

Supporting Information

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Synthesis of Triphosphorous Bidentate Phosphine-Phosphoramidite Ligands and their Application in Highly Enantioselective Hydrogenation of *ortho*-Substituted Aryl Enamides

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All operations were carried out using standard Schlenk techniques unless mentioned otherwise. The degassed dry solvents are used for all experiments. Diphenylchlorophosphine, (1*S*, 1*S'*, 2*R*, 2*R'*)-Tangphos, and (*R*,*R*)-Et-DuPhos were purchased from Strem Inc., and all other chemicals were purchased from Aldrich or Acros Inc. The substrates were prepared according to literature.¹ NMR data were recorded on Bruker DPX-300, CDPX-300, and Avance-360 spectrometers. MS data were recorded on KRATOS mass spectrometer for LR-APCI and HR-APCI. Optical rotation was recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimer. MM2 calculations were carried out with CAChe[®] program (CAChe Worksystem Pro version 6.1, Fujitsu Ltd.). Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using 200-400 mesh silica gel from Natland International Inc. Chiral GC analysis was carried out on Helwett-Parkard 6890 gas chromatography equipped with chiral capillary column (carrier gas: He at 1 mL/min). Chiral HPLC anaylsis was carried out on a Waters 600 chromatography at 25°C.

- 1. Synthesis and characterization of 1 (page S1-S4)
- (a) (*R*)-2,2'-bis(methoxy)-1,1'-binaphthyl ((*R*)-BINOL-MOM)



The synthesis of (R)-BINOL-MOM followed literature procedure.²

(b) (*R*)-2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-3,3'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl (2)



Toward a solution of BINOL-MOM (10 mmol, 3.744 g) in Et₂O (170 mL) charged into a flame-dried argon filled Schlenk flask was added *n*-BuLi (2.5M in hexane, 30 mmol, 12 mL) dropwise at room temperature, and stirred for 3 hours. THF (110 mL) was added and stirred for 1 hour. After the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C, ClPPh₂ (30 mmol, 5.56 mL) was quickly added. The solution was stirred for 1 hour, and quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl. The solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with water, brine, and dried with Na₂SO₄. After being concentrated, the product **2** was recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂/hexane as light yellow crystals. (5.18g, yield 70%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 2.75 (s, 6H), 4.68 (dd, 4H, J_1 = 18 Hz, J_2 = 3 Hz), 7.23-7.44 (m, 28H), 7.62-7.65 (d, 2H, J = 9 Hz). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 56.85, 56.91, 99.13, 99.23, 125.47, 126.41, 127.23, 128.44, 128.94, 128.96, 129.94, 129.06, 129.34, 129.39, 131.20, 133.22, 134.38, 134.49, 134.65, 134.76, 136.88, 155.58. ³¹P NMR (146 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = -14.69 (s). HRMS (M+Na⁺): calculated: 765.2300; found: 765.2279.

(c) (R)-3,3'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl-2,2'-diol (3)



In a flame-dried argon filled Schlenk flask was charged **2** (400 mg, 0.539 mmol), MeOH (50 mL), and 10 drops of concentrated HCl (aqueous 35 wt%). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60°C for 1 hour. Then the solvent was removed, and the residue

was dissolved in EtOAc. Degassed saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine were used to washed the solution. Then it was dried with Na₂SO₄. After being concentrated, it was purified through a short column of silica gel (eluent CH₂Cl₂) to afford the product **3** as white powder. (278 mg, 79% yield) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 5.49$ (s, 2H), 7.11-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.40-7.46 (m, 22H), 7.63-7.67 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 111.68$, 111.70, 124.17, 124.47, 128.05, 128.87, 128.93, 129.03, 129.12, 129.43, 129.52, 129.74, 129.76, 134.08, 134.18, 134.30, 134.35, 134.56, 134.87, 153.88. ³¹P NMR (146 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = -17.43$ (s). HRMS (M+H⁺): calculated: 655.1956; found: 655.1926.

(d) (*R*)-*O*,*O*'-(3,3'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-dinaphthyl-2,2'-diyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethylphosphorous amidite (**1a**)



In a flame-dried argon filled Schlenk tube was charged **3** (563 mg, 0.86 mmol) and toluene (20 mL). Then hexamethylphosphorous triamide (HMPT, 0.2 mL, 1.12 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 110°C overnight. After being concentrated, the product was purified through a silica gel column (EtOAc/hexane = 1:15) to afford the product **1a** as white powder. (550.4 mg, yield 88%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 2.54 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 7.24-7.46 (m, 28H), 7.61-7.68 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 35.77, 35.86, 36.01, 36.14, 122.63, 128.68, 128.74, 128.82, 128.84, 128.91, 128.98, 129.05, 129.08, 129.10, 129.20, 133.52, 133.78, 133.97, 134.23, 135.04, 135.32. ³¹P NMR (146 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = -16.98 (d, *J*_{P-P} = 17.9 Hz), -12.62 (d, *J*_{P-P} = 4.5 Hz), 149.53 (d, *J*_{P-P} = 16.9 Hz). HRMS (M+H⁺): calculated: 728.2037; found: 728.2014.

(e) (*R*)-*O*,*O*'-(3,3'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-dinaphthyl-2,2'-diyl)-*N*,*N*-diethylphosphorous amidite (**1b**)



In a flame-dried argon filled Schlenk tube was charged **3** (253 mg, 0.39 mmol) and toluene (10 mL). Then hexaethylphosphorous triamide (HEPT, 0.15 mL, 0.54 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 110°C overnight. After being concentrated, the product was purified through a silica gel column (EtOAc/hexane = 1:10) to afford the product **1b** as white powder. (234 mg, yield 80%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 0.92$ (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 2.95 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.51 (m, 28H), 7.59-7.67 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 15.39$, 15.44, 15.49, 40.27, 40.32, 40.56, 40.61, 124.87, 128.64, 128.73, 128.77, 128.83, 128.87, 129.03, 129.06, 129.09, 129.13, 133.55, 133.82, 134.00, 134.28, 134.99, 135.27, 137.07. ³¹P NMR (146 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = -13.05$ (d, *J*_{P-P} = 30.3 Hz), -11.43 (s), 150.57 (d, *J*_{P-P} = 30.1 Hz). HRMS (M+H⁺): calculated: 756.2350; found: 756.2328.



2. ³¹P-NMR spectrum of [Rh(COD)1a]BF₄ (page S5)

3. Characterization of new compounds 4l, 4m, 5l, and 5m (page S6-S7)

(1) N-(1-(2-nitrophenyl)ethyl)acetamide 41



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 1.94 (s, 3H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.48-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.87-7.90 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 23.93, 104.68, 124.31, 129.72, 132.13, 133.41, 133.63, 139.26, 148.48, 168.89. HRMS (M+Na⁺): calculated: 229.0589, found: 229.0571.

(2) N-(1-(2-trifluruomethylphenyl)ethyl)acetamide 4m



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 1.99 (s, 3H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 7.47-7.71 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 24.26, 103.88, 122.68, 126.31, 126.48, 126.55, 126.62, 126.69, 128.23, 128.63, 129.02, 131.98, 132.33, 137.81, 137.84, 139.49, 169.04. HRMS (M+Na⁺): calculated: 252.0612, found: 252.0614. (3) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-nitrophenyl)ethylamine **5**I



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 1.49$ (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 5.37-5.42 (m, 1H), 6.38 (s, br, 1H), 7.39-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.81-7.85 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): $\delta = 21.75$, 23.09, 46.22, 124.78, 128.23, 128.29, 133.68, 139.63, 139.64, 169.61. [α]_D²⁰ = -117.2° (GC 98.2% ee, *c* 0.85, CHCl₃). HRMS (M+ Na⁺): calculated: 231.0746, found: 231.0751.

(4) N-Acetyl-1-(2-trifluruomethylphenyl)ethylamine 5m



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 1.40 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 5.31-5.35 (m, 1H), 6.60 (s, br, 1H), 7.33-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.65 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR

(75 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 23.22, 23.37, 46.12, 46.15, 46.18, 46.22, 126.11, 126.19, 126.27, 126.35, 126.72, 127.21, 127.44, 127.54, 132.81, 132.82, 144.19, 144.21, 169.50. [α]_D²⁰ = +71.7° (GC 94.2% ee, *c* 0.71, CHCl₃). HRMS (M+Na⁺): calculated: 254.0769, found: 254.0774.

4. Chiral GC and HPLC conditions for the determination of ee (page S7-S9)

(1) *N*-Acetyl-1-phenylethylamine (**5a**): GC, β -dex 390, 150°C, $t_s = 22.8 \text{ min}$, $t_R = 23.8 \text{ min}$



(2) *N*-Acetyl-1-(3-methylphenyl)ethylamine (**5b**): GC, β -dex 390, 140°C, $t_s = 51.3$ min, $t_R = 54.9$ min



(3) *N*-Acetyl-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethylamine (**5c**): GC, β -dex 390, 150°C, $t_S = 30.8 \text{ min}, t_R = 32.4 \text{ min}$



(4) *N*-Acetyl-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)propylamine (**5d**): GC, β -dex 390, 160°C, $t_S = 23.4 \text{ min}, t_R = 24.7 \text{ min}$



(5) *N*-Acetyl-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)propylamine (**5e**): HPLC, (*R*,*R*)-Poly Whelk-0 from Regis Technologies Inc., 1 mL/min, *i*PrOH/hexane = 90:10, $t_{\rm S}$ = 12.37 min, $t_{\rm R}$ = 35.78 min



(6) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-naphthyl)ethylamine (**5f**): HPLC, (*R*,*R*)-Poly Whelk-0 from Regis Technologies Inc., 1 mL/min, *i*PrOH/hexane = 70:30, $t_{\rm S}$ = 5.78 min, $t_{\rm R}$ = 50.03 min



(7) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-naphthyl)propylamine (**5g**): HPLC, (*R*,*R*)-Poly Whelk-0 from Regis Technologies Inc., 1 mL/min, *i*PrOH/hexane = 80:20, t_s = 6.82 min, t_R = 59.90 min



(8) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-methylphenyl)ethylamine (**5h**): GC, γ -dex 225, 140°C, $t_s = 54.6$ min, $t_R = 58.7$ min



(9) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethylamine (**5i**): GC, γ -dex 225, 150°C, $t_S = 45.2$ min, $t_R = 47.1$ min



(10) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine (**5j**): GC, γ -dex 225, 150°C, $t_s = 21.2$ min, $t_R = 26.8$ min



(11) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethylamine (**5k**): GC, γ -dex 225, 150°C, $t_s = 53.8$ min, $t_R = 62.5$ min



(12) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-nitrophenyl)ethylamine (**5**I): GC, γ -dex 225, 170°C, $t_{\text{minor}} = 48.8 \text{ min}$, $t_{\text{major}} = 51.6 \text{ min}$



(13) *N*-Acetyl-1-(2-trifluromethylphenyl)ethylamine (**5m**): GC, γ -dex 225, 150°C, $t_{\text{minor}} = 22.5 \text{ min}, t_{\text{major}} = 23.9 \text{ min}$



(14) *N*-Acetyl-1-(1-naphthyl)ethylamine (**5n**): GC, γ -dex 225, 180°C, $t_S = 54.9 \text{ min}$, $t_R = 60.0 \text{ min}$



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