



Supporting Information

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Highly Regioselective Synthesis of Spirocyclic Compounds via Pd-catalyzed Intermolecular Tandem Reaction

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General Remarks:

Column chromatography was carried out on silica gel. ^1H NMR spectra were recorded on 300 MHz or 400 MHz in CDCl_3 and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on 75 MHz or 100 MHz in CDCl_3 using TMS as internal standard. IR spectra were recorded on a FT-IR spectrometer and only major peaks are reported in cm^{-1} . High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained by the ESI ionization sources. All products were further characterized by HRMS; copies of their ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra are provided. Commercially available reagents and solvents were used without further purification.

Starting Materials:

2b,¹ **2c**,² **2d**,² **2e**,² **2f**,² **2g**,¹ **2h**,¹ and **2i**¹ were prepared following the published literature procedures. All other commercially available organic halides were used without further purification.

Diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate was prepared according to the literature.³

Typical procedure for the preparation of propargylic compounds 1a-e. To a solution of propargylic alcohol (2.0 mmol), pyridine (0.63 g, 8.0 mmol), and DMAP (44.8 mg, 0.4 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added at 0 °C ethyl chloroformate (0.87 g, 8.0 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 . The CH_2Cl_2 solution was washed with a saturated aqueous copper sulfate solution, water, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the corresponding propargylic compounds.

1a: The **1a** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol) and ethyl chloroformate (0.87 g, 8.0 mmol) afforded **1a** 0.68 g (90 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45-7.42 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 4.28-4.10 (m, 6H), 3.88-3.83 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.36-3.34 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.35-1.31 (m, 3H), 1.23-1.18 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.7, 154.5, 140.2, 132.5, 129.7, 128.9, 126.7, 121.6, 87.1, 84.9, 64.3, 61.2, 55.8, 52.1, 33.4, 14.1, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1750, 1256, 1153, 790, 762.

1b: The **1b** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol) and methyl chloroformate (0.76 g, 8.0 mmol) afforded **1b** 0.67 g (92 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45-7.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 4.21-4.10 (m, 4H), 3.87-3.83 (m, 4H), 3.36-3.33 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.23-1.18 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.8, 155.2, 140.3, 132.6, 129.8, 128.9, 126.7, 121.7, 87.0, 85.1, 61.3, 56.1, 55.1, 52.1, 33.5, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1754, 1727, 1446, 1372, 1266, 1153, 791, 763.

1c: The **1c** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol), triethylamine (0.81, 8.0 mmol) and acetic anhydride (0.48 g, 4.0 mmol) afforded **1c** 0.66 g (96 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45-7.43 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 4.20-4.12 (m, 4H), 3.87-3.83 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.36-3.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.23-1.19 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.2, 168.8, 140.2, 132.5, 129.8, 128.8, 126.8, 121.8, 87.7, 84.3, 61.3, 52.7, 52.1, 33.5, 20.7, 14.0; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1748, 1224, 1029, 763.

1d: The **1d** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol), DCC (0.41 g, 2.0 mmol), DMAP (44.8 mg, 0.4 mmol) and benzoic acid (0.49 g, 4.0 mmol) afforded **1e** 0.69 g (84 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.12-8.09 (m, 2H) 7.61-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.16 (m, 3H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.18-4.07 (m, 4H), 3.93-3.88 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.37 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.20-1.15 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.8, 165.8, 140.2, 133.2, 132.6, 129.8, 129.5, 128.8, 128.4, 126.8, 121.8, 87.8, 84.5, 61.3, 53.3, 52.1, 33.6, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1728, 1268, 1102, 762, 714.

1e: The **1e** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol) and diethyl phosphochloridate (0.69 g, 4.0 mmol) afforded **1e** 0.70 g (82 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45-7.43 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.95-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.22-4.11 (m, 8H), 3.87-3.83 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.37-3.35 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.38-1.35 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H), 1.23-1.18 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.7, 140.1, 132.6, 129.7, 129.0, 126.8, 121.6, 87.6, 85.1, 64.0, 61.3, 55.6, 52.1, 33.4, 16.1, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2984, 1733, 1274, 1029, 976, 763.

1f: The **1f** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol) and 2-iodophenyl chloroformate (2.56 g, 8.0 mmol) afforded **1f** 0.88 g (80 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.84-7.81 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.45 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.19-4.08 (m, 4H), 3.91-3.86 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.37 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.20-1.16 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.7, 152.2, 151.0, 140.2, 139.4, 132.6, 129.7, 129.5, 129.0, 127.9, 126.7, 122.4, 121.4, 89.7, 86.3, 85.6, 61.3, 57.1, 52.1, 33.4, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2982, 1771, 1730, 1467, 1371, 1213, 1153, 1035, 764.

1g: The **1g** was prepared by the above method, But employing diethyl 2-(2-(3-hydroxyprop-1-ynyl)benzyl)malonate (0.61 g, 2.0 mmol) and 2-bromophenyl chloroformate (1.87 g, 8.0 mmol) afforded **1g** 0.80 g (80 %) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.45 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.12 (m, 6H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.18-4.09 (m, 4H), 3.90-3.85 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.36 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.21-1.16 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.8, 152.2, 148.2, 140.3, 133.4, 132.7, 129.8, 129.1, 128.6, 127.7, 126.8, 123.2, 121.5, 115.9, 86.3, 85.7, 61.3, 57.2, 52.1, 33.5, 13.9; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2926, 1772, 1731, 1240, 1219, 1039, 764.

[1] K. J. Edgar, S. N. Falling, *J. Org. Chem.* **1990**, 55, 5287.

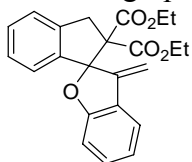
[2] F. G. Schreiber, R. Stevenson, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1* **1977**, 90.

[3] H. -P. Bi, L. -N. Guo, X. -H. Duan, F. -R. Gou, S. -H. Huang, X. -Y. Liu, Y. -M. Liang, *Org. Lett.* **2007**, 9, 397.

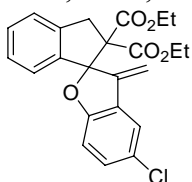
General procedure for the preparation of spirocyclic compounds.

To a solution of Propargylic Compounds **1** (0.20 mmol) in DMF (2.0 mL) was added Cs_2CO_3 (130.4 mg, 0.40 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 min and $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (11.5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 5 mol %), and aryl halides **2** (0.30 mmol) were added. The resulting mixture was then heated under an argon atmosphere at 100°C. When the reaction was considered complete as determined by TLC analysis, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and saturated brine. The organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 ,

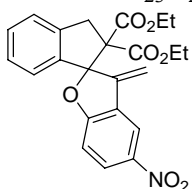
filtered. Solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford spriocyclic compounds **3**.



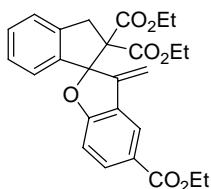
3a: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 51.4 mg (68%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.09 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.97-6.93 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.85-6.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.06-3.98 (m, 4H), 3.73-3.60 (q, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 2H), 0.96-0.92 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.9, 168.7, 160.9, 147.6, 143.4, 140.3, 130.5, 129.4, 127.6, 126.7, 124.5, 123.6, 120.9, 120.4, 110.1, 104.5, 99.4, 71.1, 61.3, 38.6, 13.4; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1735, 1465, 1284, 1251, 1177, 1096, 1014, 754; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 379.1540, found 379.1543.



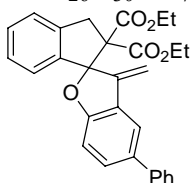
3b: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 54.4 mg (66%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.39-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.07 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.75 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 1H), 4.06-3.99 (m, 4H), 3.73-3.57 (q, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.02-0.97 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.6, 168.4, 159.3, 146.5, 142.9, 140.5, 130.2, 129.7, 128.5, 127.6, 126.1, 124.6, 123.6, 120.4, 111.1, 106.2, 100.3, 71.1, 61.4, 38.7, 13.5; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1737, 1467, 1286, 1251, 1098, 763, 732; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClO}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 413.1150, found 413.1154.



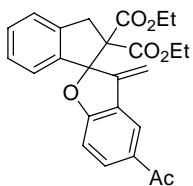
3c: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 62.6 mg (74%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.35-8.34 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.24-8.21 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.07 (m, 1H), 6.89-6.87 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.83-5.82 (d, $J = 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.02-5.02 (d, $J = 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.08-4.00 (m, 4H), 3.78-3.58 (q, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.05-0.96 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.2, 165.0, 144.5, 142.4, 141.9, 140.8, 130.2, 128.3, 127.8, 127.1, 124.7, 123.7, 116.7, 110.1, 108.7, 102.0, 71.1, 61.6, 38.7, 13.6; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1735, 1522, 1468, 1340, 1273, 1251, 762, 739; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}_7$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 424.1391, found 424.1389.



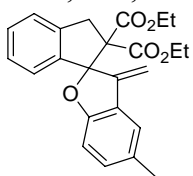
3d: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 72.9 mg (81%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.14-8.14 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.06 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.86-6.83 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.33 (m, 2H), 4.06-3.97 (m, 4H), 3.76-3.58 (q, $J = 16.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.43-1.35 (m, 3H), 1.00-0.92 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.5, 168.4, 166.3, 164.1, 145.9, 142.6, 140.5, 132.8, 129.7, 127.6, 127.3, 124.5, 123.6, 123.5, 122.3, 109.8, 106.3, 100.8, 71.0, 61.4, 60.8, 38.6, 14.3, 13.5; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1730, 1715, 1609, 1287, 1264, 1109, 1016, 761; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{30}\text{NO}_7$ $[\text{M}+\text{NH}_4]^+$ 468.2017, found 468.2012.



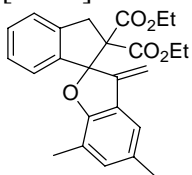
3e: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 64.5 mg (71%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62-7.62 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.33 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.91-6.88 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.65-5.65 (d, $J = 0.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 4.08-3.98 (m, 4H), 3.76-3.59 (q, $J = 16.2$ Hz, 2H), 0.99-0.94 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.8, 168.7, 160.5, 147.4, 143.2, 141.1, 140.4, 134.6, 129.7, 129.5, 128.8, 127.6, 127.3, 126.8, 124.5, 123.7, 119.0, 110.3, 105.0, 100.1, 71.1, 61.4, 61.3, 38.7, 13.5, 13.4; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2925, 1735, 1472, 1283, 1255, 761; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{30}\text{NO}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{NH}_4]^+$ 472.2118, found 472.2123.



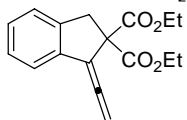
3f: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 66.4 mg (79%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.09-8.09 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.08-7.06 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.85 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.06-3.99 (m, 4H), 3.76-3.58 (q, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 1.00-0.93 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 196.5, 168.4, 168.3, 164.3, 145.8, 142.5, 140.6, 132.1, 131.0, 129.8, 127.6, 127.5, 124.6, 123.6, 121.0, 109.8, 106.6, 100.9, 71.0, 61.4, 38.6, 26.5, 13.5; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1735, 1677, 1605, 1261, 763, 730; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{28}\text{NO}_6$ $[\text{M}+\text{NH}_4]^+$ 438.1911, found 438.1915.



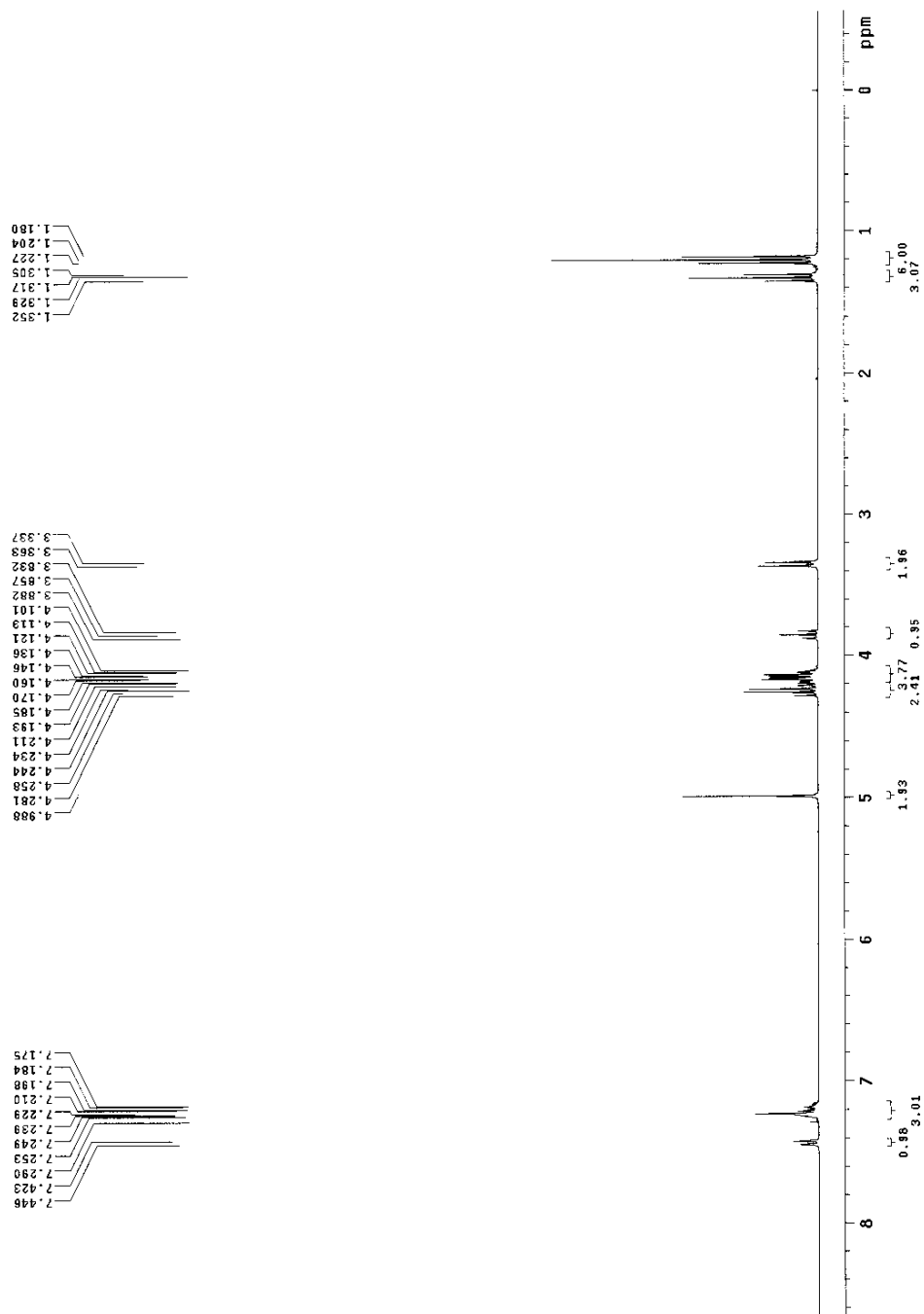
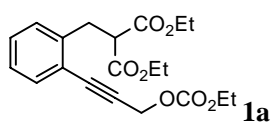
3g: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 49.4 mg (63%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.74-6.72 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 4.05-3.98 (m, 4H), 3.72-3.59 (q, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 2H), 0.99-0.94 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.9, 168.7, 159.1, 147.9, 143.6, 140.4, 131.2, 130.2, 129.3, 127.5, 126.6, 124.5, 123.6, 120.6, 109.7, 104.0, 99.6, 71.1, 61.2, 38.7, 20.8, 13.5; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1735, 1484, 1283, 1251, 1095, 810, 762; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 393.1697, found 393.1702.

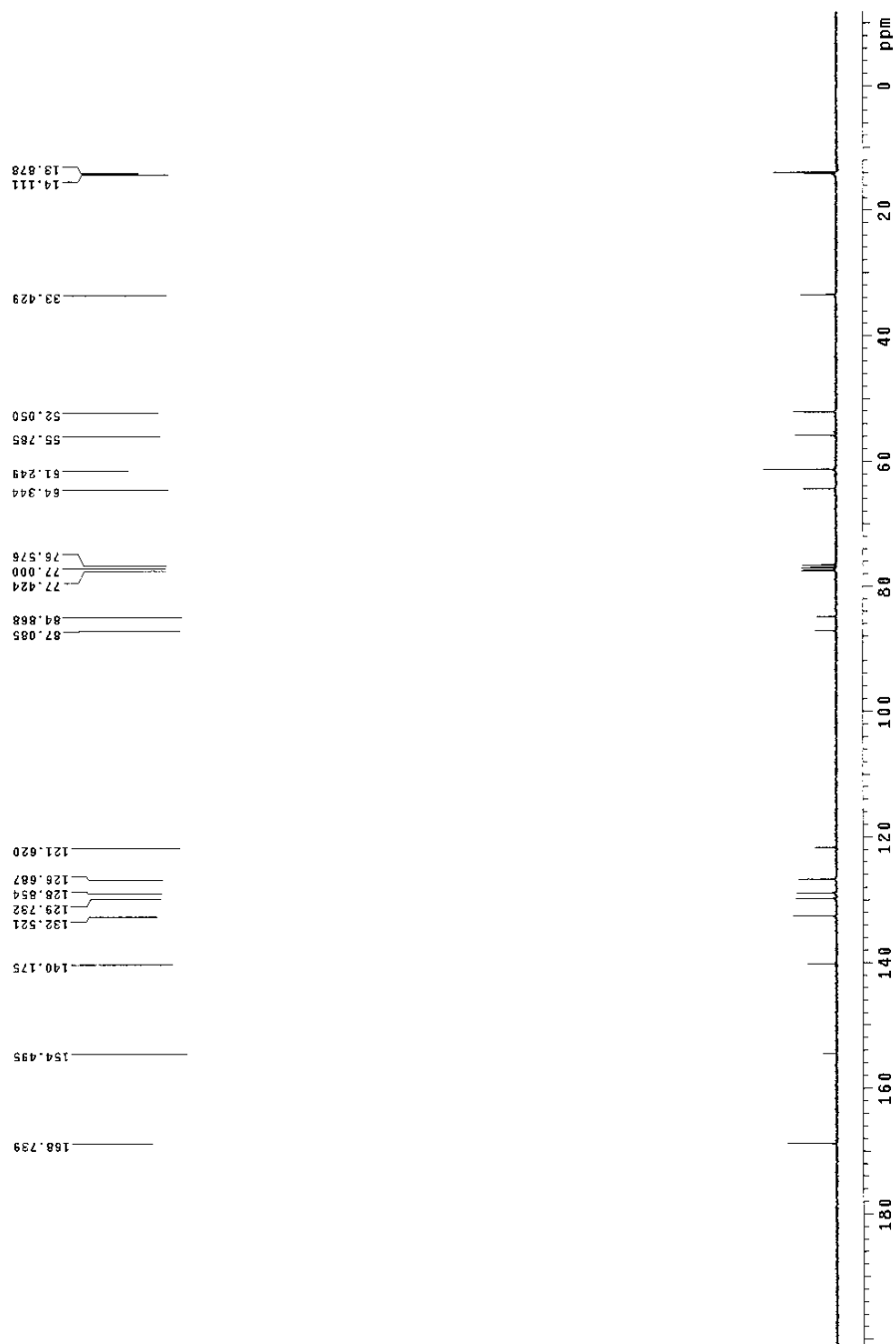
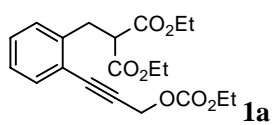


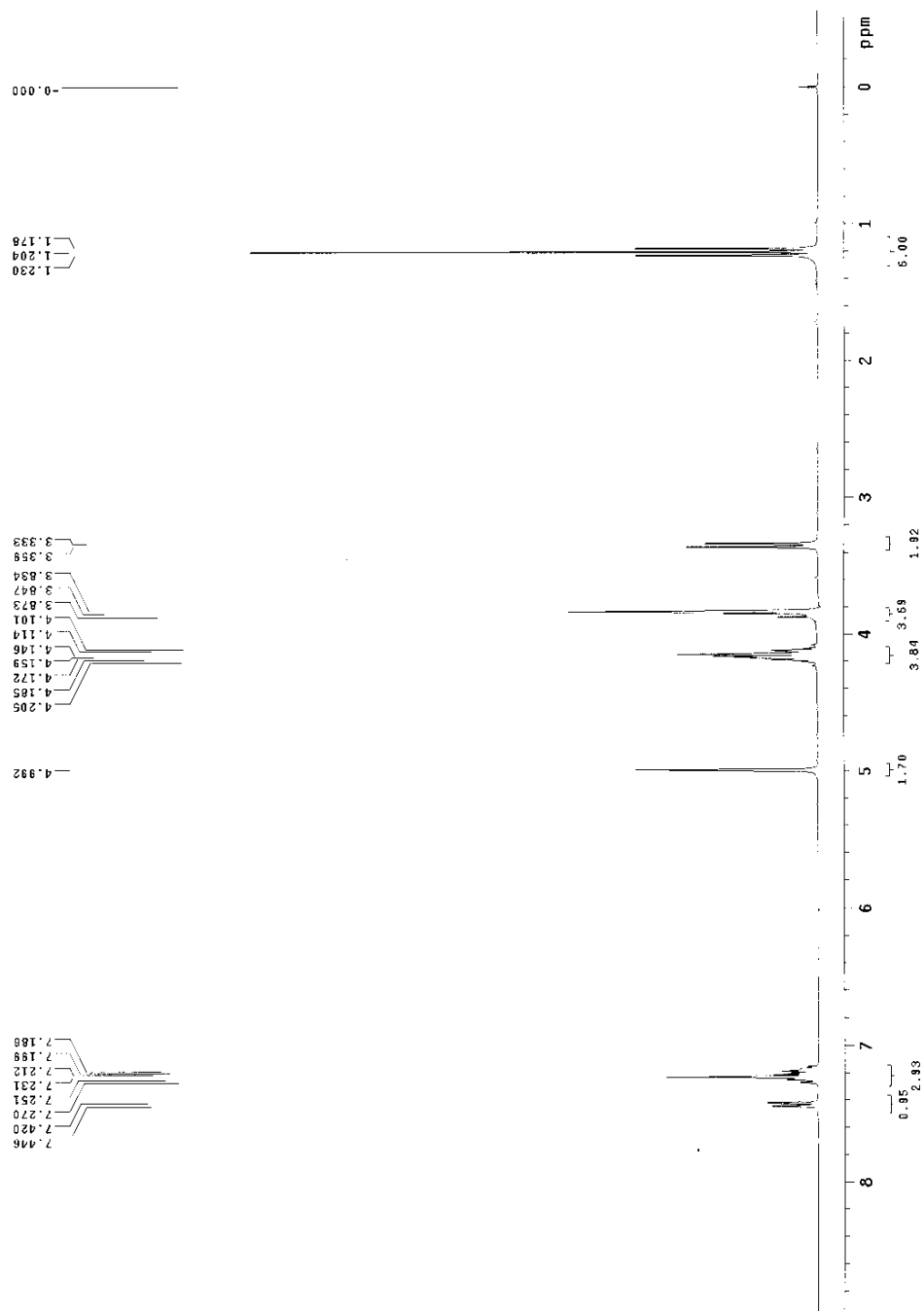
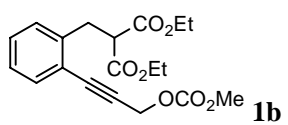
3h: The reaction mixture was chromatographed using 40:1 hexanes/EtOAc to afford 28.4 mg (35%) of the indicated compound as an oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 5.49 (s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.07-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.76-3.55 (q, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 0.97-0.94 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.0, 168.8, 157.7, 148.6, 143.8, 140.7, 132.3, 130.1, 129.2, 127.4, 126.0, 124.3, 123.8, 119.7, 118.0, 103.8, 99.4, 71.4, 61.2, 61.1, 38.7, 20.8, 14.7, 13.5, 13.4; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1735, 1480, 1284, 1258, 1224, 762; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 407.1853, found 407.1856.

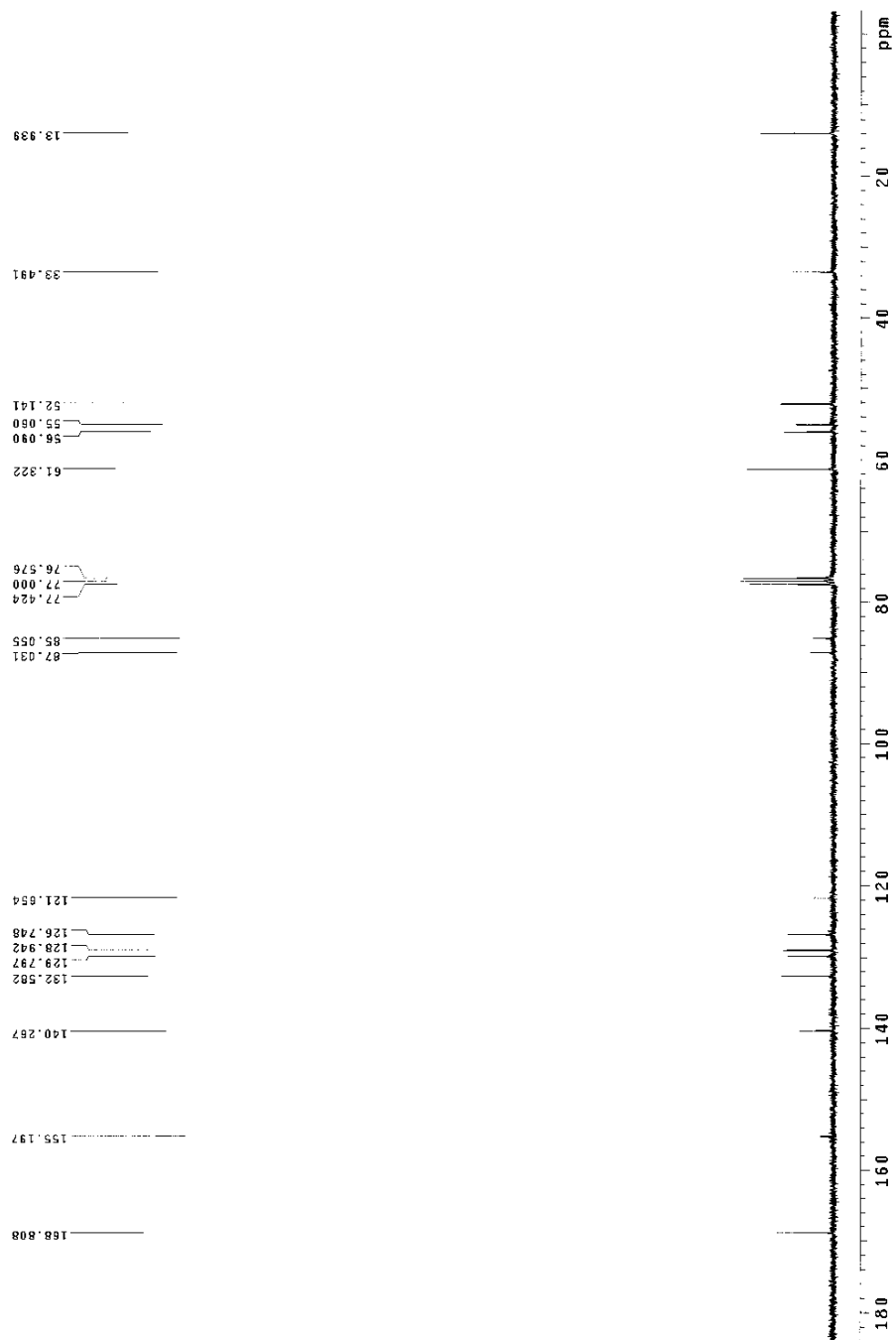
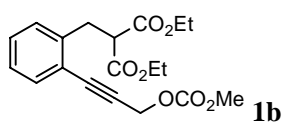


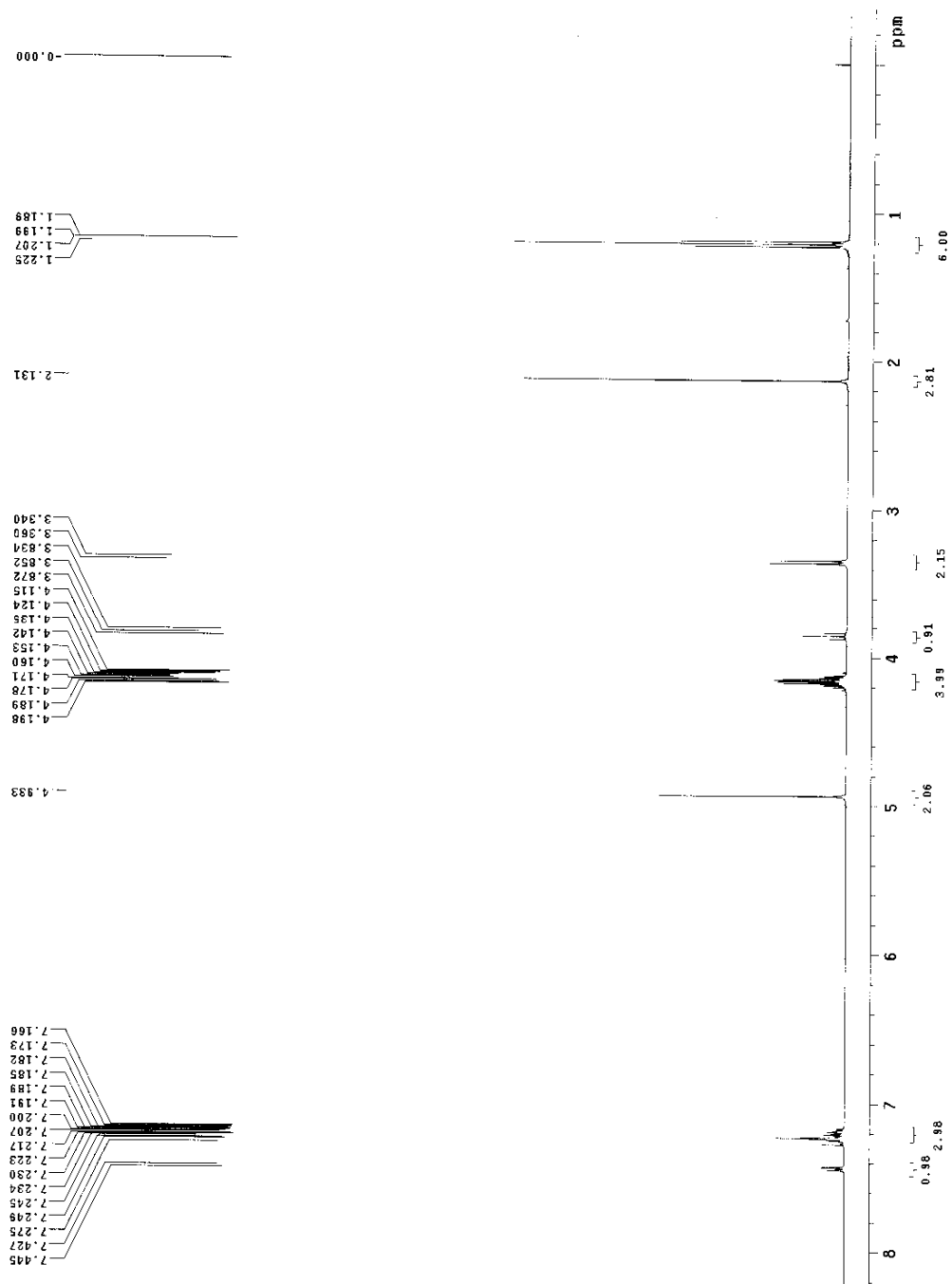
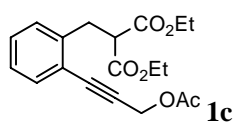
4a: To a solution of 3-(2-(2,2-di(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl)phenyl)prop-2-ynyl ethyl carbonate **1a** (75.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) in DMF (2.0 mL) was Cs_2CO_3 (130.4 mg, 0.40 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 min and $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (11.5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 5 mol %) was added. The resulting mixture was then heated under an argon atmosphere at 100°C . When the reaction was considered complete as determined by TLC analysis, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and saturated brine. The organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered. Solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford **4a** 52.1 mg (91%) as an oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.25-7.19 (m, 4H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 4.26-4.20 (q, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 4H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 1.28-1.24 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.1, 169.9, 139.4, 136.6, 128.1, 127.4, 124.5, 122.4, 82.5, 62.3, 61.9, 39.7, 14.1; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1734, 1247, 1179, 1057, 860, 764; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 287.1278, found 287.1280.

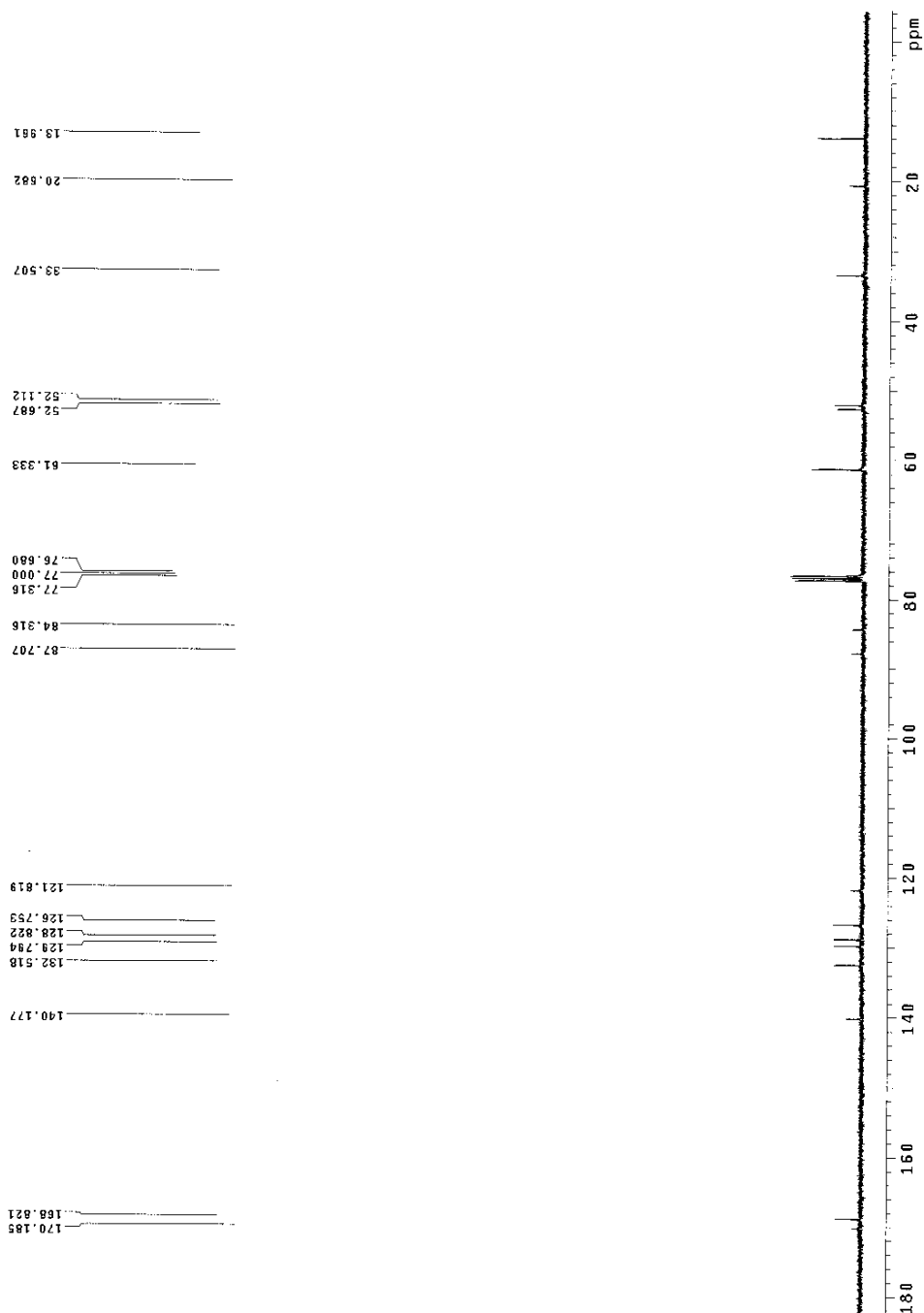
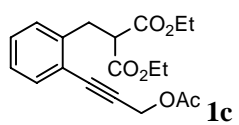


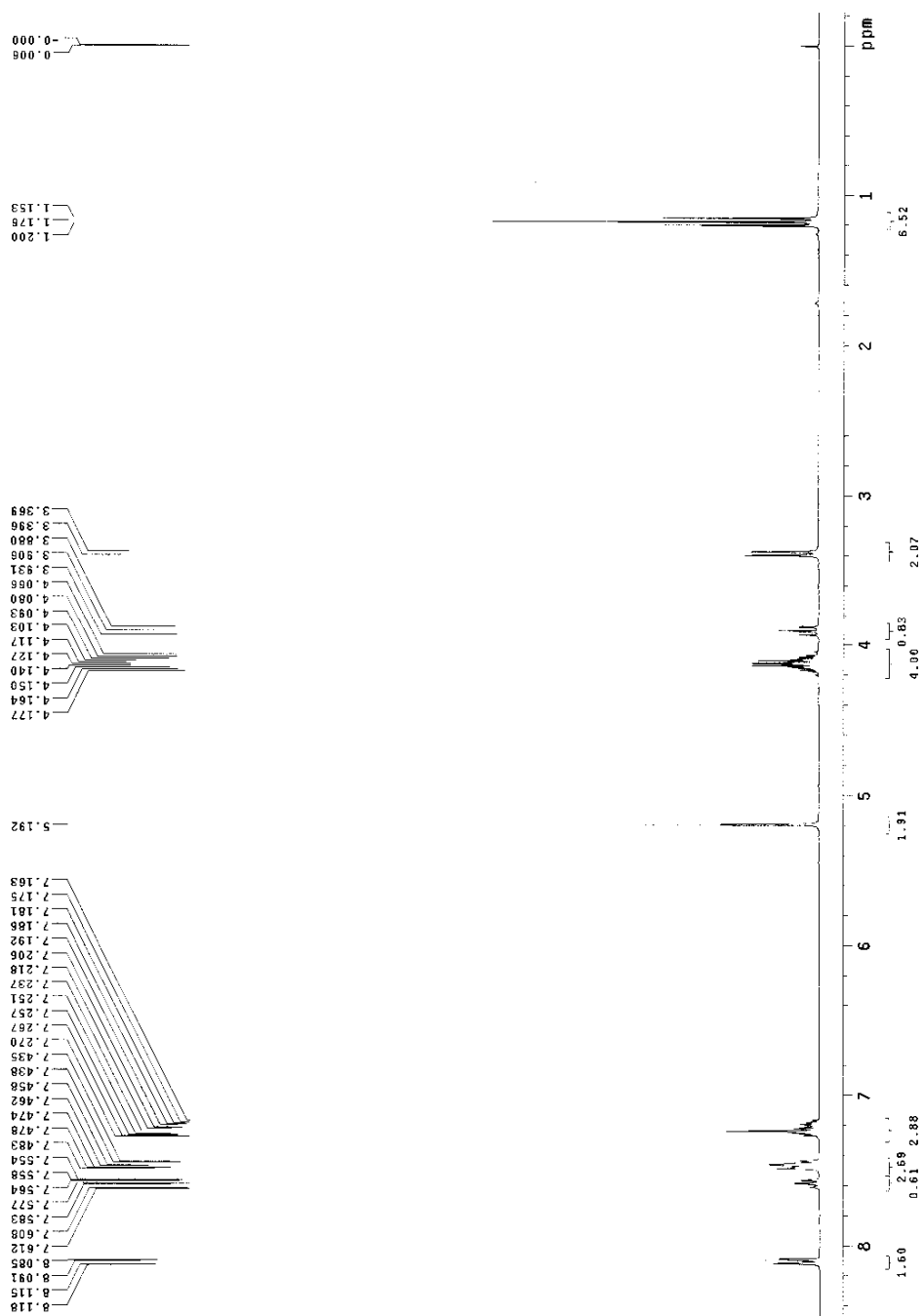
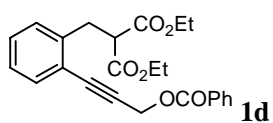


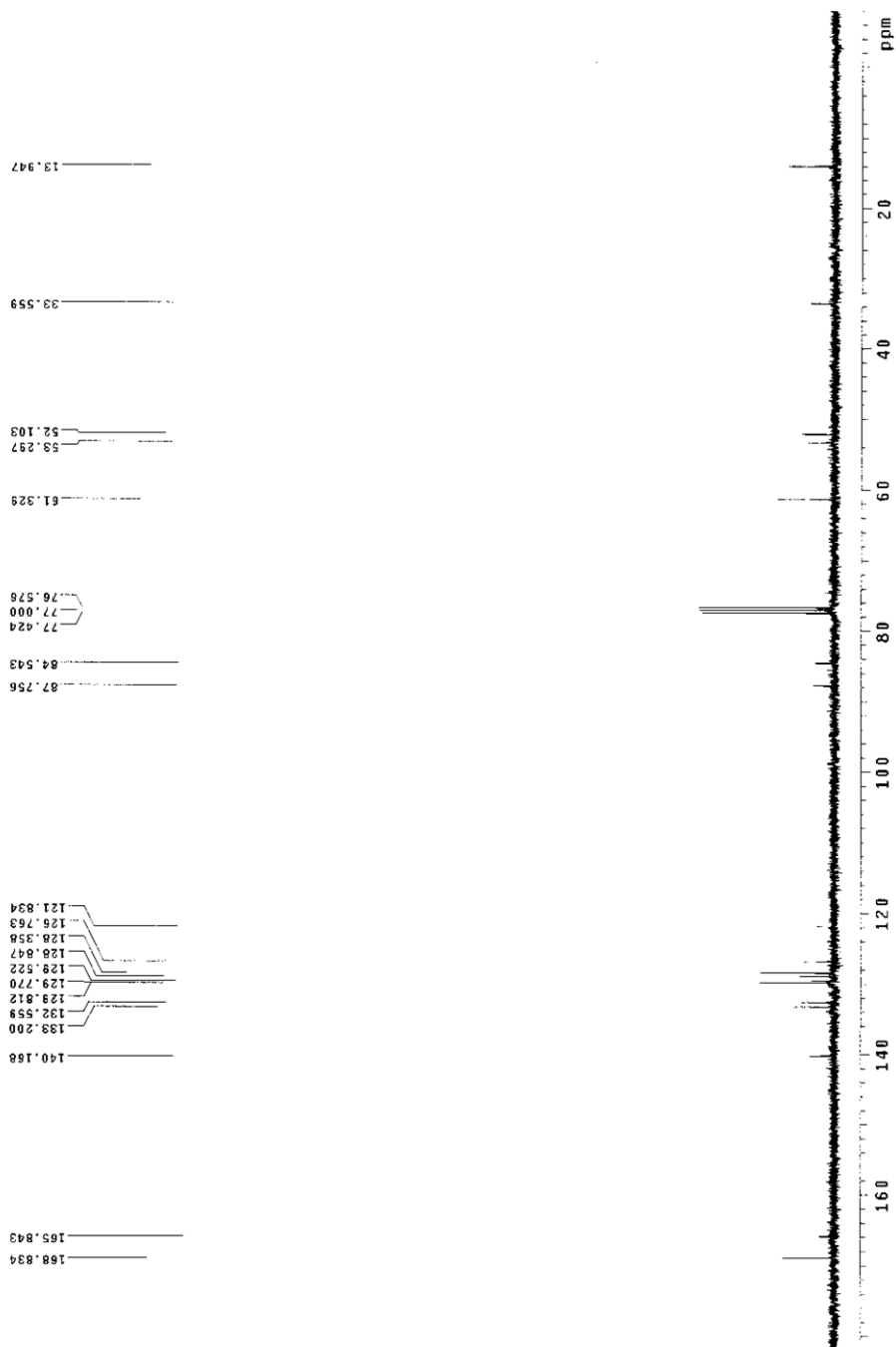
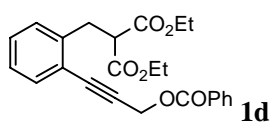


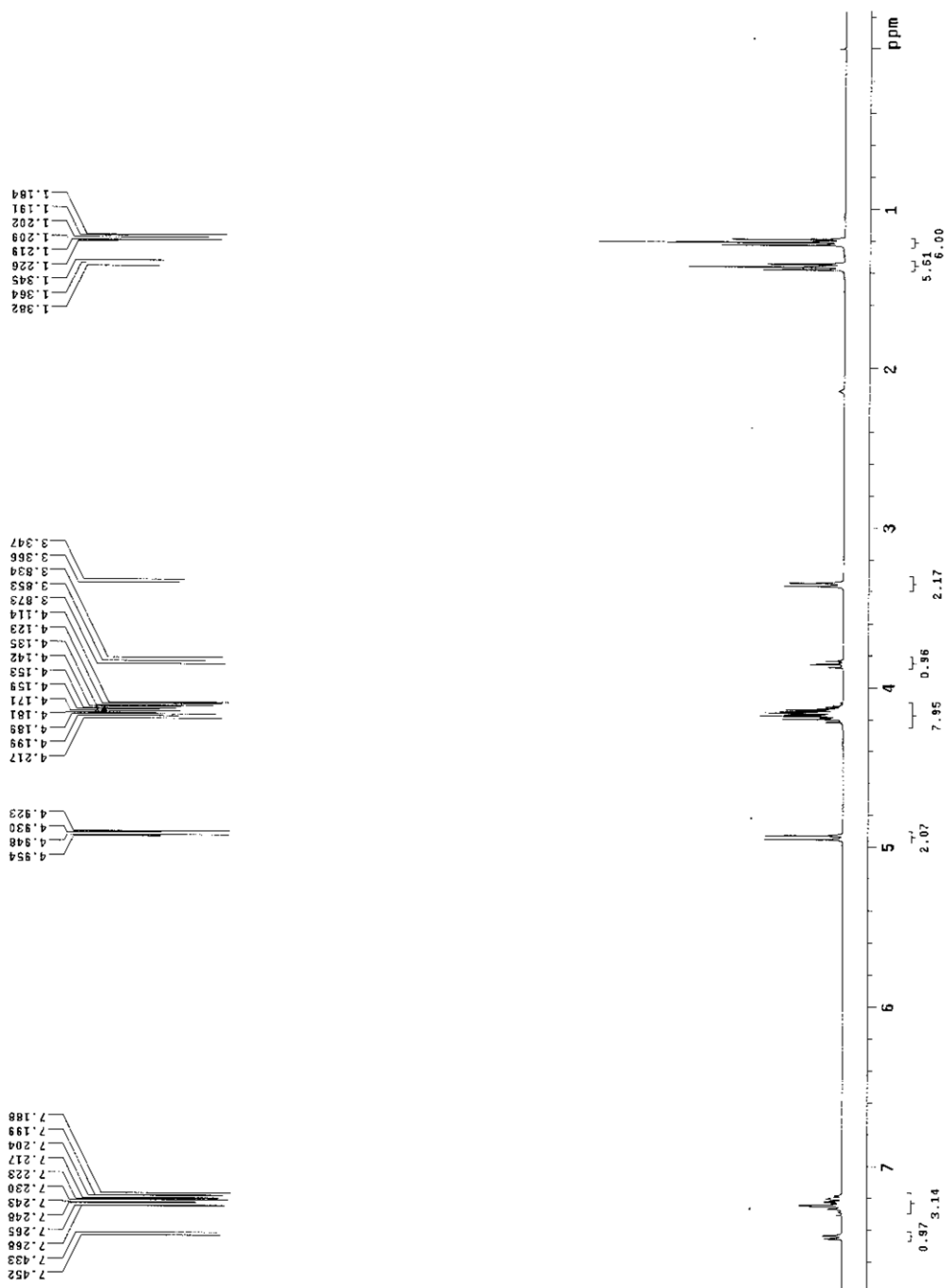
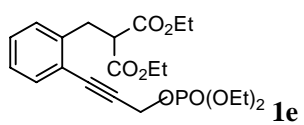


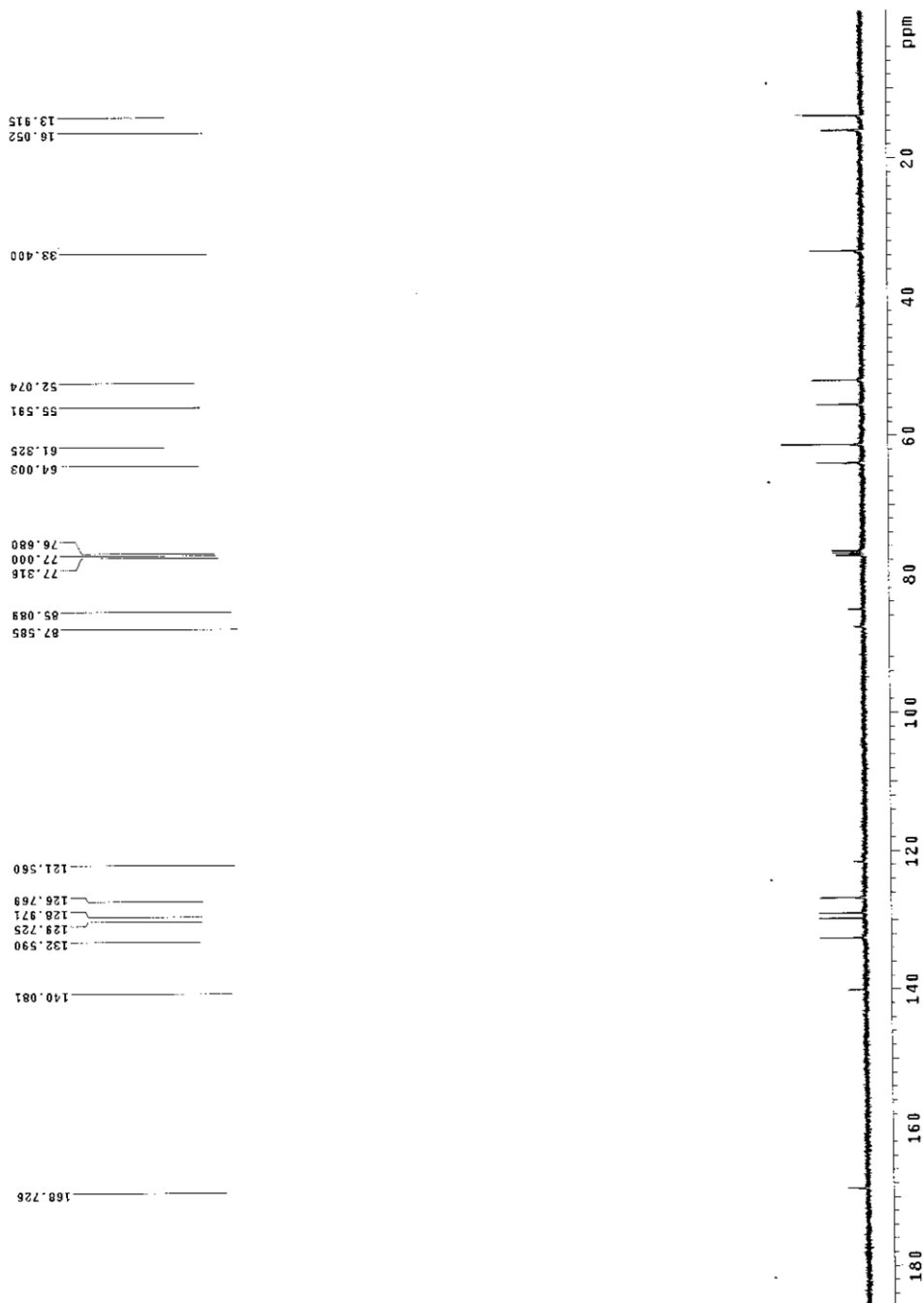
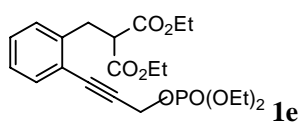


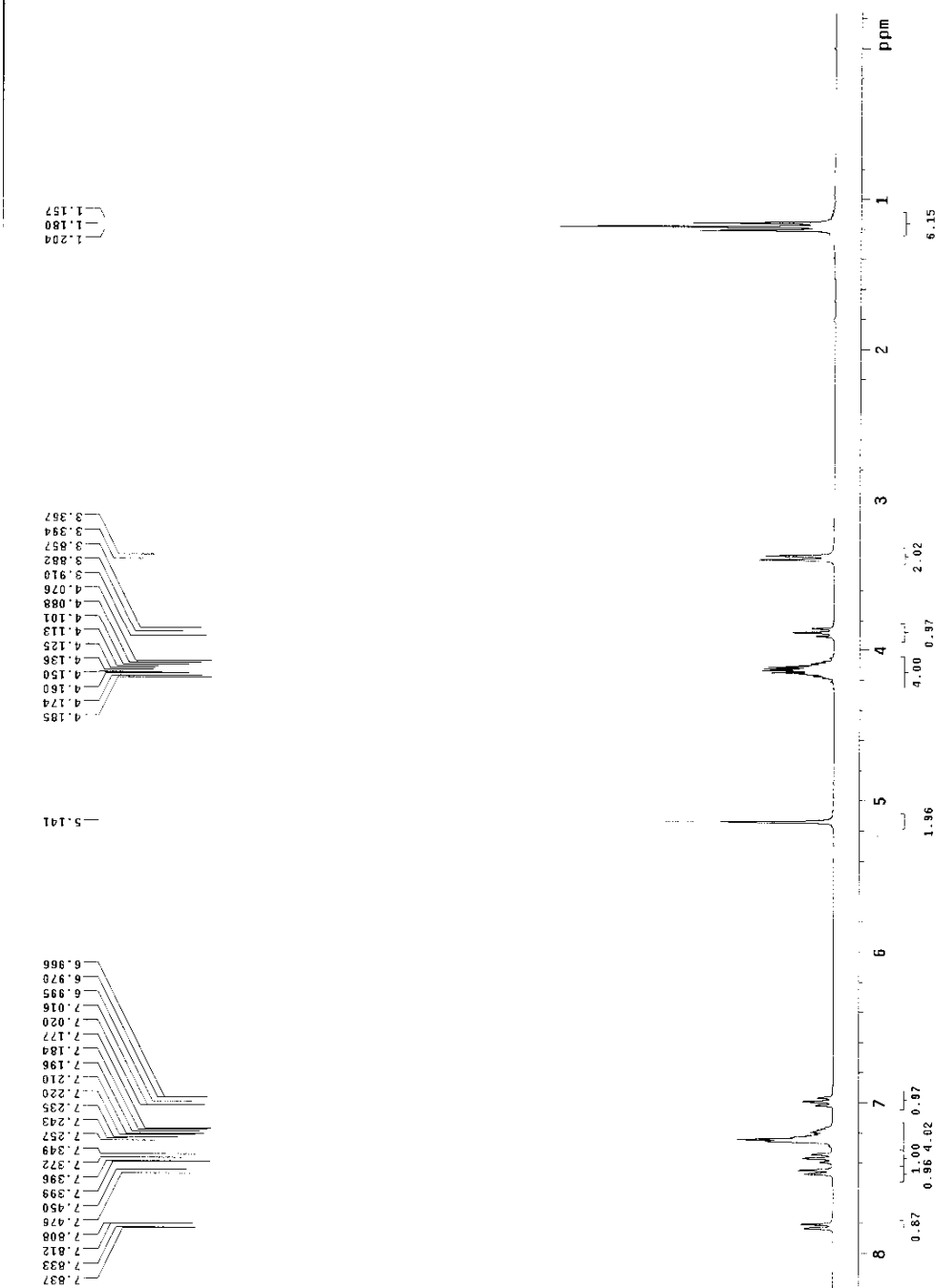
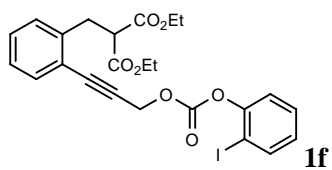


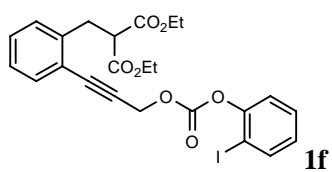












13.882

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52.065

57.056

61.280

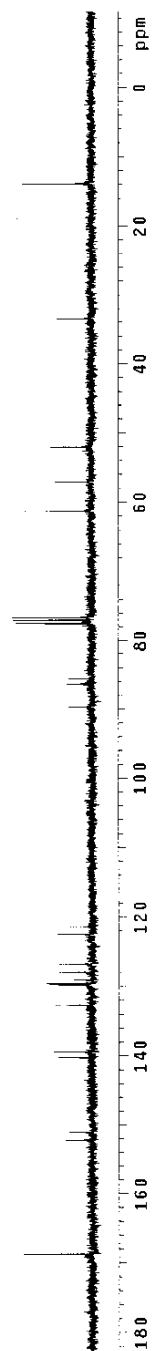
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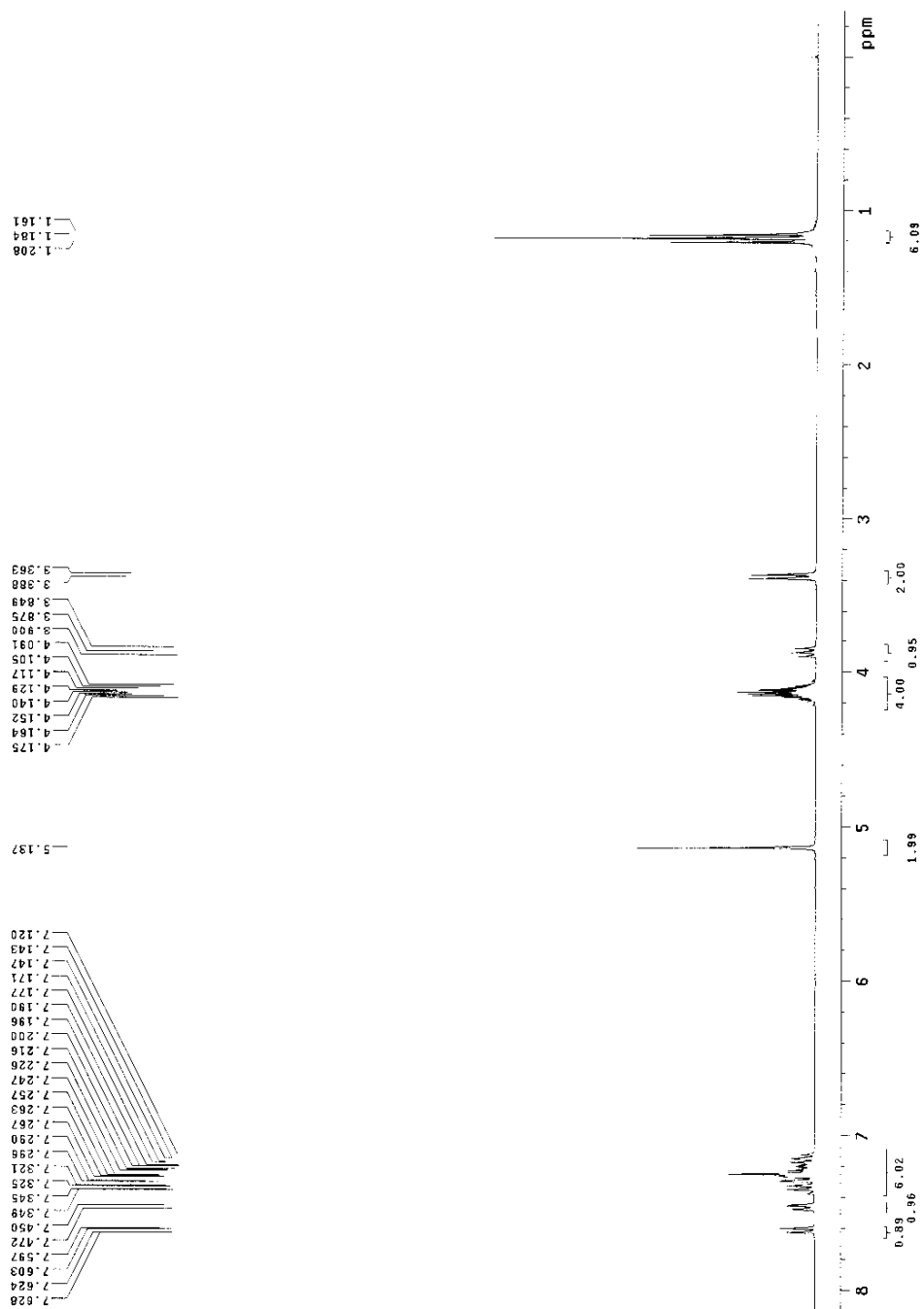
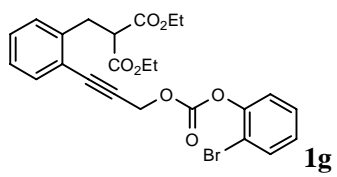
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86.393
86.675

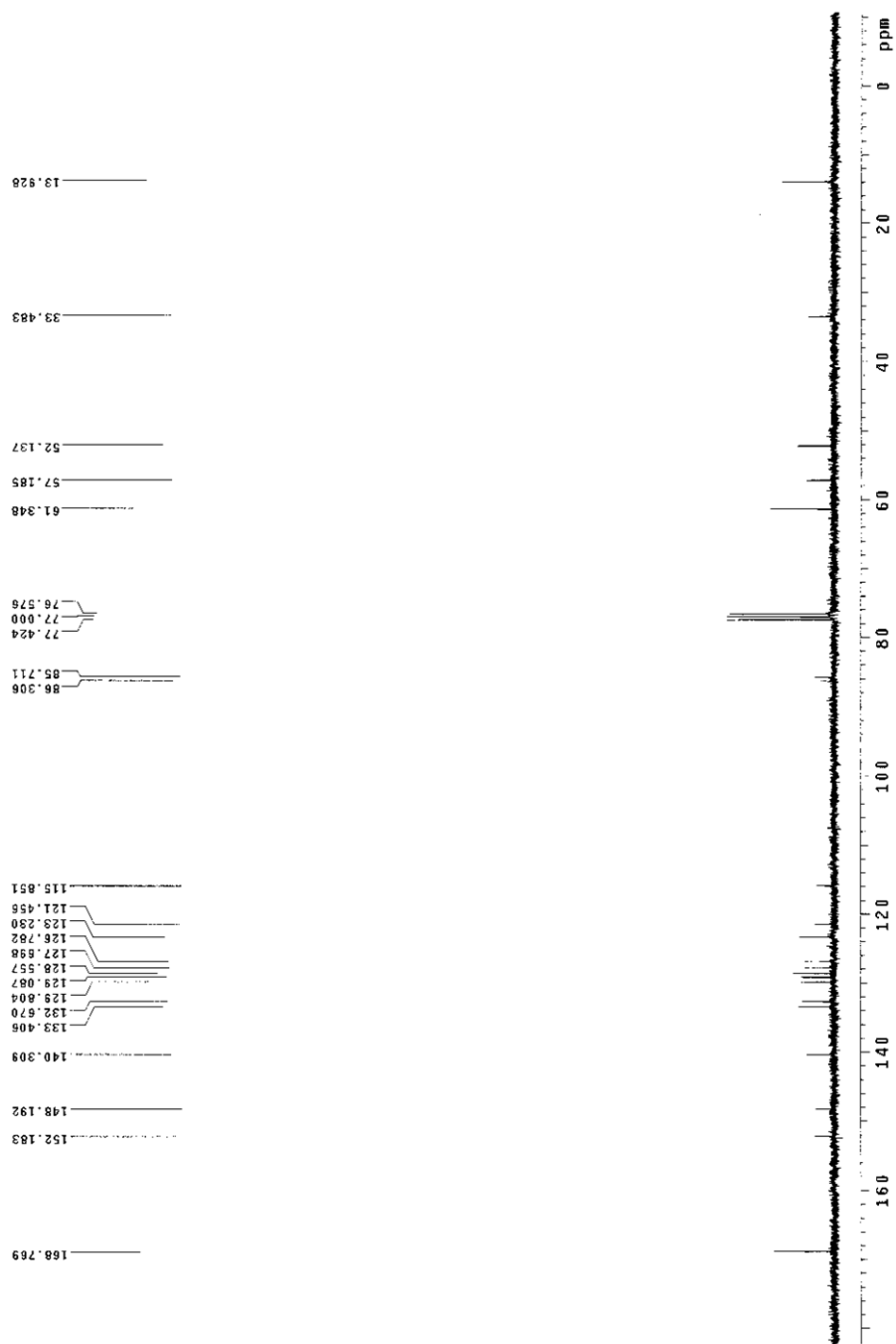
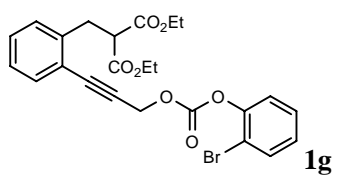
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140.225

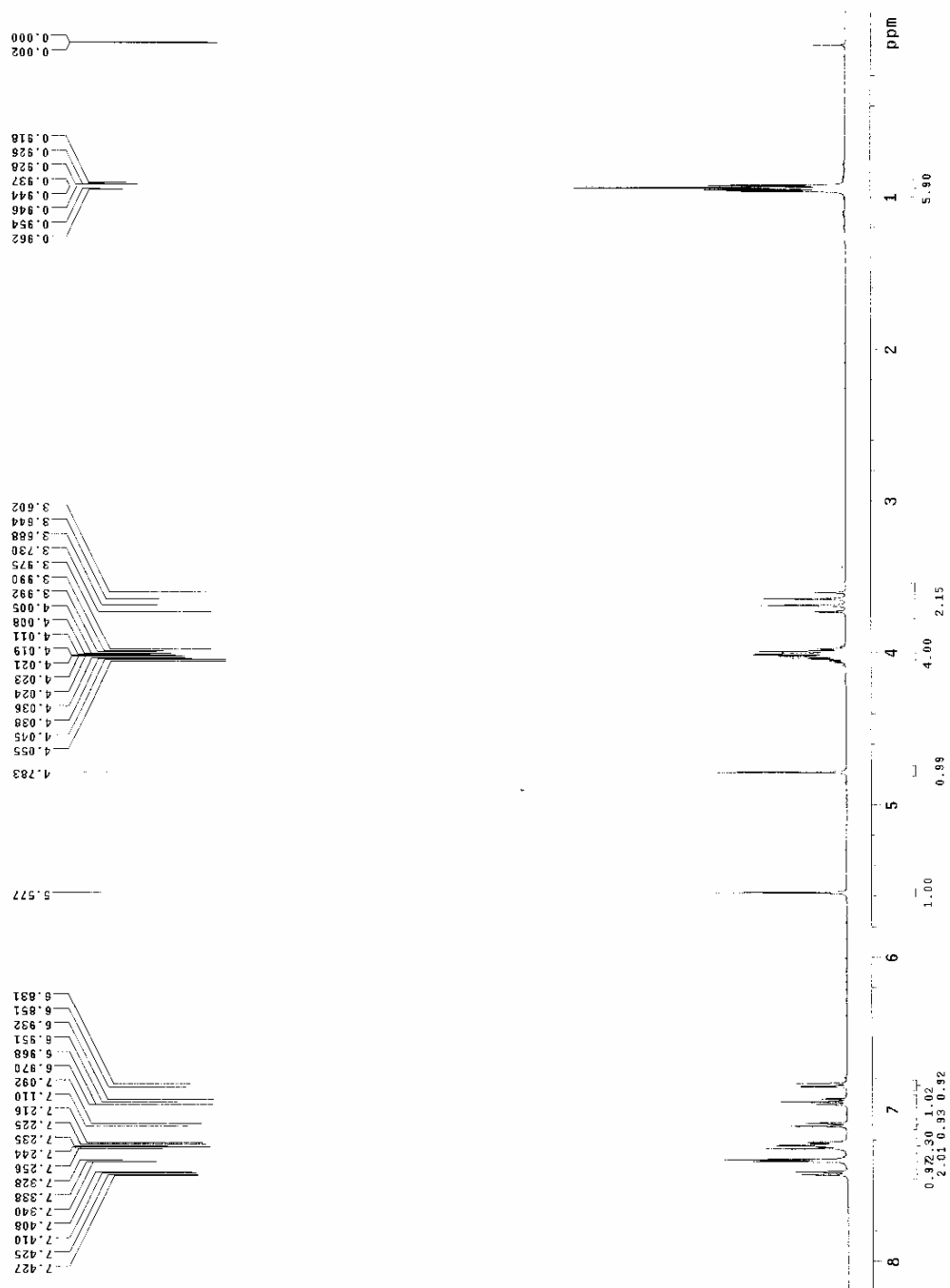
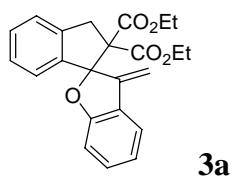
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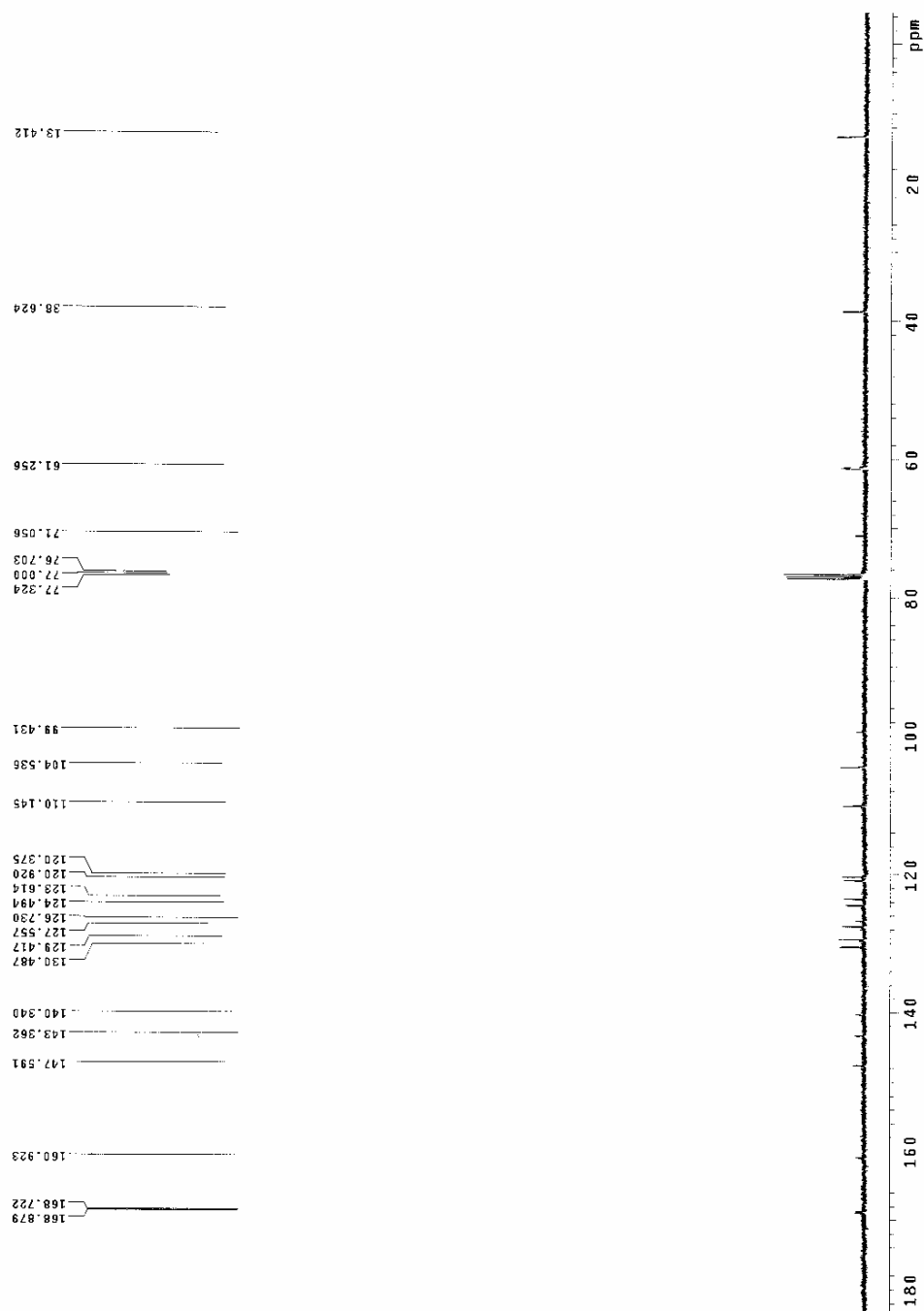
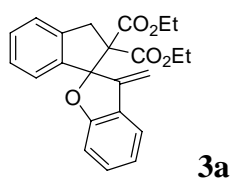
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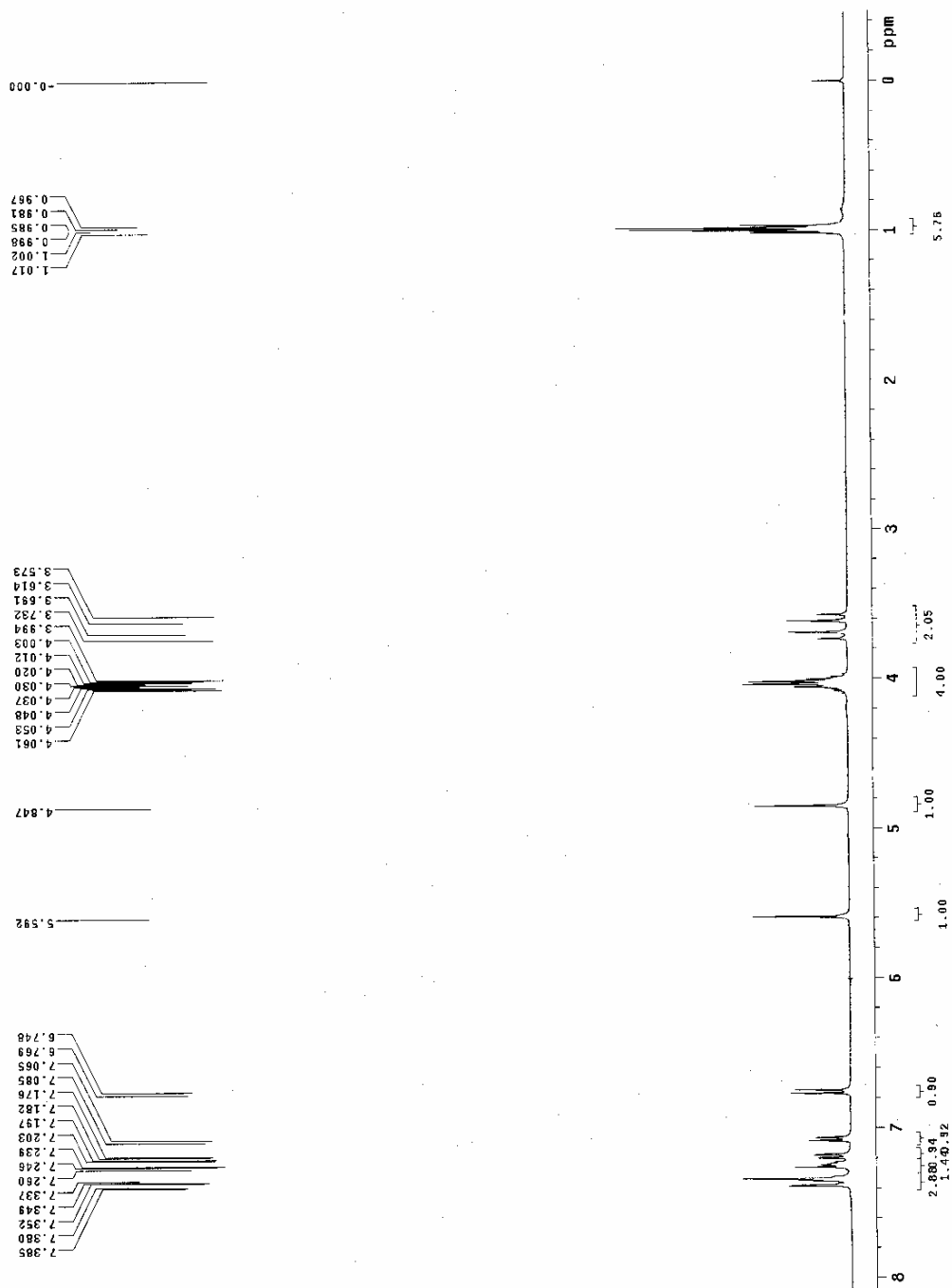
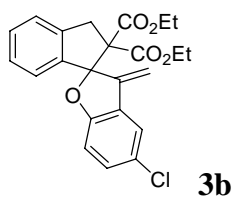


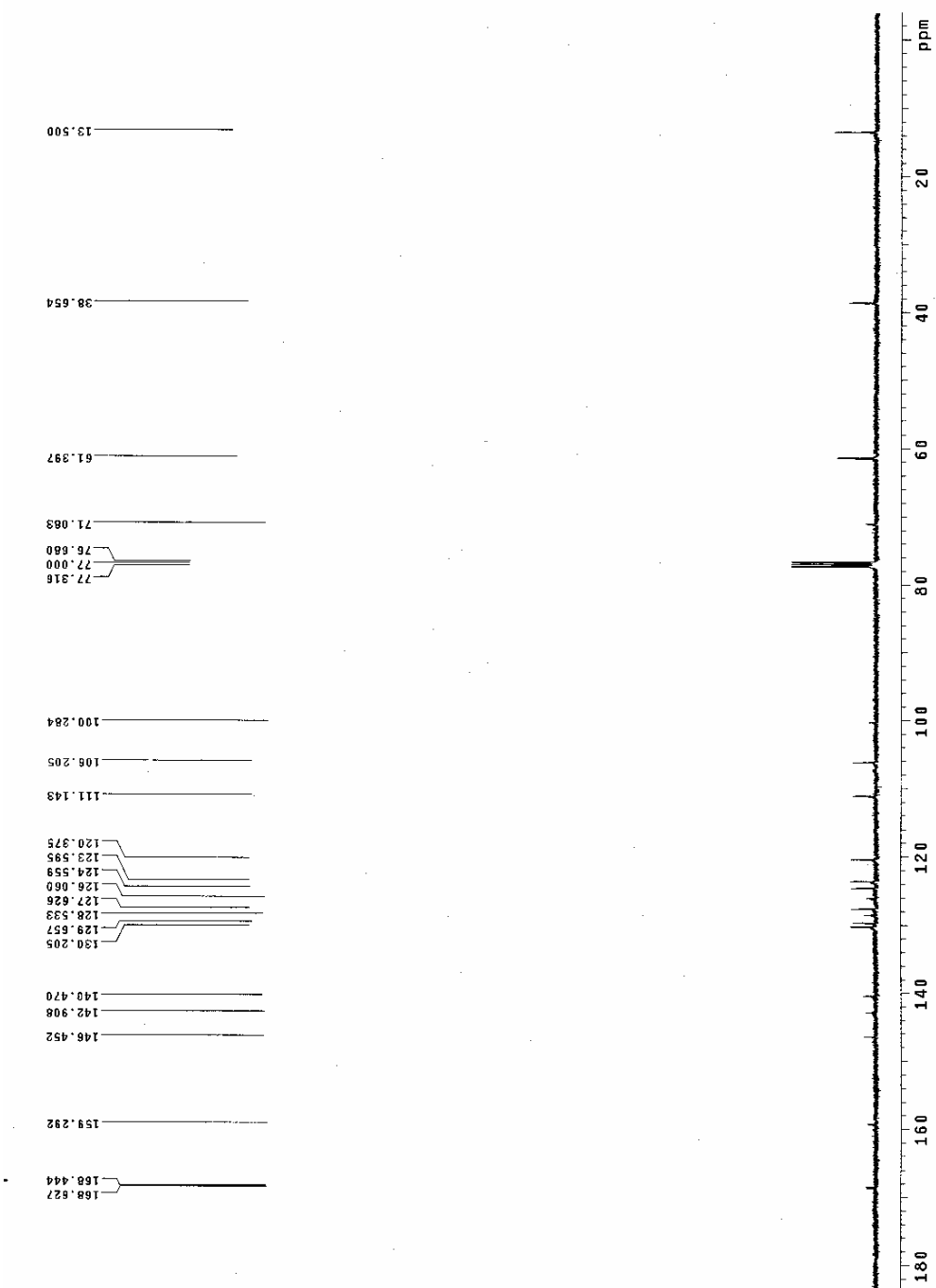
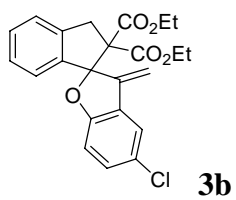


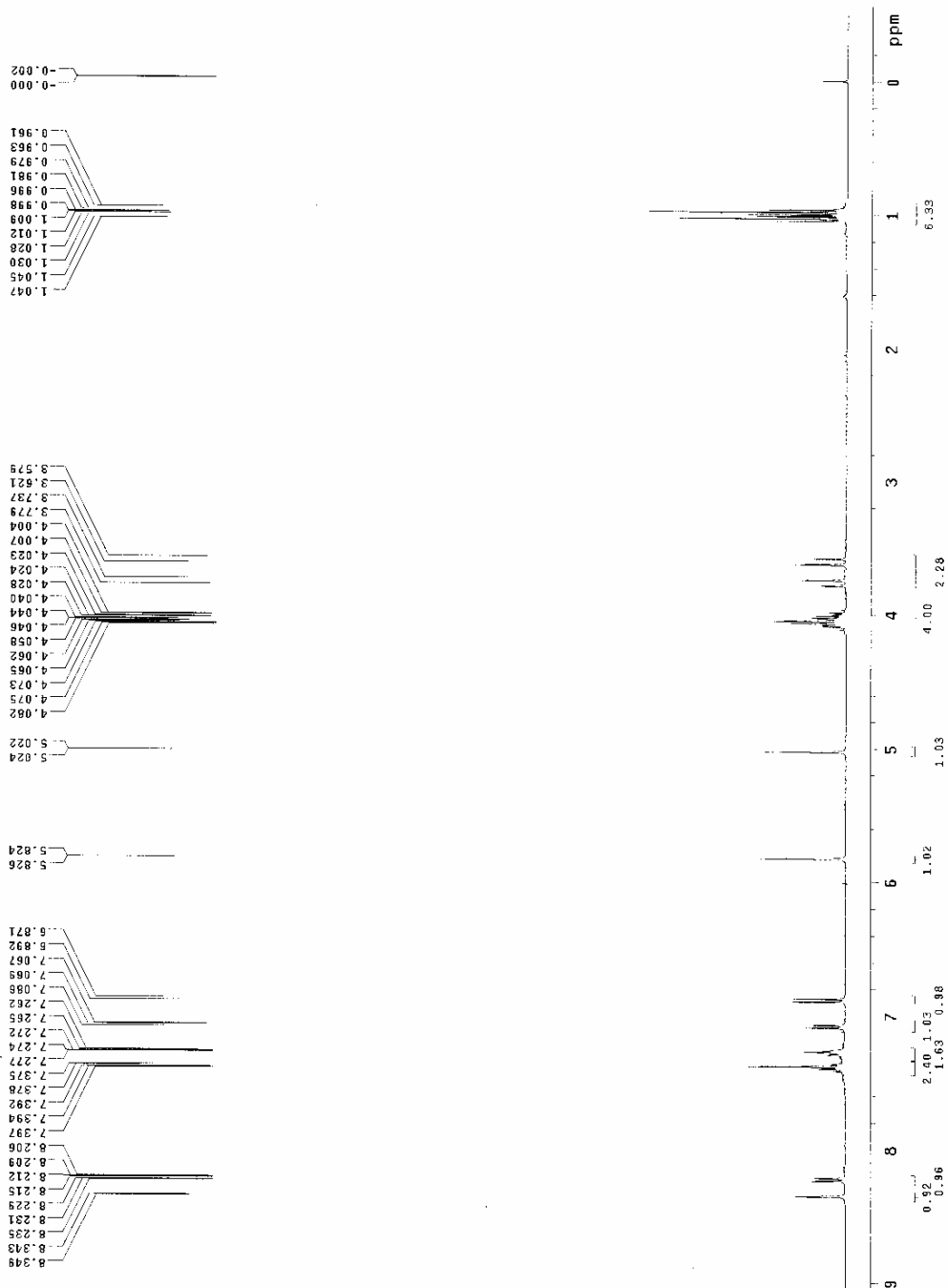
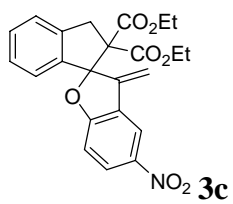


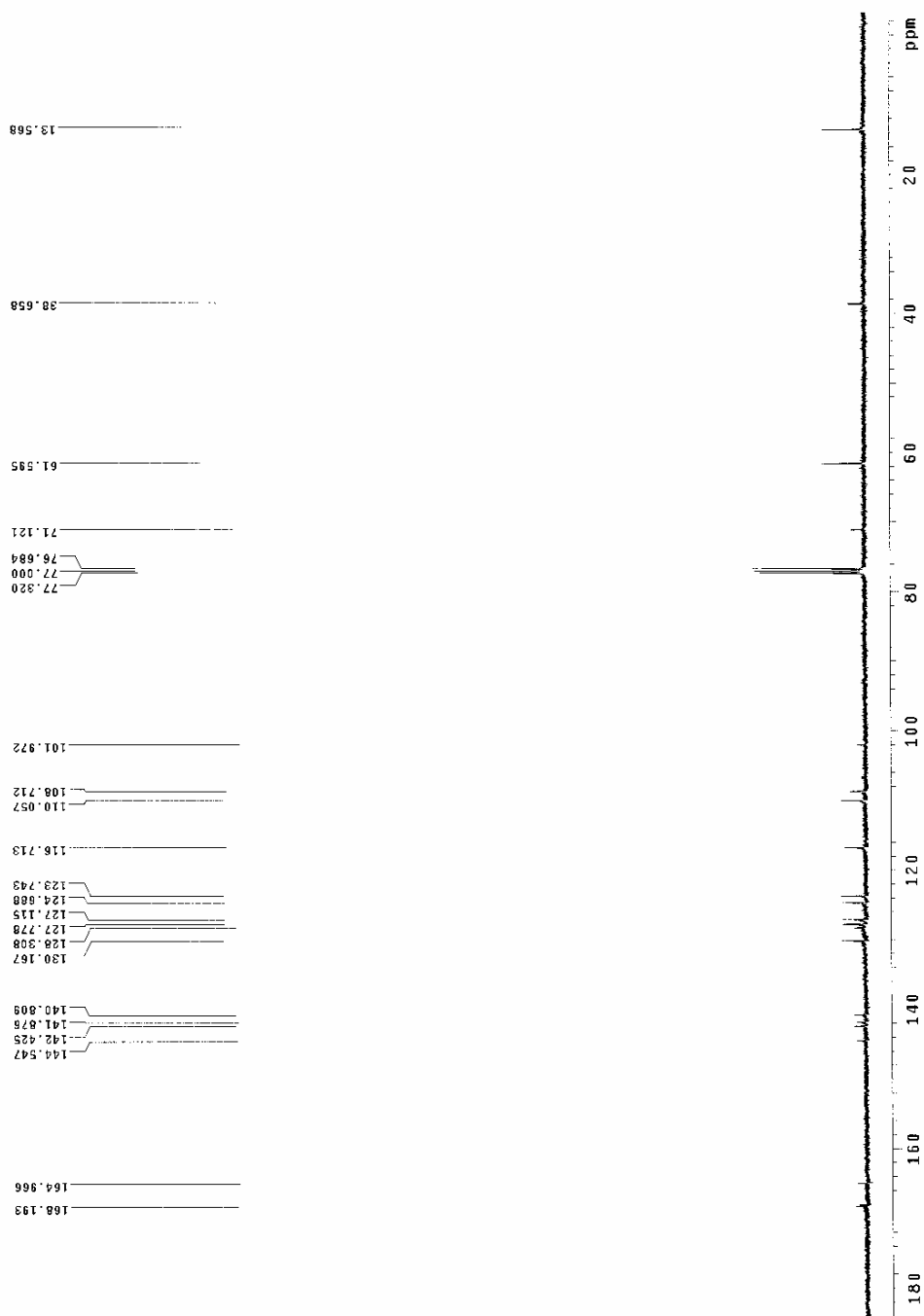
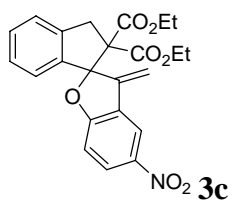


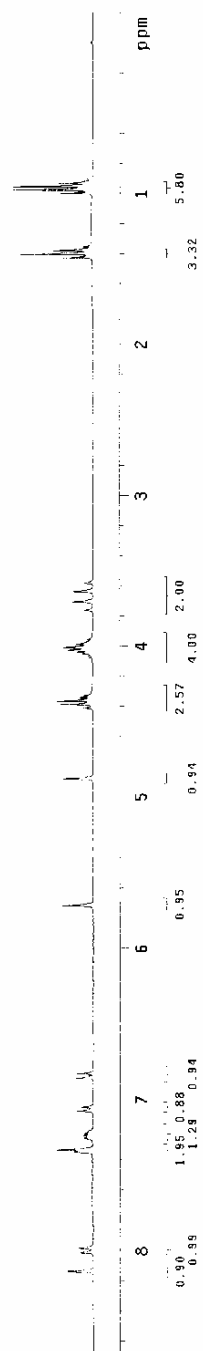
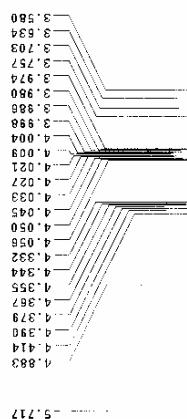
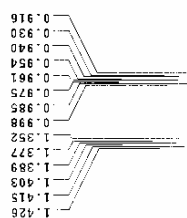
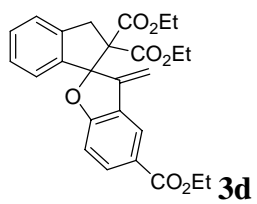


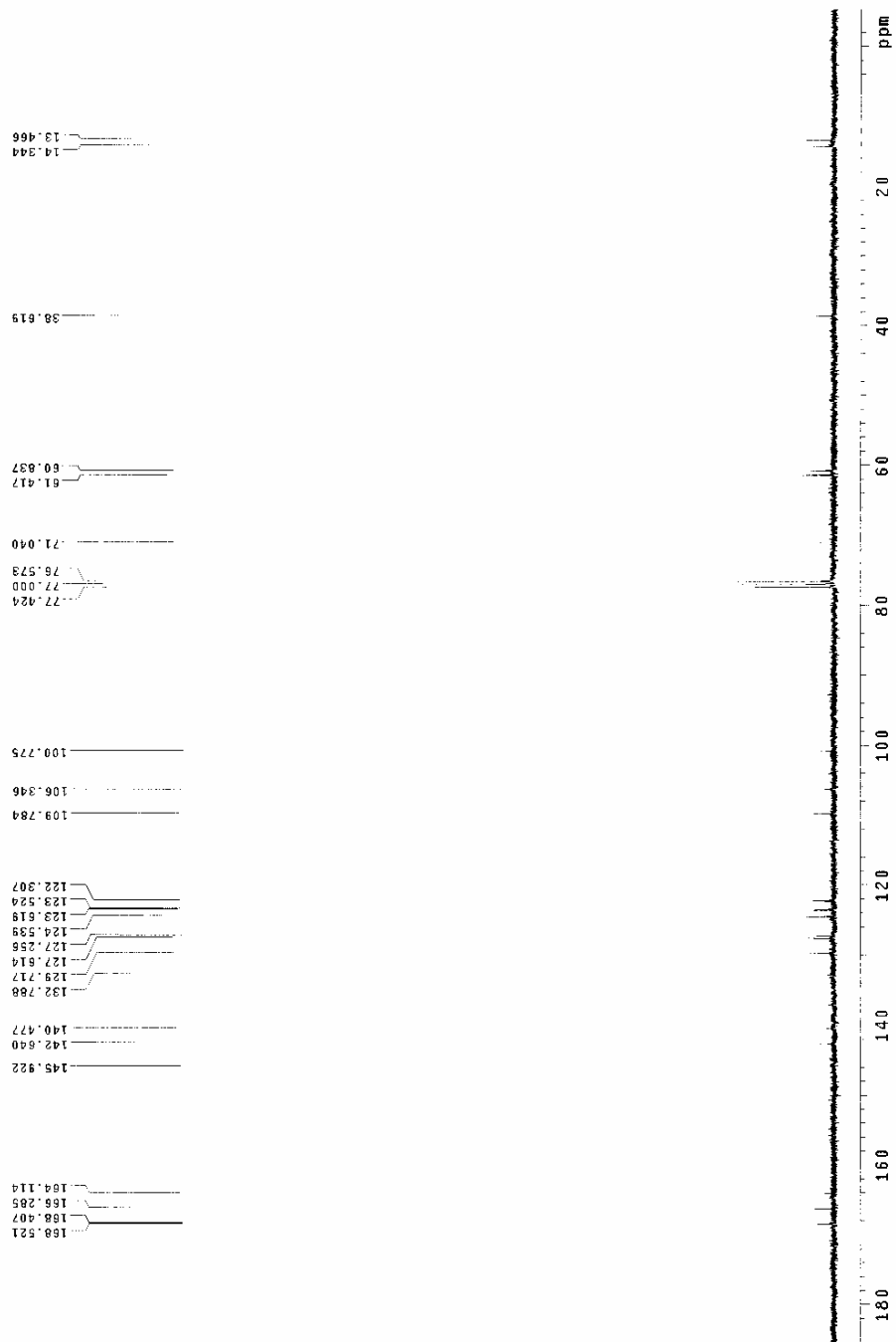
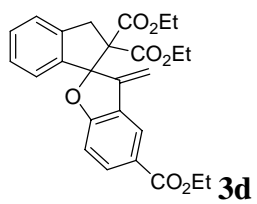


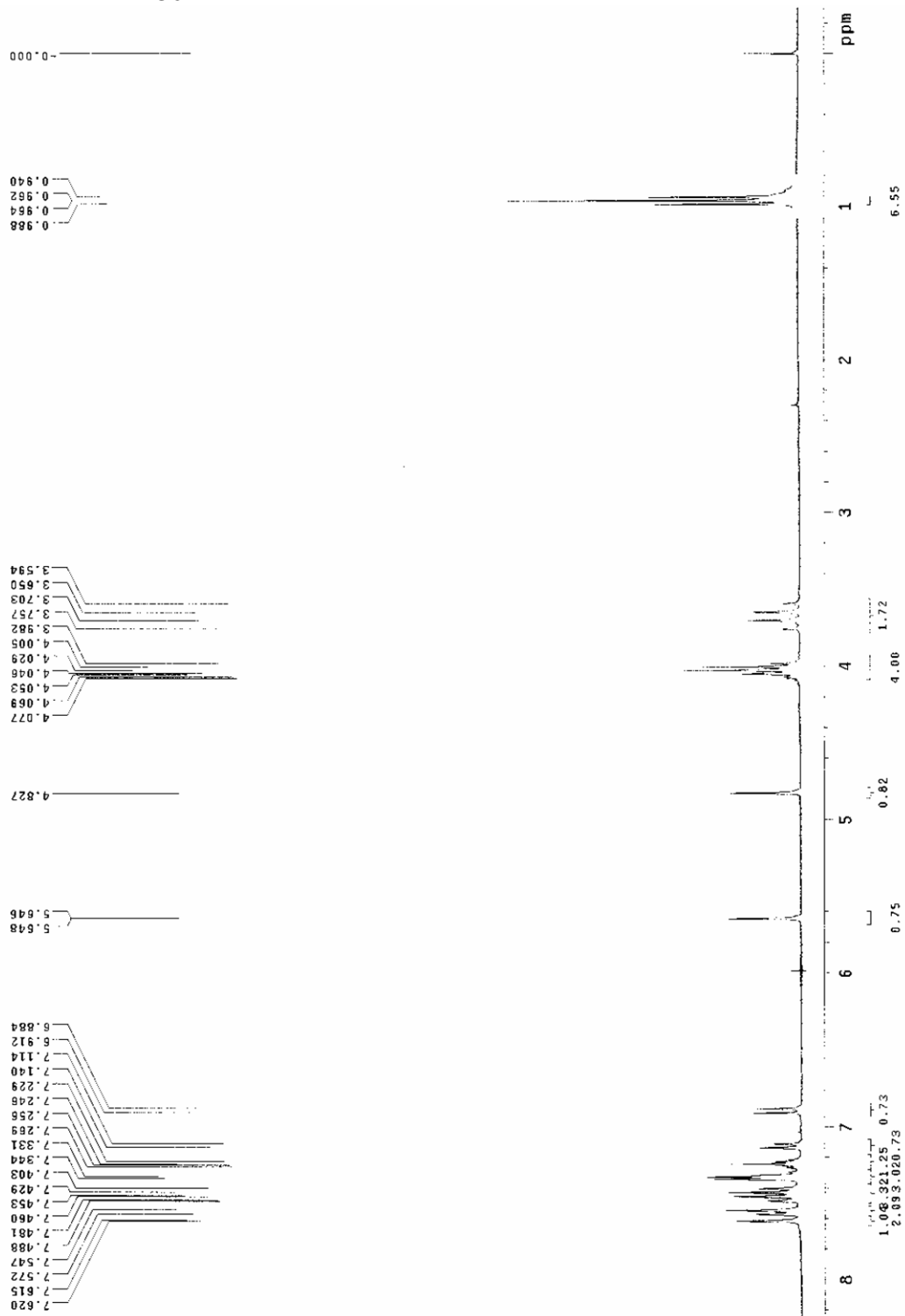
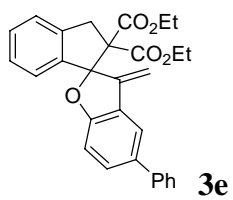


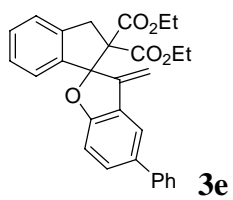












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38.672

61.428
61.329

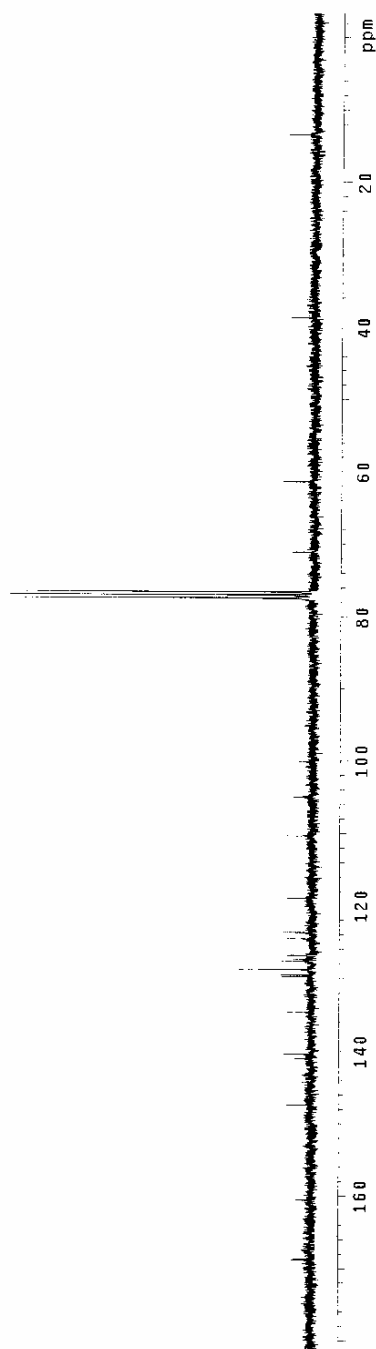
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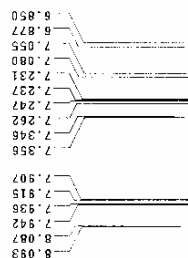
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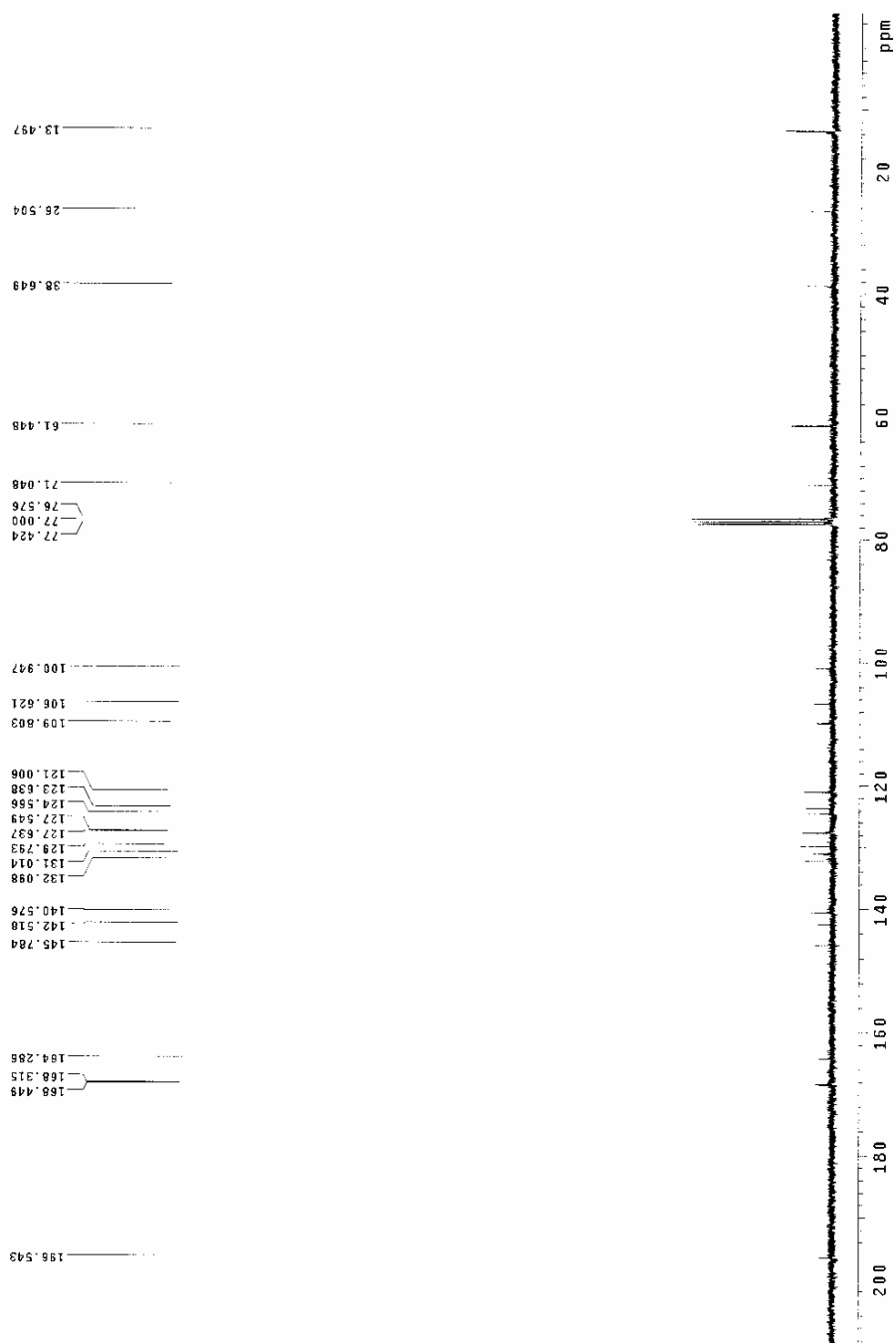
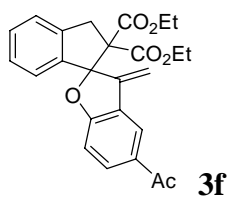
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160.524

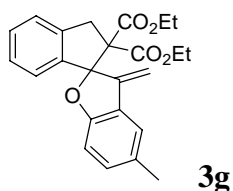
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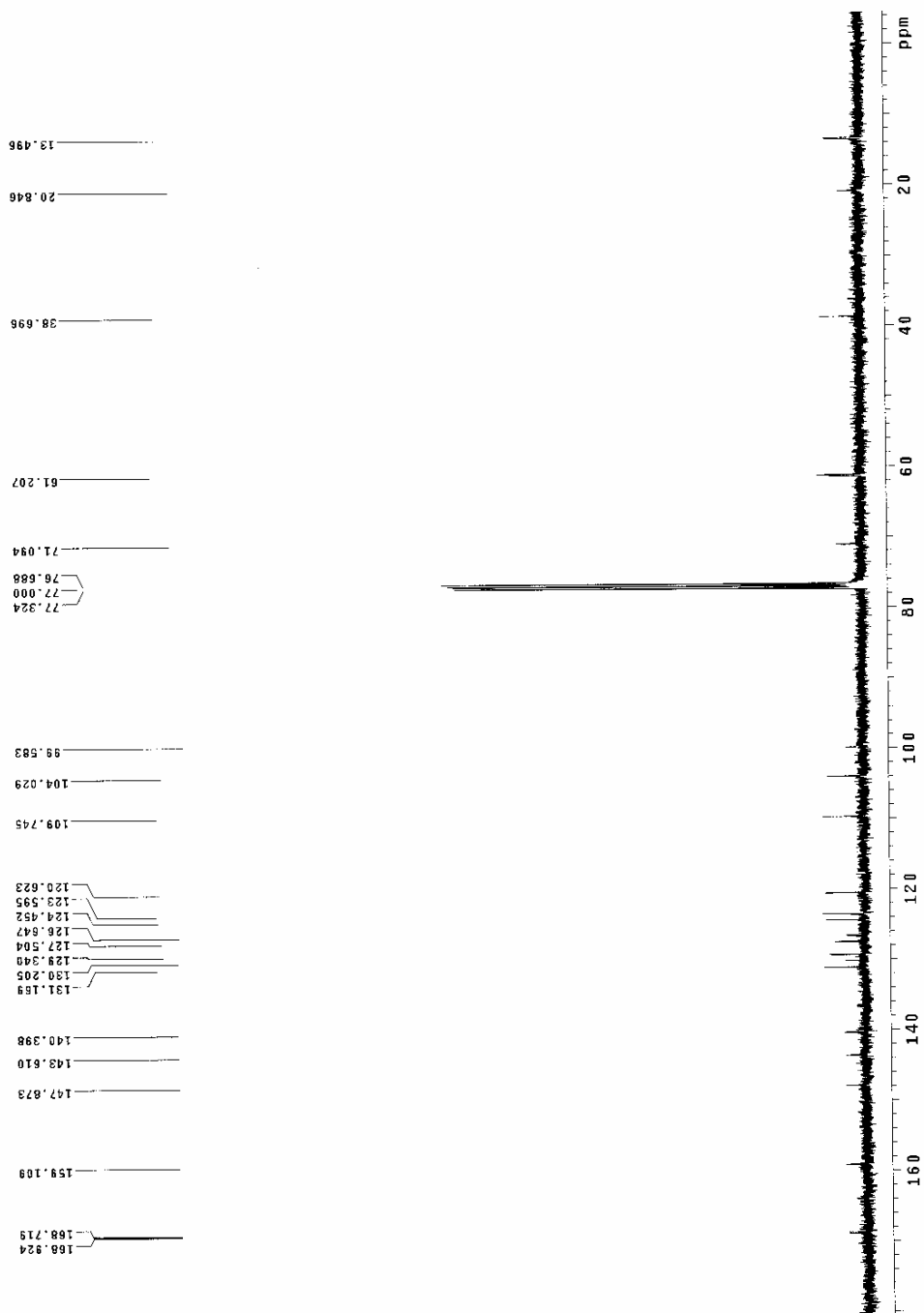


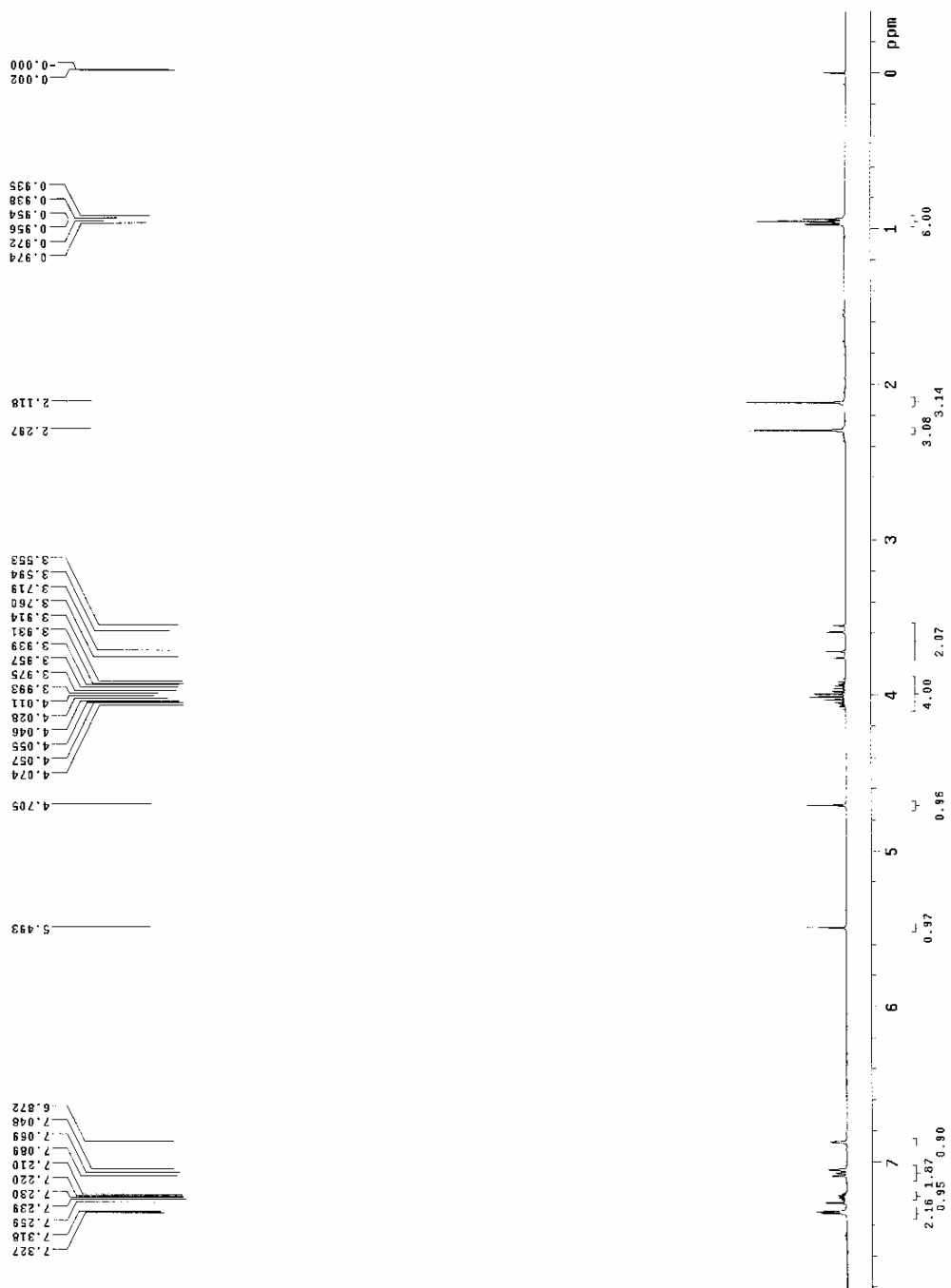
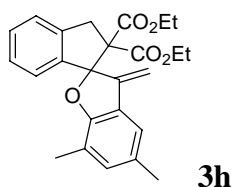


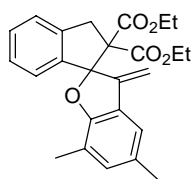




3g







3h

