

## Contents

**Preface** *xix*

**Quantities and symbols** *xxiii*

**Acronyms** *xxxix*

<b>1</b>	<b>Background and Essentials</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Types and Sources of Ionizing Radiation	1
1.3	Consequences of the Random Nature of Radiation	4
1.4	Interaction Cross Sections	6
1.5	Kinematic Relativistic Expressions	9
1.6	Atomic Relaxations	11
1.6.1	Radiative and Non-radiative Transitions	13
1.6.2	Transition Probabilities and Fluorescence and Auger Yields	16
1.6.3	Emission Cross Sections	22
1.7	Evaluation of Uncertainties	22
1.7.1	Accuracy and Precision – Error and Uncertainty	22
1.7.2	Type A Standard Uncertainty	24
1.7.3	Type B Standard Uncertainty	25
1.7.4	Combined and Expanded Uncertainty	26
1.7.5	Law of Propagation of Uncertainty	26
	Exercises	28
<b>2</b>	<b>Charged-Particle Interactions with Matter</b>	<b>29</b>
2.1	Introduction	29
2.2	Types of Charged-Particle Interactions	31
2.2.1	Elastic Interactions	32
2.2.2	Inelastic ‘Soft’ Collisions	33
2.2.3	Inelastic ‘Hard’ Collisions	34
2.2.4	Inelastic Radiative Interactions	35
2.3	Elastic Scattering	36
2.3.1	Single Elastic Scattering (Rutherford)	36
2.3.2	Screening Angle	38
2.3.3	Overview of Other Single Elastic Scattering Theories	41
2.3.4	Multiple Elastic Scattering	43

2.3.4.1	The Gaussian Approach: Multiple Small-Angle Scattering Theory	44
2.3.4.2	Molière's Theory	47
2.3.4.3	Goudsmit – Saunderson Theory	51
2.3.5	Scattering Power	54
2.4	Inelastic Scattering and Energy Loss	55
2.4.1	Single Inelastic Scattering	56
2.4.1.1	The GOS, the OOS, and Dielectric Response Functions	58
2.4.2	Multiple Inelastic Scattering: Electronic Stopping Power	61
2.4.3	Stopping Number	66
2.4.4	The $I$ -Value (Mean Excitation Energy)	68
2.4.5	Shell Corrections	71
2.4.6	Density Effect Correction (Polarization)	73
2.4.7	Important Features of the Stopping Power Formula	77
2.4.7.1	Dependence on the Stopping Medium	79
2.4.7.2	Dependence on Particle Energy	81
2.4.7.3	Dependence on Particle Charge	81
2.4.7.4	Dependence on Particle Mass	82
2.4.7.5	Relativistic Scaling Considerations	82
2.4.7.6	Other Aspects	82
2.4.8	Electronic Stopping Power for Electrons and Positrons	84
2.4.9	Accuracy of Stopping-Power Calculations	86
2.4.10	Impact Ionization	88
2.4.11	The Bragg Peak	90
2.4.12	Restricted Electronic Stopping Power	91
2.4.13	Energy Loss Straggling	94
2.5	Radiative Energy Loss: Bremsstrahlung	95
2.5.1	Radiative Stopping Power	98
2.5.2	Radiation Yield	101
2.5.3	Radiation Length	102
2.6	Total Stopping Power	103
2.6.1	The Bragg Additive Rule for Compounds	103
2.7	Range of Charged Particles	104
2.7.1	Continuous-Slowing-Down Range and Range Straggling	105
2.7.2	Detour Factor	106
2.8	Number and Energy Distributions of Secondary Particles	106
2.8.1	Number and Energy of Knock-On Electrons	108
2.8.2	Number and Energy of Bremsstrahlung Photons	109
2.9	Nuclear Stopping Power and Interactions by Heavy Charged Particles	112
2.10	The $W$ -Value (Mean Energy to Create an Ion Pair)	114
2.10.1	Calculation of $W$ from the Energy Balance	115
2.10.2	Direct Calculation from Cross Sections	116
2.10.3	Calculation from the Slowing-Down Spectrum	117
2.10.4	Concluding Remarks	118

2.11	Addendum – Derivation of Expressions for the Elastic and Inelastic Scattering of Heavy Charged Particles	119
2.11.1	Quantum Mechanics Formalism for Elastic Scattering	120
2.11.1.1	Partial-Wave Analysis (PWA)	123
2.11.2	Quantum Mechanics Formalism for Inelastic Scattering (Bethe Theory)	126
2.11.2.1	Stopping Power	131
2.11.3	Classical Treatment of Elastic and Inelastic Scattering	134
2.11.3.1	Elastic Scattering	135
2.11.3.2	Inelastic Scattering	135
2.11.3.3	Stopping Power	136
	Exercises	139
<b>3</b>	<b>Uncharged-Particle Interactions with Matter</b>	<b>143</b>
3.1	Introduction	143
3.2	Photon Interactions with Matter	143
3.3	Photoelectric Effect	145
3.3.1	Kinematics	146
3.3.2	Cross Section	147
3.4	Thomson Scattering	154
3.5	Rayleigh Scattering (Coherent Scattering)	157
3.6	Compton Scattering (Incoherent Scattering)	161
3.6.1	Kinematics	162
3.6.2	Cross Section	166
3.6.3	Binding Effects and Doppler Broadening	172
3.7	Pair Production and Triplet Production	178
3.7.1	Kinematics	179
3.7.2	Cross Section	181
3.7.2.1	Pair Production	181
3.7.2.2	Triplet Production	187
3.7.2.3	Total Pair-Production Cross Section	188
3.8	Positron Annihilation	188
3.8.1	Kinematics	189
3.8.2	Cross Section	191
3.9	Photonuclear Interactions	191
3.9.1	Cross Section	192
3.10	Photon Interaction Coefficients	193
3.10.1	Photon Attenuation Coefficient	194
3.10.2	Photon Energy-Transfer Coefficient	195
3.10.2.1	Photoelectric Effect	196
3.10.2.2	Compton Scattering	198
3.10.2.3	Pair and Triplet Production	200
3.10.3	Photon Energy-Absorption Coefficient	202
3.10.4	Uncertainties in Photon Interaction Data	203
3.11	Neutron Interactions	204
3.11.1	General Aspects	205
3.11.2	Elastic Scattering	206

3.11.3	Inelastic Scattering	209
3.11.4	Neutron Capture	210
3.11.5	Nuclear Spallation	211
3.11.6	Neutron-Induced Fission	211
	Exercises	211
<b>4</b>	<b>Field and Dosimetric Quantities, Radiation</b>	
	<b>Equilibrium – Definitions and Inter-Relations</b>	<b>215</b>
4.1	Introduction	215
4.2	Stochastic and Non-stochastic Quantities	215
4.3	Radiation Field Quantities and Units	216
4.3.1	Particle Number and Radiant Energy	216
4.3.2	Flux and Energy Flux	217
4.3.3	Fluence and Energy Fluence	217
4.3.4	Fluence Rate and Energy-Fluence Rate	218
4.3.5	Planar Fluence	218
4.4	Distributions of Field Quantities	219
4.4.1	Energy Distributions	219
4.4.2	Angular Distributions – Particle Radiance and Energy Radiance	220
4.4.3	Distributions in Energy and Angle	220
4.5	Quantities Describing Radiation Interactions	220
4.5.1	Cross Section	221
4.5.2	Interaction Coefficients for Uncharged Particles	222
4.5.3	Interaction Coefficients for Charged Particles	224
4.5.4	Related Quantities – $G(x)$ , $\mathcal{Y}$ , and $W$	227
4.6	Dosimetric Quantities	229
4.6.1	Quantities Related to the Transfer of Energy	229
4.6.2	Quantities Related to the Deposition of Energy	232
4.6.3	Summary of the Definitions of Fundamental Dosimetric Quantities	233
4.7	Relationships Between Field and Dosimetric Quantities	233
4.7.1	Photons	234
4.7.2	Neutrons	236
4.7.3	Charged Particles	237
4.8	Radiation Equilibrium (RE)	239
4.9	Charged-Particle Equilibrium (CPE)	242
4.9.1	CPE for Distributed Radioactive Sources	243
4.9.2	CPE for External Sources of Uncharged Particles	244
4.9.3	Restricted CPE for External Sources of Charged Particles (RCPE)	247
4.10	Partial Charged-Particle Equilibrium (PCPE)	248
4.10.1	PCPE and Relationships between Dose, Kerma, and Electronic Kerma	248
4.11	Summary of the Inter-Relations between Fluence, Kerma, Cema, and Dose	252
4.12	Addendum – Example Calculations of (Net) Energy Transferred and Imparted	252

4.12.1	Energy Transferred	252
4.12.2	Energy Imparted	255
	Exercises	256
<b>5</b>	<b>Elementary Aspects of the Attenuation of Uncharged Particles</b>	<b>259</b>
5.1	Introduction	259
5.2	Exponential Attenuation	259
5.2.1	Simple Exponential Attenuation	259
5.2.2	Exponential Attenuation for Plural Modes of Absorption	261
5.3	Narrow-Beam Attenuation	261
5.4	Broad-Beam Attenuation	263
5.4.1	Broad-Beam Geometries	266
5.5	Spectral Effects	270
5.6	The Build-up Factor	271
5.7	Divergent Beams – The Inverse Square Law	273
5.8	The Scaling Theorem	276
	Exercises	277
<b>6</b>	<b>Macroscopic Aspects of the Transport of Radiation Through Matter</b>	<b>279</b>
6.1	Introduction	279
6.2	The Radiation Transport Equation Formalism	280
6.2.1	Quantities Entering into the Formalism	281
6.2.2	The Transport Equation	282
6.3	Introduction to Monte Carlo Derived Distributions	286
6.4	Electron Beam Distributions	287
6.4.1	Fluence Distributions	287
6.4.2	Dose Distributions	291
6.4.3	Dose Distributions at Interfaces	295
6.5	Protons and Heavier Charged Particle Beam Distributions	296
6.5.1	Fluence Distributions	296
6.5.2	Dose Distributions	298
6.6	Photon Beam Distributions	301
6.6.1	Fluence Distributions	301
6.6.2	Dose Distributions	304
6.6.3	Dose Distributions at Interfaces	307
6.7	Neutron Beam Distributions	309
6.7.1	Fluence Distributions	309
6.7.2	Dose Distributions	311
	Exercises	313
<b>7</b>	<b>Characterization of Radiation Quality</b>	<b>315</b>
7.1	Introduction	315
7.2	General Aspects of Radiation Spectra. Mean Energy	316

7.3	Beam Quality Specification for Kilovoltage x-ray Beams	318
7.3.1	x-ray Filtration	319
7.3.2	x-ray Beam Quality Specification	321
7.4	Megavoltage Photon Beam Quality Specification	326
7.5	High-Energy Electron Beam Quality Specification	331
7.6	Beam Quality Specification of Protons and Heavier Charged Particles	335
7.7	Energy Spectra Determination	339
7.7.1	Approaches for the Calculation of Energy Spectra	339
7.7.2	Analytical Models for Inverse Determination of Spectra	342
7.7.3	Experimental Methods	345
	Exercises	346
<b>8</b>	<b>The Monte Carlo Simulation of the Transport of Radiation Through Matter</b>	<b>349</b>
8.1	Introduction	349
8.2	Basics of the Monte Carlo Method (MCM)	350
8.2.1	Random Numbers	350
8.2.2	Probability Distributions and Inverse Sampling	351
8.2.3	Sampling by Rejection	352
8.2.4	Sampling from Common Distributions	353
8.2.5	Numerical Integration Using MCM	356
8.2.6	Uncertainty, Timing, and Efficiency	357
8.2.7	Combining Results from Several Monte Carlo Runs	359
8.3	Simulation of Radiation Transport	359
8.3.1	Generation of Particle Tracks	361
8.3.2	Analogue Monte Carlo Simulation	362
8.3.3	Condensed-History Monte Carlo Simulation	365
8.3.4	Geometry	369
8.3.5	Variance Reduction Techniques	371
8.4	Monte Carlo Codes and Systems in the Public Domain	379
8.5	Monte Carlo Applications in Radiation Dosimetry	386
8.5.1	Radiation Sources and Generators	387
8.5.2	Detector Simulation	389
8.5.3	Calculation of Dosimetric Quantities	391
8.6	Other Monte Carlo Developments	393
	Exercises	394
<b>9</b>	<b>Cavity Theory</b>	<b>397</b>
9.1	Introduction	397
9.2	Cavities That Are Small Compared to Secondary Electron Ranges	399
9.2.1	The Stopping-Power Ratio Concept	400
9.2.2	Evaluation of the Bragg – Gray Stopping-Power Ratio	401
9.2.3	Spencer – Attix Cavity Theory	404
9.2.4	When Does a Cavity Behave in a Bragg – Gray Manner?	409
9.2.5	Kilovoltage x-ray Qualities	411

9.2.6	Electron Beams	412
9.3	Stopping-Power Ratios	413
9.3.1	Variation of Stopping-Power Ratios with Electron Energy	413
9.3.2	Water/Air Stopping-Power Ratios in Megavoltage Beams	415
9.3.2.1	Differences Between $s_{w,air}^{BG}$ and $s_{w,air}^{SA}$ ; Depth Dependence	415
9.3.2.2	Electrons – Dependence on Beam Energy and Depth	420
9.3.2.3	Photons – Dependence on Beam Quality and Depth	420
9.3.3	Stopping-Power Ratios for Non-gaseous Detectors in Charged-Particle Beams	422
9.4	Cavities That Are Large Compared to Electron Ranges	423
9.5	General or Burlin Cavity Theory	425
9.6	The Fano Theorem	429
9.7	Practical Detectors: Deviations from ‘Ideal’ Cavity Theory Conditions	431
9.7.1	General Philosophy for Bragg – Gray Detectors	432
9.7.2	Corrections for Non-Bragg – Gray Detectors	434
9.8	Summary and Validation of Cavity Theory	435
9.8.1	Key Expressions for $f_{med, det, Q}$	435
9.8.2	Photons of 1 MeV in Water – Consistency of Different Cavity Integrals	435
9.8.3	Transition in Detector Behavior from Bragg – Gray toward ‘Large Cavity’	438
	Exercises	440
<b>10</b>	<b>Overview of Radiation Detectors and Measurements</b>	<b>443</b>
10.1	Introduction	443
10.2	Detector Response and Calibration Coefficient	444
10.3	Absolute, Reference, and Relative Dosimetry	445
10.4	General Characteristics and Desirable Properties of Detectors	447
10.4.1	Reproducibility	449
10.4.2	Dose Range	450
10.4.2.1	Dose Sensitivity	450
10.4.2.2	Background Readings and Lower Range Limit	450
10.4.2.3	Upper Limit of the Dose Range	451
10.4.3	Dose-Rate Range	452
10.4.3.1	Integrating Dosimeters	452
10.4.3.2	Dose-Rate Meters	453
10.4.4	Stability	453
10.4.4.1	Before Irradiation	453
10.4.4.2	After Irradiation	454
10.4.5	Energy Dependence	454
10.4.5.1	Specification	454
10.4.5.2	Air-Kerma Energy Dependence	455
10.4.5.3	Absorbed-Dose Energy Dependence	457
10.4.5.4	Intrinsic Energy Dependence	458
10.4.5.5	Modification of the Energy Dependence	459
10.5	Brief Description of Various Types of Detectors	460

10.6	Addendum – The Role of the Density Effect and $I$ -Values in the Medium-to-Water Stopping-Power Ratio	467
	Exercises	471
<b>11</b>	<b>Primary Radiation Standards</b>	<b>473</b>
11.1	Introduction	473
11.2	Free-Air Ionization Chambers	474
11.2.1	Parallel-Plate Design and Operating Principle	474
11.2.2	Correction Factors for Free-Air Chambers	477
11.2.2.1	Ion Recombination, Polarity, and Field Distortion	477
11.2.2.2	Photon Scatter and Fluorescence	477
11.2.2.3	Electron Loss	477
11.2.2.4	Diaphragm Corrections	478
11.2.3	Alternative Free-Air Chamber Designs	478
11.2.3.1	Cylindrical Chamber	478
11.2.3.2	Wide-Angle Free-Air Chamber	480
11.3	Primary Cavity Ionization Chambers	481
11.3.1	Operating Principle	481
11.3.2	Correction Factors for Cavity Chambers	483
11.3.3	A Cavity Standard for Absorbed Dose	483
11.4	Absorbed-Dose Calorimeters	484
11.4.1	Overview	484
11.4.2	Graphite Calorimeters	485
11.4.3	Water Calorimeters	487
11.5	Fricke Chemical Dosimeter	488
11.6	International Framework for Traceability in Radiation Dosimetry	490
11.6.1	The BIPM and Traceability to the SI	490
11.6.2	The CIPM MRA and the KCDB	490
11.7	Addendum – Experimental Derivation of Fundamental Dosimetric Quantities	491
11.7.1	Derivation of $W_{\text{air}}/e$	492
11.7.2	Derivation of $G(\text{Fe}^{3+})$	492
	Exercises	493
<b>12</b>	<b>Ionization Chambers</b>	<b>497</b>
12.1	Introduction	497
12.2	Types of Ionization Chamber	498
12.2.1	Cavity Chambers	498
12.2.1.1	Wall Thickness	499
12.2.1.2	Wall Materials and Insulators	500
12.2.2	Parallel-Plate Chambers	501
12.2.3	Transmission Monitor Chambers	503
12.3	Measurement of Ionization Current	504
12.3.1	General Considerations	504
12.3.1.1	Electrometers	505
12.3.1.2	General Precautions	505



12.3.2	Charge Measurement	506
12.3.2.1	Measurement Principle	506
12.3.2.2	Capacitors	507
12.3.3	Current Measurement and Electrometer Calibration	508
12.3.4	Correction for Influence Quantities	508
12.3.4.1	Air Temperature	509
12.3.4.2	Air Pressure	510
12.3.4.3	Air Humidity	510
12.3.4.4	Polarity Effect	512
12.4	Ion Recombination	513
12.4.1	The Saturation Curve	514
12.4.2	Initial Recombination and Diffusion	515
12.4.2.1	Two-Voltage Method	516
12.4.3	General (or Volume) Recombination	517
12.4.3.1	Pulsed Radiation	518
12.4.3.2	Continuous Radiation	520
12.4.4	Niatel Method to Separate Initial and General Recombination	522
12.4.5	Free-Electron Collection	523
12.5	Addendum – Air Humidity in Dosimetry	524
12.5.1	Density of Humid Air	524
12.5.2	Influence of Humidity on Dosimetric Quantities	527
	Exercises	531
<b>13</b>	<b>Chemical Dosimeters</b>	<b>533</b>
13.1	Introduction	533
13.2	Radiation Chemistry in Water	533
13.2.1	Early Events	533
13.2.2	Chemical Stage	535
13.2.3	G(x)-Values and Primary Product Concentrations	535
13.3	Chemical Heat Defect	538
13.4	Ferrous Sulfate Dosimeters	539
13.4.1	Determination of the Fe <sup>3+</sup> (Ferric Ion) Concentration	541
13.4.2	Temperature-Dependent Aspects of Fricke Dosimetry	543
13.4.3	Composition of the Solution	543
13.4.4	Irradiation Vials	544
13.4.5	Energy Dependence of the Fricke Dosimeter	544
13.4.5.1	Absorbed Dose to Water from Absorbed Dose to Fricke	545
13.4.5.2	Energy Dependence of G(Fe <sup>3+</sup> )	546
13.5	Alanine Dosimetry	547
13.5.1	Signal Readout and Dose to Alanine	552
13.5.2	Temperature Effects, Humidity Effect, and Linearity	554
13.5.3	Energy Dependence of the Alanine Dosimeter	555
13.6	Film Dosimetry	556
13.6.1	Radiographic Film	556
13.6.1.1	Chemical Processing	557
13.6.1.2	Optical Density of Film	558
13.6.1.3	Processing Conditions	560

13.6.1.4	Energy Dependence	560
13.6.1.5	Dose-Rate Dependence	561
13.6.1.6	Film Packaging and Air Traps	561
13.6.1.7	Nuclear Track Emulsions	562
13.6.2	Radiochromic Film	562
13.6.2.1	Film Structure	563
13.6.2.2	Measurement Principle	563
13.6.2.3	Radiochromic Film Calibration	564
13.6.2.4	Energy Dependence	566
13.7	Gel Dosimetry	568
13.7.1	Fricke Gels	568
13.7.2	Polymer Gels	569
13.7.3	Radiation Chemical Yield of Gels	570
13.7.4	Gel Readout Techniques	571
13.7.4.1	Magnetic Resonance Relaxometry	571
13.7.4.2	X-ray Computed Tomography Imaging	573
13.7.4.3	Optical Computed Tomography Imaging	573
13.7.5	Energy Dependence	574
	Exercises	574
<b>14</b>	<b>Solid-State Detector Dosimetry</b>	<b>577</b>
14.1	Introduction	577
14.2	Thermoluminescence Dosimetry	577
14.2.1	The Thermoluminescence Process	577
14.2.1.1	Materials	577
14.2.1.2	Randall – Wilkins Theory	579
14.2.1.3	Trap Stability	580
14.2.1.4	Intrinsic Efficiency of TLD Phosphors	582
14.2.2	TLD Readers	582
14.2.3	TLD Phosphors	583
14.2.4	TLD Forms	586
14.2.5	Calibration of Thermoluminescent Dosimeters	587
14.2.5.1	Form	587
14.2.5.2	TLD Linearity and Dose-Rate Dependence	587
14.2.5.3	TLD Energy Dependence	587
14.2.6	Advantages and Disadvantages of TLDs	589
14.2.6.1	Advantages	589
14.2.6.2	Disadvantages	590
14.3	Optically-Stimulated Luminescence Dosimeters	591
14.3.1	OSLD Mechanism	591
14.3.2	OSLD Readout	593
14.3.3	OSLD Materials	594
14.3.4	OSLD Energy Dependence	595
14.4	Scintillation Dosimetry	596
14.4.1	Introduction	596
14.4.2	Light Output Efficiency	597
14.4.3	Scintillator Types	598

- 14.4.4 Light Collection and Measurement 600
  - 14.4.4.1 Scintillator Enclosure 600
  - 14.4.4.2 Light Pipe or Fiber 601
  - 14.4.4.3 PM tube or photodetector 604
  - 14.4.4.4 Čerenkov Radiation 605
  - 14.4.5 Comparison with Ionization Chambers and Other Detectors 606
  - 14.4.6 Pulse-Shape Discrimination 606
  - 14.4.7  $\beta$ -Ray Dosimetry 607
  - 14.4.8 Energy Dependence of Plastic Fiber Scintillation Dosimeters 608
- 14.5 Semiconductor Detectors for Dosimetry 609
  - 14.5.1 Introduction 609
  - 14.5.2 Basic Operation of Reverse-Biased Semiconductor Junction Detectors 610
  - 14.5.3 Diode Dosimeters 611
    - 14.5.3.1 Diode Construction and Functioning 611
    - 14.5.3.2 Diode Energy Dependence 613
  - 14.5.4 Lithium-Drifted and HP(Ge) Detectors for Spectroscopy 615
  - 14.5.5 Use of Si(Li) as an Ion-Chamber Substitute 617
  - 14.5.6 Use of Si(Li) Junctions with Reverse Bias as Counting Dose-Rate Meters 617
  - 14.5.7 Fast-Neutron Dosimetry 618
  - 14.5.8 MOSFET Dosimeters 618
    - 14.5.8.1 MOSFET Construction and Functioning 618
    - 14.5.8.2 MOSFET Energy Dependence 622
  - 14.5.9 Diamond Detectors 623
    - 14.5.9.1 Diamond Detector Construction and Functioning 624
    - 14.5.9.2 Diamond Detector Energy Dependence 627
  - Exercises 628
- 15 Reference Dosimetry for External Beam Radiation Therapy 631**
  - 15.1 Introduction 631
  - 15.2 A Generalized Formalism 632
    - 15.2.1 Detector Calibration Coefficient and Beam Calibration 632
    - 15.2.2 Cross-Calibration of Ionization Chambers and Detectors 635
  - 15.3 Practical Implementation of Formalisms 636
    - 15.3.1 Dosimetry Protocols for Kilovoltage X-ray Beams Based on Air-Kerma Standards 638
      - 15.3.1.1 Low-Energy kV x-ray Beams 640
      - 15.3.1.2 Medium-Energy kV x-ray Beams 642
    - 15.3.2 Dosimetry Protocols for Megavoltage Beams Based on Air-Kerma Standards 642
      - 15.3.2.1 The  $N_{D,air}$  Chamber Coefficient 643
      - 15.3.2.2 Dose Determination in Electron and Photon Beams 645

15.3.2.3	Dose Determination in Protons and Heavier Charged-Particle Beams	645
15.3.3	Dosimetry Codes of Practice Based on Standards of Absorbed Dose to Water	646
15.3.3.1	The Beam Quality Correction Factor, $k_{Q,Q_0}$	647
15.3.3.2	The $Q_{\text{int}}$ Approach for Reference Qualities Different from $^{60}\text{Co}$	648
15.3.4	Relation between $N_K - N_{D,\text{air}}$ and $N_{D,w}$ Dosimetry Protocols	651
15.4	Quantities Entering into the Various Formalisms	651
15.4.1	Quantities for Kilovoltage X-ray Beams	652
15.4.2	Quantities for High-Energy Beams	656
15.4.2.1	Stopping-Power Ratios	656
15.4.2.2	Impact of the $I$ -Value for Water on Reference Dosimetry	663
15.4.2.3	Perturbation Correction Factors	664
15.5	Accuracy of Radiation Therapy Reference Dosimetry	669
15.6	Addendum – Perturbation Correction Factors	671
15.6.1	Departure of Practical Ionization Chambers from Bragg – Gray Conditions	673
15.6.2	The Correction for the Chamber Wall, $p_{\text{wall}}$	674
15.6.3	Correcting for the Finite Size of the Gas Cavity, $p_{\text{dis}}$ and $p_{\text{fl}}$	678
15.6.3.1	Averaging over the Cavity Volume, $p_{\text{dis}}$	678
15.6.3.2	Fluence Perturbation, $p_{\text{fl}}$	683
15.6.4	The Correction for the Central Electrode, $p_{\text{cel}}$	686
15.6.5	Perturbation Factors for kV X-ray Beams	687
	Exercises	689
<b>16</b>	<b>Dosimetry of Small and Composite Radiotherapy Photon Beams</b>	<b>693</b>
16.1	Introduction	693
16.2	Overview	694
16.3	The Physics of Small Megavoltage Photon Beams	696
16.3.1	Charged-Particle Disequilibrium in Small Beams	696
16.3.2	Source Size and Small Beams	698
16.3.3	Spectral Changes in Small Beams	699
16.4	Dosimetry of Small Beams	701
16.4.1	Formalism	702
16.4.2	Beam Quality Specification	707
16.4.3	Stopping-Power Ratios for Small Beams	709
16.4.4	Ionization Chamber Perturbation Effects in Small Beams	711
16.5	Detectors for Small-Beam Dosimetry	714
16.6	Dosimetry of Composite Fields	717
16.6.1	Formalism	718
16.6.2	Absence of CPE in Composite Field Dosimetry	721
16.6.3	Correction Factors in Composite Field Dosimetry	721
16.7	Addendum—Measurement in Plastic Phantoms	723
	Exercises	726

<b>17</b>	<b>Reference Dosimetry for Diagnostic and Interventional Radiology</b>	<b>729</b>
17.1	Introduction	729
17.2	Specific Quantities and Units	730
17.2.1	Air Kerma versus Water Kerma	733
17.3	Formalism for Reference Dosimetry	736
17.3.1	Differences between the Diagnostic and Radiotherapy Formalisms	739
17.4	Quantities Entering into the Formalism	740
17.4.1	Quantities for Monoenergetic Photons	743
17.4.2	Quantities for Clinical X-ray Spectra	745
17.4.3	Influence of Phantom Thickness and Material	747
	Exercises	751
<b>18</b>	<b>Absorbed Dose Determination for Radionuclides</b>	<b>753</b>
18.1	Introduction	753
18.2	Radioactivity Quantities and Units	755
18.2.1	Decay Constant	755
18.2.2	Activity	755
18.2.3	Partial Decay Constants and Activity	756
18.2.4	Half-Life and Mean Life	756
18.2.5	Air-Kerma Rate Constant	757
18.3	Dosimetry of Unsealed Radioactive Sources	763
18.3.1	The Absorbed-Dose Fraction; Isotropic Dose Kernels	764
18.3.2	Dosimetry of Radioactive Disintegration Processes	773
18.3.2.1	Alpha Decay	774
18.3.2.2	Beta Decay	776
18.3.2.3	Electron Capture Decay	780
18.3.2.4	Internal Conversion versus $\gamma$ -Ray Emission	782
18.3.3	Mean Energy Emitted Per Nuclear Transformation	784
18.3.4	The MIRD Approach for Clinical Radionuclide Dose Estimation	786
18.4	Dosimetry of Sealed Radioactive Sources	788
18.4.1	Dosimetry of Point and Linear Sources	789
18.4.1.1	Point Isotropic Source	792
18.4.1.2	Linear Source	792
18.4.2	Specification of Brachytherapy Sources	795
18.4.3	Air-Kerma Rate Measurement of Brachytherapy Sources	796
18.4.4	Dosimetry of Brachytherapy Sources. The AAPM TG-43 Approach	798
18.4.5	Analytical Approximation for the Dose-Rate Constant	802
18.5	Addendum – The Reciprocity Theorem for Unsealed Radionuclide Dosimetry	804
18.5.1	Background	804
18.5.2	The Reciprocity Theorem	805
	Exercises	809

<b>19</b>	<b>Neutron Dosimetry</b>	<b>813</b>
19.1	Introduction	813
19.2	Neutron Interactions in Tissue and Tissue-Equivalent Materials	814
19.3	Neutron Sources	818
19.4	Principles of Mixed-Field Dosimetry	821
19.5	Neutron Detectors	825
19.5.1	Absolute Instruments	825
19.5.2	Dosimeters with Comparable Neutron and $\gamma$ -Ray Sensitivities	826
19.5.3	Neutron Dosimeters Insensitive to $\gamma$ Rays	827
19.6	Reference Dosimetry of Neutron Radiotherapy Beams	833
	Exercises	838
<b>A</b>	<b>Data Tables</b>	<b>841</b>
A.1	Fundamental and Derived Physical Constants	841
A.2	Data of Elements	843
A.3	Data for Compounds and Mixtures	846
A.4	Atomic Binding Energies for Elements	846
A.5	Atomic Fluorescent X-ray Mean Energies and Yields for Elements	857
A.6	Interaction Data for Electrons and Positrons (Electronic Form)	863
A.6.1	Electron Interaction Cross Sections	864
A.6.2	Electron Stopping Powers and Related Data	865
A.6.3	Restricted ( $\Delta = 10$ keV) and Unrestricted Mass Electronic Stopping Powers	866
A.6.4	Electron Mass Scattering Powers	867
A.7	Interaction Data for Protons and Heavier Charged Particles (Electronic Form)	868
A.7.1	Properties of Heavy Charged Particles	868
A.7.2	Proton Stopping Powers	869
A.7.3	Proton Mass Scattering Powers	871
A.7.4	He – Ar Ion Stopping Powers	872
A.8	Interaction Data for Photons (Electronic Form)	874
A.8.1	Compton Klein – Nishina Cross Sections for Free Electrons	875
A.8.2	Photon Interaction Cross Sections	877
A.8.3	Photon $\mu/\rho$ , $\mu_{tr}/\rho$ , and $\mu_{en}/\rho$ Coefficients, and g Values	878
A.9	Neutron Kerma Coefficients (Electronic Form)	879

**References** 881

**Index** 945