



Supporting Information

© Wiley-VCH 2006

69451 Weinheim, Germany

**Radical Additions of Xanthates to Vinyl Epoxides and Related Derivatives: A Powerful Tool for
the Modular Creation of Quaternary Centres**

*Nicolas Charrier, David Gravestock, and Samir Z. Zard**

[*] Mr. Nicolas Charrier, Dr. David Gravestock, Prof. S. Z. Zard

Laboratoire de Synthèse Organique associé au CNRS (UMR 7652)

Département de Chimie

Ecole Polytechnique

F-91128 Palaiseau Cedex France

Fax: (+33) 169333851

E-mail: zard@poly.polytechnique.fr

General experimental procedures.

All commercially available reagents and solvents were used without further purification unless otherwise noted. Methylene chloride was dried by distillation from calcium hydride. Et₂O was distilled from Na with benzophenone as an indicator. Flash column chromatography was carried out on silica gel. TLC was conducted on silica gel 200 micron, 60F254 plates. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker 400 MHz NMR instruments. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm with the solvent as internal standard (CDCl₃: 7.26 ppm). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 100 MHz NMR spectrometer with complete proton decoupling. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm with the solvent as internal standard (CDCl₃: 77.0 ppm). Mass spectrometry were performed on a Hewlett Packard HP 5989 spectrometer with a Hewlett Packard HP 5890 (NH₃ CI) chromatograph. High-resolution mass spectrometry were recorded on a JEOL JMS-Gcmate II, GC/MS at the Ecole Polytechnique.

Characterization of the compounds prepared by radical addition using BEt₃/O₂:

5 6-Hydroxy-hex-4-enoic acid ethyl ester

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.64-5.56 (m, 2 H), 4.23 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 0.2 H, *cis* isomer), 4.08 (q, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 2 H), 4.03 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1.8 H, *trans* isomer), 2.36-2.30 (m, 4 H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 173.15, 129.39, 129.00, 63.69, 60.33, 33.75, 27.42, 14.18. MS, *m/z*: 176 (M+NH₄⁺).

7 6-Hydroxy-hex-4-enoic acid methoxy-methyl-amide

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.68-5.64 (m, 2 H), 4.13 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 0.4 H, *cis* isomer), 4.03 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1.6 H, *trans* isomer), 3.65 (s, 3 H), 3.14 (s, 3 H), 2.63-2.47 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 208.15, 132.78,

127.76, 63.45, 56.09, 40.32, 38.15, 32.28, 27.27, 23.11, 14.10. MS, m/z: 174 (M+H⁺).

9 8-Hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-oct-6-en-2-one

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.47-5.63 (m, 2 H), 4.26 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 0.8 H, *cis* isomer), 4.05 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1.2 H, *trans* isomer), 2.26 (s, 2 H), 2.06 (s, 2 H), 0.95 (s, 6 H), 0.87 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 209.35, 132.16, 128.32, 63.71, 53.16, 44.50, 33.66, 31.70, 27.04. MS, m/z: 153 (M+H⁺-H₂O).

11 4-(7-Methyl-1,4-dioxo-spiro[4.5]dec-7-yl)-but-2-en-1-ol

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.71-5.59 (m, 2 H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 0.5 H, *cis* isomer), 4.10 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1.5 H, *trans* isomer), 3.90 (s, 4 H), 2.10-1.98 (m, 2 H), 1.63-1.30 (m, 10 H), 0.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 131.71, 129.31, 109.39, 63.90, 63.72, 36.90, 36.77, 34.87, 34.74, 25.92, 19.59. MS, m/z: 229 (M+H⁺).

16 3-Butyl-3-(4-hydroxy-but-2-enyl)-cyclobutanone

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.77-5.64 (m, 2 H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 0.5 H, *cis* isomer), 4.13 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1.5 H, *trans* isomer), 2.81-2.68 (m, 4 H), 2.33 (d, 2 H), 1.23-1.37 (m, 6 H), 0.92 (t, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 208.15, 132.78, 127.76, 63.45, 56.09, 40.32, 38.15, 32.28, 27.27, 23.11, 14.10. MS, m/z: 214 (M+NH₄⁺).

17 6-(1-Butyl-3-oxo-cyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-hex-4-enoic acid ethyl ester

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.80-5.61 (m, 2 H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 0.4 H, *cis* isomer), 4.15 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1.6 H, *trans* isomer), 3.79 (q, *J* = 7.15 Hz, 2 H), 2.55 (m, 4 H), 2.42 (d, *J* = 7.03 Hz, 1 H), 1.65 (m, 2 H), 1.40-1.21 (m, 9 H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.45, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 207.98, 172.33, 134.36, 127.35, 68.55, 68.02, 56.12, 56.09, 41.50, 40.28, 38.09, 32.26, 30.37, 29.76, 25.66, 14.23. MS, m/z: 283 (M+H⁺).

18 3-Butyl-3-(3-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclohex-1-enylmethyl)-cyclobutanone

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 5.43 (s, 1 H), 3.01-2.70 (m, 2 H), 2.38-2.27 (m, 2 H), 1.67-1.48 (m, 6 H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.53-1.33 (m, 4 H), 1.11 (s, 3 H), 0.98 (s, 3H), 0.81 (t, $J = 6.82$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 208.29, 135.43, 125.58, 69.39, 57.45, 57.32, 49.98, 45.88, 43.80, 37.92, 31.50, 31.17, 30.46, 30.37, 29.76, 27.64, 27.22, 23.15. MS, m/z : 261 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+-\text{H}_2\text{O}$).

22 Acetic acid (E)-8-benzyloxy-6-hydroxy-2-methyl-2-(3-oxo-butyl)-oct-4-enyl ester

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 7.37-7.26 (m, 5 H), 5.72-5.70 (m, 2 H), 4.52 (s, 2 H), 4.37 (m, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 0.5 H, *cis* isomer), 4.30 (m, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 1.5 H, *trans* isomer), 3.72-3.63 (m, 2 H), 2.96 (m, 1 H), 2.90 (m, 1 H), 2.51 (m, 1H), 2.21-2.01 (m, 2 H) 1.90-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 3 H), 1.29-1.23 (m, 5 H), 0.80-0.92 (m, 5 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 207.61, 170.20, 131.38, 130.55, 127.42, 127.39, 126.68, 126.62, 111.89, 72.27, 70.79, 67.83, 67.41, 40.01, 35.79, 33.27, 31.05, 28.94, 26.06, 21.32, 19.95, 15.67, 12.68. MS, m/z : 307 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

25 5-[(S)-4-(5-Hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-pent-3-enyl)-cyclohex-1-enyl]-3-oxo-pentanoic acid ethyl ester

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 5.74-5.60 (m, 2 H), 5.39 (d, $J = 3.02$ Hz, 1 H), 4.29 (d, $J = 7.29$ Hz, 0.4 H, *cis* isomer), 4.20 (q, $J = 7.14$ Hz, 2 H), 4.12 (d, $J = 8.35$ Hz, 1.6 H, *trans* isomer), 3.44 (s, 2 H), 2.64 (t, $J = 7.23$ Hz, 2 H), 2.23 (m, 3 H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 6 H), 1.81-1.77 (m, 2 H), 1.28 (t, $J = 7.13$ Hz, 3 H), 0.82 (s, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 202.64, 167.21, 135.72, 131.29, 129.81, 121.72, 63.78, 61.34, 49.29, 43.02, 41.78, 41.35, 35.17, 30.90, 29.71, 26.32, 24.23, 24.19, 23.71, 14.09. MS, m/z : 337 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

28 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 1-[3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-3-oxo-propyl]-5-hydroxy-pent-3-enyl ester

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 7.84 (d, $J = 8.60$ Hz, 2 H), 7.64 (d, $J = 8.59$ Hz, 2 H), 5.70-5.75 (m, 2 H), 5.04-4.99 (m, 1 H), 4.24 (m, 0.8 H), 4.14 (d, $J = 5.16$ Hz, 1.2 H), 2.98 (t, $J = 7.37$ Hz, 2 H), 2.41 (t, $J = 5.52$ Hz, 2 H), 2.11-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 9 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 198.04, 178.11, 135.32, 132.59, 131.87,

129.42, 128.24, 126.82, 72.18, 63.23, 38.82, 37.34, 34.33, 27.90, 27.11. MS, m/z: 395 - 397 (M+H⁺).

32 N-{2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-[(4R,5R)-5-(4-hydroxy-but-2-enyl)-2-oxo-[1,3]dioxolan-4-yl]-ethyl}-benzamide

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 6.78 (d, *J* = 9.98 Hz, 1 H), 5.92-5.86 (m, 1 H), 5.63-5.57 (m, 1 H), 5.01-4.95 (m, 1 H), 4.66-4.54 (m, 1 H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 5.56 Hz, 1 H), 4.18 (t, *J* = 5.35 Hz, 0.2 H, *cis* isomer), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.28 Hz, 1.8 H, *trans* isomer), 2.74-2.65 (m, 1 H), 2.54-2.47 (m, 1 H), 1.99 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 170.65, 153.12, 136.07, 133.32, 124.86, 122.42, 62.60, 51.61, 51.31, 36.75, 35.36, 29.69, 22.70. MS, m/z: 282 (M+H⁺).

36 5-[2-(2-Hydroxy-cyclohexylidene)-vinyl]-5-methyl-dihydro-furan-2-one

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 4.75 (s, 1H), 3.45 (m, 1H), 2.81 (t, *J* = 9.40 Hz, 2H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 9.25 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3 H), 1.73-1.21 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 209.87, 195.45, 180.30, 176.50, 142.24, 136.11, 126.20, 124.49, 99.81, 79.43, 66.97, 38.79, 31.00, 30.66, 30.03, 29.85, 28.80, 23.14, 21.26, 17.98. MS, m/z: 337 (M+H⁺). HRMS calculated for C₁₃H₁₈O₃: 336.2301; found: 336.2306.

38 Acetic acid (E)-6-benzoylamino-2-methyl-2-(3-oxo-butyl)-hex-4-enyl ester

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.02-7.99 (m, 2 H), 7.55-7.44 (m, 3 H), 6.05-5.97 (m, 1 H), 5.43 (d, *J* = 10.31 Hz, 0.2 H, *cis* isomer), 5.30 (d, *J* = 10.77 Hz, 1.8 H, *trans* isomer), 5.20-5.14 (m, 1 H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 14.63, 9.88 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 14.64, 7.92 Hz, 1 H), 2.60 (m, 2 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 2.10 (s, 3 H), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.44 (m, 2H) 0.98 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 208.64, 171.24, 163.99, 142.70, 136.43, 131.40, 128.39, 128.23, 117.41, 80.55, 68.88, 66.88, 60.58, 41.07, 32.11, 29.99, 27.13, 21.00, 16.73. MS, m/z: 346 (M+H⁺).

Preparation and description of the precursors

12 3-Butyl-cyclobut-2-enone

3-Butyl-cyclobut-2-enone was prepared from 3-Butyl-4,4-dichloro-cyclobut-2-enone.

Preparation of 3-Butyl-4,4-dichloro-cyclobut-2-enone:

To a solution of 1-hexyne (3.44 mL, 30 mmol, 1 eq) and activated zinc powder (5.9 g, 90 mmol, 3 eq) in 110 mL of dry Et₂O, under N₂, was added over 30 min a solution containing trichloroacetyl chloride (8.1 mL, 72 mmol, 2.4eq) and POCl₃ (6.4 mL, 69 mmol, 2.3 eq) in 60 mL of dry Et₂O. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3h30. The solution was decanted and the etherated phase separated. Zinc was washed twice with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were washed with cold ice, diluted NaHCO₃, brine, then dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude brown oil (5.6g, 97%) was used in the next step without any further purification.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 6.26 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.57 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.75 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.82-1.74 (m, 2 H), 1.56-1.47 (m, 2 H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 186.26, 179.48, 135.69, 91.97, 27.64, 26.06, 22.41, 13.67. MS, *m/z*: 194 (M+H⁺).

Preparation of 3-Butyl-cyclobut-2-enone:

To a solution of TMEDA (4.5 mL, 29.6 mmol, 5.7 eq), Zn(Ag) (2.1 g, 29.6 mmol, 5.7 eq, prepared according to J. Org. Chem., 1973, 3658-3660) in 26 mL of EtOH under N₂ at 0°C, was added dropwise 1.7 mL of acetic acid and then 3-Butyl-4,4-dichloro-cyclobut-2-enone (1g, 5.2 mmol, 1 eq) in 7.3 mL of dry Et₂O. The mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15 min then at room temperature. After 6 hours, the mixture was filtered through celite. 150 mL of Et₂O : pentane 1:1 was passed through. The combined organic phases were washed with 50 mL of 1N aqueous HCl, 50 mL of water; 80 mL of saturated NaHCO₃, 50 mL of brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated at 0°C under vacuum. 580 mg (90%) of a

yellow oil was obtained.

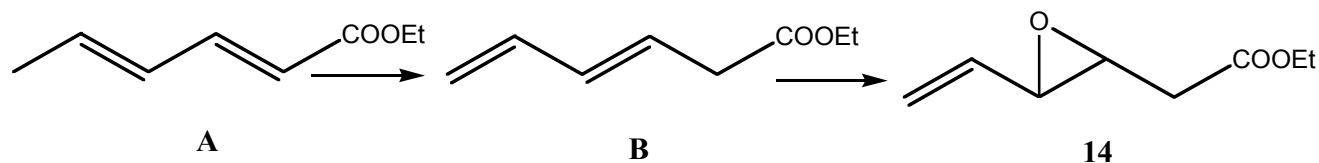
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 5.89 (s, 1 H), 3.16 (s, 2 H), 2.58 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2 H), 1.68-1.56 (m, 2 H), 1.47-1.38 (m, 2 H), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 186.97, 180.36, 133.14, 49.72, 30.83, 27.23, 21.42, 12.75. MS, m/z : 125 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

13 Dithiocarbonic acid (1-butyl-3-oxo-cyclobutyl) ester ethyl ester

To a solution of 12 (100 mg, 0.81 mmol, 1 eq) in 6 mL of anhydrous DCM at 0°C was added trifluoroacetic acid (602 μL , 8.1 mmol, 10 eq) and ethyl xanthic acid potassium salt (658 mg, 4.1 mmol, 5 eq). The solution was stirred at 0°C for 20 hours. The resulting solution was partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 95:5 to 90:10). 162 mg (81%) of a yellow oil was isolated.

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 4.65 (q, $J = 14.3$ Hz, 2 H), 3.39-3.20 (m, 4 H), 2.11 (m, 2 H), 1.43-1.33 (m, 7 H), 0.92 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 211.78, 203.80, 69.62, 59.66, 45.39, 38.57, 28.35, 22.67, 14.02, 13.83. MS, m/z : 247 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

14 (3-Vinyl-oxiranyl)-acetic acid ethyl ester



Compound **14** was prepared in two steps starting from ethyl sorbate **A**. The latter was isomerised into **B** according to the procedure described in *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, 10971. The epoxidation was done as described below:

To a solution of **B** (300 mg, 2.14mmol, 1 eq) in 20 mL of dichloromethane at 0°C was added solid Na₂CO₃ (915 mg, 8.6 mmol, 4 eq) and peracetic acid 32 % WT in acetic acid pretreated with a catalytic amount of sodium acetate. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was washed twice with Na₂CO₃ saturated and once with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 95:5 to 85:15) yielding 44 mg (15%) of **14**.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.48-5.63 (m, 2 H), 5.31 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.20 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 2.65-2.54 (m, 2 H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H) ; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 170.21, 134.80, 119.97, 60.97, 58.35, 55.73, 37.65, 14.21. MS, *m/z*: 157 (M+H⁺).

15 1,3,3-Trimethyl-5-methylene-7-oxa-bicyclo[4.1.0]heptane

Compound **15** was prepared in two steps starting from isophorone. The epoxidation was described in *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2000**, 1905. The product was transformed into **15** using a Wittig reaction as described in *Synthesis* **1980**, 872.

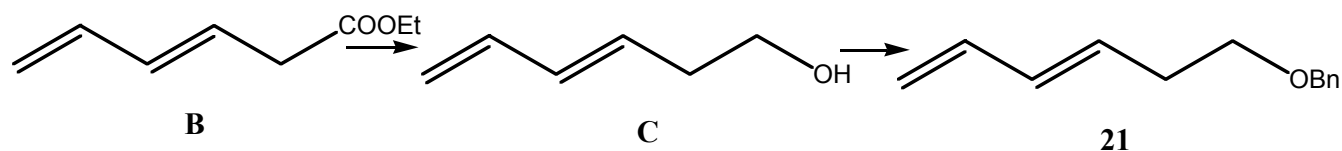
20 Acetic acid 2-ethoxythiocarbonylsulfanyl-2-methyl-5-oxo-hexyl ester

To a deoxygenated solution of dithiocarbonic acid ethyl ester (2-oxo-propyl) ester (prepared from chloroacetone (2.7 mL, 33.5 mmol, 1 eq) and ethylxanthic acid potassium salt (5.9 g, 36.9 mmol, 1.1 eq) in 40 mL of acetone) and methallyle acetate (228 mg, 2 mmol, 1 eq) in 6 mL of 1,2-dichloroethane was added dilauroyl peroxide (DLP) (5% each 1.5 hour) until the reaction was finished (15%). The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash chromatography (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 75:25 to 50:50) to afford **20** as a yellow oil (348mg, 60%).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 4.65 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.60

(m, 2 H), 2.22 (ddd, $J = 15.05, 10.28, 5.49$ Hz, 1 H), 2.17 (s, 3 H), 2.08 (s, 3 H), 1.95 (ddd, $J = 14.89, 10.53, 5.48$ Hz, 1 H), 1.46 (t, $J = 7.18$ Hz, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 221.64, 207.26, 170.61, 70.12, 68.54, 56.27, 30.16, 29.95, 22.30, 20.87, 13.70. MS, m/z : 310 ($\text{M}+\text{NH}_4^+$).

21 2-(2-Benzyloxy-ethyl)-3-vinyl-oxirane



B was reduced using LiAlH_4 as described in *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, 10971 to give **C**, which was then protected using the method described in *Org. Lett.* **2003**, 1923 to yield **21**.

24 5-[(S)-4-(1-Ethoxythiocarbonylsulfanyl-1-methyl-ethyl)-cyclohex-1-enyl]-3-oxo-pentanoic acid ethyl ester

To a deoxygenated solution of 4-Ethoxythiocarbonylsulfanyl-3-oxo-butyric acid ethyl ester (1g, 4mmol, 1 eq) and (-)- β -pinene (1.09g, 8 mmol, 2 eq) in 12 mL of 1,2-dichloroethane was added dilauroyl peroxide (DLP) (5% each 1.5 hour) until the reaction was finished (15%). The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash chromatography (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 100:0 to 85:15) to afford **24** as a yellow oil (1.23g, 80%).

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 5.37 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 1 H), 4.66 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2 H), 4.18 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2 H), 3.42 (s, 2 H), 2.63 (dt, $J = 7.26, 1.13$ Hz, 2 H), 2.44-1.80 (m, 9 H), 1.46 (s, 6 H), 1.43 (t, $J = 7.14$ Hz, 3 H), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.13$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 214.17, 202.32, 167.08, 135.76, 120.74, 69.25, 61.27, 58.94, 49.20, 42.61, 41.16, 30.60, 29.50, 26.96, 25.06, 24.70, 24.46, 14.02, 13.68. MS, m/z : 403 ($\text{M}+\text{NH}_4^+$).

27 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-ethoxythiocarbonylsulfanyl-4-oxo-butyl ester

To a deoxygenated solution of dithiocarbonic acid ethyl ester (2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethyl) ester (2 g, 6.3 mmol, 1 eq) and vinyl pivalate (1.9 mL, 12.6 mmol, 2 eq) in 6 mL of 1,2-dichloroethane was added dilauroyl peroxide (DLP) (5% each 1.5 hour) until the reaction was finished (30%). The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash chromatography (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 100:0 to 85:15) to afford **27** as a yellow oil (2.02g, 72%).

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 7.80 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.70 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.63 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.42 (td, J = 7.1, 2.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.45-2.36 (m, 2 H), 1.41 (t, J = 7.13 Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 210.04, 196.87, 176.77, 135.28, 132.03, 129.57, 128.51, 80.27, 70.30, 38.93, 34.20, 28.53, 27.02, 13.72. MS, m/z : 446-448.

31 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid (E)-1-[3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-3-oxo-propyl]-5-hydroxy-pent-3-enyl ester

To a deoxygenated solution of dithiocarbonic acid (1-acetylamino-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl) ester ethyl ester (1 g, 3.7 mmol, 1 eq) and 1,3-dioxol-2-one (955 mg, 11.1 mmol, 3 eq) in 7.5 mL of 1,2-dichloroethane was added dilauroyl peroxide (DLP) (5% each 1.5 hour) until the reaction was finished (25%). The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash chromatography (Petroleum Ether : Diethyl Ether 60:40 to 40:60) to afford **27** as two diastereomers (948 mg, 1:1, 74%).

First diastereomer: yellow oil

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 7.38 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.04 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (qd, J = 10.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.69 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 1.46 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 205.7, 171.9, 152.9, 123.2, 83.5, 77.7, 71.5, 51.2, 22.6, 13.6. MS, m/z : 348 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

Second diastereomer : yellowish crystals

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 6.35 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1 H), 6.06 (d, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.19 (qdd, $J = 10.0, 7.6, 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.85 (dd, $J = 5.3, 5.3$ Hz, 1 H), 4.72 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2 H), 2.13 (s, 3 H), 1.48 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 208.7, 173.7, 153.7, 125.0, 85.6, 77.3, 72.7, 52.9, 22.4, 13.9. MS, m/z : 348 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

35 1-Ethynyl-7-oxa-bicyclo[4.1.0]heptane

Compound 35 was prepared according to the procedure described by Piotti and Halper in *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, 8484.