

Supporting Information © Wiley-VCH 2005

69451 Weinheim, Germany

Ambident Reactivity of the Nitrite Ion Revisited

Alexander A. Tishkov, Uli Schmidhammer, Stefan Roth, Eberhard Riedle and Herbert Mayr*

[*] Prof. Dr. H. Mayr, Dr. A. A. Tishkov

Department Chemie und Biochemie, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München

Butenandtstr. 5–13 (Haus F), D-81377 München (Germany)

Fax: (+49) 89-2180-77717

E-mail: Herbert.Mayr@cup.uni-muenchen.de

Prof. Dr. E. Riedle, Dipl.-Phys. U. Schmidhammer, Dipl.-Phys. S. Roth

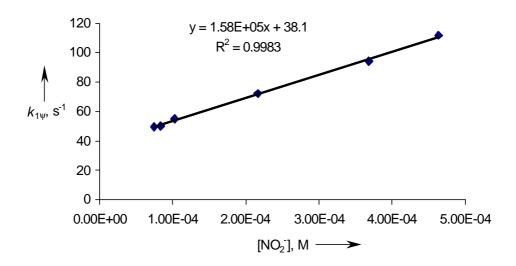
Lehrstuhl für BioMolekulare Optik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München

Oettingenstr. 67, D-80538 München (Germany)

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1a-BF4 in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}C$ by stopped flow technique

No.	$[1a-BF_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^-], M$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {\rm ^{o}C}), {\rm s}^{-1}$
1	1.12×10^{-5}	7.99×10^{-5}	49.4
2	1.12×10^{-5}	8.94×10^{-5}	50.2
3	1.12×10^{-5}	1.08×10^{-4}	55.0
4	1.12×10^{-5}	2.22×10^{-4}	74.3
5	1.12×10^{-5}	3.74×10^{-4}	94.2
6	1.12×10^{-5}	4.69×10^{-4}	112

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 631 nm.

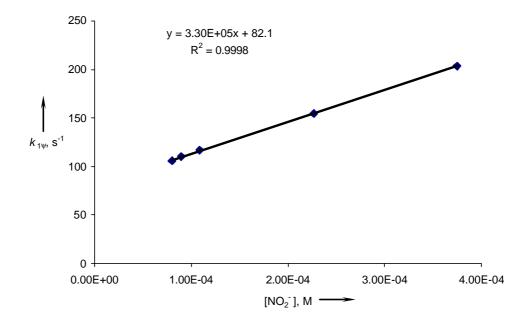


$$k_2 (20 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (1.57 \pm 0.05) \times 10^5 \,\text{M}^{-1} \,\text{s}^{-1}$$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1b-BF $_4$ in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ by stopped flow technique

No.	$[{\bf 1b}\text{-BF}_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^-], M$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {\rm ^{o}C}), {\rm s}^{-1}$
1	1.07×10^{-5}	8.02×10^{-5}	106
2	1.07×10^{-5}	8.96×10^{-5}	110
3	1.07×10^{-5}	1.09×10^{-4}	117
4	1.07×10^{-5}	2.26×10^{-4}	155
5	1.07×10^{-5}	3.75×10^{-4}	204

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 635 nm.

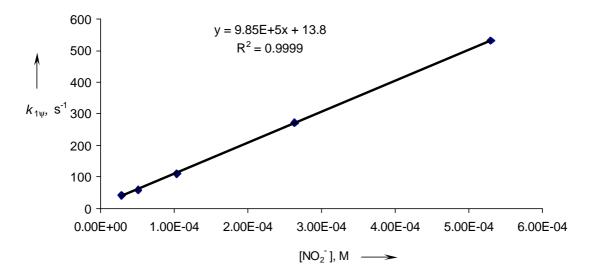


$$k_2 (20 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (3.30 \pm 0.02) \times 10^5 \,\text{M}^{-1} \,\text{s}^{-1}$$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1c-BF4 in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}C$ by stopped flow technique

No.	$[1c-BF_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^-], M$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {\rm ^{o}C}), {\rm s}^{-1}$
1	5.19×10^{-6}	2.84×10^{-5}	42.2
2	5.19×10^{-6}	5.06×10^{-5}	58.7
3	5.19×10^{-6}	1.03×10^{-4}	111
4	5.19×10^{-6}	2.63×10^{-4}	272
5	5.19×10^{-6}	5.29×10^{-4}	532

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 616 nm.

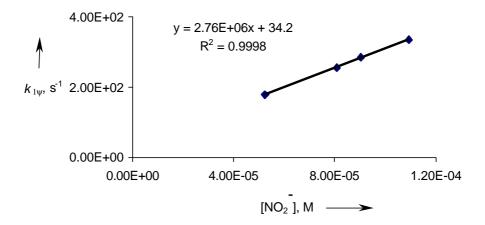


$$k_2 (20 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (9.85 \pm 0.06) \times 10^5 \,\text{M}^{-1} \,\text{s}^{-1}$$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1d-BF4 in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}C$ by stopped flow technique

No.	$[1d-BF_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^-], M$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {\rm ^{o}C}), {\rm s}^{-1}$
1	9.38×10^{-6}	5.70×10^{-5}	179
2	9.38×10^{-6}	8.55×10^{-5}	256
3	9.38×10^{-6}	9.50×10^{-5}	285
4	9.38×10^{-6}	1.14×10^{-4}	336

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 620 nm.

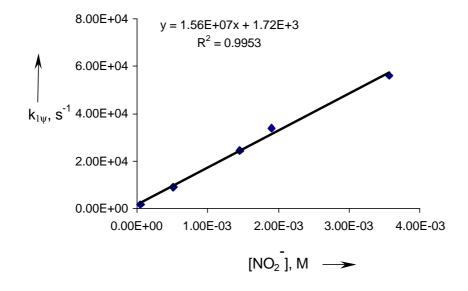


$$k_2(20~^{\rm o}{\rm C}) = (2.76 \pm 0.03) \times 10^6$$
 M $^{-1}$ s $^{-1}$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1e in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ by laser flash technique

No.	$[1e-BF_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^{-}]_0, M$	$[NO_2^-], M^{[b]}$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {}^{\circ}\text{C}), \text{s}^{-1}$
1	4.12×10^{-4}	4.63×10^{-4}	5.13×10^{-5}	1.78×10^{3}
2	4.12×10^{-4}	9.27×10^{-4}	5.15×10^{-4}	9.18×10^{3}
3	3.28×10^{-4}	1.78×10^{-3}	1.45×10^{-3}	2.45×10^{4}
4	4.12×10^{-4}	2.32×10^{-3}	1.90×10^{-3}	3.39×10^{4}
5	4.12×10^{-4}	3.98×10^{-3}	3.57×10^{-3}	5.61×10^{4}

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 605 nm. [b] The solution of $\mathbf{1e}$ -BF₄ was added to a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in a graduated flask and the resulting mixture was diluted to 25 mL. Concentration of the nitrite ion $[NO_2^-] = [NO_2^-]_0 - [\mathbf{1e}$ -BF₄]_0.

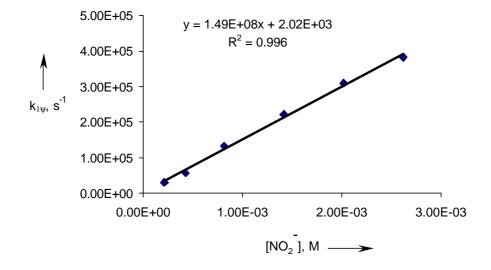


$$k_2 (20 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (1.56 \pm 0.06) \times 10^7 \, \text{M}^{-1} \, \text{s}^{-1}$$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1f in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ by laser flash technique

No.	$[{\bf 1f} ext{-}{ m BF}_4]_0,{ m M}^{\ [a]}$	$[NO_2^-]_0, M$	$[NO_2^-], M^{[b]}$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {}^{\circ}\text{C}), \text{s}^{-1}$
1	3.88×10^{-4}	6.02×10^{-4}	2.14×10^{-4}	3.04×10^{4}
2	7.75×10^{-4}	1.20×10^{-3}	4.29×10^{-4}	5.64×10^{4}
3	3.88×10^{-4}	1.20×10^{-3}	8.16×10^{-4}	1.32×10^{5}
4	3.88×10^{-4}	1.81×10^{-3}	1.42×10^{-3}	2.22×10^{5}
5	3.88×10^{-4}	2.41×10^{-3}	2.02×10^{-3}	3.09×10^{5}
6	3.88×10^{-4}	3.01×10^{-3}	2.62×10^{-3}	3.82×10^{5}

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 614 nm. [b] A solution of $\mathbf{1f}$ -BF₄ was added to a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in a graduated flask and the resulting mixture was diluted to 25 mL. Concentration of the nitrite ion $[NO_2^-] = [NO_2^-]_0 - [\mathbf{1f}$ -BF₄]_0.

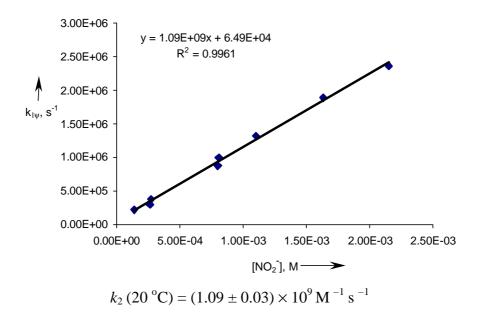


$$k_2 (20 \,{}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (1.49 \pm 0.05) \times 10^8 \,\text{M}^{-1} \,\text{s}^{-1}$$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1g in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ by laser flash technique

No.	$[1g-BF_4]_0, M^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^{-}]_0, M$	$[\mathrm{NO}_2^-],\mathrm{M}^{[\mathrm{b}]}$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {}^{\circ}\text{C}), \text{s}^{-1}$
1	4.12×10^{-4}	1.51×10^{-3}	1.10×10^{-3}	1.32×10^{6}
2	2.49×10^{-4}	1.88×10^{-3}	1.63×10^{-3}	1.89×10^{6}
3	1.99×10^{-4}	2.35×10^{-3}	2.15×10^{-3}	2.36×10^{6}
4	1.65×10^{-4}	3.02×10^{-4}	1.37×10^{-4}	2.19×10^{5}
5	4.92×10^{-4}	7.53×10^{-4}	2.61×10^{-4}	2.98×10^{5}
6	1.99×10^{-4}	4.69×10^{-4}	2.70×10^{-4}	3.75×10^{5}
7	4.12×10^{-4}	1.21×10^{-3}	7.98×10^{-4}	8.76×10^{5}
8	3.93×10^{-4}	1.20×10^{-3}	8.07×10^{-4}	9.92×10^{5}

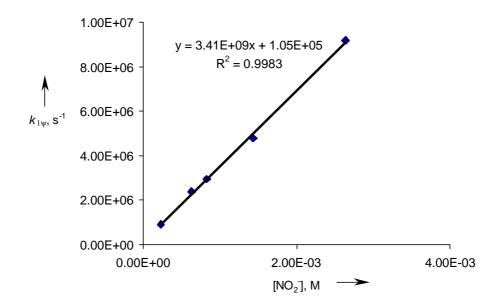
[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 590 nm. [b] A solution of $\mathbf{1g}$ -BF₄ was added to a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in a graduated flask and the resulting mixture was diluted to 25 mL. Concentration of the nitrite ion $[NO_2^-] = [NO_2^-]_0 - [\mathbf{1g}$ -BF₄]_0.



Combination of the nitrite ion with 1h in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}C$ by laser flash technique

No.	$[{\bf 1h} {-} {\rm BF}_4]_0, {\rm M}^{[a]}$	$[NO_2^-]_0, M$	$[\mathrm{NO}_2^-],\mathrm{M}^{[\mathrm{b}]}$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {}^{\circ}\text{C}), \text{s}^{-1}$
1	3.70×10^{-4}	6.02×10^{-4}	2.32×10^{-4}	9.00×10^{5}
2	2.75×10^{-4}	9.07×10^{-4}	6.32×10^{-4}	2.38×10^{6}
3	3.70×10^{-4}	1.20×10^{-3}	8.34×10^{-4}	2.95×10^{6}
4	3.70×10^{-4}	1.81×10^{-3}	1.44×10^{-3}	4.79×10^{6}
5	3.70×10^{-4}	3.01×10^{-3}	2.64×10^{-3}	9.20×10^{6}

[a] Absorption decay was monitored at 590 nm. [b] A solution of $\mathbf{1h}$ -BF₄ was added to a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in a graduated flask and the resulting mixture was diluted to 25 mL. Concentration of the nitrite ion $[NO_2^-] = [NO_2^-]_0 - [\mathbf{1h}$ -BF₄]₀.



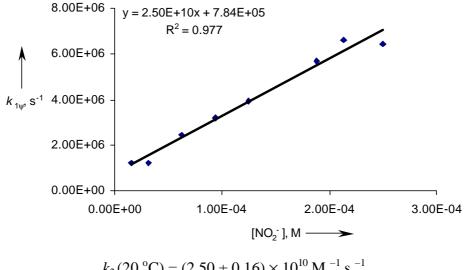
 $k_2 (20 \,{}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (3.41 \pm 0.08) \times 10^9 \,\text{M}^{-1} \,\text{s}^{-1}$

Combination of the nitrite ion with 1j in acetonitrile at 20 °C by laser flash technique

$$\begin{array}{c} CI \\ Laser pulse \\ \hline 290 \text{ nm} \\ Me \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} Me \\ \hline 1j\text{-ONO} \\ \hline \\ Me \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} N\text{-Bu}_4 N^{\oplus} NO_2^{\ominus} \\ \hline \\ N^{\oplus} O \\ \hline \\ Me \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} N\text{-Bu}_4 N^{\oplus} NO_2^{\ominus} \\ \hline \\ N^{\oplus} O \\ \hline \\ Me \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} N\text{-Bu}_4 N^{\oplus} NO_2^{\ominus} \\ \hline \\ N^{\oplus} O \\ \hline \\ N^{\oplus} O$$

No.	[1j –Cl] ₀ , M ^[a]	$[NO_2^-], M^{[b]}$	$k_{1\psi}(20 {\rm ^{o}C}), {\rm s}^{-1}$
1	3.87×10^{-3}	1.57×10^{-5}	1.22×10^{6}
2	4.76×10^{-3}	3.13×10^{-5}	1.24×10^{6}
3	3.09×10^{-3}	6.26×10^{-5}	2.44×10^{6}
4	3.09×10^{-3}	9.39×10^{-5}	3.21×10^{6}
5	4.19×10^{-3}	1.25×10^{-4}	3.93×10^{6}
6	4.19×10^{-3}	1.88×10^{-4}	5.69×10^{6}
7	3.57×10^{-3}	2.50×10^{-4}	6.44×10^{6}
8	4.93×10^{-3}	2.13×10^{-4}	6.62×10^{6}

[a] Decay of the absorption of 1j was monitored at 470 nm. [b] A solution of 1j-Cl was added to a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in a graduated flask and the resulting mixture was diluted to 25 mL. 1j-Cl reacts with n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ in MeCN very slow, and initial concentration of the nitrite ion is $[NO_2^-]$.



$$k_2(20~{\rm ^{o}C}) = (2.50 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{10} {\rm M}^{-1} {\rm s}^{-1}$$

Ionisation equilibrium for $1a-NO_2$ in acetonitrile at $20\ ^{o}C$ by J&M TIDAS spectrometer with Hellma insertion probe

Nr.	$[1a-BF_4]_0 / M$	$[\mathrm{NO_2}^-]_0 / \mathrm{M}$	$A_{\rm eq}^{[a]}$	$[1a-BF_4]_{eq}/M^{[b]}$	$[\mathrm{NO}_2^-]_{\mathrm{eq}}$ / M	$[1a-NO_2]_{eq} / M$	K/M^{-1}
1	2.26×10^{-5}	1.30×10^{-4}	0.783	1.32×10^{-5}	1.21×10^{-4}	9.44×10^{-6}	5.95×10^{3}
2	2.17×10^{-5}	2.50×10^{-4}	0.553	9.29×10^{-6}	2.38×10^{-4}		
3	2.09×10^{-5}	3.62×10^{-4}	0.427	7.18×10^{-6}	3.48×10^{-4}	1.37×10^{-5}	5.49×10^{3}
4	2.02×10^{-5}	4.65×10^{-4}	0.347	5.83×10^{-6}	4.51×10^{-4}	1.44×10^{-5}	5.47×10^{3}
5	1.24×10^{-5}	7.52×10^{-5}	0.515	8.66×10^{-6}	7.15×10^{-5}	3.74×10^{-6}	6.05×10^{3}
6	1.20×10^{-5}	1.77×10^{-4}	0.353	5.93×10^{-6}	1.71×10^{-4}	6.07×10^{-6}	5.98×10^{3}
7	1.17×10^{-5}	2.72×10^{-4}	0.271	4.55×10^{-6}	2.65×10^{-4}		
8	1.13×10^{-5}	3.62×10^{-4}	0.218	3.66×10^{-6}	3.54×10^{-4}	7.64×10^{-6}	5.88×10^{3}

[a] At 631 nm, d = 0.5 cm. [b] For **1a**–BF₄: $\lambda_{max} = 631$ nm, e = 1.19×10^5 cm⁻¹?M⁻¹

$$K(20 \,{}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (5.80 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{3} \,\text{M}^{-1}$$

Ionisation equilibrium for 1b-NO2 in acetonitrile at 20 °C

Nr.	$[1b-BF_4]_0 / M$	$[\mathrm{NO_2}^-]_0 / \mathrm{M}$	$A_{\rm eq}^{a}$	$[\mathbf{1b}\text{-BF}_4]_{\text{eq}} / M^b$	$[\mathrm{NO_2}^-]_{\mathrm{eq}} / \mathrm{M}$	$[\mathbf{1b}-\mathrm{NO}_2]_{\mathrm{eq}}$ / M	K/M^{-1}
1	1.06×10^{-5}	3.54×10^{-5}	0.588	9.33×10^{-6}	3.41×10^{-5}	1.27×10^{-6}	3.98×10^{3}
2	1.04×10^{-5}	1.04×10^{-4}	0.450	7.14×10^{-6}	1.01×10^{-4}	3.26×10^{-6}	4.53×10^{3}
3	1.02×10^{-5}	1.70×10^{-4}	0.370	5.87×10^{-6}	1.66×10^{-4}	4.33×10^{-6}	4.45×10^{3}
4	9.76×10^{-6}	2.94×10^{-4}	0.275	4.37×10^{-6}	2.89×10^{-4}	5.39×10^{-6}	4.28×10^{3}
5	1.99×10^{-5}	1.33×10^{-4}	0.796	1.26×10^{-5}	1.26×10^{-4}	7.27×10^{-6}	4.57×10^{3}
6	1.91×10^{-5}	2.57×10^{-4}	0.560	8.89×10^{-6}	2.47×10^{-4}	1.02×10^{-5}	4.65×10^{3}
7	1.85×10^{-5}	3.71×10^{-4}	0.433	6.87×10^{-6}	3.59×10^{-4}	1.16×10^{-5}	4.71×10^{3}
8	1.50×10^{-5}	1.34×10^{-4}	0.580	9.21×10^{-6}	1.28×10^{-4}	5.79×10^{-6}	4.91×10^{3}
9	1.44×10^{-5}	2.57×10^{-4}	0.410	6.51×10^{-6}	2.49×10^{-4}	7.89×10^{-6}	4.87×10^{3}
10	1.39×10^{-5}	3.72×10^{-4}	0.315	5.00×10^{-6}	3.63×10^{-4}	8.90×10^{-6}	4.90×10^{3}

^a At 635 nm, d = 0.5 cm. ^b For **1b**-BF₄: $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 635$ nm, e = 1.26 × 10⁵ cm⁻¹?M⁻¹.

$$K(20 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (4.58 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{3} \,\text{M}^{-1}$$

Ionisation equilibrium for (ind) $_2CH$ –NO $_2$ in acetonitrile at 20 $^{\rm o}C$

Nr.	$[1c-BF_4]_0 / M$	$[NO_2^-]_0 / M$	A_{eq}^{a}	$[\mathbf{1c}\text{-BF}_4]_{\text{eq}} / M^b$	$[NO_2^-]_{eq} / M$	$[1c-NO_2]_{eq} / M$	K/M^{-1}
1	1.53×10^{-5}	2.88×10^{-5}	0.322	4.67×10^{-6}	1.82×10^{-5}	1.06×10^{-5}	1.25×10^{5}
2	1.51×10^{-5}	8.56×10^{-5}	0.094	1.36×10^{-6}	7.19×10^{-5}	1.37×10^{-5}	1.40×10^{5}
3	1.50×10^{-5}	1.42×10^{-4}	0.052	7.54×10^{-7}	1.28×10^{-4}		
4	1.52×10^{-5}	1.43×10^{-5}	0.578	8.38×10^{-6}	7.48×10^{-6}		
5	1.51×10^{-5}	4.28×10^{-5}	0.233	3.38×10^{-6}	3.11×10^{-5}	1.17×10^{-5}	1.12×10^{5}
6	1.49×10^{-5}	1.27×10^{-4}	0.079	1.14×10^{-6}	1.13×10^{-4}		1.06×10^{5}
7	1.51×10^{-5}	7.11×10^{-6}	0.758	1.10×10^{-5}	3.00×10^{-6}		
8	1.50×10^{-5}	3.54×10^{-5}	0.280	4.06×10^{-6}	2.45×10^{-5}	1.09×10^{-5}	1.10×10^{5}
9	1.49×10^{-5}	9.13×10^{-5}	0.105	1.52×10^{-6}		1.34×10^{-5}	1.13×10^{5}

^a Bei 616 nm, d = 0.5 cm. ^b For **1c**-BF₄: $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 616$ nm, e = 1.38×10^5 cm⁻¹?M⁻¹.

$$K(20 \,{}^{\circ}\text{C}) = (1.21 \pm 0.14) \times 10^5 \,\text{M}^{-1}$$

Synthesis of bis(aryl)methyl nitrites (1i,j)-ONO

OH
$$R = OMe \text{ or } Me$$

$$Et_3N / NOCI$$

$$-Et_3NH^{\oplus}CI^{\ominus}$$

$$R = OMo \text{ or } Me$$

$$(1i,j)-ONO$$

To a stirred solution of bis(aryl)methanol (1.00 mmol) and Et_3N (202 mg, 2.00 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) neat NOCl (ca. 0.2 mL) was added at -78 °C and the resulting mixture was stirred for 20 min at -78 °C and 10 min at -30 °C. The reaction mixture was diluted with heptane (10 mL), and after removal of the cooling bath it was concentrated in vacuum until the excess NOCl is evaporated and colourless suspension of $Et_3NH^+Cl^-$ is left. The residue was filtered through glass-wool and evaporated in vacuum to give product slightly contaminated by unidentified product (1H NMR control) as a yellowish oil [1i-ONO: 250 mg (91 %); 1j-ONO: 219 mg (91 %)].

1i-ONO: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 3.80 (s, 6 H), 6.89 (d, 4 H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.22 (d, 4 H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.33 (s, 1 H, Ar₂CH). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 55.4 (OMe), 81.5 (Ar₂CH), 114.1 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 132.2 (C_q), 159.5 (C_q). ¹⁵N NMR (40.5 MHz, gHMBC, CDCl₃): d = 176.5 (s, ONO). MS (EI), m/z (%): 273 (M⁺, 0.19), 227 (M⁺ – NO₂, 100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₅NO₄: 273.0997; found: 273.0990.

1j-ONO: 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 2.25 (s, 6 H), 7.06 (d, 4 H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.11 (d, 4 H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.50 (s, 1 H, Ar₂CH). 13 C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 21.3 (Me), 81.8 (Ar₂CH), 127.4 (CH), 129.4 (CH), 137.2 (C_q), 138.1 (C_q). 15 N NMR (40.5 MHz, gHMBC, CDCl₃): d = 174.6 (s, ONO).

Rearrangement of bis(4-methoxyphenyl) methyl nitrite 1i-ONO into bis(4-methoxyphenyl) nitromethane 1i-NO $_2$

Neat nitrite **1i**-ONO (90 mg, 0.33 mmol) was maintained at 0 °C for 48 hours and the resulting red solid was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂) to give **1i**-NO₂ (48 mg, 53 %, slightly contaminated by unidentified product), 4,4'-dimethoxybenzophenone **2i** (12 mg, 15 %) and traces of di[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl] ether.

1i-NO₂: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 3.82 (s, 6 H), 6.71 (s, 1 H, Ar₂CH), 6.93 (d, 4 H, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.30 (d, 4 H, J = 8.7 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): d = 55.5 (OMe), 94.0 (Ar₂CH), 114.3 (CH), 126.8 (C_q), 129.9 (CH), 160.4 (C_q). ¹⁵N NMR (40.5 MHz, gHMBC, CDCl₃): d = 0.7 (s, NO₂).

Reaction of bis(4-methoxyphenyl)nitromethane $\,$ 1i-NO $_2$ with tetra-butylammonium nitrite

To a stirred solution of $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{N}^+\text{NO}_2^-$ (54 mg, 0.19 mmol) in dry MeCN (6 mL) a solution of **1i**-NO₂ (10 mg, 0.037 mmol, slightly contaminated by unidentified product) in benzene (0.2 mL) was added at 20 °C. After 3 h of stirring at 20 °C the solvent was evaporated and the residue was extracted with n-heptane (3 × 5 mL). The combined n-heptane extracts were filtered through glass-wool and evaporated in vacuum to give **2i** (8 mg, 89 %, slightly contaminated by unidentified product from the starting material).

Reaction of bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl nitrite 1i-ONO with tetra-butylammonium nitrite

To a stirred solution of $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{N}^+\text{NO}_2^-$ (582 mg, 2.02 mmol) in dry MeCN (60 mL) a solution of **1i**-ONO (119 mg, 0.435 mmol) in benzene (1 mL) was added at 20 °C. After 3 h of stirring at 20 °C the reaction mixture was evaporated and the residue was extracted with n-hexane (10 × 10 mL). The combined n-hexane extracts were filtered through glass-wool and evaporated in vacuum to give **1i**-ONO (109 mg, 92 % recovery, ^1H NMR control).

Interaction of bis(4-methylphenyl)methyl nitrite 1j-ONO with tetra-butylammonium nitrite

To a stirred solution of $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{N}^+\text{NO}_2^-$ (951 mg, 3.30 mmol) in dry MeCN (100 mL) a solution of **1j**-ONO (155 mg, 0.567 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL) was added at 20 °C. After 25 h of stirring at 20 °C, 15 mL of the reaction mixture was separated. After concentration of the sample, the residue was extracted with n-hexane (10 × 10 mL). The combined n-hexane extracts were filtered through glasswool and evaporated in vacuum to give **1j**-ONO (21 mg, corresponds to 92 % recovery, ¹H NMR control).

Reaction of bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylchloride 1i-Cl with tetra-butylammonium nitrite

To a stirred solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (360 mg, 1.25 mmol) in dry MeCN (35 mL) a solution of **1i**-Cl (72 mg, 0.27 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL) was added at 20 °C. After 3 h of stirring at 20 °C, the reaction mixture was evaporated and the residue was extracted with n-hexane (10 × 10 mL). The combined extracts were filtered through glass-wool and evaporated in vacuum to give a mixture of **1i**-ONO (67 %) and **2i** (20 %) [yields determined by 1 H NMR with CH₂Cl₂ as an internal standard].

The components of the product mixture were identified by comparison of their ¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra with the spectra of pure **1i**-ONO and **2i**.

Reaction of bis(4-methylphenyl)methyl bromide 1j-Br with tetra-butylammonium nitrite

To a stirred solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (288 mg, 1.00 mmol) in dry MeCN (30 mL) a solution of 1j-Br^[S1] (60 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL) was added at 20 °C. After 3 h of stirring at 20 °C, the reaction mixture was evaporated and the residue was extracted with *n*-hexane (10×10 mL). The combined n-hexane extracts were filtered through glass-wool and evaporated in vacuum to give a mixture of 1j-ONO (71 %) and 2j (21 %) [yields determined by ¹H NMR with CH₂Cl₂ as an internal standard].

The components of the product mixture were identified by comparison of their ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra with the spectra of pure 1j-ONO and 2j.

Reaction of bis(julolidin-9-yl)methylium tetrafluoroborate 1b-BF4 with tetrabutylammonium nitrite

To a solution of **1b**-BF₄ (23 mg, 0.052 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) quantitative standard (CH₂Cl₂) and a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (72 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) were added at 20 °C. The ¹H NMR spectrum recorded immediately after the thorough mixing revealed the formation of **1b**-NO₂ with a yield 93 %.

¹H NMR (200 MHz, CD₃CN): d = 1.91 (m, 8 H), 2.69 (t, 8 H, J = 6.4 Hz), 3.16 (t, 8 H), 6.45 (br.s, 1 H, Ar₂CH), 6.74 (br.s, 4 H).

^[S1] W. E. Bachmann, J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1933**, 55, 2135–2139.

$Reaction \ of \ bis (4-dimethylaminophenyl) methylium \ tetrafluoroborate \ 1e-BF_4 \ with \ tetrabutylammonium \ nitrite$

To a solution of 1e-BF₄ (33 mg, 0.097 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) quantitative standard (CH₂Cl₂) and a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (34 mg, 0.12 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) were added at 20 °C. After the thorough mixing 1 H NMR spectrum was recorded, which revealed the formation of 1e-NO₂ with a yield 96 % and traces of 4,4'-dimethylaminobenzophenone, which accumulated with time in reaction mixture.

To a solution of 1e-BF₄ (73 mg, 0.22 mmol) in dry MeCN (20 mL) a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (95 mg, 0.33 mmol) in dry MeCN (10 mL) were added at 0 °C. The solvent was evaporated in vacuum and the residue was rapidly extracted with benzene / hexane mixture (1 : 1, 2 × 10 mL). The combined extracts were filtered through glass-wool under inert atmosphere and concentrated in vacuum to give 1e-NO₂ as an unstable yellow powder (57 mg, 89 %, contains traces of 4,4'-dimethylaminobenzophenone).

¹H NMR (200 MHz, CD₃CN): d = 2.95 (s, 12 H), 6.72 (s, 1 H, Ar₂C*H*), 6.75 (d, 4 H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.23 (d, 4 H, J = 8.8 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CD₃CN): d = 40.5 (Me), 95.1 (Ar₂CH), 112.9 (CH), 128.9 (C_q), 130.2 (CH), 152.0 (C_q). ¹⁵N NMR (40.5 MHz, gHMBC, C₆D₆ + CDCl₃): d = 3.8 (s, NO₂).

$Reaction\ of\ bis (4-(methyl(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)phenyl) methylium\ tetrafluoroborate\ 1g-BF_4\ with\ tetrabutylammonium\ nitrite$

To a solution of 1g-BF₄ (45 mg, 0.095 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) quantitative standard (CH₂Cl₂) and a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (54 mg, 0.19 mmol) in dry CD₃CN (0.5 mL) were added at 20 °C. After the thorough mixing ¹H NMR spectrum was recorded, which revealed the formation of a compound 1g-NO₂ with a yield 93 % and 5 % of 4,4'-N,N'-(methyl(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)aminobenzophenone, which accumulated with time in the reaction mixture.

¹H NMR (200 MHz, CD₃CN): d = 3.06 (s, 6 H), 4.07 (q, 4 H, J = 9.3 Hz), 6.77 (s, 1 H, Ar₂CH), 6.90 (d, 4 H, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.28 (d, 4 H, J = 9.1 Hz).

Reaction of methyl iodide with tetra-n-butylammonium nitrite

$$n-Bu_4N^{\oplus}NO_2^{\ominus} + H_3C-I$$

$$\frac{CDCI_3}{20 \text{ °C}} H_3C-N_{\ominus}^{\ominus} + H_3C-O$$

$$67 \% 28 \%$$

To a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (40 mg, 0.14 mmol) in CDCl₃ (1 mL) neat MeI (10 mg, 0.070 mmol) and standard (MeOAc) was added. After 35 min ¹H NMR spectrum (200 MHz) was taken, which showed the peaks of MeNO₂ (67 %) and MeONO (28 %). ^[S2]

Reaction of methyl mesylate with tetra-n-butylammonium nitrite

$$n-Bu_4N^{\oplus}NO_2^{\ominus} + H_3C-O-S^{\ominus}_{0} - CH_3 \xrightarrow{CDCl_3} H_3C-N^{\ominus}_{0} + H_3C-O^{O}_{0}$$

To a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (85 mg, 0.30 mmol) in CDCl₃ (1 mL) neat MeOMs (21 mg, 0.19 mmol) and standard (MeOAc) was added. After 1 h ¹H NMR spectrum (200 MHz) was taken, which showed the peaks of MeNO₂ (60 %) and MeONO (29 %). [S2]

Reaction of trimethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate with tetra-n-butylammonium nitrite

$$n-\text{Bu}_4\text{N}^{\oplus}\text{NO}_2^{\ominus} + (\text{CH}_3)_3\text{O}^{\oplus}\text{BF}_4^{\ominus} \xrightarrow{\text{CDCI}_3} \text{H}_3\text{C} - \overset{\text{O}}{\text{N}^{\oplus}} + \overset{\text{N}=\text{O}}{\text{H}_3\text{C}} - \overset{\text{N}=\text{O}}{\text{O}}$$

To solid $Me_3O^+BF_4^-$ (18 mg, 0.12 mmol) a solution of $n\text{-Bu}_4N^+NO_2^-$ (46 mg, 0.16 mmol) in $CDCl_3$ (1 mL) and standard (MeOAc) was added. After the dissolution of $Me_3O^+BF_4^-$ (ca. 10 min) 1H NMR spectrum (200 MHz) was recorded, which showed peaks of MeNO₂ (41 %), MeONO (41 %) and $Me_2O.^{[S2]}$

Reaction of methyl triflate with tetra-n-butylammonium nitrite

$$n-Bu_4N^{\oplus}NO_2^{\ominus} + H_3C-O-S^{\ominus}_{0}-CF_3 \xrightarrow{CDCl_3} H_3C-N^{\ominus}_{0} + H_3C-O'$$

$$38 \% 56 \%$$

To a solution of n-Bu₄N⁺NO₂⁻ (46 mg, 0.16 mmol) in CDCl₃ (1 mL) neat MeOTf (13 mg, 0.079 mmol) and standard (MeOAc) was added. After 5 min ¹H NMR spectrum (200 MHz) was taken, which showed the peaks of MeNO₂ (38 %) and MeONO (56 %). ^[S2]

^[S2] For MeONO ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d = 4.04 (br.) ppm: K. I. Lasaar, S. H. Bauer, *J. Phys. Chem.* **1984**, 88, 3052–3059.