

Contents

Preface *xiii*

About the Editors *xv*

Acknowledgments *xvii*

1 Introduction 1

Ji-Jun Zou

Reference 3

2 Development History and Basics of Aerospace Fuels 5

Xiangwen Zhang and Tinghao Jia

2.1 Introduction 5

2.2 General Properties and Requirements of Aerospace Fuels 6

2.2.1 Density 7

2.2.2 Low-Temperature Fluidity 8

2.2.2.1 Viscosity 8

2.2.2.2 Freezing Point 10

2.2.3 Thermal Oxidation Stability 11

2.2.4 Prediction of Jet Fuel Performance 12

2.3 Development of Aerospace Fuels 12

2.3.1 Aviation Gas Turbine Engine Fuels (Petroleum Fuels) 12

2.3.2 Development of Russian Aerospace Fuels 15

2.3.3 High-Thermal-Oxidative-Stability Fuels 15

2.3.4 Current Fuels 17

2.3.5 Future Fuels 19

2.4 High-Energy-Density Fuels 21

2.4.1 RJ-4 21

2.4.2 RJ-5 and Related Fuels 22

2.4.3 JP-10, JP-9, and RJ-7 22

2.4.4 Strained and Diamondoid Fuels 25

2.4.5 Gelled Fuels 26

2.5 Non-petroleum Fuels 27

2.5.1 F-T Fuels 28

2.5.2 Bio-aviation Fuels 28

2.5.3 Perspectives 31

	References	33
3	Design and Synthesis of High-Density Polycyoalkane Fuels	39
	<i>Ji-Jun Zou and Chengxiang Shi</i>	
3.1	Introduction	39
3.2	Cycloaddition	40
3.2.1	Reaction Pathway	40
3.2.2	Cycloaddition Catalysts	44
3.3	Hydrogenation	50
3.3.1	Hydrogenation of Dicyclopentadiene	50
3.3.1.1	Hydrogenation Mechanism	50
3.3.1.2	Hydrogenation Catalysts	51
3.3.1.3	Hydrogenation Kinetics	54
3.3.2	Hydrogenation of Tricyclopentadiene	67
3.3.2.1	Hydrogenation Mechanism	67
3.3.2.2	Hydrogenation Catalysts	69
3.3.2.3	Hydrogenation Kinetics	70
3.4	Isomerization	74
3.4.1	Isomerization of Tetrahydrodicyclopentadiene	74
3.4.2	Isomerization of Tetrahydrotricyclopentadiene	81
3.5	Other Reactions and Procedures	90
3.5.1	Alternative Isomerization–Hydrogenation Synthesis	90
3.5.2	One-Step Synthesis of <i>exo</i> -Tetrahydrodicyclopentadiene	95
	References	97
4	Design and Synthesis of High-Density Diamondoid Fuels	101
	<i>Lun Pan and Jiawei Xie</i>	
4.1	Introduction	101
4.2	Synthesis of Alkyl Diamondoids via Acid-Catalyzed Rearrangement	102
4.3	Synthesis of Alkyl Diamondoids via IL-Catalyzed Rearrangement	112
4.3.1	Rearrangement of Tetrahydrotricyclopentadiene	114
4.3.2	Rearrangement of Tetrahydrodicyclopentadiene	120
4.3.3	Rearrangement of Other Polycycloalkanes	127
4.3.4	Rearrangement of Biomass-Derived Hydrocarbons	134
4.4	Synthesis of Alkyl Diamondoids via Zeolite-Catalyzed Rearrangement	135
4.5	Alkylation and Other Chemical Synthesis Methods	138
4.6	Basic Properties of Alkyl Diamondoids	142
	References	144
5	Design and Synthesis of High-Energy Strained Fuels	149
	<i>Ji-Jun Zou, Junjian Xie, Yakun Liu, and Chi Ma</i>	
5.1	Introduction	149
5.2	Quadricyclane Fuel	149
5.2.1	Properties and Synthesis of Quadricyclane	149
5.2.2	Homogeneous Photosensitizers	152

5.2.2.1	Triplet Sensitizer	152
5.2.2.2	Transition-Metal-Compound-Based Sensitizer	153
5.2.3	Heterogeneous Photocatalysis	155
5.2.3.1	Zinc and Cadmium Oxides and Sulfides	155
5.2.3.2	Modified Zeolites	155
5.2.3.3	Metal-Doped TiO ₂	156
5.2.3.4	Ti-Containing MCM-41	161
5.2.3.5	Combination of Metal Doping and Framework Ti Species	164
5.2.3.6	Mechanism of Heterogeneous Photocatalysis	167
5.2.4	Utilization of Quadricyclane	168
5.3	Cyclopropane Fuel	170
5.3.1	Organometallic Carbenoid-Mediated Cyclopropanation	170
5.3.1.1	Zinc Carbenoid-Mediated Cyclopropanation	171
5.3.1.2	Samarium Carbenoid-Mediated Cyclopropanation	174
5.3.1.3	Lithium Carbenoid-Mediated Cyclopropanation	175
5.3.1.4	Metallic Aluminum Carbenoid-Mediated Cyclopropanation	177
5.3.2	Transition Metal Carbene-Mediated Cyclopropanation	181
5.3.2.1	Diazomethane System	183
5.3.2.2	Copper Catalytic System	185
5.3.2.3	Other Transition Metal Catalyst Systems	187
5.3.3	Other Cyclopropanation Methods	190
5.3.4	Fuel Synthesis and Mechanism	190
5.3.4.1	Cyclopropanation of <i>endo</i> -DCPD with Monomeric IZnCH ₂ I in Gas Phase	193
5.3.4.2	Cyclopropanation of <i>endo</i> -DCPD with Monomeric IZnCH ₂ I in Diethyl Ether Solvent	197
5.3.4.3	Cyclopropanation of <i>endo</i> -DCPD with (ICH ₂) ₂ Zn in Diethyl Ether Solvent	201
5.4	Spiro and Caged Fuels	202
5.4.1	Spiro-Fuels	203
5.4.2	PCU Monomer, Dimers, and Derivatives	209
5.4.2.1	PCU Monomer	209
5.4.2.2	PCU Dimers	210
5.4.2.3	PCU Derivatives	214
5.4.3	Cubane and Derivatives	218
5.4.4	Other Caged Fuels	222
	References	224
6	Design and Synthesis of High-Density Fuels from Biomass	241
	<i>Ji-Jun Zou and Genkuo Nie</i>	
6.1	Introduction	241
6.2	Carbon-Increasing Reaction Strategies	244
6.2.1	Chain and Ring Increasing by Hydroxylalkylation and Alkylation	244
6.2.1.1	Synthesis of Branched Monocyclic Hydrocarbons by Hydroxylalkylation and Alkylation	250
6.2.1.2	Synthesis of Branched Monocyclic Hydrocarbons by Alkylation	252

6.2.1.3	Synthesis of Branched Multicyclic Hydrocarbons by Alkylation	254
6.2.2	Chain and Ring Increasing by Aldol Condensation	256
6.2.2.1	Synthesis of Branched Monocyclic and Multicyclic Hydrocarbons by Aldol Condensation	256
6.2.2.2	Catalyst Design in the Synthesis of Bi- to Tetra-Five/Six-Membered Ring Hydrocarbons	260
6.2.3	Ring Increasing by Diels–Alder Cycloaddition	260
6.2.3.1	Synthesis of Multicyclic Hydrocarbons Using Terpinenes	262
6.2.3.2	Synthesis of Branched Multicyclic Hydrocarbons Using 2-MF	265
6.2.3.3	Synthesis of Branched Monocyclic Hydrocarbons Using Diacetone Alcohol	267
6.2.3.4	Synthesis of JP-10 Using Furfuryl Alcohol	267
6.2.4	Ring Increasing by Oligomerization	267
6.2.4.1	Synthesis of Multicyclic Hydrocarbons Using Pinene	269
6.2.4.2	Synthesis of Multicyclic Hydrocarbons Using Cyclenes	271
6.2.5	Ring Increasing by Combined Reactions	272
6.2.5.1	Robinson Annulation	272
6.2.5.2	Reductive Coupling	274
6.2.5.3	Guerbet Reaction	275
6.2.6	Fused Cycle Constructing by Skeleton Rearrangement	275
6.2.7	Integrated Reaction Strategies	277
6.2.7.1	Dual-Bed Catalyst System	278
6.2.7.2	One-Pot Reaction	279
6.2.7.3	Multistep Coupling Reaction	280
6.2.7.4	Cellulose Co-conversion with Polyethylene via Catalytically Combined Processes	283
	References	283
7	Design and Synthesis of Nanofluid Fuels	291
	<i>Lun Pan, Xiu-Tian-Feng E, Jinwen Cao, and Kang Xue</i>	
7.1	Introduction	291
7.2	Synthesis and Properties of Nanofluid Fuels	292
7.2.1	Single-Step Methods	293
7.2.1.1	Physical Methods	293
7.2.1.2	Chemical Methods	299
7.2.2	Two-Step Methods	303
7.3	Methods to Evaluate Stability of Nanofluids	305
7.3.1	Sedimentation Photograph Capturing	305
7.3.2	Sedimentation Balance Method	305
7.3.3	Centrifugation Method	305
7.3.4	ζ -Potential Measurement	306
7.3.5	UV–Vis Spectrophotometer	308
7.3.6	Light Scattering Method	310
7.3.7	Three-Omega Method	310
7.4	Approaches to Enhance Stability of Nanofluids	310
7.4.1	Mechanical Mixing	311
7.4.2	pH Control	312

7.4.3	Surfactants	313
7.4.4	Surface Modification	313
7.5	Typical High-Energy Nanofluid Fuels	315
7.5.1	Boron-Based Nanofluids	315
7.5.1.1	Preparation of Stable Boron-in-Jet Fuel Nanofluids	316
7.5.1.2	Dispersion of Boron-Based Nanofluids	317
7.5.2	Aluminum-Based Nanofluids	320
7.6	Physical Properties of Nanofluid Fuels	322
7.6.1	Density and Energy	322
7.6.2	Viscosity	323
7.6.3	Surface tension	328
7.6.4	Latent Heat of Vaporization	329
7.6.5	Combustion Characteristics	331
7.6.6	Evaporation Characteristics	337
7.7	Formulation and Synthesis of Gelled Fuels	341
7.7.1	Gel Formulation	341
7.7.2	Gel Preparation and Gelation Mechanism	346
7.8	Rheological Behavior	348
7.9	Atomization Behavior	352
7.10	Combustion Behavior	356
	References	361
8	Design and Synthesis of Green Hypergolic Ionic Liquid Fuels	377
	<i>Xiangwen Zhang and Yong-Chao Zhang</i>	
8.1	Introduction	377
8.2	Development History of Hypergolic Ionic Liquids	378
8.3	Physicochemical Properties of Hypergolic Ionic Liquids	379
8.3.1	Thermal Properties	379
8.3.2	Density	380
8.3.3	Viscosity	380
8.3.4	Heat of Formation	380
8.3.5	Ignition Delay Time	381
8.3.6	Specific Impulse	382
8.4	Hypergolic Ionic Liquids	382
8.4.1	Hypergolic Ionic Liquids Based on Dicyanamide Anions	382
8.4.2	Hypergolic Ionic Liquids Based on Nitrocyanamide Anions	397
8.4.3	Hypergolic Ionic Liquids Based on Boronium-Based and B—H Bond-Rich Anions	402
8.4.4	Hypergolic Ionic Liquids Based on Other Anions	421
	References	431
9	Combustion Properties of Fuels and Methods to Improve Them	437
	<i>Lun Pan and Xiu-Tian-Feng E</i>	
9.1	Introduction	437
9.2	Typical Equipment Used in Combustion Experiment	439
9.2.1	Rapid Compressor	439

9.2.2	Shock Tube	441
9.2.2.1	Heated Shock Tube	441
9.2.2.2	Aerosol Shock Tube	441
9.2.3	Hot Plate	446
9.2.4	Laser Ignition	447
9.2.5	Constant-Volume Strand Burner	447
9.3	Combustion and Ignition Characters	450
9.3.1	Ignition Probability	450
9.3.2	Ignition Temperature	450
9.3.3	Ignition Delay Time	453
9.3.4	Combustion Rate	455
9.4	Methods to Enhance Ignition and Combustion	458
9.4.1	Effect of NP Concentration on Ignition and Combustion	458
9.4.2	Effect of Surfactants or Dispersants on Ignition and Combustion	461
9.4.3	Effect of Nanoparticle Characteristics on Ignition and Combustion	462
9.5	Combustion Mechanism of Nanofluid Fuels	464
	References	470

Index 475