exchange correlation energy 87
 - *in silico* approach 91
 - Kohn Sham equations 87
 - Koopmans theorem 87, 88
 - octahedral environment 92
 - polynuclear system 90
 - quasi-routine technique 87
 - wavefunction approach 87
 - X α method 87
- diamagnetic (diaCEST) agents 418
- diamagnetic susceptibility 69
- dI/dV mapping 315
- difference dedicated configuration interaction (DDCI) 135
- diketonates 17, 58, 59
- discrete Fourier transform (DFT)
 - Bn parameters 172
 - BS approach 173, 175
 - epochal paper 172
 - molecular structure 172
- double decker Tb(III) derivative 324
- double electron–electron resonance (DEER) sequence 391, 392
- double quantum coherence (DQC) 159
- Douglas–Krell–Hess (DKH) Hamiltonian 86
- dressing ions
 - ligand modes 33
 - metal-ligand interaction 33
 - paddlewheel motif 33
 - transition metal ions 33
- Dy-Pc based devices 316
- dysprosium (Dy) 18
 - AFM interaction 283
 - angular dependence 279, 280
 - archetypal Dy3 283
 - axial symmetry 279
 - binary symmetry 279
 - bottom up approach 287
 - chirality 282
 - components 277
 - dynamic properties 286
 - Eu(III) ion 291
 - exchange coupling constants 291
 - *4f* orbital 279
 - features 277
 - field dependence 280, 281
 - Heisenberg cluster 283
 - Ising spins 285
 - Kramers doublets 280, 281
 - local anisotropy axes 285

- magnetic properties 277, 278
- magnetic susceptibility 288
- magnetic tensor 279
- magnetization 283
- microstates 284
- monoclinic symmetry 278
- normalized magnetization 289
- Pauli matrices 284
- performing measurement 278
- perturbation 292, 293
- relaxation mechanism 289
- single-ion easy anisotropy axes 288
- spin chirality 286
- toroidal dipoles 282
- triangular cluster 284
- triangular moieties 288, 289
- triclinic crystals 289
- Zeeman splitting 285

e

- effective magnetic moment 70
- electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR)
 - DEER sequence 391, 392
 - dipolar fields 378
 - fine structure 377
 - GdDTBSQ
 - - axial symmetry 379
 - - fourfold symmetry 381
 - - g values 381, 382
 - - GdTrop 380
 - - HF-EPR spectra 379
 - - magnetic evidence 382
 - - rhombic symmetry 380
 - - X band spectrum 379
 - - zero field splitting tensor 380, 381
 - - zero field transition 381
 - ground states 375
 - hyperfine term 375
 - intense lines 377
 - intrinsic intensity 376
 - Ln nicotinate
 - - angular dependence 388
 - - components 389
 - - dinuclear structure 388
 - - dipolar and exchange interaction 388, 389
 - - hyperfine splitting 391
 - - Ising symmetry 388
 - - LaND 389
 - - pseudo-XY symmetry 388
 - - orbit 382, 383
 - - tetragonal symmetry 376, 377
 - transition metal
 - - coordination polyhedron 384

- - experimental curves 386
- - polycrystalline powder 384, 385
- - principle 384
- - two not-equivalent molecules 385, 386
- - x, y and z axes 386, 387
- Zeeman energy 375
- electron spin resonance (EPR), *see* electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR)
- electron spin resonance (ESR) spectroscopy 153
- electronic structures 16
- electronic structures, free ions
 - Aufbau configuration 25
 - cation and electric dipoles 25
 - 4f orbitals 26
 - Fermi-Dirac statistics 27
 - ground multiplets 27, 28
 - magnetic field 31, 32
 - Russell-Saunders coupling scheme 27
 - spin orbit coupling
 - - f orbitals 30
 - - features 29
 - - Hamiltonian energy 29
 - - interelectronic repulsions 28
 - - j-j coupling scheme 31
 - - lanthanides 30
 - - quantum number 29
 - - Slater determinant 30
 - - transition metal ions 28
 - - tripositive lanthanide ions 29
- enantiopure chiral magnets (ECM) 169
- exchange and superexchange interaction 17
- experimental susceptibility 69

f

- f magnetic orbitals 13, 14
- f orbital system 176, 177
- ferromagnets 17
 - anisotropy 117
 - bricks, infinite array
 - - icosidodecahedral structure 103
 - - types 103
 - unpaired electrons 102
 - zero dimensional 102
 - building blocks 99, 100
 - dipolar interactions
 - - coordinate system 112
 - - D12 tensor 111
 - - EPR spectroscopy 113
 - - equivalent Hamiltonian 111
 - - exchange interaction 113
 - - g tensors 111
 - - Gd(III) ions 110, 111, 112
 - - slow decay 110

- ferromagnets (*contd.*)
 - Y ions 111
 - giant spin 114
 - isotropic and anisotropic interaction 115
 - magnetic interactions
 - Cr(III) free ion 104
 - Curie constant 106
 - Curie–Weiss law 106
 - dipolar 105
 - exchange interaction 105
 - group theory 108
 - HDVV Hamiltonian 104
 - Ising approach 108
 - Landé interval rule 105
 - magnetic ordering 108, 109
 - spin alignment 109
 - spin angular momentum 104
 - temperature dependence 106
 - Van Vleck equation 105
 - Mn12 molecule 116, 117
 - non collinearity 117
 - one dimensional array 100
 - orbital degeneracy
 - diamagnetic dilution 123
 - electronic ground states 119
 - exact diagonalization 120
 - isotropic and anisotropic terms 124
 - Kramers doublets 122
 - lanthanide derivatives 123
 - Lines model 120
 - Ln isolation 121
 - matrix elements 121
 - Pauli matrices 120
 - qualitative diagram 123
 - SH interaction 121
 - SOC 120
 - Zeeman term 122
 - paramagnetic system 100
 - single building block 115
 - spin Hamiltonian approach 113, 114
 - spin Hamiltonian parameters 116
 - spin orientation 100
 - three dimensional representation 101
- g**
 - generalized gradient approximations (GGAs) functionals 92
 - giant magnetoresistance (GMR) 296
 - Glauber model
 - configurations 254
 - dinuclear copper compound 255
 - domain wall 256
 - infinite array 255
 - Orbach mechanism 254
 - scaling function 256
 - stochastic techniques 254
 - temperature independent behavior 254
 - time evolution 254
- h**
 - Hamiltonian approach 16
 - highly oriented pyrolytic graphite (HOPG) 306
 - hybrid organic magnetic molecules 318
- i**
 - intermediate coupling 299
 - intrinsic optical bistability (IOB) 113
 - ions magnetism
 - Curie law, *see* Curie law
 - diamagnetic susceptibility 69
 - experimental susceptibility 69
 - magnetic induction 69
 - paramagnetic magnetization 70
 - Van Vleck equation, *see* Van Vleck equation
 - irreducible tensor operators (ITO) 367
- j**
 - Jahn-Teller theorem 77, 136
- k**
 - Kondo effect 300, 301, 316
- l**
 - Landau–Zener–Stuckelberg (LZS) model 208
 - lanthanide induced relaxation (LIR) 397
 - lanthanide induced shift (LIS) 397
 - lanthanide shift reagents (LSR)
 - diamagnetic molecules 406
 - *g* tensor 405
 - linear expansion 404
 - secondary internal field 404
 - shift reagent 405
 - light-induced spin-state trapping effect (LIESST) 12
 - Lines model 120
 - luminescence
 - absorption/emission processes 425, 426
 - antenna effect 429
 - biological assays 432
 - charge transfer transitions 425
 - definition 424
 - *4f-5d* orbitals 424, 425
 - forbidden transitions 426
 - hypersensitive/pseudo quadrupolar transitions 426, 428
 - light emission 426

- medical imaging 432
- non-radiative pathways 429
- OLED 429–432
- properties 426, 427

m

magnetic anisotropy

- $4f$ charge density 49
- f orbitals 48
- properties 47
- quadrupolar moment 48
- spin orbit coupling 47
- uniaxial anisotropy 47
- magnetic circular dichroism (MCD) 169
- magnetic coercivity 296
- magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
 - CEST
 - - advantage 417
 - - diaCEST agents 418
 - - magnetization transfer asymmetry 416
 - - PARACEST agents 418
 - - proton exchange 417, 418
 - - saturation transfer technique 415
 - - spin distribution 415, 416
 - - Z-spectrum 417
 - chemical shift 414
 - clinical applications 412
 - contrast agents 413
 - contrast reagents 409, 410
 - coordinated water molecules 413
 - coordination number 412
 - Curie spin relaxation mechanism 411
 - electronic relaxation time 412
 - inner-sphere relaxation mechanism 410
 - molecular structures 413
 - nuclear longitudinal 410
 - principles 409
 - relaxation time 409
 - residence time 414
 - transverse relaxivity 410
 - ZFS 411
- magneto chiral effect (MChE) 169, 170
- magnetocaloric effect (MCE)
 - commercial application 423, 424
 - constant pressure 421
 - magnetic degrees of freedom 423
 - magnetic entropy 421
 - n-non-interacting spin 423
 - paramagnetic demagnetization 422
 - S-T diagram 421
 - spin frustration 423
 - thermal hysteresis 422
 - vapor-compression cycle 424

- magnetocrystalline anisotropy, *see* magnetic anisotropy
- magnetogiric ratio 398
- metal organic frameworks (MOFs) 18
 - analysis 361
 - anisotropy
 - - applications 363
 - - ball-and-stick view 364
 - - magnetization value 364
 - - symmetric core 363
 - - temperature dependence 365
 - cationic cluster 361
 - cobalt(II) 355
 - crystallographic analysis 360
 - Cu-dimers 366
 - 2D structure 369, 370
 - 3D system 354
 - definition 353
 - depopulation mechanism 366
 - development 352
 - 3d–4f heterometallic cluster 365
 - exchange mechanism 366
 - features 363
 - gadolinium 353
 - giant clusters 358
 - growth mechanism 351
 - inner shell 360
 - ITO 367
 - magnetic susceptibility 362
 - metal ions 362, 363
 - metamagnet 355, 356
 - M–L–M connectivity 353
 - molybdates
 - - antiferromagnetic coupling 359
 - - Hilbert space 358, 359
 - - isomorphous 360
 - - structures 358
 - - temperature dependence 359, 360
 - monoclinic 355
 - M–X–M bonding 354
 - one-dimensional coordination polymers 354, 355
 - orthorhombic modification 355
 - photoluminescence properties 357
 - point group symmetry 367
 - quantitative indication 367
 - red fluorescence 357
 - spin states 367
 - structures 352
 - Yaghi's secondary-building-units 354
 - ZFC-FC measurement 356
- molecular magnetism (MM) 297
 - complexity 7
 - - d magnetic orbitals

- molecular magnetism (MM) (*contd.*)
 - HS-LS transition 10
 - octahedral environments 12
 - SCO 10, 12
 - SMM 13
 - diamagnets 2
 - dipolar magnets 3
 - exponential growth 15
 - *f* magnetic orbitals 13, 14
 - *f* orbital approach 1
 - goals 14
 - graphic outline 16
 - lanthanides
 - heterogeneous catalysis 19
 - magnetocrystalline anisotropy 20
 - mischmetal/Auer metal 18
 - Nd, Dy, Eu, Tb, and Y 20
 - optical spectra 19
 - peculiar property 19
 - permanent magnet industry 20
 - SmCo_5 and $\text{Nd}_2\text{Fe}_{14}\text{B}$ 19, 20
 - material description 2
 - metallic and ionic lattices 4
 - organic molecules 4
 - origin 5
 - *p* magnetic orbitals
 - dithiadiazolyl radical 9
 - EPR spectroscopy 8
 - inorganic radicals 9
 - intermolecular reactivity 9
 - nitroxide and tetracyanoethylene 8
 - quantum mechanics 3, 4
 - SI vs. emu 21
 - tantalizing expression 1
 - time and space 2
- molecular orbital (MO) 17
 - charge transfer processes 127, 128
 - complexity
 - D tensors 88, 90
 - EPR spectra 89
 - g tensors 88
 - ground state 90
 - INDO methods 90
 - LF formalism 88
 - spin orbit coupling 89
 - ZFS parameters 89
 - copper acetate
 - *ab initio* techniques 132
 - anisotropic components 133
 - covalency effects 133
 - DDCI3 133
 - dinuclear structure 132
 - effective Hamiltonian theory 135, 136
 - perturbation theory 133
 - post-CASSCF method 134
 - relative energy 135
 - singlet triplet separation 132
 - spin orbit contribution 134
 - T dependence 132
 - temperature dependent magnetic susceptibility 132
 - correlation effects
 - 4f orbitals 86
 - *ab initio* techniques 84
 - AMFI 86
 - CASSCF/CASPT2 states 85
 - configuration interaction 84
 - Coulomb correlation 84
 - coupled cluster 84
 - Dirac approach 85
 - DKH Hamiltonian 86
 - electron correlation 84
 - g tensor 86
 - MBPT 84
 - SCF 84
 - d orbitals, structural requirements 129
 - degenerated states 136, 137
 - DFT
 - Coulomb repulsion 87
 - *D* values 91, 92
 - electron density 87
 - electron kinetic energy 87
 - electron nucleus interaction 87
 - exchange correlation energy 87
 - *in silico* approach 91
 - Kohn Sham equations 87
 - Koopmans theorem 87, 88
 - octahedral environment 92
 - polynuclear system 90
 - quasi-routine technique 87
 - wavefunction approach 87
 - $X\alpha$ method 87
 - DOTA complexes
 - CASSCF-CASPT2/RASSI-SO method 94
 - Dy-Na interaction 94
 - experimental and calculated luminescence spectra 94
 - LnDOTAa 95
 - magnetic anisotropies and luminescence 93
 - $\text{Na}[\text{Dy}(\text{DOTA})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ compound 93
 - pseudo four-fold symmetry axis 95
 - excited state 128
 - *f* orbitals and orbital degeneracy
 - Cartesian components 139
 - HDVV 139

- - octahedral symmetry, splitting 138
- - techniques 138
- - wavefunctions 139
- - Yb ions 138
- ferromagnetic contribution 128
- ligand field model 83
- physical properties 127
- quantitative calculations 83
- schematic diagram 128
- SH parameters
 - - broken symmetry approach 130
 - - covalency effects 130, 131
 - - eigenfunctions 130
 - - error cancellation effects 131
 - - exchange parameter 132
 - - Heisenberg constant 130
 - - maximum delocalization 130, 131
- valence bond theory 129
- molecular spintronics
 - CMR 297
 - detection process 308
 - detection schemes 303, 304
 - GMR 296
 - hybrid organic magnetic molecules 318
 - magnetic field sensors 296
 - magnetic multilayers 296
 - magnetic substrate 319
 - magnetism measurement 310
 - Mn12 317
 - molecular organization on surfaces 303
 - molecules and mobile electrons
 - - Coulomb blockade 300
 - - Coulomb oscillations 302
 - - electron beam lithography fabrication 301
 - - HOMO/LUMO properties 299
 - - hybridization effects 299
 - - Kondo effect 300, 301
 - - metal thiolates 301
 - - MM 297
 - - molecular electronics 298
 - - molecule-electrode interaction 298
 - - QD 297
 - - Schottky barrier 299, 300
 - - SMM 297
 - - STM 298
 - molecules and surfaces selection
 - - bottom up approach 307
 - - chemisorption 306
 - - immobile molecules 307
 - - MPc monolayers 305
 - - multilayer techniques 305
 - - physisorption 305
 - - self-assembly/self-organized growth 307
 - - sulfur strategy 306
 - molecules purity 307
 - nanostructured magnetic devices 295
 - nuclei
 - - electronic magnetic moment 321
 - - ground states energy 322
 - - non coherent tunneling 322
 - - nuclear spins 321
 - - pc ligands 322
 - - spin flip dynamics 324
 - - STS 322
 - - ¹⁶⁵Tb nucleus 322
 - - TbPc₂ properties 322
 - - transition matrix, QTM 323
 - - waiting time 323
 - organizing and addressing molecules 302
 - Pc family
 - - dI/dV mapping 315
 - - Dy-Pc based devices 316
 - - four-lobe molecule analysis 315
 - - Kondo effect 316
 - - Kondo temperature 316
 - - Ln molecules 314
 - - Ln(III)-Pc molecules 316
 - - OFETs 314, 316
 - - Tb(Pc)₂, SIM nature 316
 - - TbNPcPc double-decker molecules 317
 - - TbPc₂ molecule 314
 - single radical transport
 - - archetypal radical 312
 - - Co-Salen molecule 312
 - - electrode with radical bridge 312
 - - high-resolution topography 314, 315
 - - 2'-nitronylnitroxide-5'-methyl-[1,1'; 4',1'']terphenyl-4,4''-dicyanonitrile radical 315
 - - nitronyl nitroxides 313
 - - SAM 312
 - - TOV 312
 - - verdazyl derivatives 312
 - spin valve device 324
 - TMR 297
 - VASP 319
 - X-rays
 - - absorption 308, 309
 - - dipole selection rule 309
 - - L_{2,3} edges 310
 - - one-electron model 310
 - - XMCD 308
 - XASs 308
 - molybdates
 - antiferromagnetic coupling 359
 - Hilbert space 358, 359
 - isomorphous 360

- molybdates (*contd.*)
 - structures 358
 - temperature dependence 359, 360
- monodentate ligands 51
- n**
- nanostructured magnetic devices 295
- n-electron valence second-order perturbation theory (NEPTV2) method 135
- nitronyl nitroxides (NITs) 17
 - automatized method 146
 - bidentate ligand 60
 - computational analysis 159
 - diamagnetic nitron 156, 157
 - DQC 158
 - energy levels 156
 - experimental evidence 62
 - first principle bottom up 146, 147
 - initial reagents 60
 - J_{AB} values 147
 - Kramers doublets 156
 - lead dioxide 60
 - metal ion/radical ratio 61
 - molecular structure 158
 - N–N distances 160
 - parameters 156
 - PELDOR 158
 - β -phase crystals 146
 - polymorphs 146
 - sodium periodate 60
 - spin–spin interaction 160
 - structural instability 146
 - χT product 155, 156
 - temperature dependence 148
 - Van Vleck equation 147
 - X band spectrum 158
- nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR)
 - *f*-block element 395
 - lanthanide ion
 - crystal field effects 400
 - Curie relaxations rates 403
 - Fermi contact 397, 398
 - induced magnetic moment 398
 - isostructural 396
 - isostructural series 399
 - isotropic hyperfine coupling constant 398
 - LIR 396, 397
 - LIS 396, 397
 - LnDOTAM series 401
 - non-zero spin 401
 - paramagnetic shift 400
 - paramagnetism 395
 - pseudocontact shift 399
 - reference compound 400
 - relaxation mechanism 402, 403
 - resonant nuclei 397
 - rotational correlation time 404
 - second-order magnetic axial anisotropy 400
 - signal linewidth 404
 - LSR
 - diamagnetic molecules 406
 - *g* tensor 405
 - linear expansion 404
 - secondary internal field 404
 - shift reagent 405
 - properties 396
 - uses 395
- o**
- orbital degeneracy 176, 177
- organic field-effect transistors (OFETs) 314, 316
- organic light-emitting diode (OLED)
 - advantages 430
 - cell structure 430
 - Dexter transfer mechanism 431
 - dipole–dipole coupling 431
 - electrons transport mechanism 430
 - guest phosphorescent molecules 431
 - parameters 431, 432
- p**
- p* magnetic orbitals 17
 - dithiadiazolyl radical 9
 - EPR spectroscopy 8
 - inorganic radicals 9
 - intermolecular reactivity 9
 - nitroxide and tetracyanoethylene 8
 - organic ferromagnet 8
- p* magnetic orbitals system
 - allyl radicals 145
 - antiferro- and ferromagnetic interactions 144
 - charge transfer mechanism 145
 - ferrimagnetic approach 143
 - metallorganics magnets
 - building blocks 149
 - *d* orbitals 149
 - *f* orbitals 149
 - TCNE 150
 - TCNQ 151
 - nitronyl nitroxides
 - automatized method 146
 - computational analysis 159
 - diamagnetic nitron 156, 157
 - DQC 158

- energy levels 156
 - first principle bottom up 146, 147
 - J_{AB} values 147
 - Kramers doublets 156
 - molecular structure 158
 - N–N distances 160
 - parameters 156
 - PELDOR 158
 - β -phase crystals 146
 - polymorphs 146
 - spin–spin interaction 160
 - structural instability 146
 - χT product 155, 156
 - temperature dependence 148
 - Van Vleck equation 147
 - X band spectrum 158
 - polycarbenes 144
 - semiquinone radicals
 - A–B pair 153
 - A–D pair 153
 - AFM coupling 154
 - antiferromagnetic coupling 155
 - asymmetric unit 152
 - Brillouin function 152, 153
 - DTBSQ 153
 - EPR spectroscopy 153
 - exchange mechanism 152
 - magnetic measurement 153
 - static deformation density 154
 - structures 152
 - π -symmetry 155
 - valence tautomerism 152
 - thioradicals 147
 - paramagnetic chemical exchange saturation transfer (PARACEST) agents 418
 - paramagnetic Weiss temperature 71
 - Pascal's approach 69
 - Pc family
 - dI/dV mapping 315
 - Dy–Pc based devices 316
 - four-lobe molecule analysis 315
 - Kondo effect 316
 - Kondo temperature 316
 - Ln molecules 314
 - Ln(III)–Pc molecules 316
 - OFETs 314, 316
 - Tb(Pc)₂, SIM nature 316
 - TbPc₂ molecule 314
 - photon scanning microscopy (PSTM) 298
 - phthalocyanines (Pc) 17, 223, 224
 - aromatic rings 54
 - chromatography 53, 54
 - Ln(III)
 - cube dodecahedron and squared antiprism 43
 - energy splittings 44, 45
 - Jz operator 43
 - pyrrole nitrogen atom 42
 - SAP 43
 - structural parameters 43
 - porphyrins (RP) 53
 - sandwich compounds 54
 - physisorption 305
 - polyoxometalates (POMs) 17, 231, 234
 - angle dependent energy 45
 - characteristics 58
 - $e\lambda$ parameters 44
 - gadolinium 46
 - geometrical perturbation 45
 - Ising features 44
 - ligand field parameters 46
 - magnetic ions 56, 57
 - magnetic properties 44
 - sodium molybdate 56
 - spin localized mixed valence derivatives 57
 - spin-delocalized mixed valence derivatives 57
 - structures 57
 - Wybourne notation 47
 - pulsed electron–electron double resonance (PELDOR) 159
 - pyrazolylborates 17
 - trifluoromethanesulfonate 52
 - trigonal prismatic geometry 52, 53
 - trispyrazolylborate anion 52
 - pyrene moiety 324
- q**
- quantitative model 334
 - quantum computing (QC)
 - definition 329
 - detour 334
 - endohedral fullerenes 335
 - optical approach 331
 - philosophical aspects 347
 - QIP, *see* quantum information processing (QIP)
 - SQUID devices 330
 - transmon 330
 - 15 vanadium(IV) 346
 - quantum dots (QD) 297
 - quantum information processing (QIP)
 - bit 331
 - Bloch sphere 332
 - coherence and decoherence 333
 - definition 330
 - dephasing 338

- quantum information processing (QIP)
 - (*contd.*)
 - electron and nuclear spins 332
 - entangled state 334
 - entanglement 333
 - inorganic compound 340
 - molecular rings
 - anisotropy analysis 344
 - 7 chromium(III) and one nickel(II) 342
 - copper compounds 345
 - Cr₇Ni moieties 345
 - crystal K band spectrum 342
 - 1D materials 341
 - EPR and INS 343
 - ESR and INS 342
 - frozen solution 344
 - giant spin model 343
 - isotropic exchange interaction 342
 - spin-Hamiltonian parameters 344
 - qubit 331, 333, 347
- r**
 - radical pair model 334
 - remnant magnetization 200
- s**
 - scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) 298
 - scanning tunneling potentiometry (STP) 298
 - Schiff bases 17
 - 3*d*-4*f* exchange interactions 62
 - homo and heterobinuclear compounds 64
 - primary imine 62
 - Schottky barrier 299
 - self-assembled monolayers (SAM) 312
 - self-consistent field (SCF) 84
 - sequence for phase error amplification (SPAM) 337
 - single chain magnets (SCM)
 - antiferromagnetic chain 251
 - chain-to-chain interaction 251
 - *d* and *p* orbital
 - anisotropic Heisenberg Hamiltonian 259
 - CoPhOMe 257
 - crystal structure 258
 - flipping energy 259
 - isolated chain 258
 - magnetic relaxation 258
 - nitronyl nitroxides 257
 - temperature dependence 258
 - diamagnetic defect 252
 - *f* orbitals, Dy
 - ac measurements 269
 - coordination environment 268
 - CoPhOMe 268
 - 1D system 271
 - *g* tensor 269
 - interchain dipolar interactions 267
 - metamagnetic transition 271
 - monomer and polynuclear systems 268
 - puzzling result 269, 270
 - reference frame 269
 - supramolecular interactions 267
 - versatility 269
 - *f* orbitals, Gd
 - cell representation 262
 - design 262
 - Ising approach 264, 265
 - magnetic properties 262
 - NNN magnetic interactions 265
 - paramagnetic phase 266
 - pitch Q 265, 266
 - χ ;T values 263, 265
 - temperature 263
 - Glauber model
 - configurations 253
 - dinuclear copper compound 255
 - domain wall 256
 - infinite array 255
 - Orbach mechanism 254
 - scaling function 256
 - stochastic techniques 254
 - temperature independent behavior 254
 - time evolution 254
 - magnetic properties 251
 - non-collinear system 260–262
 - spin correlation function 252
 - spin dynamics 252
 - spin glass 259, 260
 - static and dynamic properties
 - anisotropic systems 272
 - 1D system 271
 - exponential divergence 272
 - *f-p* chains 273
 - magnetization 272
 - mixed metal chain 273
 - parameters 272
 - single ion magnet (SIM) 180
 - anionic double decker 224, 225
 - CF parameters 225, 226
 - magnetic site-dilution measurement 233
 - phthalocyanine 223, 224
 - POM 231, 232
 - resonant tunneling
 - dipolar interaction 221
 - features 221
 - hyperfine constant values 221
 - spectral resolution 219
 - ring-shaped aromatic ligands 233

- slow magnetic relaxation, Ho(III)
 - effective spin 218
 - hysteresis signals 219
 - irreducible representations 218
 - magnetic properties 218
 - micro SQUID 219
 - zero field 218
- Tb and Dy molecules
 - didactic approach 227
 - distortion angle 228
 - electron-phonon interaction 228
 - matrix element 227
 - Orbach and Raman contributions 227
 - properties 227
 - relaxation times 228
- transverse components 222
- triple decker compounds 229, 230
- single-molecule magnets (SMMs) 18
 - ac susceptibility 243
 - Arrhenius plot 242
 - Arrhenius plot τ_0 207
 - Berry phase effects 197
 - blocking temperature 240
 - dinuclear compounds 245
 - energy quanta 196
 - $4f$ orbital 245
 - Fe4 structure
 - Arrhenius relaxation 205
 - H_3L ligands 202
 - helical pitch γ 203
 - Hilbert space 201
 - iron(III) clusters 201
 - isotropic and Zeeman components 204
 - local binary axes 204
 - low lying level 202
 - magnetic properties 203
 - Orbach model 203
 - quantum tunneling 205
 - robustness 205
 - trigonal symmetry 202
 - Jahn-Teller elongation axis 242
 - Kramers doublets 246
 - Kramers ion 243
 - magnetic dilution effects 210
 - magnetic hysteresis 196
 - metallacrown ligands 241
 - Mn12Ac analysis 196, 197
 - Orbach process 243
 - oph complex 246
 - polynuclear system 245
 - QTM 213
 - quantum tunneling process 243
 - radical bridge 247, 248
 - spin topology 242
 - μ SQUID technique 245, 246
 - structures 239
 - superparamagnets
 - long range order 199
 - nanoparticles 200
 - Néel temperature 200
 - saturation value 200
 - short range order 199
 - superparamagnetism 201
 - thermal motion block 199
 - systematic approach 241
 - tunneling
 - equilibrium magnetization 208
 - low temperature relaxation 208
 - LZS model 208
 - Monte Carlo simulation 208
 - multispin model 209
 - propeller-like core 208
 - rhombic anisotropy 209
 - two-well model 197
 - uses 239
 - Ueff, Δ , τ_0 , and blocking temperature 198
 - valdien complexes 245
 - wavelength dependence 196
 - XMCD tool 211, 212
 - Y/Dy ratio 245
 - ZFS 195, 197, 198
- single-walled carbon nanotube (SWCN) 318
- SMM-SWCNT interaction 324
- spin crossover systems (SCO) 10
- spin dynamics 17
 - angular frequency 189
 - Cole-Cole plot 190
 - density 179
 - differential susceptibility 190
 - external and internal fields
 - dipolar interaction 187, 188
 - hyperfine interaction 187, 188
 - orbit-lattice parameters 189
 - in-phase susceptibility 190
 - isomorphous series 180
 - localized/delocalized ion 179
 - magnetization 189
 - measured susceptibility 190
 - out-phase susceptibility 190
 - phonons
 - continuum limit waves 182
 - Debye temperature 182
 - direct process 182, 183
 - frequency $h\nu$ 186
 - Ho(EtS)₃ 183
 - Ho(EtS)₃ 184
 - Kramers and non-Kramers ion 182
 - linear dependence 184

- spin dynamics (*contd.*)
 - – Orbach process 186
 - – orbit lattice coupling 183
 - – power dependence 185
 - – Raman process 185, 187
 - – relaxation rate 184
 - – relaxation time 186
 - relaxation process 181
 - SIM 180
 - spin lattice relaxation time T_1 , 181
 - spin–spin relaxation time T_2 , 181
 - – dipole–dipole interaction 191, 192
 - – Fermi’s golden rule 192
 - – Raman mechanism 192, 193
 - – Suhl–Nakamura model 191
 - τ distribution 190
 - τ distribution 191
 - spin glass-like materials (SGL) 200
 - spin Hamiltonian (SH) approach 74
 - spin polarized scanning tunneling microscopy (SPSTM) 298
 - spintronics 18
 - state interaction (SI) matrix 134
 - strong coupling 299
 - superparamagnetism 200
 - superposition model 40
- t**
- TbNPcPc double-decker molecules 317
 - TbPc molecules 319
 - TbPc2 molecules 319
 - TbPc-pyrene 318
 - temperature independent paramagnetism (TIP) 73
 - tetracyanoethylene (TCNE) 150
 - 3d metal ions 165
 - tetracyanoquinodimethane (TCNQ) 151
 - 3d metal ions 165
 - tetra-phenyl-porphyrine (TPP) 149
 - thioradicals 147
 - time-of-flight secondary ion mass spectrometry (ToF-SIMS) 308
 - time-resolved luminescent (TRL) immunoassays 432
 - tunnel magnetoresistance (TMR) 297
- v**
- Van Vleck equation
 - anisotropy
 - – Bleaney scheme 81
 - – Dy(III) ion 79
 - – Ising type 74
 - Jahn Teller effect 77
 - lanthanide ion 79, 81
 - non-degenerate wave function 76
 - octahedral cobalt(II) complexes 78
 - orbital moment 77
 - spin orbit coupling 75
 - tetragonal distortion 78
 - unquenched orbital contribution 77
 - Zeeman effect 76, 77
 - zero-field splitting 76
 - aquo ion of Ce(III) 73
 - magnetic susceptibility 72
 - octahedral Co(III) compounds 73
 - spin Hamiltonian approach 74
 - TIP 73
 - Yb(III) energies and eigenfunctions 74
 - vibronic coupling 136
 - Vienna Ab initio Simulation Package (VASP) 319
- w**
- weak coupling 299
- x**
- X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS) 308
 - X-ray based spectroscopies (XASs) 308
 - X-ray magnetic circular dichroism (XMCD) 308, 310
 - X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) 308
- z**
- Zeeman effect 76, 77
 - Zeeman perturbation 73
 - Zero-field splitting (ZFS) 76, 89, 195, 411