Contents

| 1 | Introduction to Room-Temperature Catalysis | 1 |
|---|--|---|
| | Eduardo J. Garcia-Suarez and Anders Riisager | |

- 1.1 Introduction *1*
- 1.2 Room-Temperature Homogeneous Catalysts 2
- 1.2.1 Ionic-Liquid-Based Catalytic Systems at Room Temperature 2

|v

- 1.2.2 Transition Metal Homogeneous Catalysts 6
- 1.2.2.1 Group 9-Based Homogeneous Catalysts (Co, Rh, Ir) 6
- 1.2.2.2 Group 10-Based Homogeneous Catalysts (Ni, Pd, Pt) 7
- 1.2.2.3 Group 11-Based Homogeneous Catalysts (Ag, Au) 10
- 1.3 Room-Temperature Heterogeneous Catalysts 10
- 1.3.1 Group 9-Based Heterogeneous Catalysts (Co, Rh, Ir) 11
- 1.3.2 Group 10-Based Heterogeneous Catalysts (Ni, Pd, Pt) 13
- 1.3.3 Group 11-Based Heterogeneous Catalysts (Cu, Pt, Au) 23
- 1.4 Conclusions and Perspectives 29 References 31
- 2 Functionalized Ionic Liquid-based Catalytic Systems with Diversified Performance Enhancements 35

Shiguo Zhang and Yanlong Gu

- 2.1 Introduction 35
- 2.2 Functionalized ILs for Enhancing Catalytic Activity 36
- 2.3 Functionalized ILs for Improving Reaction Selectivity 38
- 2.4 Functionalized ILs for Facilitating Catalyst Recycling and Product Isolation *40*
- 2.5 Functionalized ILs for Making Relay Catalysis 43
- 2.6 Cation and Anion Synergistic Catalysis in Ionic Liquids 45
- 2.7 Functionalized ILs for Aqueous Catalysis 46
- 2.8 Catalysis by Porous Poly-ILs 47
- 2.9 Functionalized IL-Based Carbon Material for Catalysis 49
- 2.10 Summary and Conclusions 54 References 54

vi Contents

| 3 | Heterogeneous Room Temperature |
|---------|--|
| | Catalysis – Nanomaterials 59 |
| | Liyu Chen and Yingwei Li |
| 3.1 | Introduction 59 |
| 3.2 | Solid-Acid-Based Nanomaterials 60 |
| 3.3 | Grafted-Metal-Ions-Based Nanomaterial 65 |
| 3.4 | Metal NPs-Based Nanomaterial 67 |
| 3.4.1 | Metal NPs Stabilized by Ligands 67 |
| 3.4.2 | Metal NPs@Polymers 68 |
| 3.4.3 | Metal NPs@Metal Oxides 70 |
| 3.4.4 | Metal NPs@Carbonaceous Support 72 |
| 3.4.5 | Metal NPs@Siliceous Base Support 74 |
| 3.4.6 | Metal NPs@MOF Nanocomposites 77 |
| 3.5 | Metal Oxide NPs-Based Nanomaterial 82 |
| 3.6 | Summary and Conclusions 83 |
| | References 84 |
| 4 | Biocatalysis at Room Temperature 89 |
| | Ivaldo Itabaiana Jr and Rodrigo O. M. A. De Souza |
| 4.1 | Introduction 89 |
| 4.2 | Transaminases 90 |
| 4.2.1 | General Features 90 |
| 4.2.2 | Transaminase Applications at Room Temperature 90 |
| 4.3 | Hydrolases 98 |
| 4.3.1 | General Features 98 |
| 4.3.2 | Application of Hydrolases at Room Temperature 100 |
| 4.3.2.1 | Lipases 100 |
| 4.3.2.2 | Aldol Additions 101 |
| 4.3.2.3 | Michael Addition 102 |
| 4.3.2.4 | Mannich Reaction 102 |
| 4.3.2.5 | C-Heteroatom and Heteroatom-Heteroatom Bond |
| | Formations 103 |
| 4.3.2.6 | Epoxidation 103 |
| 4.3.2.7 | Synthesis of Heterocycles 104 |
| 4.3.2.8 | Kinetic Resolutions 105 |
| 4.3.3 | Cutinases 107 |
| 4.4 | Laccases 108 |
| 4.4.1 | General Features 108 |
| 4.4.2 | Applications of Laccases 110 |
| 4.5 | Enzymes in Ionic Liquids 115 |
| 4.5.1 | General Features 115 |
| | References 125 |
| 5 | Room Temperature Catalysis Enabled by Light 135 Timothy Noël |
| 5.1 | Introduction 135 |
| 5.2 | UV Photochemistry 136 |
| | , |

Contents vii

- 5.3 Visible Light Photoredox Catalysis 139
- 5.4 Room Temperature Cross-Coupling Enabled by Light 141
- 5.5 Photochemistry and Microreactor Technology A Perfect Match? 144
- 5.6 The Use of Photochemistry in Material Science 146
- 5.7 Solar Fuels 149
- 5.8 Conclusion 151 References 151

6 Mechanochemically Enhanced Organic Transformations 155 Davin Tan and Tomislav Friščić

- 6.1 Introduction 155
- 6.2 Mechanochemical Techniques and Mechanisms: Neat versus Liquid-Assisted Grinding (LAG) *156*
- 6.3 Oxidation and Reduction Using Mechanochemistry *160*
- 6.3.1 Direct Oxidation of Organic Substrates Using Oxone *160*
- 6.3.2 Mechanochemical Halogenations Aided by Oxone *162*
- 6.3.3 Reduction Reactions by Mechanochemistry 163
- 6.4 Electrocyclic Reactions: Equilibrium and Templating in Mechanochemistry *165*
- 6.4.1 The Diels–Alder Reaction: Mechanochemical Equilibrium in Reversible C—C Bond Formation *165*
- 6.4.2 Photochemical [2+2] Cycloaddition during Grinding: Supramolecular Catalysis and Structure Templating *167*
- 6.5 Recent Advances in Metal-Catalyzed Mechanochemical Reactions *168*
- 6.5.1 Copper-Catalyzed [2+3] Cycloaddition (Huisgen Coupling) 168
- 6.5.2 Olefin Metathesis by Ball Milling 169
- 6.5.3 Mechanochemical C—H Bond Activation 170
- 6.5.4 Cyclopropanation of Alkenes Using Silver Foil as a Catalyst Source *171*
- 6.6 New Frontiers in Organic Synthesis Enabled by Mechanochemistry *171*
- 6.6.1 Synthesis of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) 172
- 6.6.2 Reactivity Enabled or Facilitated by Mechanochemistry 173
- 6.6.3 Trapping Unstable Reaction Intermediates 175
- 6.7 Conclusion and Outlook 176 Acknowledgments 176
 - References 176
- 7 Palladium-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling in Continuous Flow at Room and Mild Temperature 183 Christophe Len
- 7.1 Introduction 183
- 7.2 Suzuki Cross-Coupling in Continuous Flow 184
- 7.3 Heck Cross-Coupling in Continuous Flow 192
- 7.4 Murahashi Cross-Coupling in Continuous Flow 199

- viii Contents
 - 7.5 Concluding Remarks 202 References 202

| Catalysis for Environmental Applications 207 |
|---|
| Changseok Han, Endalkachew Sahle-Demessie, Afzal Shah, Saima Nawaz, |
| Latif-ur-Rahman, Niall B. McGuinness, Suresh C. Pillai, Hyeok Choi, Dionysios |
| D. Dionysiou, and Mallikarjuna N. Nadagouda |
| |

- 8.1 Introduction 207
- 8.2 Ferrate (FeO₄^{2–}) for Water Treatment 208
- 8.3 Magnetically Separable Ferrite for Water Treatment 209
- 8.3.1 Magnetic Nanoparticles 209
- 8.3.2 Magnetic Recovery of Materials Used for Water Treatment 211
- 8.3.3 Ferrite Photocatalyst for Water Treatment 212
- 8.4 UV, Solar, and Visible Light-Activated TiO₂ Photocatalysts for Environmental Application *212*
- 8.5 Catalysis for Remediation of Contaminated Groundwater and Soils *215*
- 8.5.1 Catalytic Oxidative Pathways 215
- 8.5.2 Catalytic Reductive Pathways 217
- 8.5.3 Prospects and Limitations 218
- 8.6 Novel Catalysis for Environmental Applications 218
- 8.6.1 Graphene and Graphene Composites 219
- 8.6.2 Perovskites and Perovskites Composites 221
- 8.6.3 Graphitic Carbon Nitride (g-C₃N₄) and g-C₃N₄ Composites 222
- 8.7 Summary and Conclusions 223 Acknowledgments 224
 - Disclaimer 224
 - References 224
- 9 Future Development in Room-Temperature Catalysis and Challenges in the Twenty-first Century 231 Fannie P. Y. Lau, R. Luque, and Frank L. Y. Lam

Case Study 1: Magnetic Pd Catalysts for Benzyl Alcohol Oxidation to Benzaldehyde 237

Yingying Li, Frank L.-Y. Lam, and Xijun Hu

- 1.1 Introduction 237
- 1.2 Pd/MagSBA Magnetic Catalyst for Selective Benzyl Alcohol Oxidation to Benzaldehyde 239
- 1.2.1 Results and Discussion 239
- 1.2.1.1 Characterization 239
- 1.2.1.2 Effect of Reaction Temperature 240
- 1.2.1.3 Effect of Pd Loading 241
- 1.2.1.4 Recycling Test 246
- 1.3 Summary and Conclusions 246 References 247

Contents ix

Case Study 2: Development of Hydrothermally Stable Functional Materials for Sustainable Conversion of Biomass to Furan Compounds 251 Amrita Chatterjee, Xijun Hu, and Frank L.-Y. Lam 2.1 Introduction 251 2.2 Metal–Organic-Framework as a Potential Catalyst for Biomass Valorization 254 2.3 Xylose Dehydration to Furfural Using Metal–Organic-Framework, MIL-101(Cr) 255 Xylose Dehydration Catalyzed by Organosilane Coated 2.3.1MIL-101(Cr) 255 2.3.2 Xylose to Furfural Transformation Catalyzed by Fly-Ash and MIL-101(Cr) Composite 258 Xylose to Furfural Transformation Catalyzed by Tin Phosphate and 2.3.3 MIL-101(Cr) Composite 262 2.3.4 Role of Acid Sites, Textural Properties and Hydrothermal Stability of Catalyst in Xylose Dehydration Reaction 264 2.4 Conclusion 267 References 268

Index 273