



Supporting Information

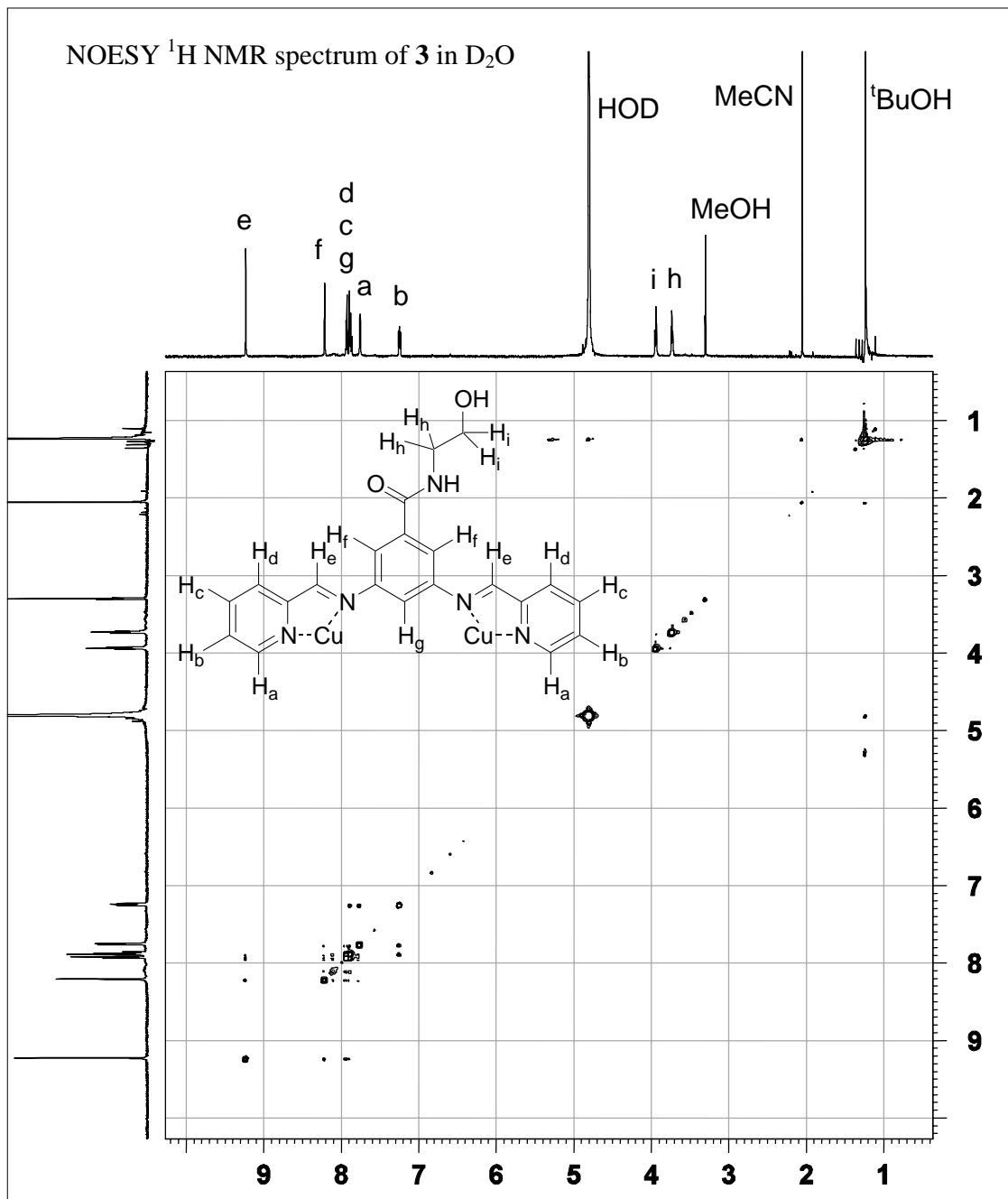
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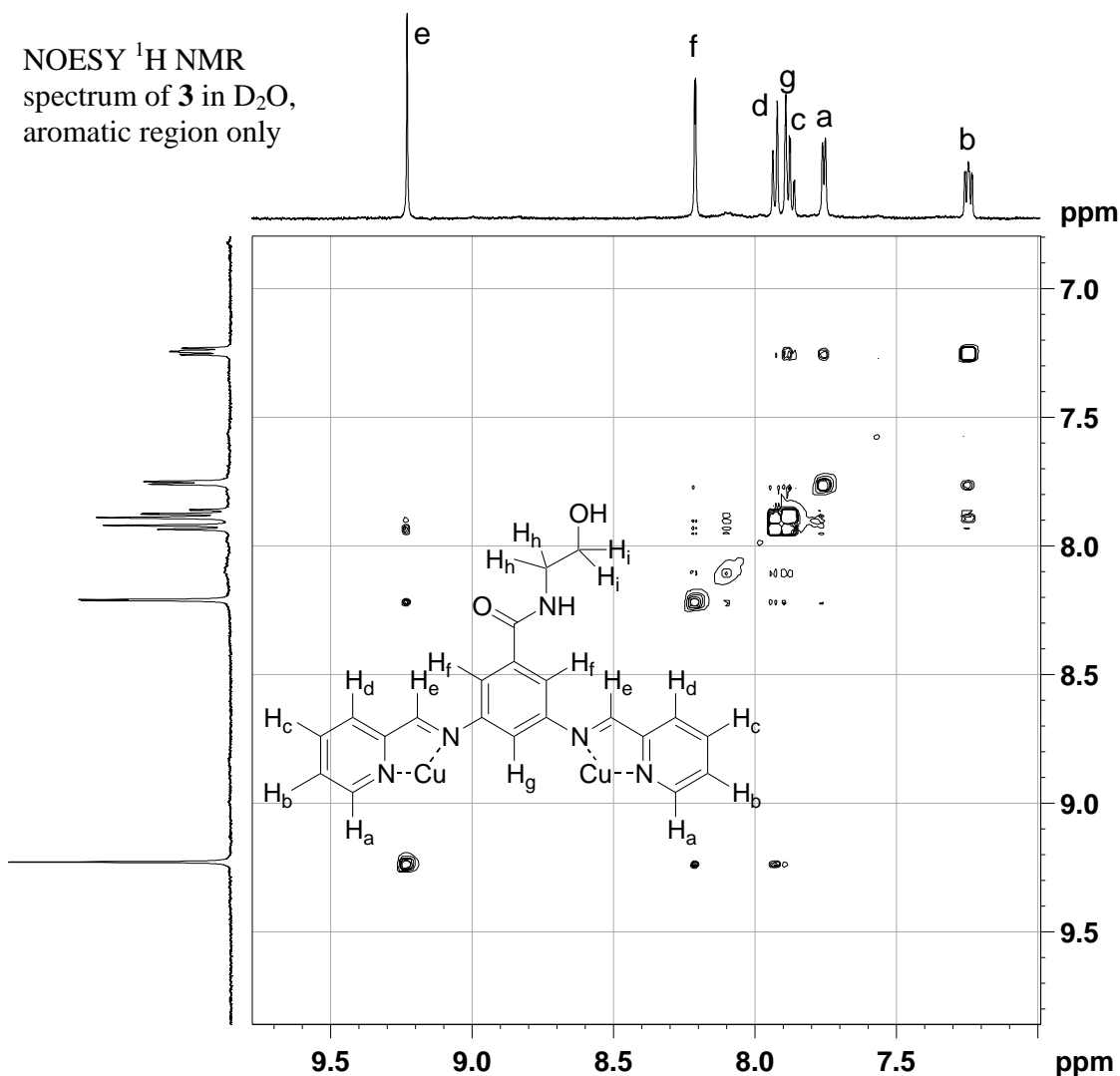
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Supporting information for “Hydrophobic Effect as a Driving Force in the Self-Assembly of a $[2 \times 2]$ Copper(I) Grid” by Jonathan R. Nitschke,* Marie Hutin, and Gérald Bernardinelli



NOESY ^1H NMR
spectrum of **3** in D_2O ,
aromatic region only



Synthesis of 3,5-diamino-N-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-benzamide (1): Into a 10 ml Schlenk flask was loaded methyl-3,5-diaminobenzoate (1.26 g, 7.62 mmol) and 2-aminoethanol (5.05 g, 82.7 mmol). The atmosphere was purified of dioxygen by three evacuation / argon-purge cycles, and the mixture was stirred until the solids dissolved. The light orange solution was then placed in an oil bath at 373 K and stirred at this temperature for 3 h. The mixture was then allowed to cool to room temperature, and volatiles were removed under dynamic vacuum during 12 h. The product was recrystallised from a mixture of water and 2-methyl-2-propanol, and obtained as white microcrystals. The isolated yield was 1.19 g, 80 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, 300 K, D_2O , referenced to 2-methyl-2-propanol at 1.24 ppm as internal standard): δ = 6.59 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H, 2,6-phenylamide), 6.42 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, 4-phenylamide), 3.73 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H, ethanolamide), 3.47 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H, ethanolamide); ^{13}C NMR (100.62 MHz, 300 K, D_2O , referenced to the methyl groups of 2-methyl-2-propanol at 30.29 ppm as internal standard): δ = 171.2, 147.6, 135.8, 106.7, 105.9, 59.92, 41.85.; EI-MS m/z = 195 (1^+), 177 ($1^+ - \text{H}_2\text{O}$) 135 ($1^+ - \text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$); Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$: C 55.37, H 6.71, N 21.52; Found C 55.19, H 6.76, N 21.40.

Attempts at the synthesis of 3 in different solvents: Diamine **1** (0.02 mmol) was mixed with pyridine-2-carboxaldehyde **2** (2 equiv) and copper(I) tetrakis(acetonitrile)tetrafluoroborate (1 equiv) in the solvent noted below (0.7 ml) under an argon atmosphere.

Deuterated solvent	Solution color	Solubility	Appearance of the NMR spectrum
DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆	purple-orange	poor	broad peaks
CD ₃ OD	purple	poor	broad peaks
CD ₃ CN	yellow-orange	poor	numerous peaks
CD ₃ NO ₂	pink-orange	poor	broad peaks
CDCl ₃	orange	poor	pyridinecarboxaldehyde and CH ₃ CN observed
C ₆ D ₆	light yellow	poor	pyridinecarboxaldehyde observed
Acetone- <i>d</i> ₆	red-pink	poor	broad peaks

Non-deuterated solvent	Solution color	Solubility	Analytical technique
DMF	purple-orange	good	ES-MS : showed only the formation of [CuL] ⁺ (m/z=436.3)
Pyridine	light orange	good	None
Et ₂ O	colorless	very poor	None
CH ₃ COOH	purple	poor	NMR : numerous peaks
THF	yellow-orange	poor	None

Solubility good: all products were soluble

Solubility poor: insoluble products were observed