

## Index

- a-Au/CeO<sub>x</sub> – RGO hybrid
  - morphology and structure
    - characterizations 90, 91
- acid/alkali etching method 163, 166–169
- activated carbons (ACs) 102, 104, 208, 319–320
- aerosol-spray-assisted approach (ASAA) 180, 241
- AgBr photocatalyst 365
- Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> amorphized films 192
- Al/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> crystalline core/amorphous shell nanospheres 205
- AlW<sub>x</sub>F<sub>y</sub>-coated LiCoO<sub>2</sub> electrodes 193
- ambient pressure chemical vapor deposition (APCVD) 322
- amino-induced spatial confinement strategy 98
- amorphization 129, 194, 196, 206, 231, 243, 252, 275, 284, 356, 369, 377, 387, 389–390
- amorphous  $\alpha$ -FeOOH hierarchical supraparticles 177
- amorphous 0D nanomaterial synthesis 89, 90
- amorphous Ag<sub>2</sub>S morphology and structure 116–117
- amorphous alloys 3, 6, 11–14, 89, 117, 178–179, 189, 237, 251, 351, 375–382, 386, 391–397, 401
- amorphous alloy fiber (AAF) 376–377, 401
- amorphous Bi<sub>4</sub>V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>11</sub>-crystalline CeO<sub>2</sub> hybrid formation 129–130
- amorphous binary metallic nanomaterials HER 232–234
- amorphous carbon film (ACF) 322–324
- amorphous carbon nitride (a-CN)
  - photocatalyst 355
- amorphous carbon nitride (a-CN) sponge
  - hydrogen production 356
  - photocatalytic activity 356
- transfer resistance and photon absorption 356
- transient photocurrent response diagram 356
- amorphous cerium film-coated cobalt oxide synthesis 197
- amorphous Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> modified CdS nanorods
- amorphous coated nanomaterials
  - Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> amorphized films 192
  - amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> coating 191
  - atomic layer deposition (ALD) 190–193
  - Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> amorphized films 192
  - Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> amorphized films 192
- amorphous cobalt hydroxide nanosheet array 235
- amorphous cobalt phyllosilicate 247
- amorphous compounds, bifunctional electrocatalysts
  - of HER and OER 254–256
  - of ORR and OER 256, 257
- amorphous compounds, for ORR 248
- amorphous 3D metal based materials 249–251
- amorphous compounds, for CRR 251–252
- amorphous compounds, for NRR 252–253
- amorphous composite nanomaterials, HER 234–236
- amorphous copper vanadium oxide-graphene oxide composite (a-CVO-GO) 286, 287
- amorphous CuCo<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub> microsphere synthesis 176
- amorphous electrocatalysts, for OER 237–248
- amorphous FeOOH/mRGO composite formation 94–95, 97
- amorphous iron oxide (AIO) clusters 101, 103
- amorphous manganese oxide hollow structure formation 170, 171

- amorphous material characterization  
*in situ* TEM with aberration corrector 34–41
- amorphous materials 1, 6, 338–341  
 advantages 348  
 vs. anisotropic crystalline materials 1  
 atomic arrangement 1, 5  
 vs. crystalline materials 5  
 description 1  
 disordered elementary substances 10  
 enlightenment of 9–10  
 history 7–9  
 mechanical properties 12  
 metallic glass 11–14
- amorphous metal compounds nanoplates 201–202
- amorphous metal fluoride film 192
- amorphous metal oxides 139, 150, 177, 180, 190–192, 200, 242, 325–334
- amorphous metal sulfides 334–338
- amorphous MnO<sub>x</sub> modified Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (CoxMny) 368–369
- amorphous molybdenum phosphosulfide films 231
- amorphous molybdenum selenide nanopowder 230–231
- amorphous molybdenum sulphide 226–229, 234–235, 251–252, 356–357  
 colloidal nanodots synthesis 356
- amorphous MoO<sub>3</sub> nanosheets 151, 152
- amorphous MoS<sub>2</sub> nanosheets on carbon cloth (a-MoS<sub>2</sub>/CC) 143, 144
- amorphous nanomaterials  
 growth mechanism 15–19
- amorphous nanomaterials, batteries  
 negative electrodes, cells  
 phosphorus compounds 269–273  
 silicon compounds 273–280
- positive electrodes, cells  
 ferric phosphate 295–299  
 metal polysulfides 302–304  
 vanadium-based oxides 300–301
- amorphous nanomaterials, in  
 electrocatalysis
- amorphous electrocatalysts, for OER 237–248
- amorphous binary metallic nanomaterials, for OER 241–244
- amorphous nanomaterials, for OER 246–248
- amorphous polynary metal nanomaterials, for OER 244–246
- amorphous single metallic nanomaterials, for OER 238–241
- amorphous nanomaterials, water splitting 226–237
- amorphous binary metallic nanomaterials, HER 232–234
- amorphous single metallic nanomaterials, HER 226–232
- amorphous nanomaterials, in mechanics enhancing mechanical performance 386–402  
 micro/nano inhomogeneity 393–395  
 micro/nano-second phase 387, 389–393  
 surface treatment 395–402
- mechanical properties 376–386  
 amorphous alloy/metal 376–382  
 amorphous non-metallic materials 382, 384–386
- amorphous nanosheets on Ni foam 200–201
- amorphous nickel boride membrane 250
- amorphous nickel oxide-carbon composite powders 180
- amorphous nickel–iron(oxy)hydroxide nanosheets 243
- amorphous NiO modified g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> non-noble metal heterojunction photocatalyst 366  
 enhanced visible light activity 366  
 photocatalytic H<sub>2</sub> evolution mechanism 366
- amorphous NiO-co-catalyst 366
- amorphous niobium pentoxide (A-Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5-x</sub>)nanocluster 99
- amorphous niobium polysulfides 304
- amorphous noble metal nanosheet synthesis 139, 140
- amorphous phosphorus 11
- amorphous phosphosulfide nanoshell (PS) 236
- amorphous Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> sample 351
- amorphous silicon 14, 189, 273, 275, 279, 304–305, 384–385, 400  
 nanowires 384
- amorphous SiO 276, 278–280
- amorphous SnO<sub>2</sub> (A-SnO<sub>2</sub>) subnanoclusters 99–101, 128, 165, 199–200, 288
- amorphous sulphur 10–11, 14
- amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> coatings 191
- amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> nanocolumn preparation 181
- amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub>-coated industrial silicon nanoparticles 205–206
- amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub>/BiOBr composite materials 353–354
- amorphous titanium dioxide photocatalyst 206
- amorphous two-dimensional sp<sup>2</sup>-bonded carbon membrane 138

- amorphous, defined 8  
 amorphous-coated semiconductor 189  
 amorphous/crystalline composite nanomaterials 189  
 amorphous/crystalline nanomaterials 189–190  
   classification 190  
 amorphous/crystalline structural nanomaterials  
   amorphous doped crystalline nanostructure 208  
   three dimensional materials 211  
   two-dimensional materials 208  
 1D amorphous coated nanomaterials 193–198  
   crystalline-amorphous core-shell homojunction nanostructure 193–197  
   heterojunction nanostructure materials 197–198  
 2D amorphous coated nanomaterials 198–202  
   other-metal based nanomaterials 201–202  
   Ni-based nanomaterials 200–201  
   carbon-based nanomaterials 199–200  
 3D amorphous coating nanomaterials 202–208  
   carbon coating 204–205  
   metal oxide coating 205–207  
   metal sulfide coating 207–208  
   silica coating 203  
 anchored platinum oxide ( $\text{PtO}_2\text{-Co(OH)}_2$ ) 235  
 annular bright-field (ABF) STEM 25  
 annular dark field scanning transmission electron microscope (ADF STEM) 24–25, 68, 90  
 anode  $\text{TiO}_2$  nanotube layers synthesis 122  
 anodic polarization, of carbon paper electrodes 238  
 anodization method 120–122, 132, 235  
 $\text{A-SnO}_2@\text{PCNS}$  100  
 atomic layer deposition (ALD) 189, 199, 215, 281, 284, 288  
   amorphous coated nanomaterials 190–193  
 atomic layer epitaxy technology 190  
 $\text{Au/CeO}_2$  system 37  
  
 $\text{BaTiO}_3@\text{SiO}_2$  composite 203  
 binary (Pd-P) crystalline@amorphous heterostructure nanoplates 202  
 $\text{BiOCl-Bi}_2\text{S}_3$  (BOC-BS) composites 201–202  
 biomineralization process 10, 15, 17–18  
 boron nanowires 125–128  
 Bragg Formula 9  
  
 carbon coating 202, 204–205  
 carbon dioxide reduction reaction (CRR) 223, 225, 251–252  
 carbon nanocups (CNC) 324  
 carbon nanodots (CNDs)  
   green synthesis 103  
   high-pressure homogenization 104  
   solvent-free method 104  
   top-down synthesis approach for 102  
 carbon nanofibers (CNFs) 129, 280, 319, 321–323, 340  
   capacitance vs. current density 323  
 carbon nanotubes (CNTs) 37, 102, 111, 121, 123, 137, 199, 235–236, 251–252, 297–298, 319, 321, 329, 332, 336  
 carbon-based 2D nanostructure 199–200  
 carbon-coated nano-magnesium silicate hydroxide core-shell structure (MSH@C) 200  
 carbonitride nitride ( $\text{g-C}_3\text{N}_4$ ) nanosheet 364, 365  
 $\text{CdS-Co}_3\text{O}_4$  composite photocatalysts 360  
 ceria/titania nanocomposites 211  
 charge-storage mechanisms 35, 175, 318  
 chemical precipitation method 147–148  
   amorphous ultrathin  $\text{Co}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$  nanosheets 148, 149  
 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 116  
   mono/bi-layer amorphous iron phosphate nanosheets 147  
 chemical vapor deposition (CVD) 250  
   advantages 125  
 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 125  
 cibacron brilliant red 3B-A (BR3B-A)  
   dye degradation 351, 352  
   dye structure and characteristics 352  
 classical nucleation theory 15–18  
 cluster coalescence-driven crystallization 39  
 $\text{CO}_2$  electroreduction ( $\text{CO}_2\text{ER}$ ) 81–82  
   catalysts 82  
 $\text{Co}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$  amorphous ultrathin nanostructure synthesis 113, 114  
 $\text{CoB}$  alloy nanowire formation 117, 119  
 cobalt phosphide ( $\text{CoPx}$ ) cocatalyst 364  
 cocatalysts 76, 251, 348, 356–358, 363–366  
 colloid Pt nanoparticles 39  
 colloidal perovskite  $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{PbX}_3$  amorphous nanoparticles 95, 97

- common solution method 176–177  
 complex amorphous materials 375  
 CoNiDH-1000 fabrication 200–201  
 coordinating etching & precipitating (CEP) process 164–165  
 coordinating etching method 163–166  
 CoS polyhedral nanocage formation 171–172  
 crystal defects 1, 61  
 crystal materials  
   atomic arrangement 3  
   characteristics 4  
   morphology 4  
   periodicity 4  
 crystal planes 9, 155, 201, 206, 212, 353  
 crystalline-amorphous core-shell  
   homojunction nanostructure 193–197  
 crystalline Cu<sub>2</sub>O/amorphous Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> heterostructure 214  
 crystalline Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/amorphous SiO<sub>2</sub> nanocables 197  
 crystallization by particle attachment 18  
 crystallography 3, 5  
   establishment of 8–11, 84  
 cyclic voltammetry (CV) 37, 51, 197, 227, 229, 238, 285, 323–324, 329, 332, 333, 361  
 cyclic voltammogram (CV) 323–324
- 1D amorphous coated nanomaterials  
 crystalline-amorphous core-shell  
   homojunction nanostructure 193–197  
 heterojunction nanostructure materials 197–198
- 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 111–132  
 chemical precipitation method 116  
 chemical vapor deposition 125  
 direct precipitation method 116–117, 118  
 electrochemical deposition method 120–122  
 electrospinning technique 128–131  
 glancing angle deposition technique 128  
 hydrothermal/solvothermal method 113–116  
 laser ablation 125–126  
 magnetic field induced synthesis 117  
 magnetron sputtering 126–128  
 site-specific heteroatom substitution strategy 114–116  
 sonochemical methods 118–120  
 two-phase colloidal method 113–114
- 1D nanomaterials  
 advantages 111  
 defined 111  
 2D amorphous NiO nanoflakes (2DA) 153–155  
 2D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 138–155  
   chemical precipitation method 147–148  
   electrodeposition method 143–146  
   element doping method 152–155  
   exfoliation method 139–143  
   phase transformation method 151  
   physical vapor deposition (PVD) 143  
   sol-gel method 151–152  
   template method 148–151  
   thermal decomposition method 138–139
- 2D graphene-based porous carbon (GGI) 324
- 2D porous carbon nanosheet (PCNS)  
   synthesis 99, 139, 141
- 2D ultrathin amorphous metal hydroxide nanosheets 138
- 3D amorphous coating nanomaterials 202–208  
 silica coating 203  
 dealloyed platinum–nickel alloy 250
- defects 61  
 definition 61  
 in nanomaterials by EPR 71–79  
 in semiconductors with positron annihilation spectrum 64–71  
 in shape-controlled TiO<sub>2</sub> anatase nanocrystals 74, 75
- (de)lithiation mechanisms in lithium-ion batteries 194
- density functional theory (DFT) 229–230, 235, 239, 244, 246, 281, 295
- dimensionality 137
- direct band-band transition  
   photoluminescence 79
- direct precipitation method 297  
 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 116
- dislocations 1, 12, 19, 61–64, 67, 387, 390, 392, 401
- double-wall carbon nanotubes (DNA) 297
- dual-electrode system 198–199
- Earth-abundant catalysts 226
- electrocatalysts 47–49, 99, 175, 191, 200, 209, 213, 224–256, 258
- electric double-layer capacitors (EDLCs) 317  
 application in 318–325

- electrocatalytic nitrogen reduction reaction 81
- electrochemical capacitors 317, 340
- electrochemical cell 102, 143–144, 225, 230
- electrochemical deposition method
- 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 120
  - amorphous carbon nanotube synthesis 121
- electrochemical method 143, 163, 173–174, 182
- electrochemical templating method 120–121, 132
- electrodeposition method 227
- amorphous CoFe-H nanosheets on graphite disks 143, 145
  - amorphous Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> nanosheets 145
  - Ni-Fe-S ultrathin nanosheets on Ti plate 144
  - oxygen-incorporated Ni–Fe–S (O-NFS) ultrathin nanosheets 144, 146
- electron energy-loss spectroscopy (EELS) 28–34
- core-level binding energy 29
  - feature 29
  - high signal-to-noise ratio 32, 33
  - practical applications 30
  - single atom impurities/defect characterization 32
- electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) spectroscopy
- commercial and reduced TiO<sub>2</sub> 72
  - Cu<sub>2</sub>O superstructure 78, 79
  - defect analysis in nanomaterials 71–79
  - oxygen vacancy detection 73
  - oxygen-deficient Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3-δ</sub> nanorod arrays 72
  - Ti<sup>3+</sup> self-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> 75
  - visible light-active TiO<sub>2</sub> (m-TiO<sub>2</sub>) nanoparticles 76
  - ZnO/Au hybrid nanostructures 73
- electron spin resonance (ESR) spectroscopy 71, 74–75, 77–78, 353
- electron-proton coupled reaction 237
- electron-transfer reaction 237
- electrospinning technique 125
- 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 128–131
- element doping method
- amorphous Ni-based nanomaterials 153
  - ultrathin amorphous cobalt-vanadium bimetal hydr(oxy)oxide (CoV-UAH) 153
- energy-storage mechanism 317
- enhancement factor (EF) for semiconductors 78
- environmental TEM (ETEM) 34, 37, 230
- EPR resonance condition formula 71
- equilibrium electrode potential 225
- exfoliated amorphous MoS<sub>3</sub> nanosheet 141
- exfoliation method 138, 139–143, 151, 155, 244
- expanding thermal plasma chemical vapor deposition (ETPCVD) 276
- extended X-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) 42–46, 49–50, 52, 399
- Fe–B amorphous alloy nanowires 117
- Fe–B nanotubes 124, 126
- Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> forming process 121
- FeOOH quantum dots 93–94, 96, 340
- FeOOH-1820 fabrication 200–201
- FeOOH/FGS (functionalized graphene sheet) hybrid nanosheets 93–94, 96
- FePO<sub>4</sub> 148, 255, 295–299, 305
- Fermi's golden rule 42, 45
- ferroelectric PZT 27
- FeS@BSA nanoclusters 100–102
- FeS<sub>2</sub>@C yolk-shell nanomaterial 205
- Fe<sub>75</sub>Si<sub>9</sub>B<sub>13</sub> amorphous alloy 351–352
- first law of crystals 9
- focused ion beam (FIB) 378–380, 401
- free-standing amorphous carbon films (FS-ACFs) 322–324
- FT-IR spectrum
- hcp amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> nanocolumn array 355
- galvanostatic charge–discharge (GCD) 292, 324, 341
- galvanostatic intermittent titration technique (GITT) 297
- gelled FeCoW oxy-hydroxides 152, 153
- glancing angle deposition technique (GLAD) 125, 132
- 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 128
- glass 3, 5–6, 8–14, 97, 189, 256, 288–289, 328, 375, 377, 379–380, 382, 387–389, 391, 396–397
- graphite 90, 102, 104, 137, 141, 143–146, 210, 243, 252, 272–273, 288, 289, 291–293, 300, 305, 327
- Haber–Bosch process 81
- Hall–Petch effect 390
- hard-templating method 122–123, 132

- heat injection method 16  
 heterogeneous atom 232  
 heterojunction nanostructure materials 197  
 hexagonal-close-packed, hierarchical amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> nanocolumn array 353–354  
 high resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) 23, 80, 139, 182, 279, 320, 382, 389–390, 397, 401  
 high-resolution EELS (HREELS) 29  
 H-InO<sub>x</sub> nanoribbons 82  
 hollow carbon nanospheres (HCSS)  
     synthesis 167–169, 214, 293–294  
 hollow carbon sphere formation process 167  
 H<sub>x</sub>MoO<sub>3</sub> amorphous quantum dots 90–93  
 hydrogen evolution reaction (HER) 93, 146, 200–201, 204, 213–214, 223, 225–237, 246, 253–256, 357  
     electrocatalysts 175  
 hydrogen evolution, CdS-Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> composite photocatalysts 360  
 hydrogenated amorphous silicon  
     (a-SiH)-based alloys 189  
 hydrogenation-modified TiO<sub>2</sub>, oxygen vacancy associations 66  
 hydrothermal/solvothermal method 131, 163, 174–176, 182  
 indium tin oxide (ITO) 227, 237, 256  
*in-situ* oxygen-producing process 237  
 iridium compounds 238–239  
 iron oxides 101, 245, 250, 256–257, 280–281  
 iterative weighted least-squares approach 34  
 KIBs, *see* potassium ion batteries (KIBs)  
 La<sub>1.2</sub>Sr<sub>1.8</sub>Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> 30  
     crystal structure 31  
 LaCo<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3-δ</sub>  
     electrocatalysts 48–49  
 laser ablation (LA) 89, 102  
     1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 125–126  
 laser-assisted solution method 177–179  
 lattice strain 254  
 layer-by-layer (LBL) assembly 256  
 layered perovskite manganite 30–31  
 ligand-to-metal charge transfer (LMCT) process 238, 368  
 liquid phase reaction 390  
 lithium ion batteries (LIBs) 11, 172, 194, 205, 269–273, 279–282, 284, 286, 288–289, 291, 295, 297–298, 300, 304, 322  
 local background averaging (LBA) 32, 34  
 low temperature hydrothermal technology 206  
 magnetic field induced synthesis 116, 132  
     1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 117  
 magnetron sputtering method 387  
     1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 126–128  
 manganese dioxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) 35, 151, 176–177, 197–198, 239, 318, 324–327, 332–334, 340  
 mechanochemistry, for carbon nanodot synthesis 104  
 mesoporous TiO<sub>2</sub>/MoO<sub>3</sub> particles 211, 212  
 metal oxide coating 191, 202, 205–207  
 metal oxide/sulfide nanocluster preparation 90  
 metal polysulfides 302–306  
 metal vanadate 176, 286  
 metallic glass 11–14, 375  
     applications 12  
     mechanical properties 12  
 methylene blue (MB) degradation 349, 350  
 Mg-amorphous calcium phosphate (ACP) 399  
 MgAl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanopowders 349  
 microporous ZnO/TiO<sub>2</sub> composite catalysts 206  
 Miller Index 9  
 MnO@C composite 204  
 MnO<sub>x</sub>H<sub>y</sub> nanospheres, electrochemical assembly of 173, 174  
 MnO/biomass-inherited porous carbon (BPC) nanocomposite preparation 204  
 mobility gap tunability 189  
 molybdenum oxide (MoO<sub>3</sub>) coatings 191  
 molybdenum polysulfides 304  
 MoO<sub>x</sub> crystal core/chainmail-like MoO<sub>x</sub> amorphous shell (MoO<sub>2</sub>-Pla) heterostructure 207  
 MoS<sub>xli</sub>/nitrogen-doped active carbon catalyst 235  
 MoSe nanowire network 28  
 MoSe<sub>2</sub>/C core-shell nanostructure 205  
 multi-walled carbon nanotubes (MWCNTs) 332

- nanocrystalline materials 193, 387  
     defect and chemical microstructure 63  
 nanoglasses  
     defect and chemical microstructure 63  
 nanomaterials 15–19, 23–52, 61–84,  
     89–105, 111–132, 137–155, 163–183,  
     189–215, 223–258, 269–306, 347–370,  
     375–402  
 nanoparticle-mediated crystal nucleation  
     40  
 nanowires 111–117, 119–121, 123,  
     125–129, 194, 198, 239, 247, 250,  
     362–363, 382–386, 390, 395, 398–399  
 $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  amorphized films 192  
 $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5@\text{C}$  nanosheets 200  
 $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  ultrafine fibers 367  
 near-edge x-ray absorption fine structure  
     (NEXAFS) 45  
 near-infrared radiation 241  
 $\text{Ni(OH)}_2@\text{CuS}$  nano-shelled heterostructure  
     214  
 $\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  nanobox formation 164  
 Ni–Mo bimetallic HER catalyst 236  
 nickel cobalt aluminum oxide (NCA) 302  
 nickel cobalt manganese oxide (NCM) 302  
 NiFe prussian blue analogues (NiFe-PBA)  
     47  
 $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_4@\text{amorphous MoS}_2$  supercapacitor  
     electrode 208  
 nitrogen-doped carbon microsphere (NCS)  
     295  
 nitrogen-doped carbon nanocapsule  
     ( $\text{MnO}@\text{NC}$ ) synthesis 205  
 $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y@\text{CoS}$  double-shelled polyhedral  
     nanocages 171  
 $\text{NiWO}_4/\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2$  heterostructure preparation  
     99  
 nonapical S atoms 229  
 non-metallic plasmonic  $\text{SrTiO}_3$   
     photoelectrode 197  
 nontraditional amorphous materials  
     14–15  
 $\text{N}_2$  reduction reaction (NRR) 81, 83,  
     224–225, 252–253  
 nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR)  
     spectroscopy 6, 275, 279  
  
 O/La co-functionalized amorphous  
     carbonitrides 369  
 one-dimensional dual-phase zirconia  
     nanowire 390  
 open circuit voltage (OCV) 300  
 ordered mesoporous amorphous  
      $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{crystalline WO}_3$   
     heterostructure nanomaterial 211,  
     213  
     ordered mesoporous carbon (OMC) 293  
     Ostwald ripening mechanism 16, 19, 37,  
     178  
     Ostwald–Lussac rule 18  
     O-vacancies endowed 5-atom-thick  $\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$   
     sheets 80  
     oxygen (O)-vacancy engineering 81  
     oxygen evolution reaction (OER) 41, 47,  
     49–51, 117, 146, 197, 201, 209–210,  
     213, 223, 225–226, 237–248, 253–257  
     oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) 41, 98,  
     106, 210, 224–225, 248–251, 253,  
     256–257  
  
     pair distribution function (PDF) 275, 302  
     PbTe quantum dots 236  
     P-doped carbon nanotubes 235  
     PdS unit cell 2  
     PdxCu1-x/reduced graphene oxide (rGO)  
     composites 90, 92  
     phase contrast index (PCI) function 25  
     phase correlation function (PCF) 25,  
     293–294  
     phase transformation method 138, 151,  
     155  
     phenolic resin (PR) 321  
     phosphorus compounds 269–273  
     phosphosulfide/N-doped carbon nanotubes  
     (NCNT) hybrid HER electrocatalyst  
     236  
     photo-electrocatalysis 105, 163, 359–363  
     photocatalysis applications 347–370  
     photocatalysis technology 349  
         amorphous  $\text{TiO}_2/\text{BiOBr}$  composite  
         materials 353  
         methylene blue degradation 349, 350  
          $\text{MgAl}_2\text{O}_4$  photocatalyst 349  
          $\text{Ti}^{3+}$  self-doped  $\text{TiO}_2$  preparation 351  
     photocatalytic activity  
         of  $\text{CdSe}$  nanocrystals 358, 359  
         of  $\text{CdSe}/\text{a-TiO}_2$  nanocrystals 358, 359  
         of  $\text{CoPx/CdS}$  nanorods 364  
         of crystalline  $\text{NaTaO}_3$  sample 357  
         of porous amorphous  $\text{NaTaOx}$  sample  
         357  
     photocatalytic decomposition, of water  
         335–339  
     photocatalytic degradation 66, 194,  
         349–355  
     photocatalytic properties 201–202  
         of  $\text{AgBr}$  and  $\text{Ti(IV)}/\text{AgBr}$  photocatalysts  
         365  
     photocorrosion method 246  
     photoelectrocatalytic overall water splitting  
     mechanism 198, 199

- photoelectrochemical water splitting, on  $\text{TiO}_2$  electrodes 355, 362
- photoluminescence (PL) spectroscopy  
anatase and rutile  $\text{TiO}_2$  samples 80  
crystalline-ZnO/amorphous-ZnO core/shell nanorods 79, 81
- photovoltaic cells 189, 226
- physical vapor deposition (PVD) 143, 276
- plasma enhanced atomic layer deposition (PEALD) 191
- point defects 26, 32, 62, 65
- poly(*N*-ethyl-benzene-1,2,4,5-tetra-carboxylic diimide) (PEBCD) 253
- polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) 167–168, 176, 205–206
- pore size distribution (PSD) 212, 319
- porous  $\text{CoSn(OH)}_6$  nanobox synthesis 172–173
- positron annihilation spectroscopy (PAS) 64–71, 251  
characteristics 65  
defect analysis in semiconductors 64–71  
hydrogenation-modified  $\text{TiO}_2$ -oxygen vacancy associations 66  
of ultrathin BiOCl nanosheets and nanoplates 67, 69
- $\text{ZnIn}_{2-x}\text{S}_x$  samples, zinc vacancy concentrations in 68
- potassium ion batteries (KIBs) 197, 269, 273–274, 286, 288, 293, 295, 304–305  
red phosphorus 274
- projector-augmented wave (PAW) method 284
- pseudocapacitors 317  
amorphous metal oxides 325–334  
amorphous metal sulfides 334–338
- Pt/ $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  catalyst 38
- pulsed galvanostatic method (PGM) method 173, 327
- pulsed laser exfoliation 143
- quasi-crystal materials  
atomic arrangement 4  
morphologies of 4
- quenching  
amorphous material synthesis 12  
metallic glass synthesis 11
- quinoline tincture 10
- radial distribution functions (RDFs) 6, 45, 384
- Raman spectroscopy 77, 163, 229–232, 251
- recrystallization-induced self-assembly (RISA) strategy 78
- red phosphorus 11, 270, 271, 272–274, 304, 305
- redox etching method 163, 169–171
- reduced graphene oxide (rGO) composition 90, 247, 251, 252, 256, 289, 339
- regional electron diffraction patterns 384
- reverse Monte-Carlo (RMC) method 384
- Ru oxide 327
- $\text{RuTe}_2$  porous nanorods (PNRs) 116, 118, 254
- sacrificial template strategy 138, 150, 241
- $S_{\text{BET}}$  322, 323
- self-assembly approach  
BSA nanoclusters 100–102
- self-coated crystalline  $\text{WO}_3$ -amorphous  $\text{WO}_{3-x}$  homojunctions nanowires 196
- self-compacting concrete (SCC) 400, 401
- self-hydrolyzing etching-precipitating (SHEP) approach 172
- self-repair mechanism 237
- self-templated method 163, 171–173
- semiconductor photocatalysis 347
- semiconductor photocatalytic cycle 347
- semiconductor photocatalytic process 347, 348
- S–H moieties 229
- Si/ $\text{TiO}_2$ /Ni interface, structural and chemical characterization of 92, 191
- silica coating 202, 203
- silicon compounds 273–280
- silicon crystalline-amorphous core-shell nanowires 194, 195
- silicon oxycarbide ( $\text{SiOC}$ ) 279, 280
- single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWNTs) 298, 332
- $\text{SnO}_2$  nanobox formation 166
- $\text{SnO}_2$  nanowire 128, 129, 198
- $\text{SnO}_2/\text{MnO}_2$  composites 128, 197, 198
- sodium ion batteries (SIBs) 11, 205, 214, 269, 273–276, 280, 282, 286, 288, 289, 293–295, 297–300, 304, 305  
 $\text{FeS}_2@\text{C}$  electrode material 205  
red phosphorus 273–274
- soft-templating method 123–124
- sol-gel method 138, 151–152, 155, 282, 325
- solid defects 61
- solution plasma treatment (SPP) 178, 179
- sonochemical method 116, 118–120, 132, 339
- $\text{sp}^2$  carbon materials 137
- specific surface area (SSA) 13, 20, 74, 151, 163, 196, 198, 206, 297, 319, 323, 349, 355, 357, 362, 367, 386

- spherical aberration corrected transmission electron microscopy (Cs-TEM) 23–52
- super-cooled liquid extraction method (SLEM) 376, 377
- super-nano dual-phase material 387
- supercapacitors 10, 130, 173, 174, 201, 207, 317–342
- supra-nanometre-sized dual-phase glass-crystal (SNPD-GC) 387–389
- surface free energy 15
- surfacephotovoltaic (SPV) spectroscopy of  $\text{TiO}_2/\text{BiOBr}$  composite materials 353, 354
- surface protection etch concept 167
- surface vacancy defects 78
- surface-enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SERS) 77–79, 163, 251
- symmetry of crystals 8, 9
- $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$  amorphized films 192
- $\text{TaO}_{x-y}$  layer on N-doped  $\text{TiO}_2$  nanotube synthesis 131
- template method
- amorphous metal hydroxide/oxide nanosheets 148, 150
  - graphene oxide 150
- template-engaged strategies 163–173, 182
- acid/alkali etching method 166–169
  - coordinating etching method 164–166
  - redox etching method 169–171
  - self-templated method 171–173
- templating methods
- 1D amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 122
- tetrabutyl ammonium bromide (TBAB)
- phase transfer catalyst 176
- thermal decomposition method 138–139, 155
- thermal treatment method
- zero-dimensional nanomaterial synthesis 98
- thermally-treated carbon paper (TTCP) 333
- thermodynamics 1, 16, 61, 62, 173, 176, 178, 181, 248, 279, 280, 347, 364
- thioglycolic acid (TGA) 119–120, 292
- assistedsonochemical method 119–120
- three-dimensional (3D) amorphous nanomaterial synthesis 163–183
- challenges 163
  - common solution method 176–177
  - electrochemical method 173–174
  - gas-diffusion method 181
- hydrothermal/solvothermal method 174–176
- laser-assisted solution method 177–179
- pulsed laser deposition (PLD) 181
- spray-drying method 179
- strategies for 182
- template-engaged strategies 163–173
- acid/alkali etching method 166–169
  - coordinating etching method 164–166
  - redox etching method 169–171
  - self-templated method 171–173
- ultrasonic-assisted solution method 177–179
- three-dimensional amorphous carbon (3DAC) 293, 294
- tin-based composite oxides (TCOs) 288
- tin-based oxide 288–289, 290
- $\text{Ti}^{3+}$  self-doped  $\text{TiO}_2$ , photocatalytic activity of 75, 351
- titanium oxides 281–282
- transient photovoltaic (TPV) technology 367, 368
- transition metal dichalcogenides 67
- transition metal oxides
- amorphous carbon 289–295
  - iron oxides 280–281
  - tin-based oxide 288–289
  - titanium oxides 281–282
  - vanadium-based oxides 282–288
- transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
- based energy-loss spectroscopy 29
  - carbon nanospheres 293, 294
- transversal inversion polarization-domain wall in ferroelectric PZT 27
- two-dimensional amorphous coated crystalline nanomaterials
- amorphous metal compounds nanoplates 201, 202
  - amorphous nanosheets on Ni foam 200, 201
  - carbon-based 2D nanostructure 199–200
- two-phase colloidal method 113, 131, 132
- two-phase metal oxide structure 211–213
- ultra-small carbon quantum dots (s-CQDs) 105
- ultracapacitors 317
- ultrasonic-assisted solution method 163, 177–179, 182
- ultrathin amorphous alumina layer 396
- ultrathin Ni-ZIF/Ni-B crystal-amorphous structure nanosheets 201

- ultrathin ZnAl layered double hydroxides
  - nanosheets 69, 70
- UV-vis absorption spectrum
  - hcp amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> nanocolumn array 353
- vacancy-type defects 65
- vanadium pentoxide 284, 300
- vanadium-based oxides 282–288, 300–301
  - positive electrodes 301
- visible light-active TiO<sub>2</sub> (m-TiO<sub>2</sub>)
  - nanoparticles 76, 77
- VO<sub>2</sub> nanorods 196
- volume free energy change
  - defined 15
- water dissociation 234, 235
- water electrolysis system 237
- water, photocatalytic decomposition of 355–359
- wet chemical reactions 227
- X-ray absorption fine structure spectroscopy (XAFS)
  - description 41
  - EXAFS 42
- in amorphous nanomaterials 47–51
- XANES 42, 45
- X-ray absorption near edge spectra (XANES) 42, 43, 45, 46, 48–52, 302, 398, 399
- X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS) 29, 30, 42, 48–50, 52, 229, 231, 232, 304
- Zeeman splitting 71
- zeolitic imidazolate skeleton-67 (ZIF-67)
  - nanocrystals 171, 172, 334
- zero-dimensional (0D) nanomaterial synthesis
  - bottom-up approach
    - solution-based chemical synthesis 90–98
    - thermal treatment method 98–100
  - quantum confinement effects 89
  - top-down approach 102–105
- zirconium ceramic matrix 390
- ZrO<sub>2</sub> nanowires 390
- ZnO/Zn<sub>2</sub>GeO<sub>4</sub>/graphene aerogel 206
- ZnSe@HCN hybrid nanostructure 214–215
- ZSGO amorphous nanowire formation 115, 362, 363