

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Title: Cationic Rhodium(I)/Bisphosphane Complex-Catalyzed Isomerization of Secondary Propargylic Alcohols to α,β -Enones

Author(s): Ken Tanaka,* Takeaki Shoji, Masao Hirano

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I. Experimental Procedures and compound characterization data

[**1i**, **18**, **2a**, **2c**, **2d**, **2e**, **2f**, **2h**, **2i**, **2j**, **2l**, **2p**, **2q**, **2u**, **2v**, **2w**, **2b-d**, **2u-d**, **7a**, **7b**, **7c**, **9a**, **9b**, **9d**, and Table 4 (entries 1, 2, 3, 5, and 6)]

Alcohol 1i:^[1] Phenylacetylene (2.0 g, 20.0 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of CuI (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol) and triethylamine (5.6 mL) in THF (100 mL) at RT, and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. Ethyl oxalyl chloride (3.4 g, 25.0 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at RT overnight. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ and extracted with Et₂O. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc = 8:1), which furnished 2-oxo-4-phenylbut-3-ynoic acid ethyl ester (2.1 g, 10.2 mmol, 51% yield) as a yellow oil. A mixture of 2-oxo-4-phenylbut-3-ynoic acid ethyl ester (0.50 g, 2.50 mmol), NaBH₄ (71 mg, 1.88 mmol), and CeCl₃•7H₂O (1.0 g, 2.68 mmol) in EtOH (7 mL) was stirred at RT for 10 min. The reaction was hydrolyzed with diluted HCl, brine was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was concentrated and the residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc = 7:1), which furnished alcohol **1i** (0.40 g, 1.97 mmol, 79% yield) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.38–7.27 (m, 3H), 5.06 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.15 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.36 ppm (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 170.3, 131.9, 128.8, 128.2, 121.8, 85.3, 84.2, 62.8, 61.9, 14.0 ppm.

Alcohol 18:^[2] To a solution of iodobenzene (2.0 g, 10.0 mmol) and pent-4-yn-2-ol (0.84 g, 10.0 mmol) in Et₃N (80 mL) was added PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (140 mg, 0.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 min, and CuI (19 mg, 0.1 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 2 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to RT, and ammonium salt

was removed by filtration. The solution was concentrated and the residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc = 10:1), which furnished alcohol **18** (1.5 g, 9.15 mmol, 92% yield) as an orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.55–7.45 (m, 2H), 7.45–7.24 (m, 3H), 4.15–3.95 (m, 1H), 2.64 (dd, J = 16.5 and 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (dd, J = 16.5 and 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.33 ppm (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 131.6, 128.2, 127.9, 123.3, 86.1, 83.0, 66.5, 29.9, 22.4 ppm.

Ketone 2a:^[3] (Table 2, entry 2) Yield 98% (78.5 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.62–7.50 (m, 3H), 7.50–7.26 (m, 3H), 6.75 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H) 1.17 ppm (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 200.9, 142.2, 134.5, 130.3, 128.9, 128.2, 126.0, 34.0, 8.2 ppm.

Ketone 2c:^[4] (Table 2, entry 3) Yield 97% (84.2 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.61–7.50 (m, 3H), 7.50–7.26 (m, 3H), 6.75 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H) 1.72 (sext, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 0.98 ppm (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 200.4, 142.2, 134.5, 130.3, 128.8, 128.1, 126.2, 42.7, 17.7, 13.8 ppm.

Ketone 2d:^[5] (Table 2, entry 4) Yield 95% (89.5 mg). Pale yellow solid; m.p. 32–33 °C. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.60–7.50 (m, 3H), 7.50–7.30 (m, 3H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.74–1.60 (m, 2H), 1.47–1.30 (m, 2H), 0.92 ppm (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 200.5, 142.2, 134.5, 130.3, 128.8, 128.1, 126.1, 40.7, 26.5, 22.5, 14.0 ppm.

Ketone 2e:^[6] (Table 2, entry 5) Yield 98% (85.5 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.60–7.50 (m, 3H), 7.50–7.30 (m, 3H), 6.82 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (sept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H) 1.19 ppm (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 203.7, 153.7, 142.3, 134.6, 130.3, 128.8, 128.2, 124.4, 114.5, 55.6, 39.2, 18.4 ppm.

Ketone 2f:^[7] (Table 2, entry 6) Yield 96% (90.0 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.69 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.34 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.20 ppm (s, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 204.1, 142.8, 134.8, 130.1, 128.8, 128.2, 120.6, 43.2, 26.2 ppm.

Ketone 2h:^[8] (Table 2, entry 8) Yield 32% (21.1 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 9.72 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62–7.52 (m, 3H), 7.52–7.43 (m, 3H), 6.73 ppm (dd, J = 15.9 and 7.5 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 193.7, 152.8, 134.0, 131.2, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5 ppm.

Ketone 2i:^[9] (Table 2, entry 9) Yield 48% (46.9 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 ,

300 MHz): $\delta = 7.86$ (d, $J = 16.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.80–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.37 (d, $J = 16.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.41 ppm (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 182.8, 162.1, 148.4, 133.9, 131.6, 129.01, 128.96, 120.5, 62.4, 14.0$ ppm.

Ketone 2j:^[10] (Table 2, entry 10) Yield 46% (52.6 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz): $\delta = 7.70$ (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.62–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.45–7.33 (m, 3H), 6.94 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.48 ppm (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 197.1, 143.5, 134.2, 130.7, 128.9, 128.4, 121.4, 77.1, 59.3$ ppm.

Ketone 2l:^[11] (Table 2, entry 12) Yield 98% (93.5 mg). Orange solid; m.p. 47–49 °C. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz): $\delta = 7.60$ –7.44 (m, 3H), 6.95–6.85 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.68 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.16 ppm (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz): $\delta = 200.7, 161.3, 141.8, 129.7, 127.0, 123.7, 114.2, 55.3, 33.9, 8.4$ ppm.

Ketone 2p:^[12] (Table 2, entry 16) Yield 96% (99.8 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): $\delta = 8.39$ (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.16 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.94–7.80 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.60–7.40 (m, 3H), 6.81 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.74 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.21 ppm (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 200.6, 138.9, 133.6, 131.8, 131.5, 130.5, 128.7, 128.4, 126.8, 126.1, 125.4, 124.9, 123.2, 34.4, 8.2$ ppm.

Ketone 2q:^[10] (Table 2, entry 17) Yield 46% (34.6 mg). Orange oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.49$ (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 3.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.64 (q, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.15 ppm (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 200.4, 151.1, 144.7, 128.3, 123.1, 115.4, 112.4, 34.5, 8.2$ ppm.

Ketone 2u:^[13] (Scheme 5) Yield 56% (51.1 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): $\delta = 6.82$ (dt, $J = 15.6, 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.09 (dt, $J = 15.6, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.51 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.25–2.15 (m, 2H), 1.73–1.53 (m, 2H), 1.53–1.38 (m, 2H), 1.38–1.17 (m, 6H), 1.00–0.80 ppm (m, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 200.8, 147.3, 130.3, 41.9, 32.4, 31.5, 28.8, 28.0, 22.5, 17.7, 14.0, 13.8$ ppm.

Ketone 2v:^[14] (Scheme 6) Yield 67% (25.1 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.94$ –7.88 (m, 2H), 7.60–7.50 (m, 1H), 7.50–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.07 (dt, $J = 15.3, 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dt, $J = 15.3, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.37–2.25 (m, 2H), 1.58–1.30 (m, 4H), 0.93 ppm (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): $\delta = 190.9, 150.1, 138.0, 132.5,$

128.5, 128.4, 125.8, 32.5, 30.2, 22.3, 13.8 ppm.

Ketone 2w:^[15] (Scheme 6) Yield 67% (*E*-isomer: 18.1 mg, *Z*-isomer: 37.0 mg). Pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) *E*-isomer: δ = 6.77 (dd, J = 15.9, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 15.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.25–2.05 (m, 1H), 1.85–1.60 (m, 4H), 1.40–1.00 ppm (m, 9H); *Z*-isomer: δ = 6.02 (dd, J = 11.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (dd, J = 11.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.35–3.12 (m, 1H), 2.48 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.78–1.60 (m, 5H), 1.45–0.95 ppm (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) *E*-isomer: δ = 201.6, 152.0, 127.5, 40.6, 33.2, 31.8, 25.9, 25.7, 8.2 ppm; *Z*-isomer: δ = 202.0, 153.4, 124.5, 37.5, 37.3, 32.3, 25.9, 25.4, 7.8 ppm.

Ketone 2b-d: (Scheme 7) Yield 94% (69.0 mg). Colorless oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.57–7.50 (m, 2.25H), 7.44–7.35 (m, 3H), 6.72 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 0.75H), 2.39 ppm (s, 3H). ²H NMR (CDCl₃, 61 MHz): δ = 7.68–7.35 (m, 0.75D), 6.85–6.60 ppm (m, 0.25D).

Ketone 2u-d: (Scheme 16) Yield 31% (14.4 mg). Pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 6.82 (dt, J = 15.6, 6.9 Hz, 0.46H), 6.13–6.04 (m, 1H), 2.51 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.25–2.15 (m, 2H), 1.73–1.53 (m, 2H), 1.52–1.38 (m, 1.08H), 1.38–1.17 (m, 6H), 1.00–0.80 ppm (m, 6H). ²H NMR (CDCl₃, 61 MHz): δ = 6.95–6.80 (m, 0.54D), 1.55–1.35 ppm (m, 0.46D).

Ketone 7a:^[16] (Table 6, entry 1) Yield 73% (81.5 mg). Colorless solid; m.p. 58–59 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.68 (s, 4H), 2.45 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.66–1.50 (m, 4H), 1.38–1.18 (m, 8H), 0.89 ppm (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 209.7, 42.7, 35.9, 31.3, 23.4, 22.4, 13.8 ppm.

Ketone 7b:^[17] (Table 6, entry 2) Yield 79% (92.1 mg). Pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 8.02–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.60–7.49 (m, 1H), 7.49–7.40 (m, 2H), 3.27 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.52 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.62 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.40–1.20 (m, 4H), 0.89 ppm (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 209.6, 198.5, 136.5, 133.0, 128.4, 127.9, 42.8, 36.0, 32.2, 31.3, 23.4, 22.3, 13.8 ppm.

Ketone 7c:^[18] (Table 6, entry 3) Yield 89% (52.9 mg). Pale yellow solid; m.p. 146–147 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 8.08–8.00 (m, 4H), 7.62–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.52–7.43 (m, 4H), 3.46 ppm (s, 4H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 198.6, 136.7, 133.1, 128.6, 128.1, 32.5 ppm.

Furan 9a:^[19] (Table 6, entry 4) Yield 78% (94.2 mg). Pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃,

300 MHz): δ = 5.83 (s, 2H), 2.56 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 1.68–1.42 (m, 4H), 1.42–1.22 (m, 8H), 0.89 ppm (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 154.6, 104.8, 31.4, 28.0, 27.8, 22.4, 14.0 ppm.

Furan 9b:^[20] (Table 6, entry 5) Yield 47% (58.0 mg). Pale yellow oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.70–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25–7.15 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.76–1.60 (m, 2H), 1.44–1.24 (m, 4H), 0.96–0.84 ppm (m, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 156.4, 152.0, 131.2, 128.6, 126.7, 123.3, 106.8, 105.6, 31.4, 28.1, 27.8, 22.4, 14.0 ppm.

Furan 9d:^[21] (Table 6, entry 7) Yield 59% (74.7 mg). Yellow solid; m.p. 84–85 °C. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz): δ = 7.80–7.70 (m, 4H), 7.46–7.35 (m, 4H), 7.34–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.70 ppm (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz): δ = 153.3, 130.7, 128.7, 127.3, 123.7, 107.2 ppm.

Table 4, entry 1: (*S*)-1b $\{[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -19.6^\circ$ (c = 1.04 in Et_2O , 42.4% ee); lit.^[22] $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -33.9^\circ$ (c = 1.10 in Et_2O , 97% ee, (*S*)-1b)} was obtained for 14 h at 57.5% conversion. Selectivity factor = 2.8. CHIRALCEL OD-H, hexane:2-PrOH = 90:10, 1.0 mL/min, retention times: 7.2 min (minor isomer) and 14.4 min (major isomer).

Table 4, entry 2: (*S*)-1a $\{[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -15.0^\circ$ (c = 1.49 in Et_2O , 76.0% ee); lit.^[23] $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +19.2^\circ$ (c = 1.24 in Et_2O , 94% ee, (*R*)-1a)} was obtained for 72 h at 58.5% conversion. Selectivity factor = 7.3. CHIRALCEL OD-H, hexane:2-PrOH = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, retention times: 8.8 min (minor isomer) and 24.4 min (major isomer).

Table 4, entry 3: (*S*)-1c $\{[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -1.93^\circ$ (c = 1.29 in CHCl_3 , 53.8% ee); lit.^[24] $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +3^\circ$ (c = 0.75 in CHCl_3 , 85% ee, (*R*)-1c)} was obtained for 31 h at 54.3% conversion. Selectivity factor = 4.4. CHIRALCEL OD-H, hexane:2-PrOH = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, retention times: 8.5 min (minor isomer) and 25.0 min (major isomer).

Table 4, entry 5: (*S*)-1e $\{[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -0.28^\circ$ (c = 1.72 in CHCl_3 , 58.1% ee); lit.^[25] $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +3.2^\circ$ (c = 6.80 in CHCl_3 , 90% ee, (*R*)-1e)} was obtained for 28 h at 51.2% conversion. Selectivity factor = 6.1. CHIRALCEL OD-H, hexane:2-PrOH = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, retention times: 7.6 min (minor isomer) and 17.2 min (major isomer).

Table 4, entry 6: (*S*)-1f $\{[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -0.23^\circ$ (CHCl_3 , c = 1.73, 61.7% ee); lit.^[25] $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +2.4^\circ$ (c = 4.00 in CHCl_3 , 94% ee, (*R*)-1f)} was obtained for 12 h (40 °C) at 58.2% conversion. Selectivity factor = 4.7. CHIRALCEL OD-H, hexane:2-PrOH = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, retention times: 8.7 min (minor isomer) and 12.8 min (major isomer); lit.^[24] CHIRALCEL OD, hexane:2-PrOH = 90:10, retention times: 7.4 min (*R* isomer) and

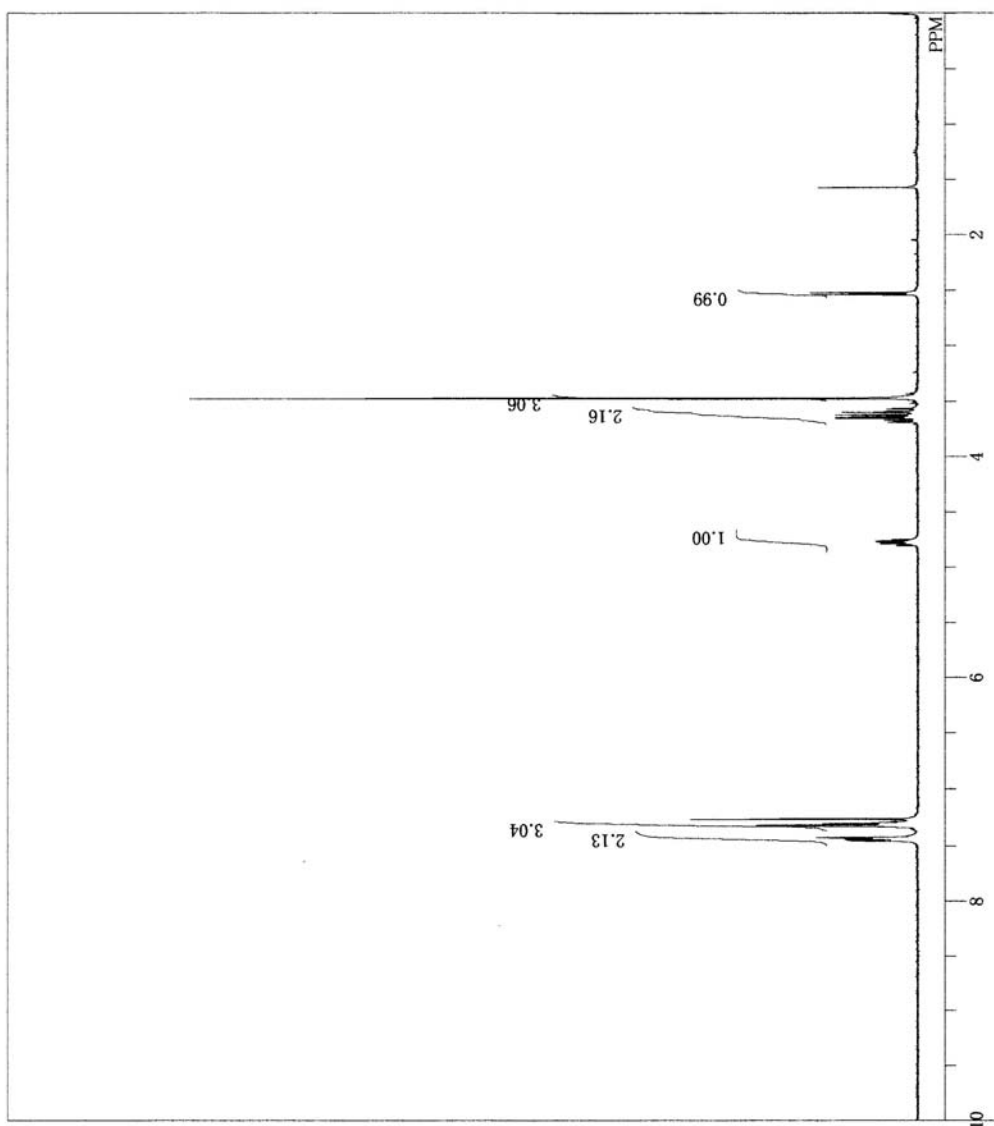
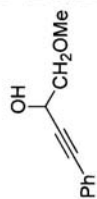
10.1 min (*S* isomer).

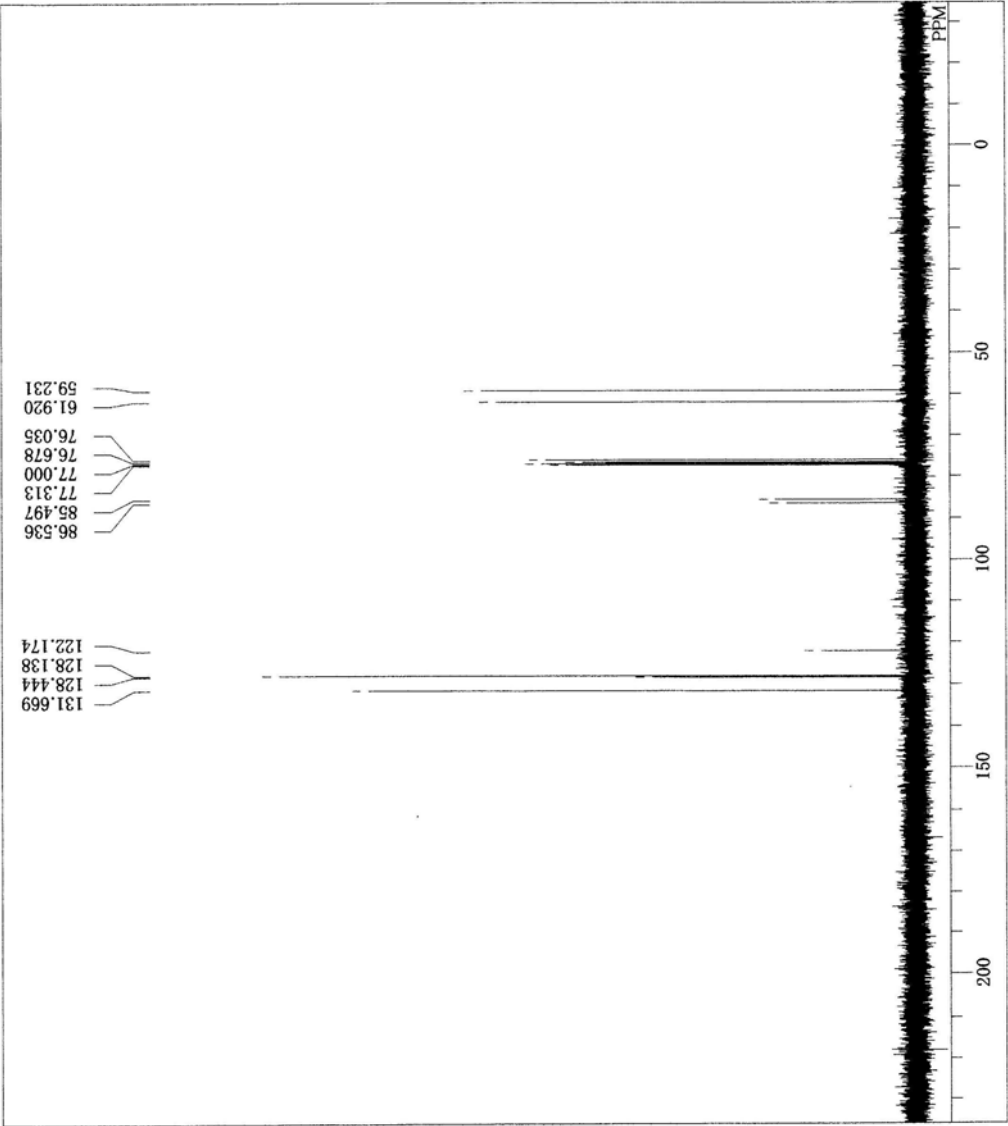
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II. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of all new compounds

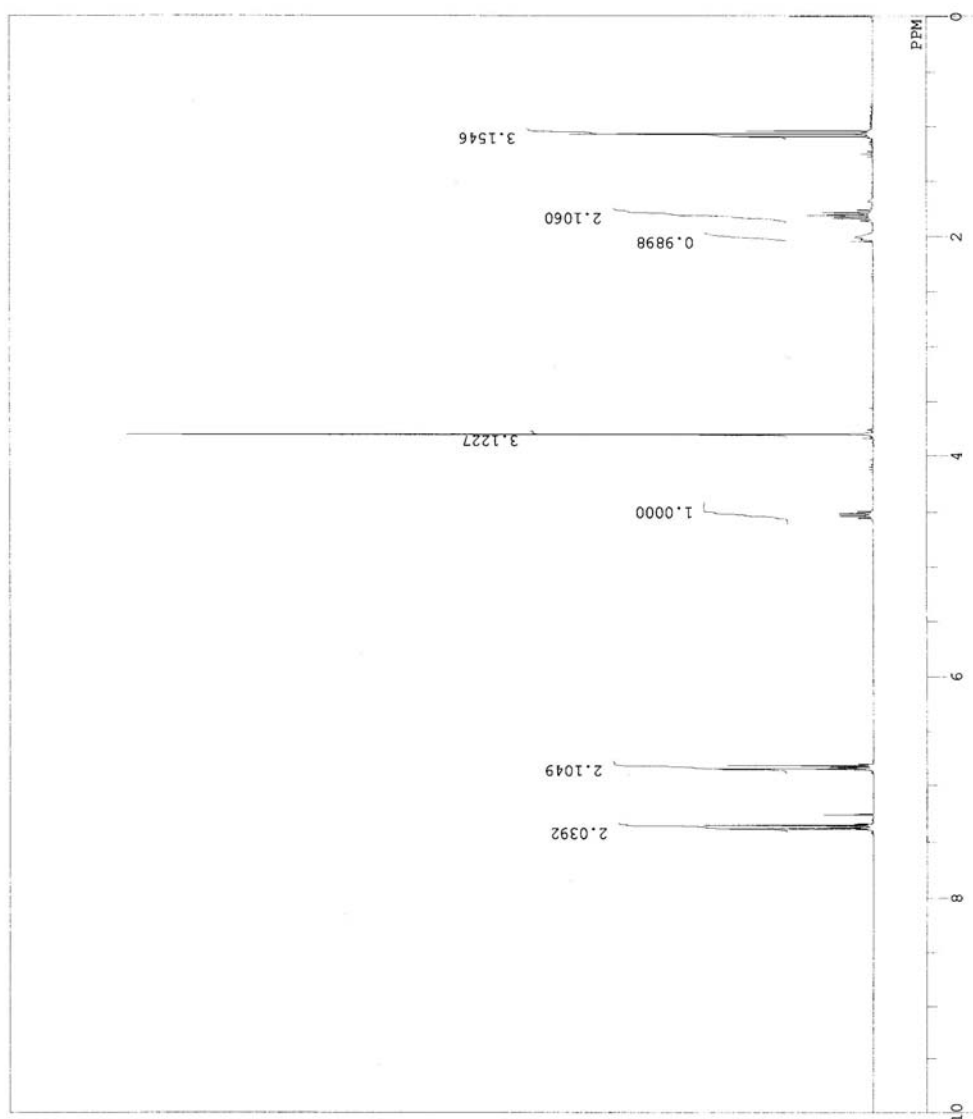
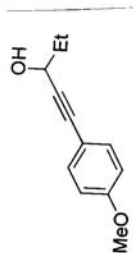
(**1j**, **1l**, **1m**, **1n**, **1p**, **1q**, **1r**, **1t**, **6b**, **8a**, **8b**, **8c**, **10a**, **10b**, **11a**, **11b**, **19**, **2k**, **2m**, **2n**, **2o**, **2s**,
2t, **12a**, **12b**, **13a**, **13b**, and **20**)

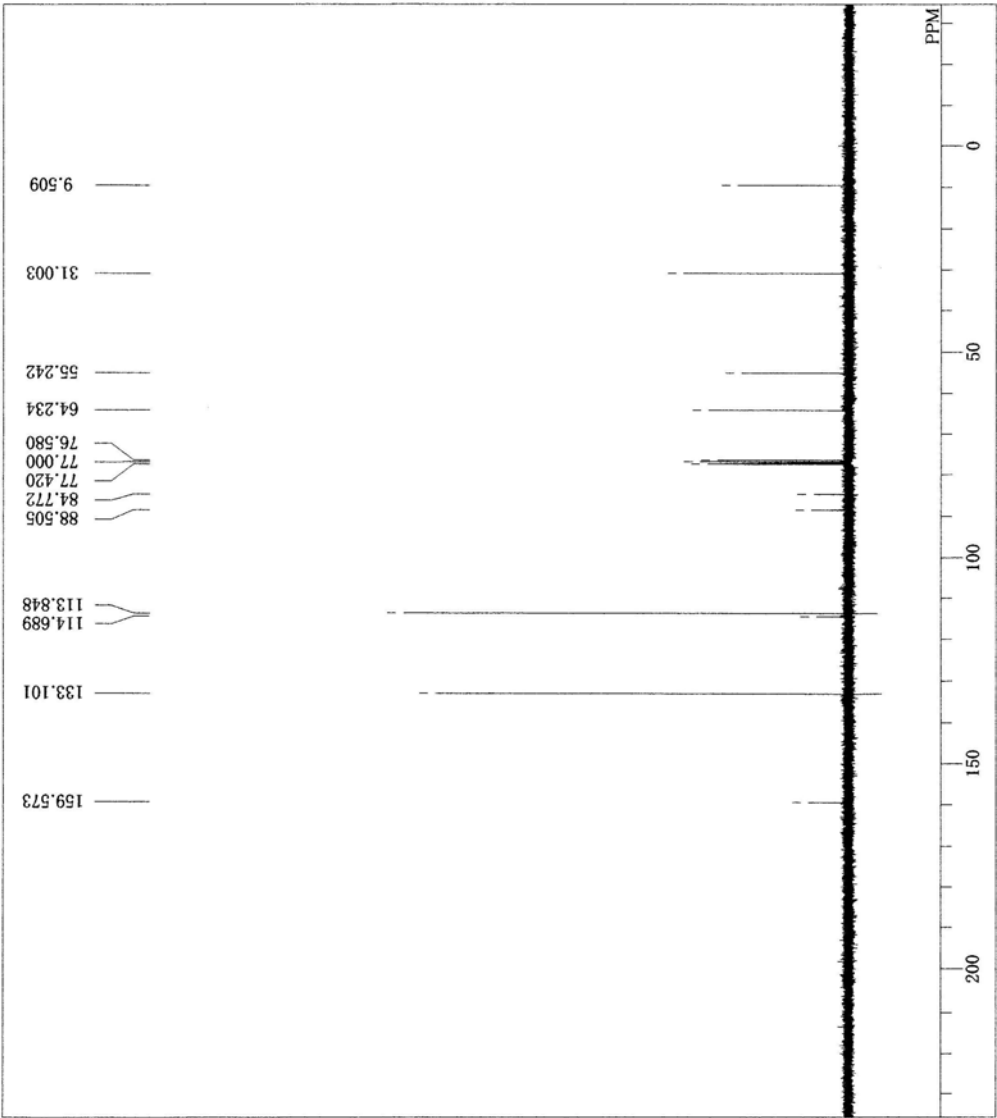
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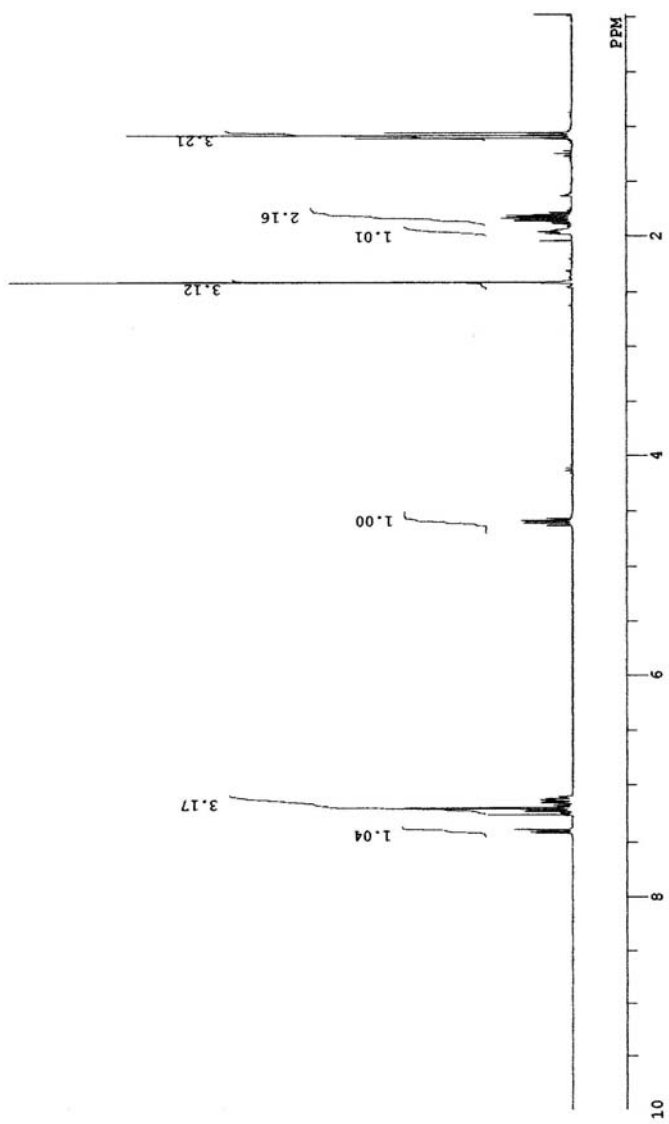
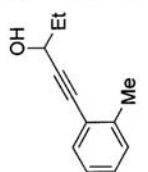


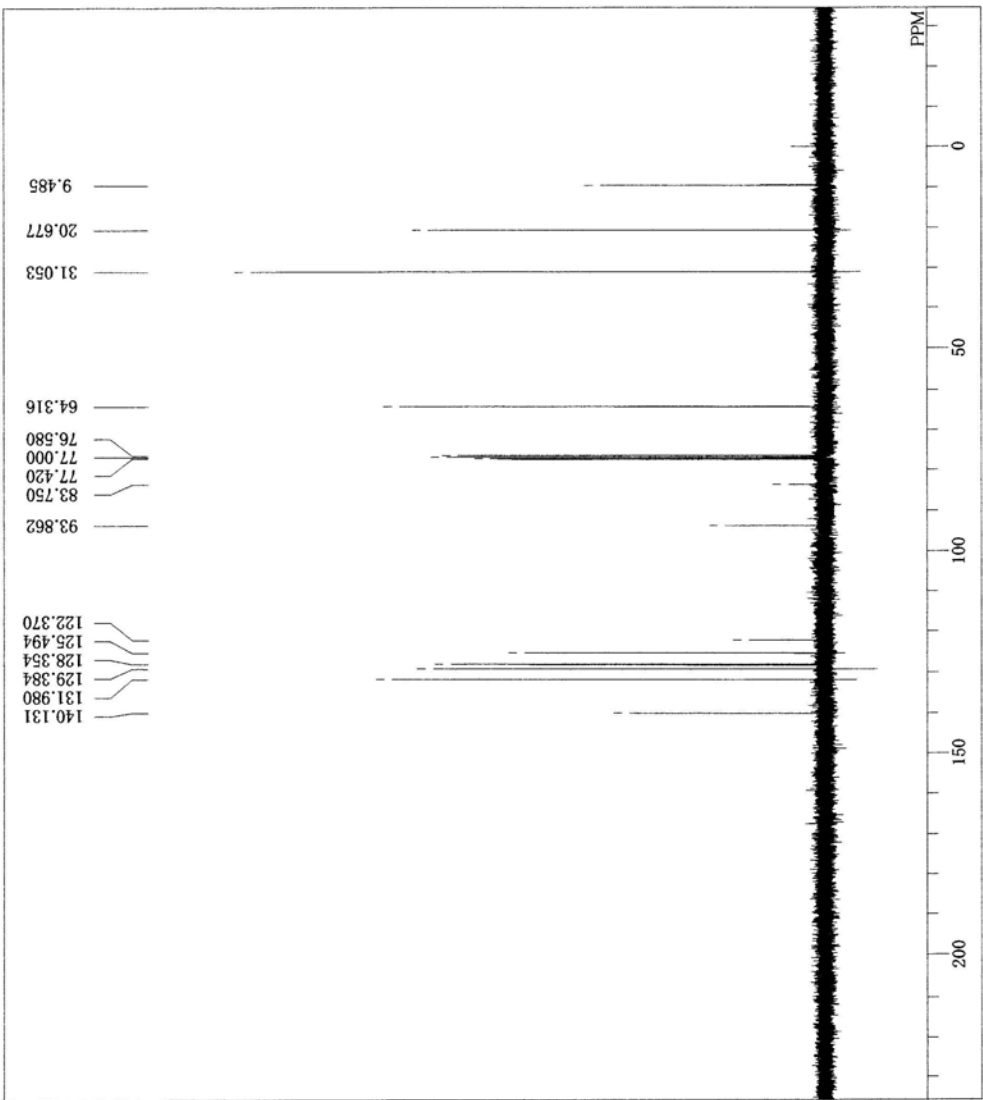
Alcohol 11



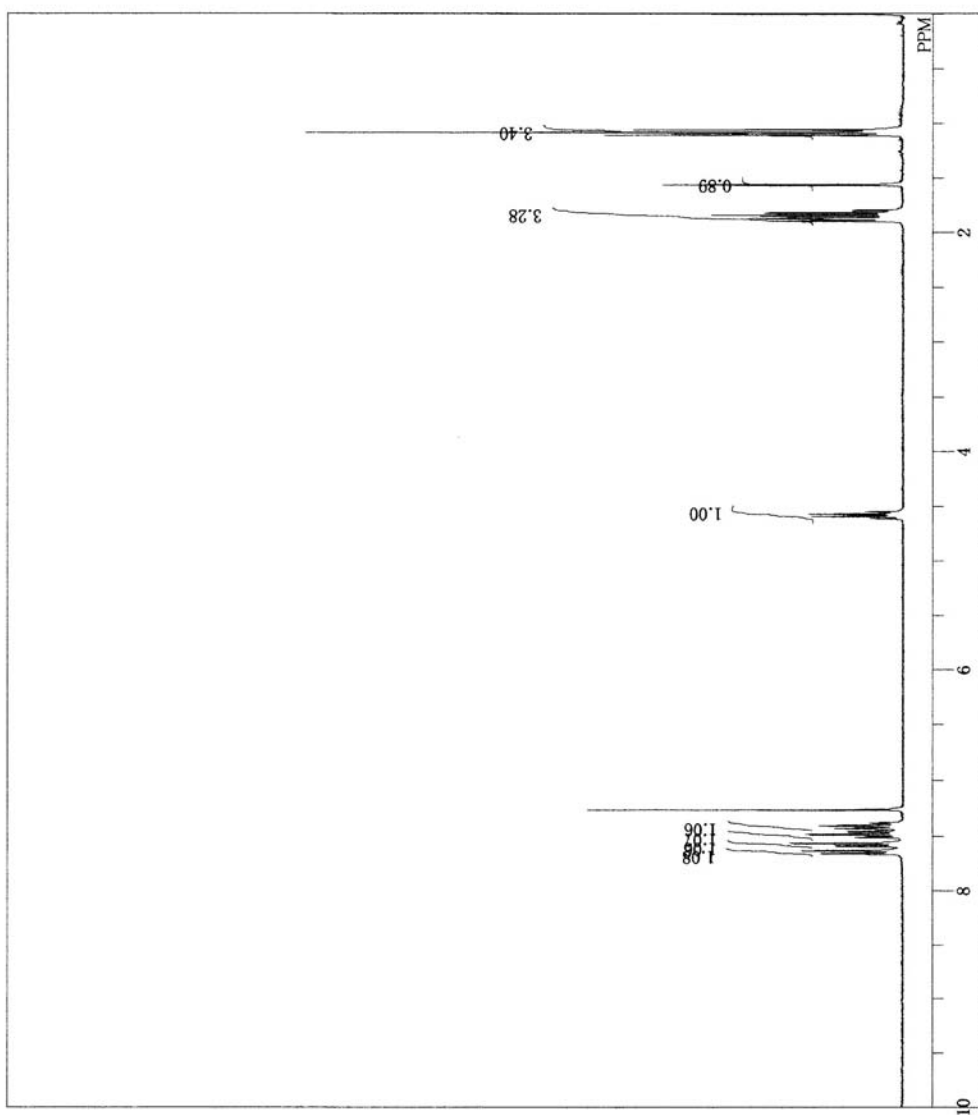
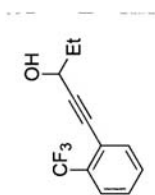


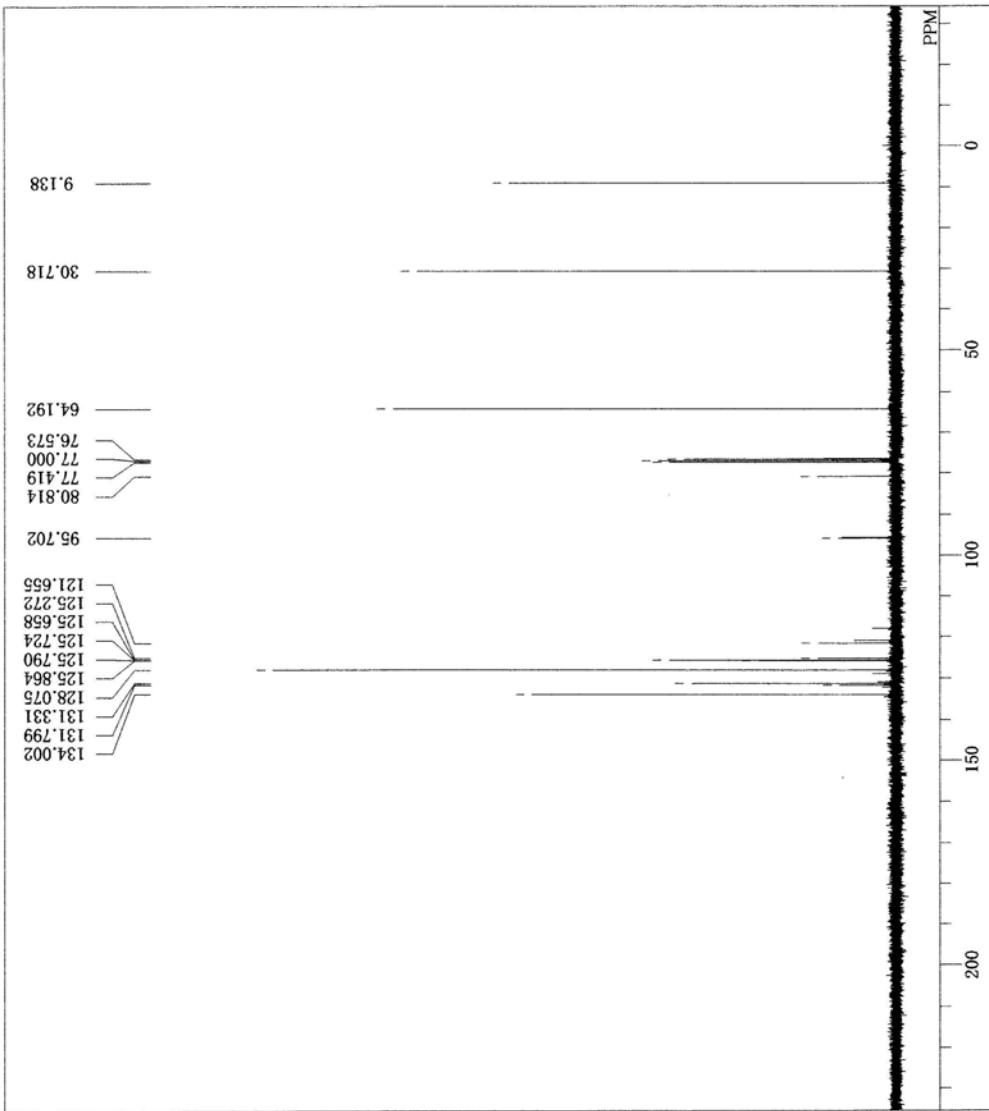
Alcohol 1m



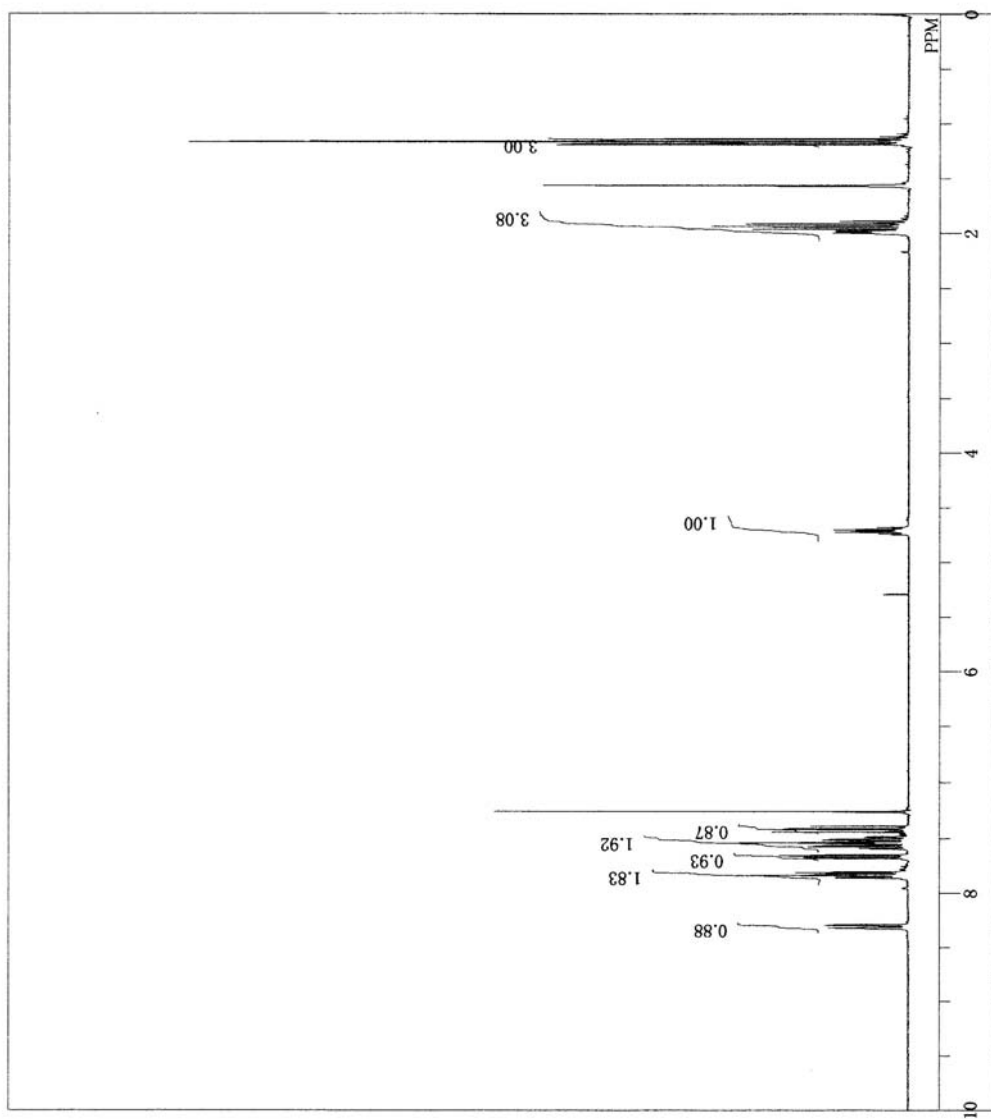
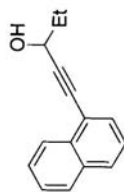


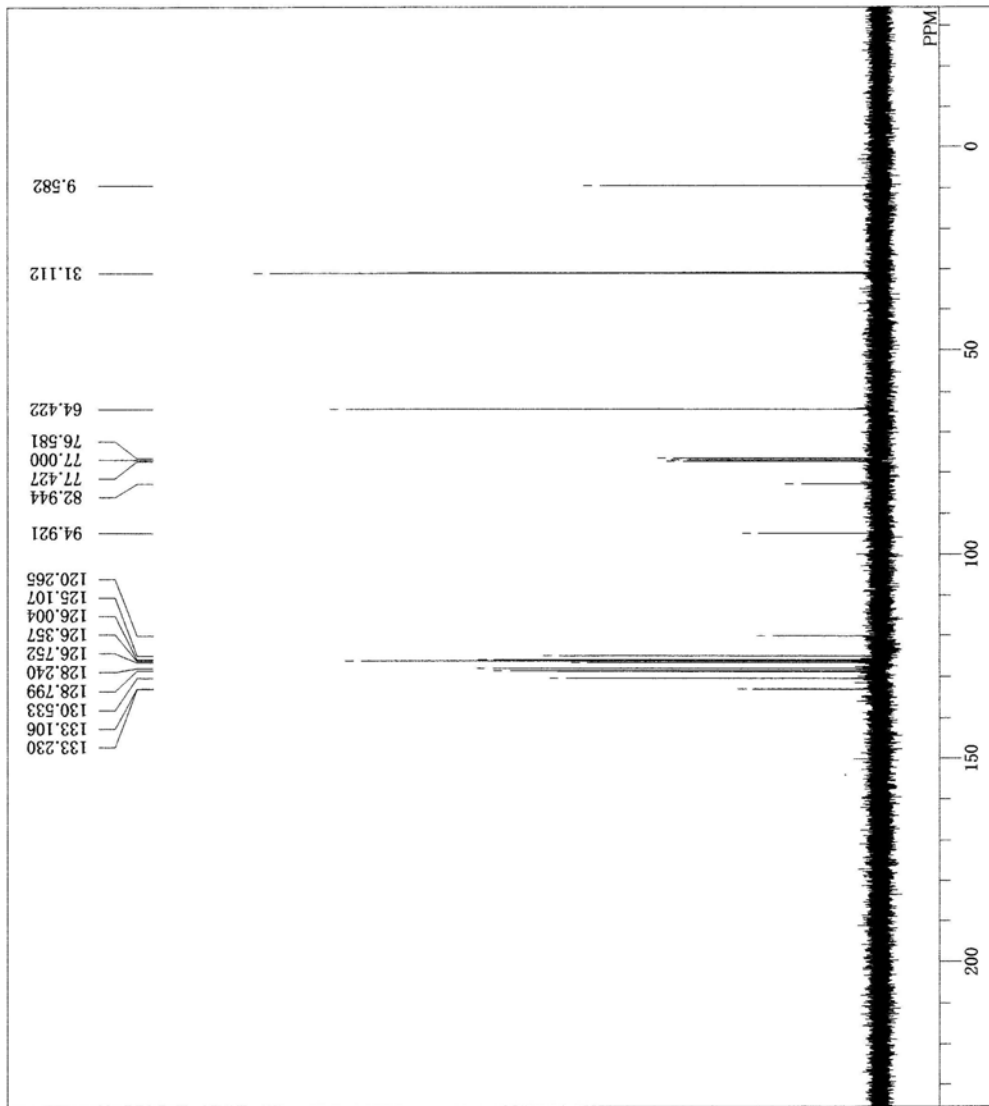
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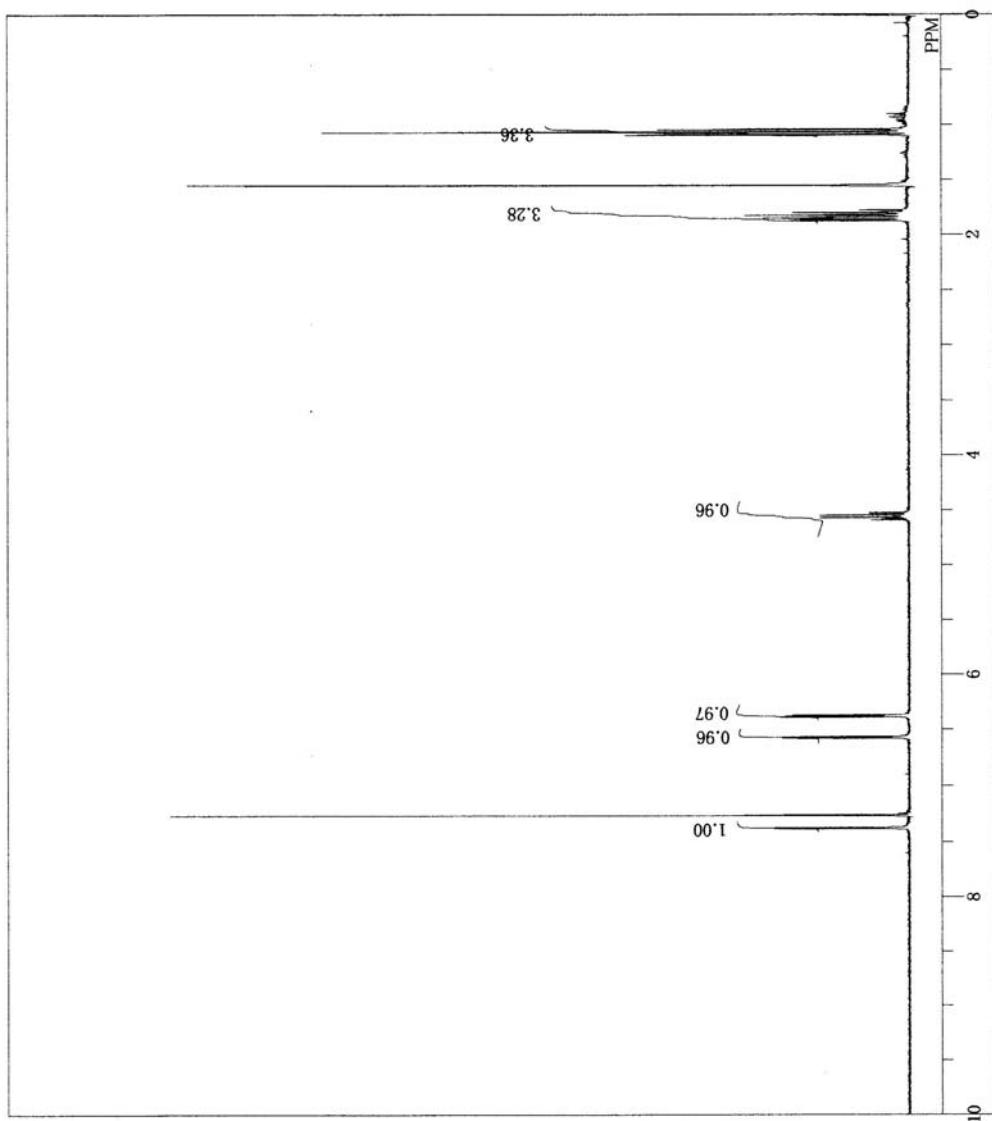
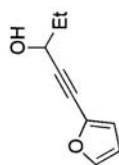


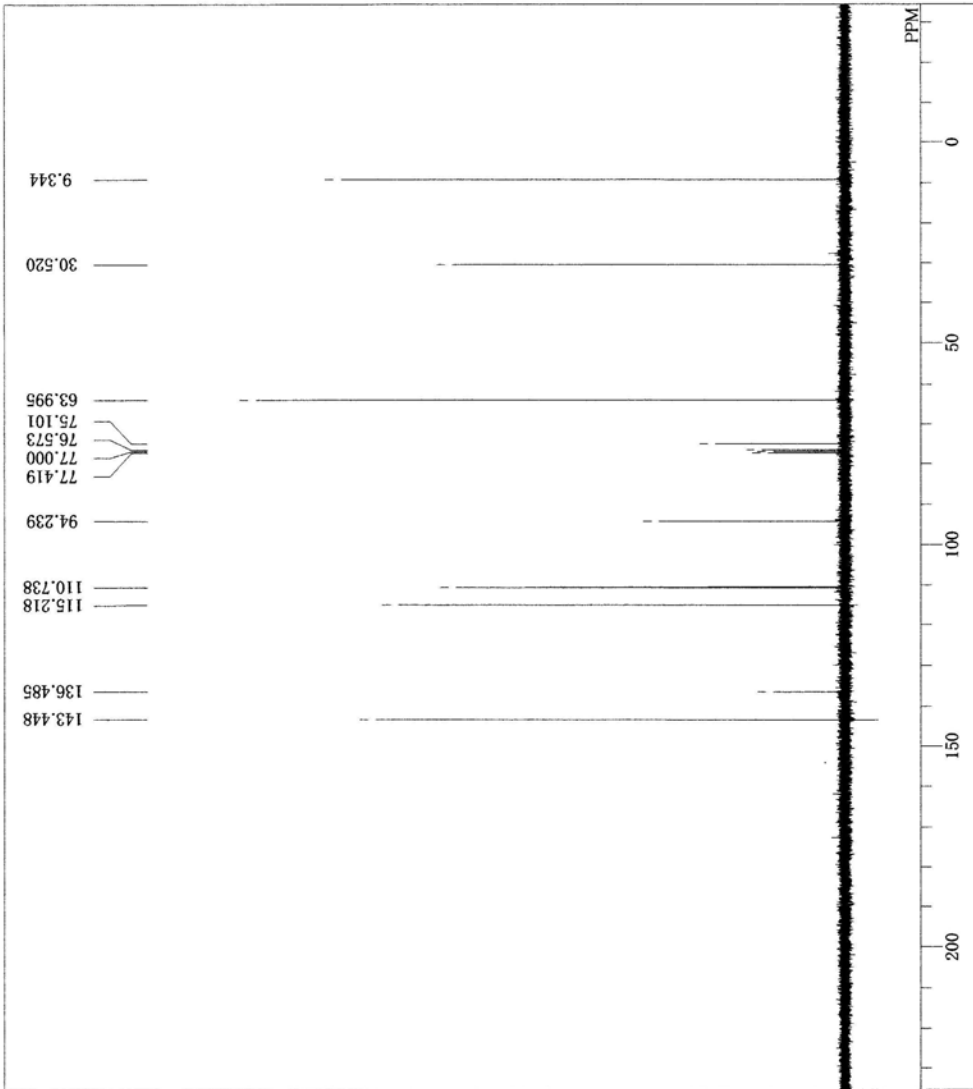
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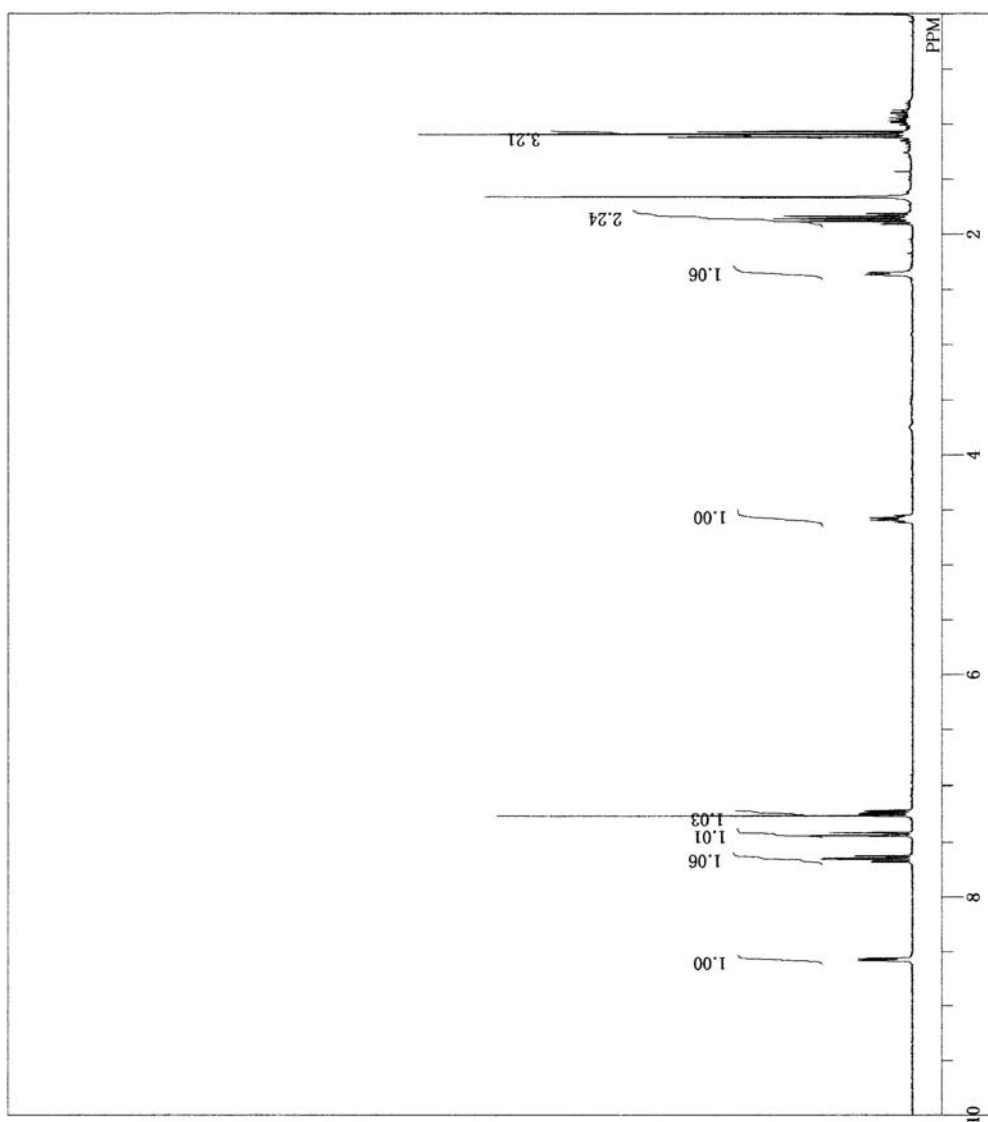
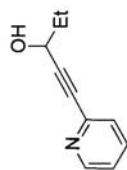


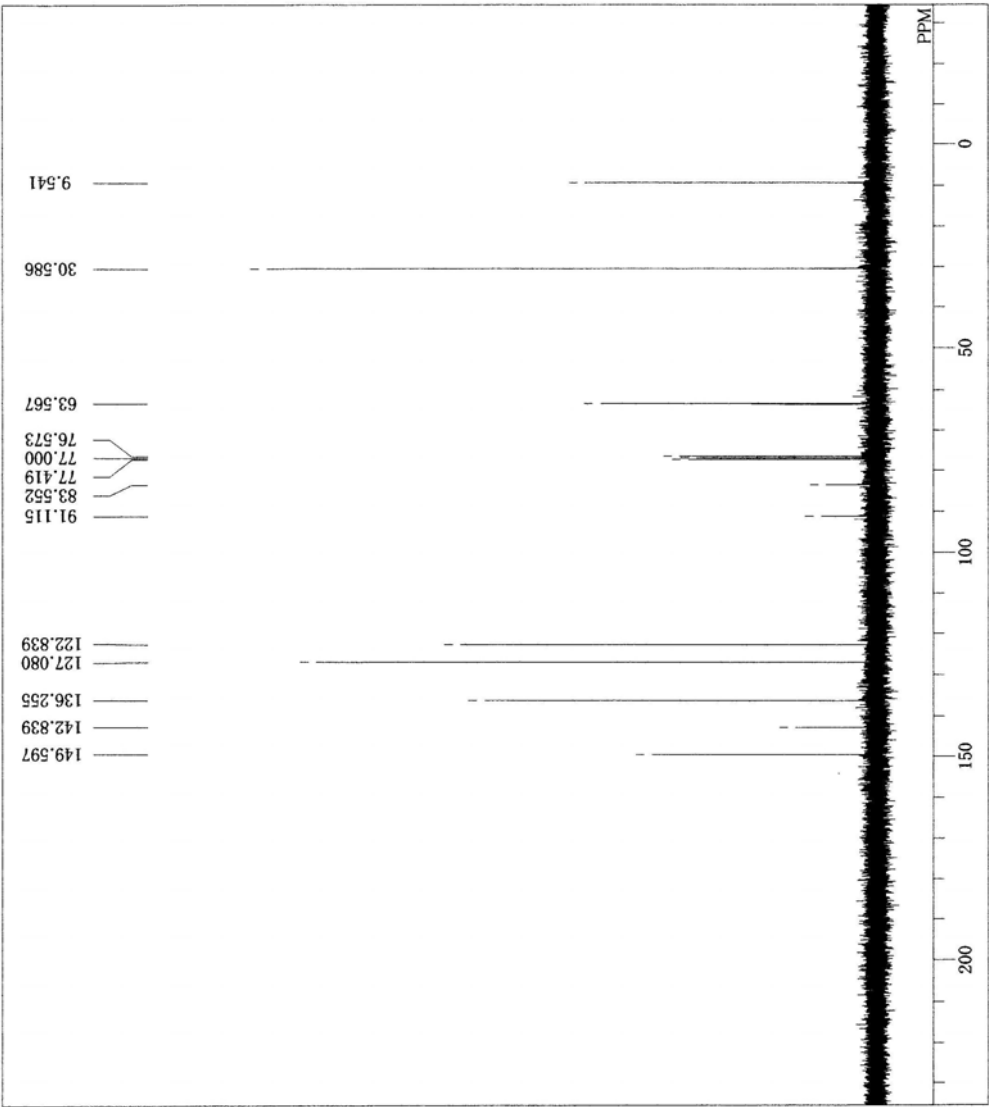
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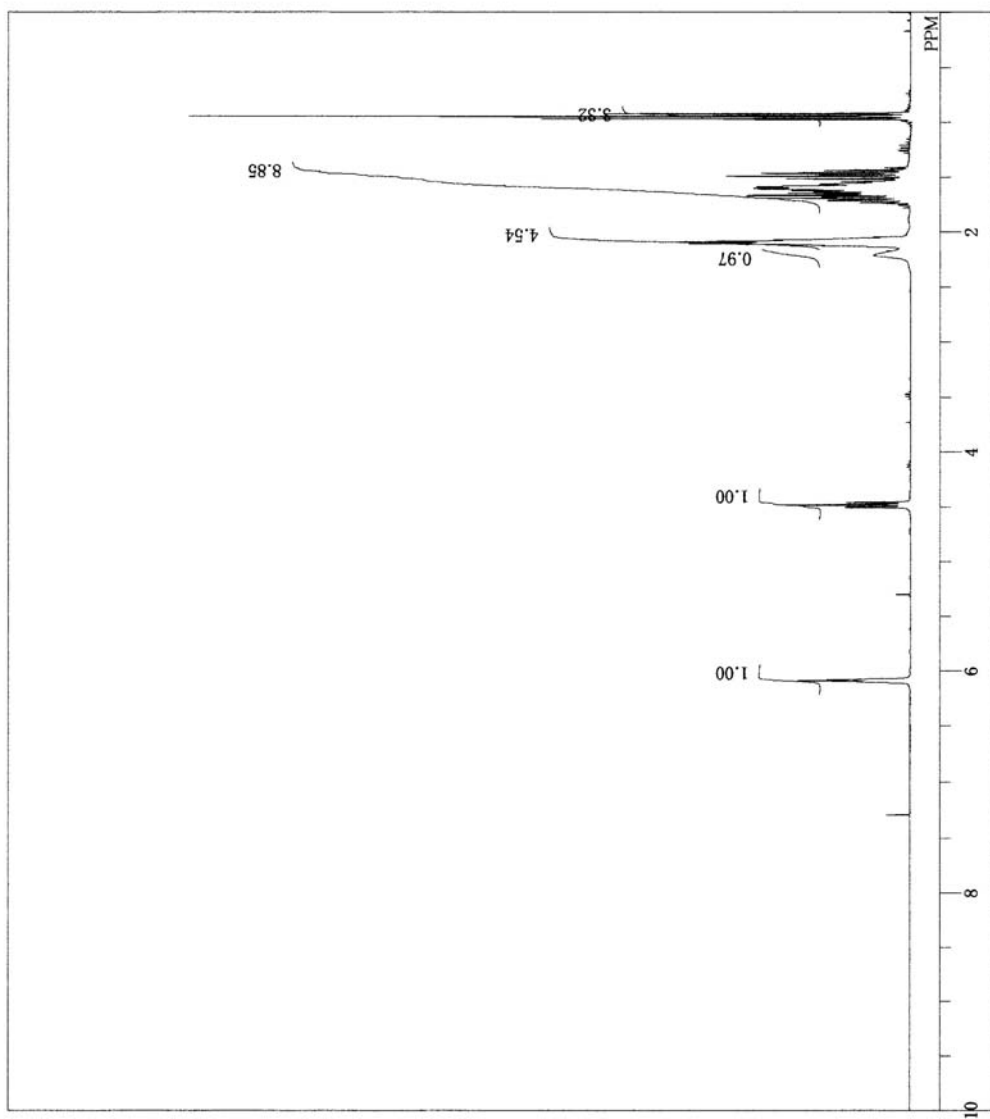
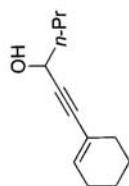


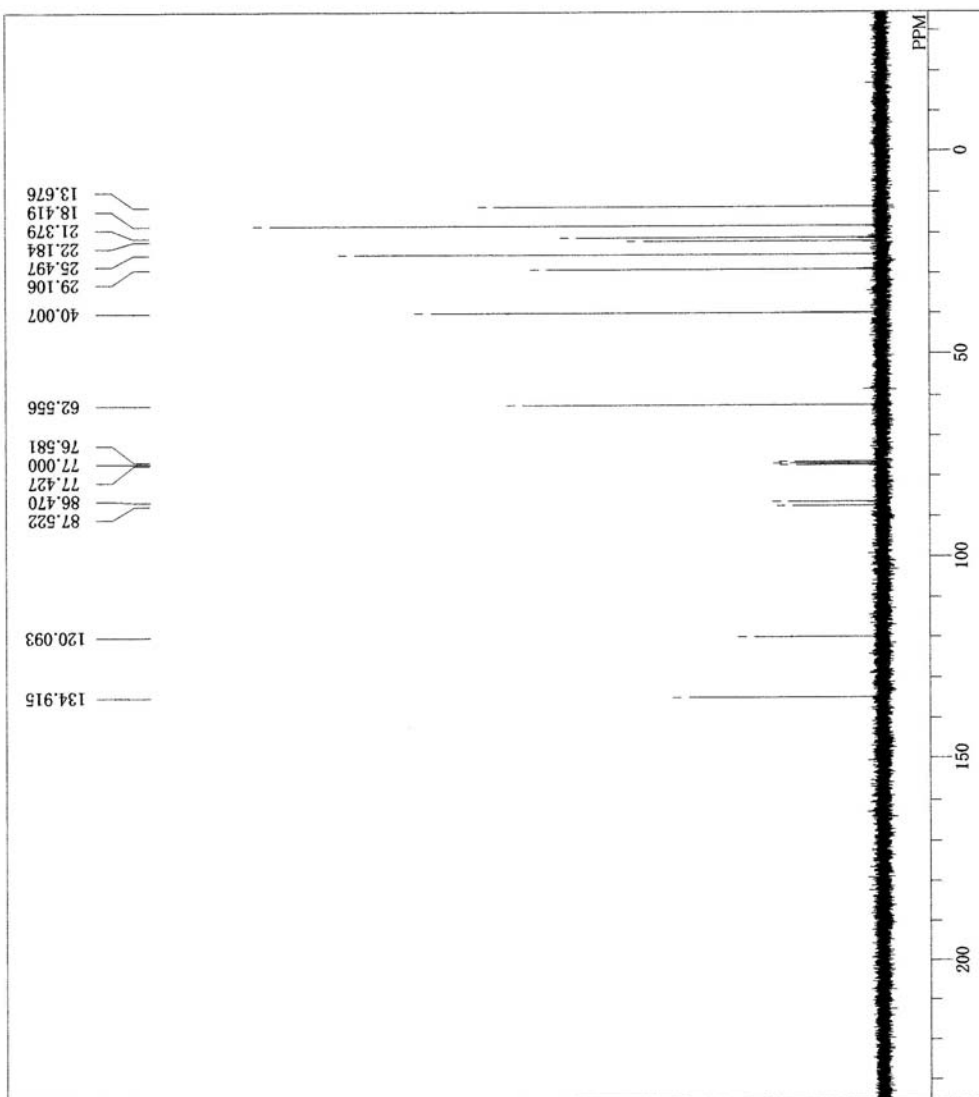
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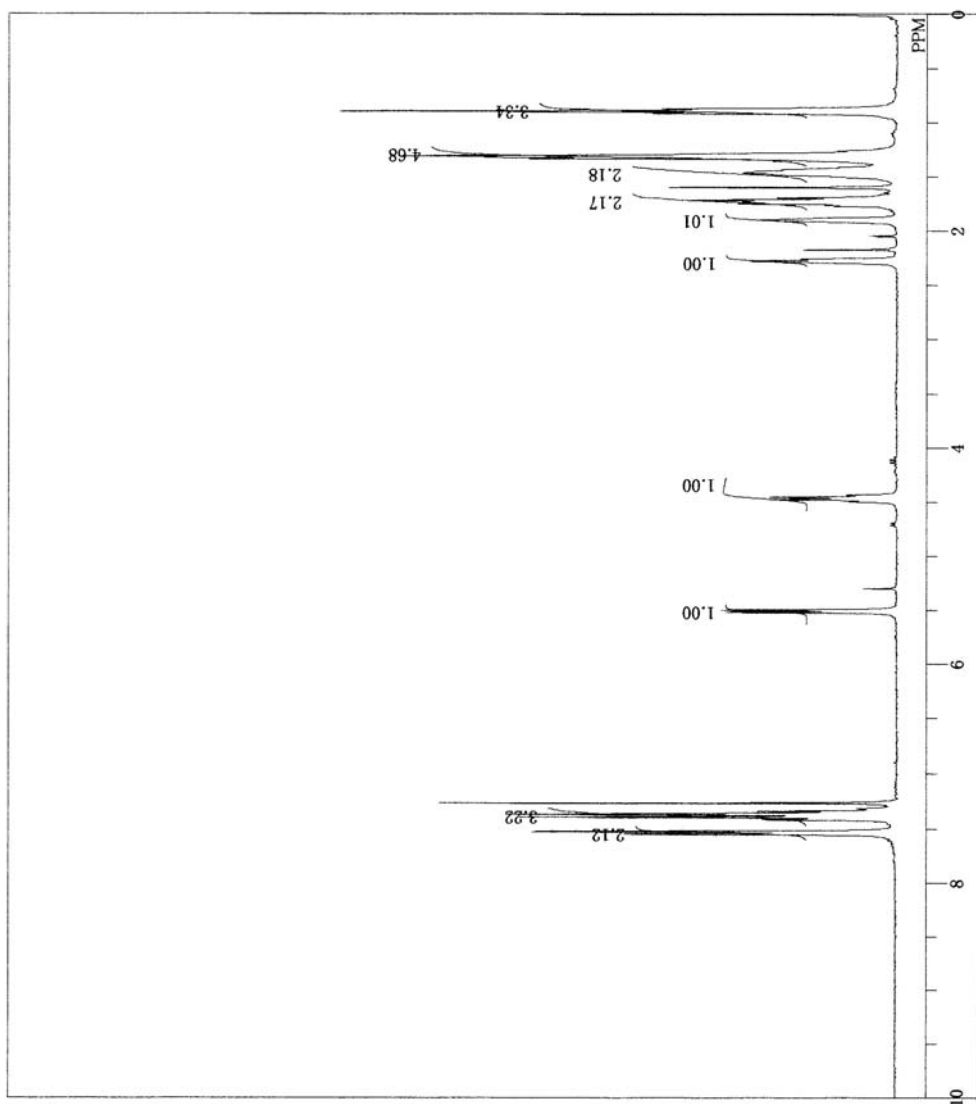
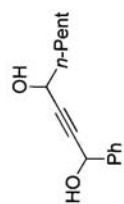


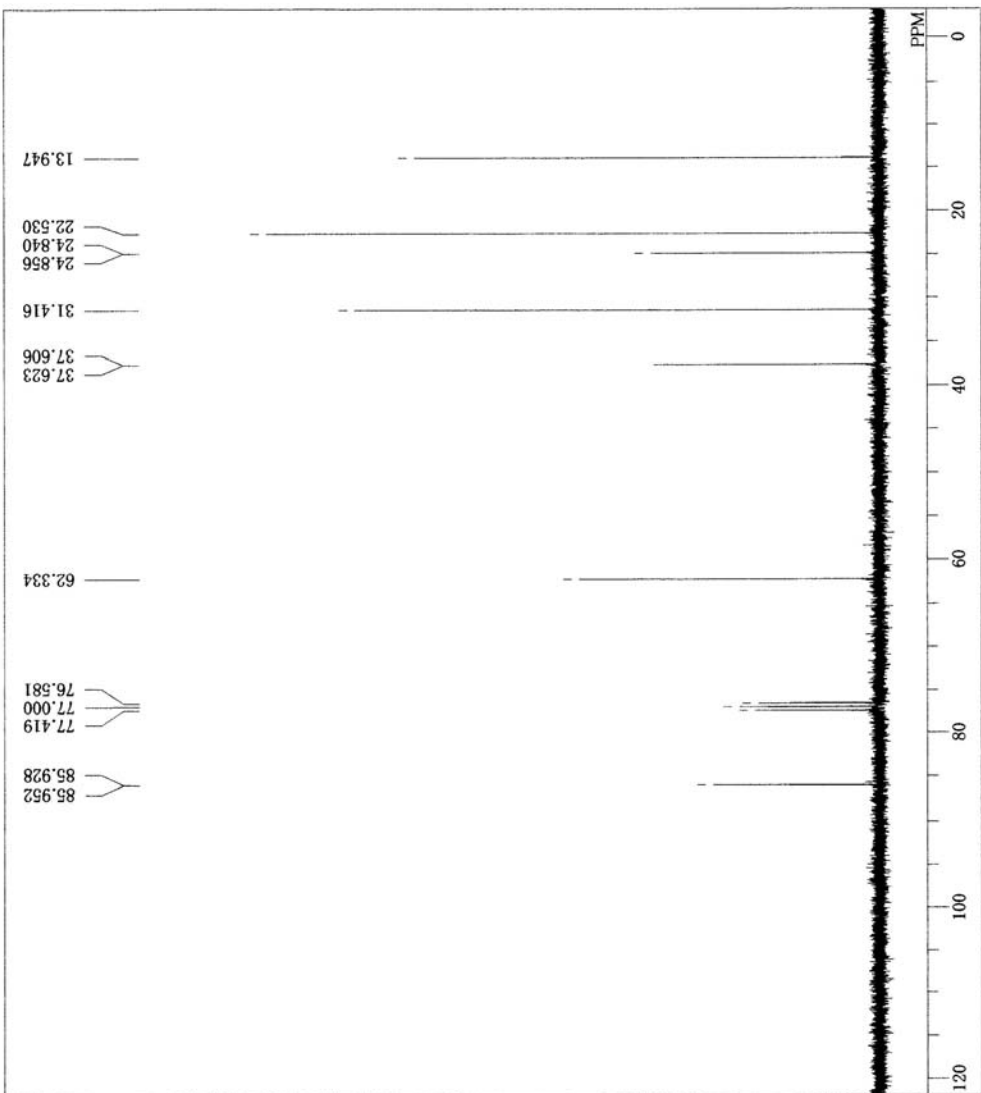
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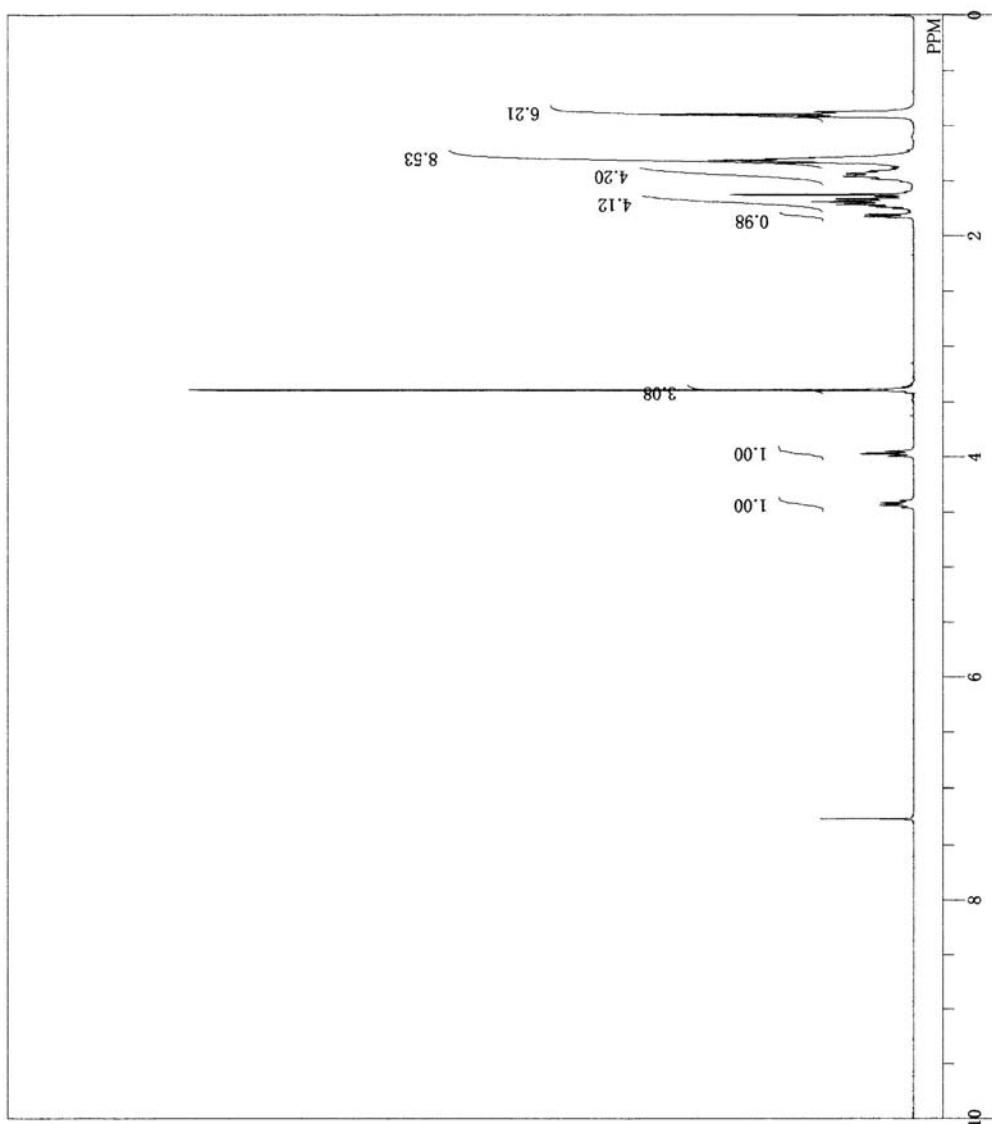
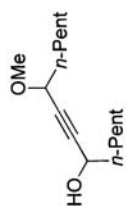


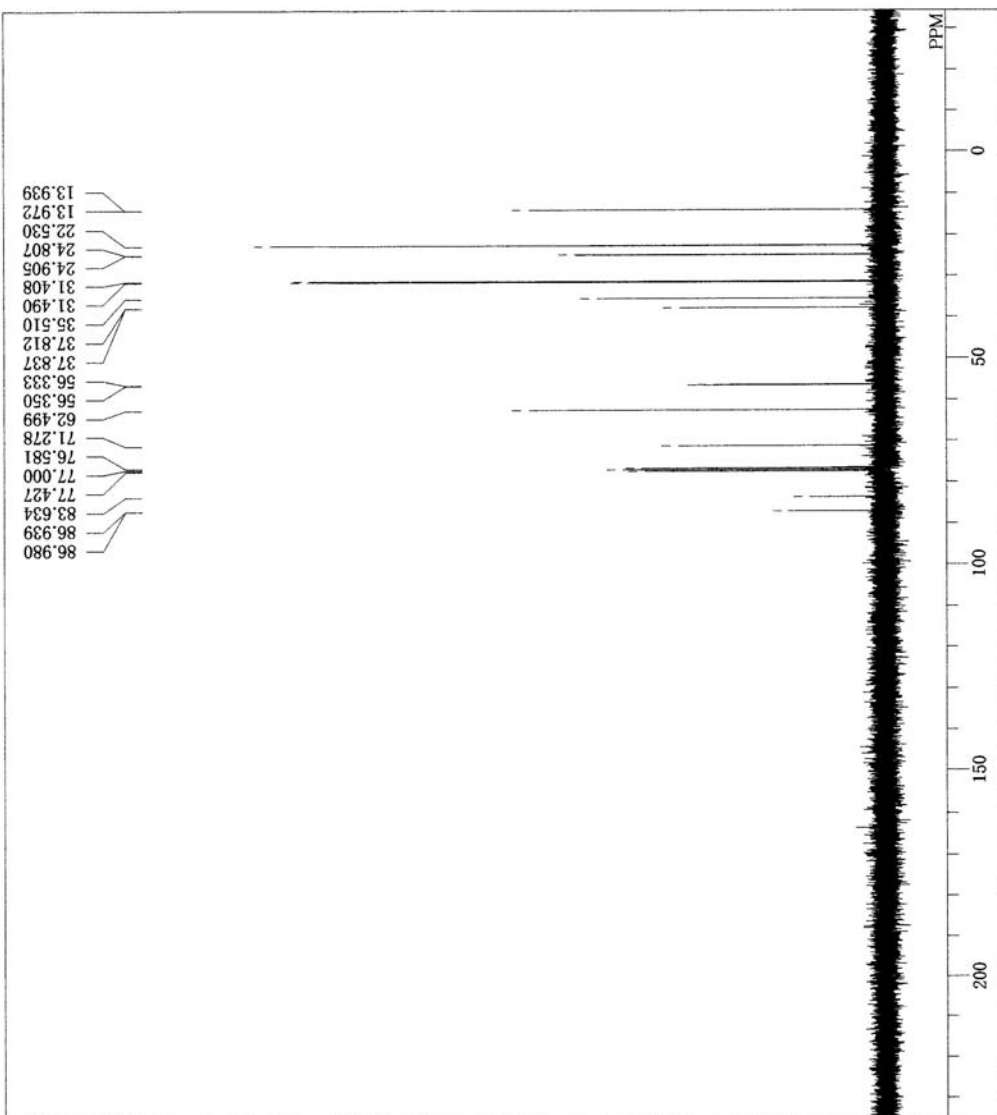
Alcohol 6b



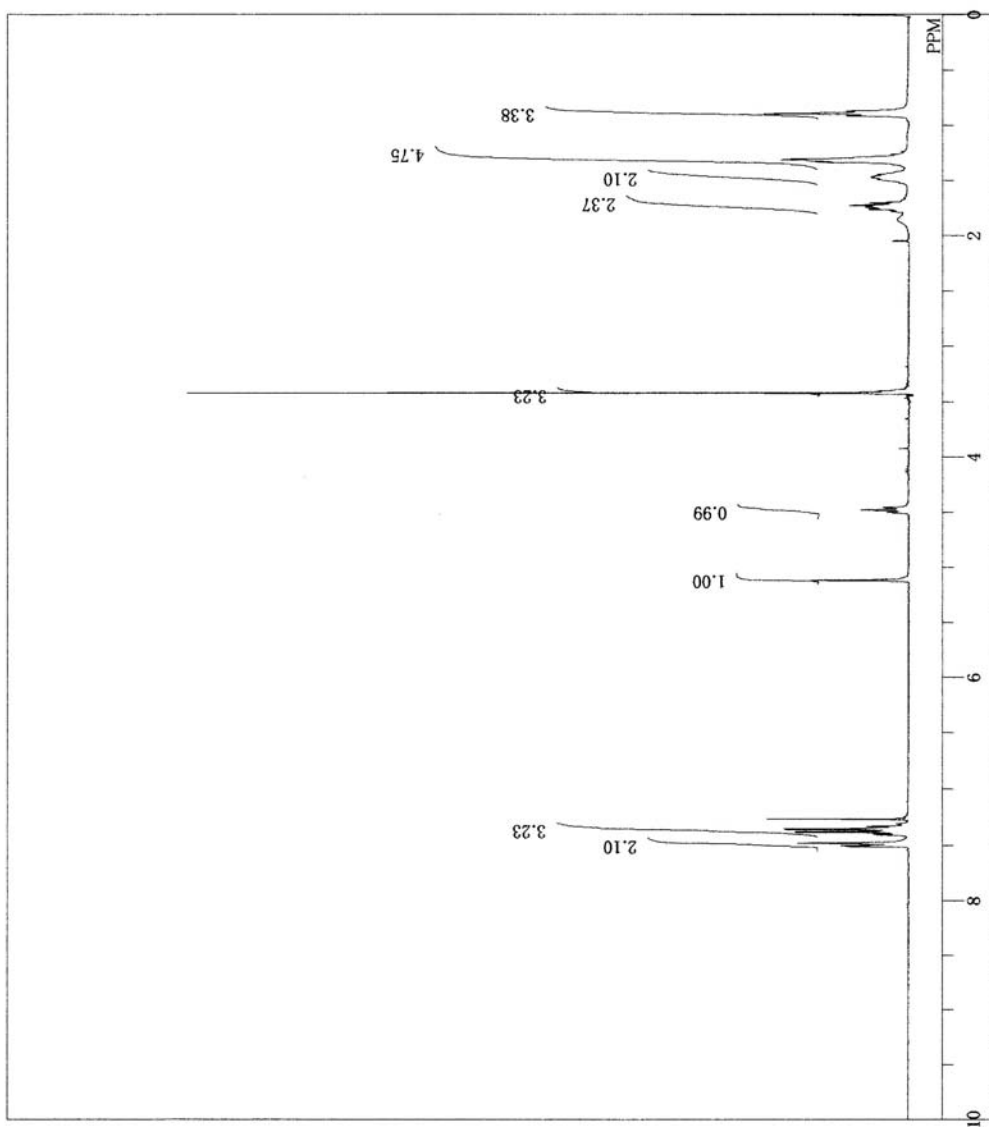
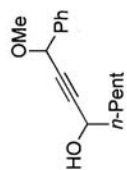


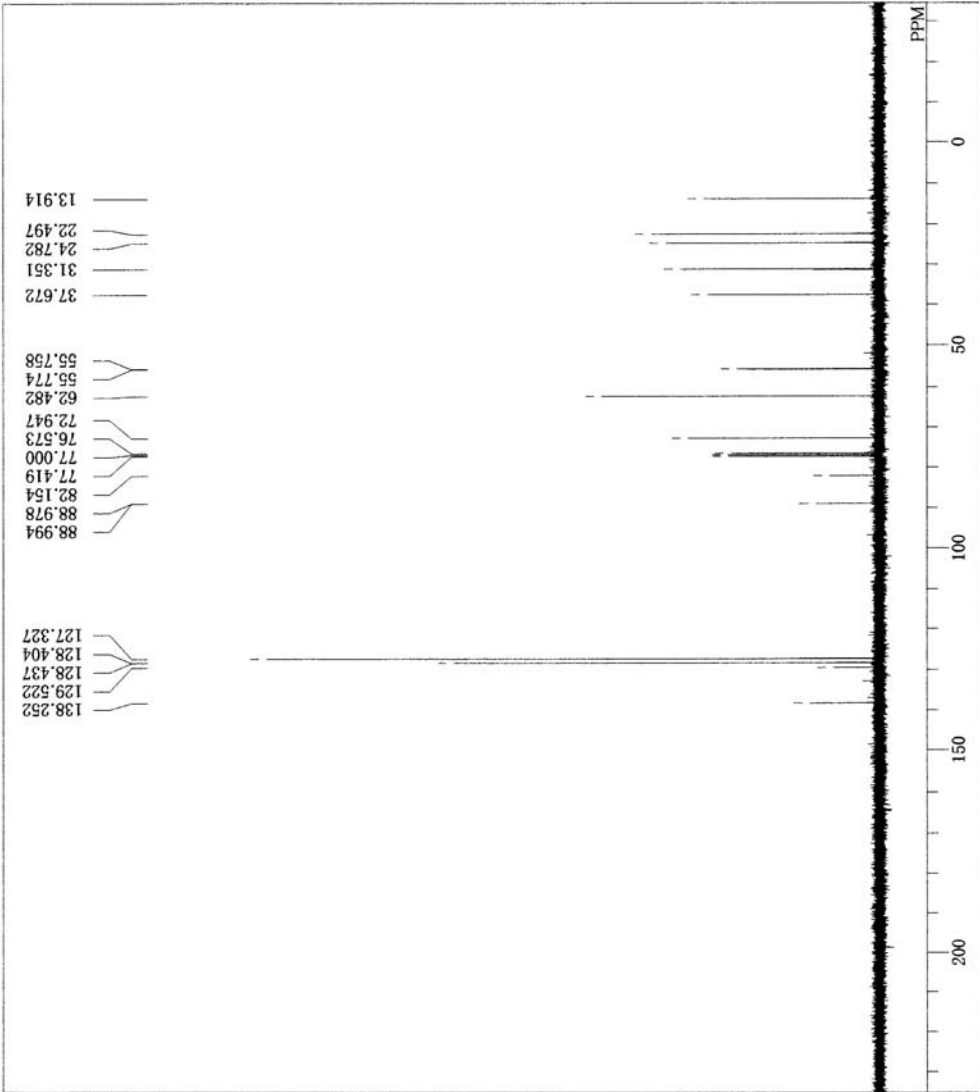
Alcohol 8a



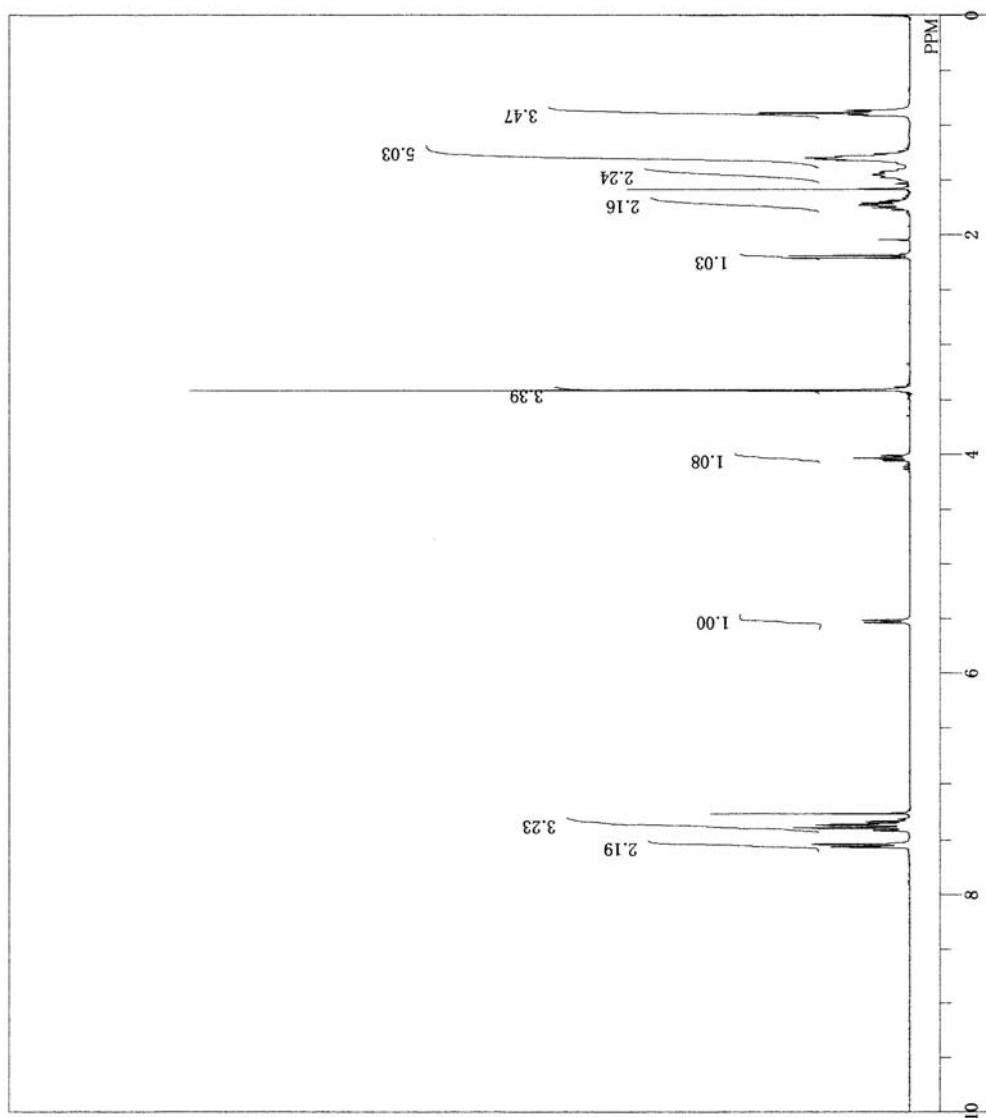
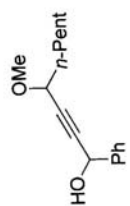


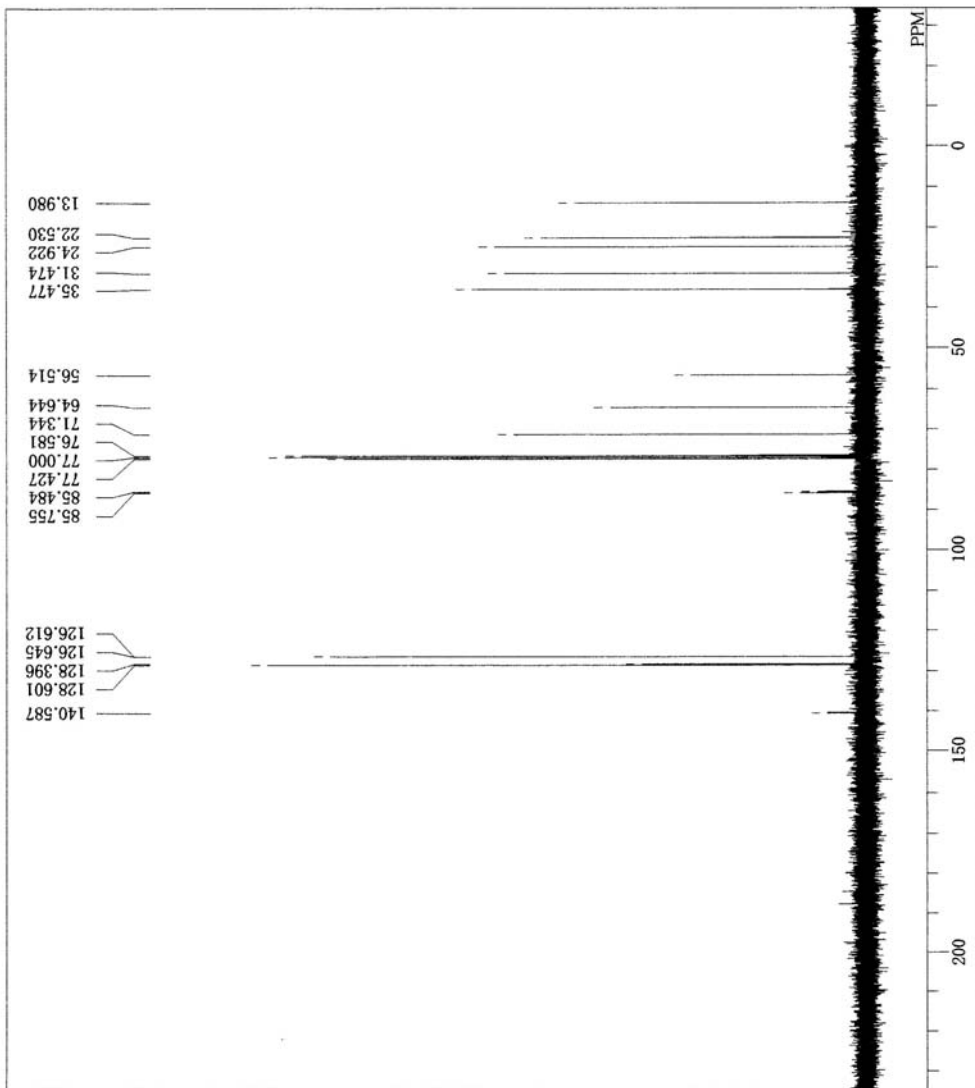
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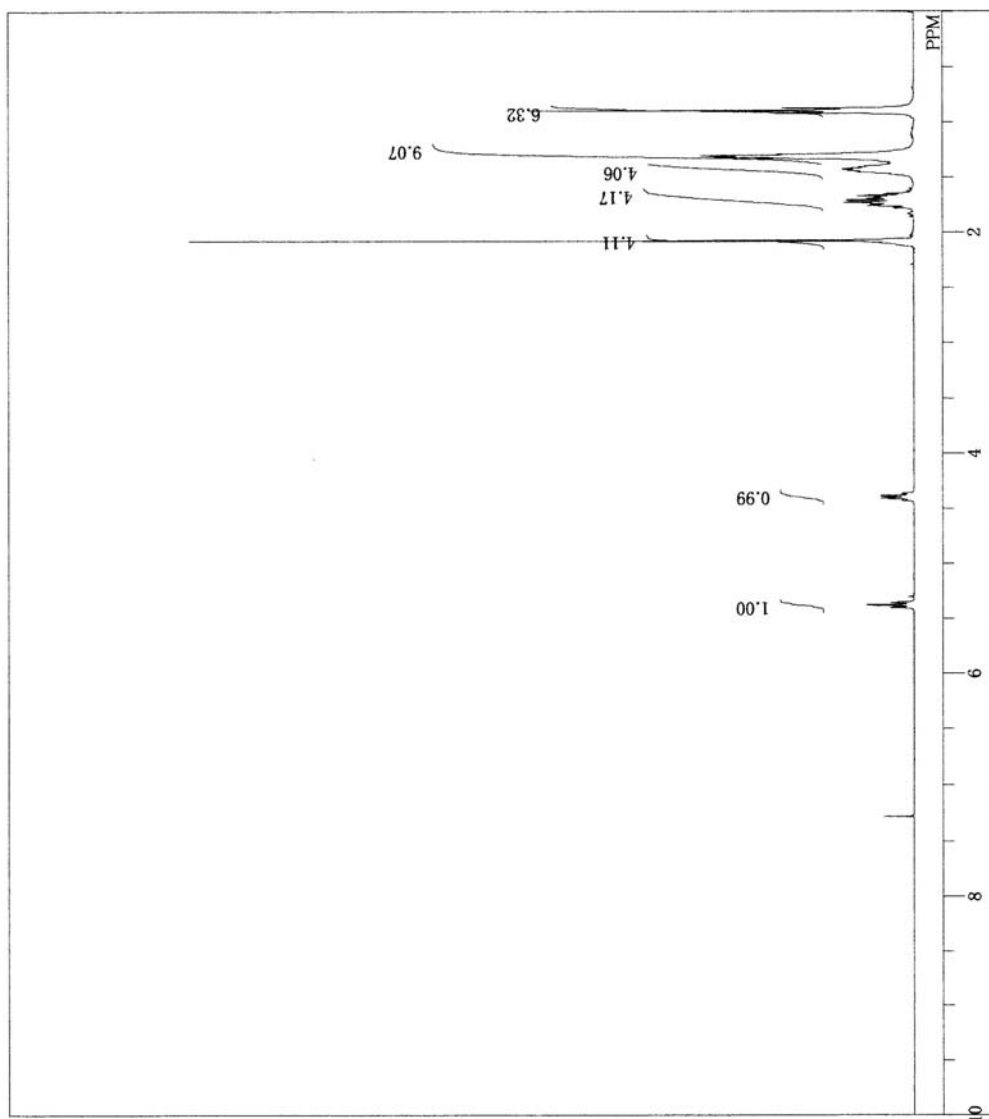
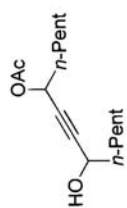


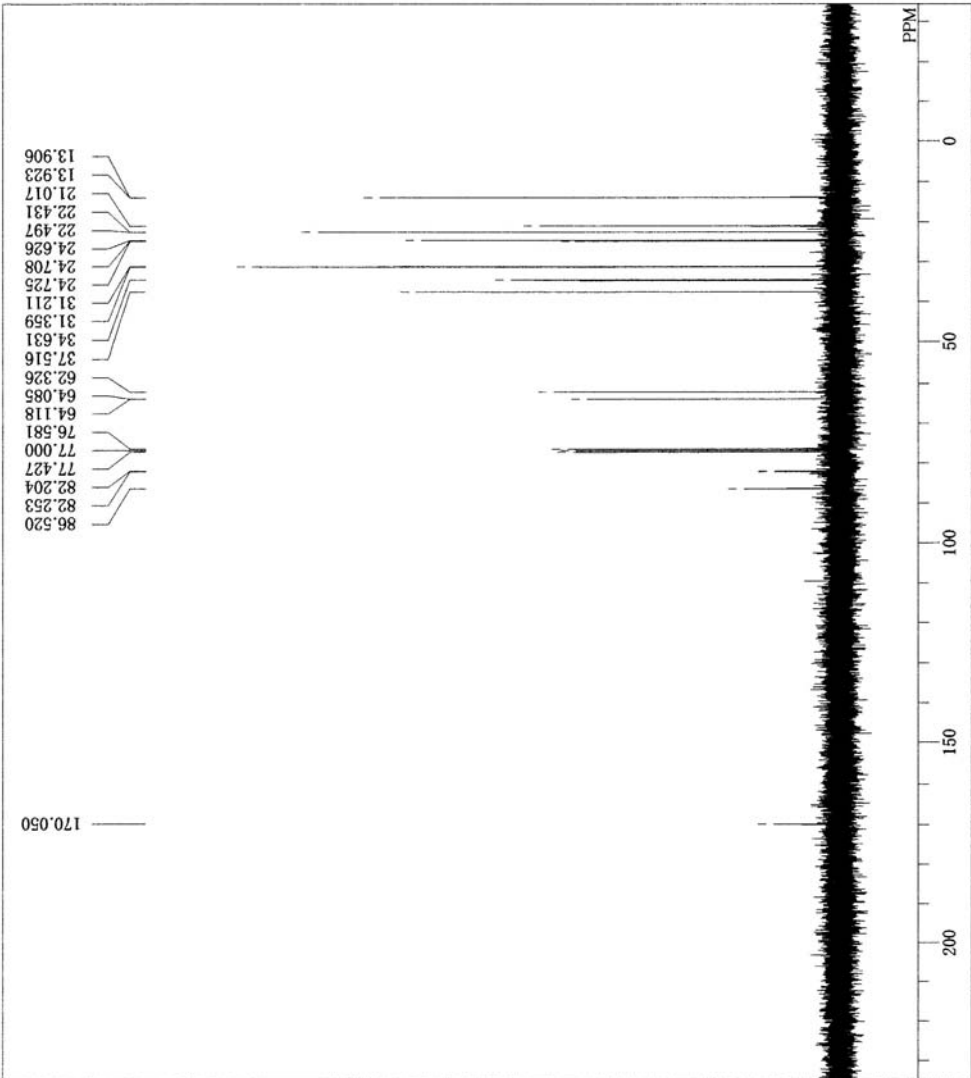
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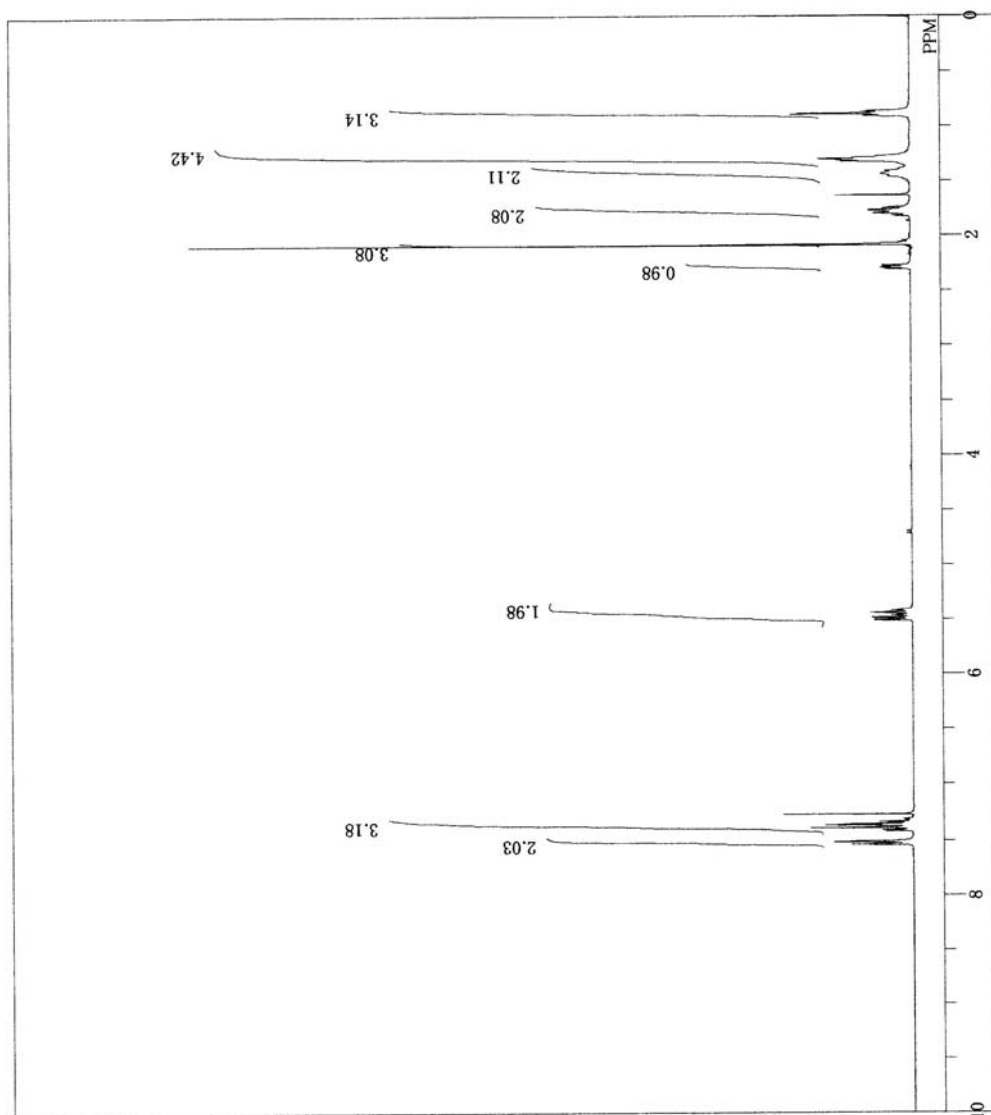
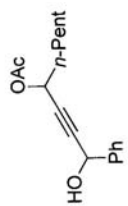


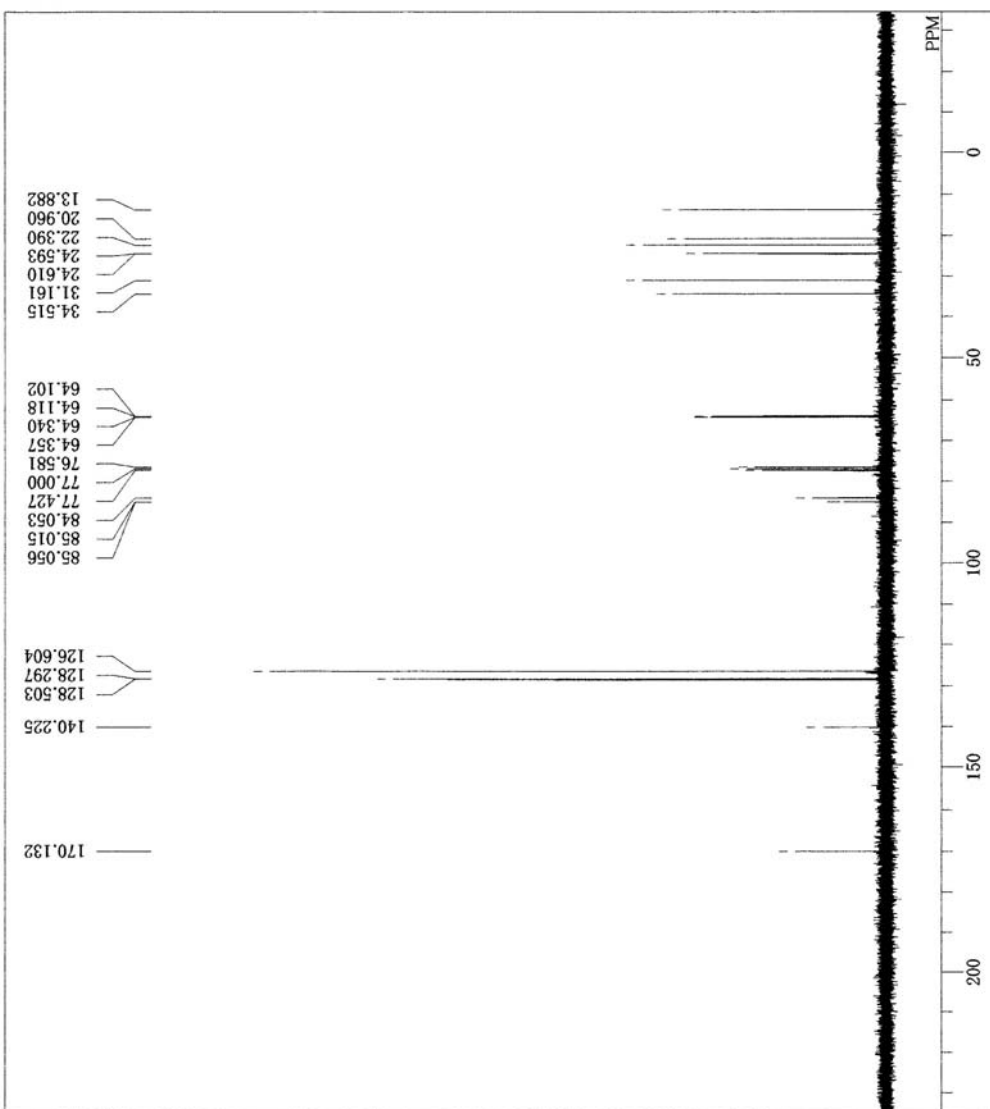
Alcohol 10a



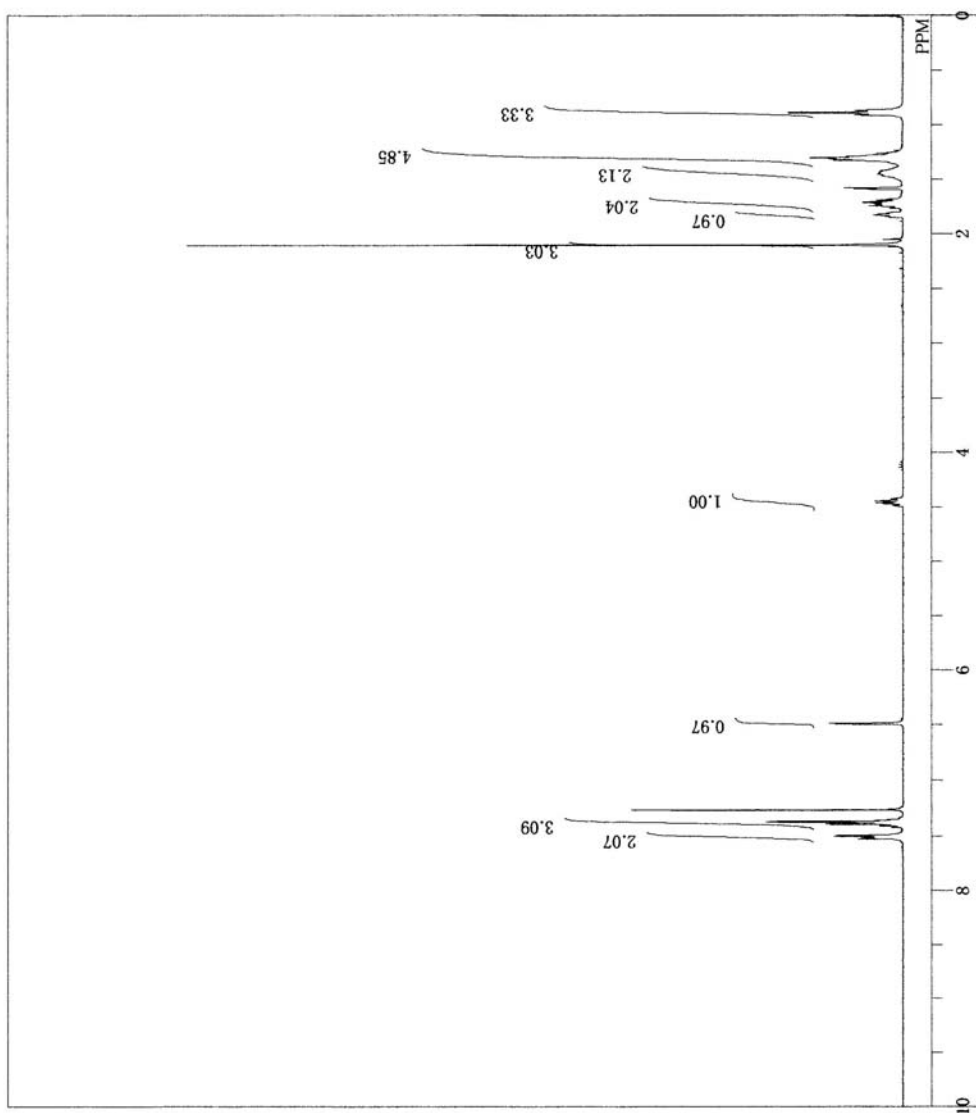
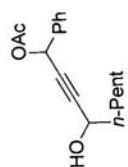


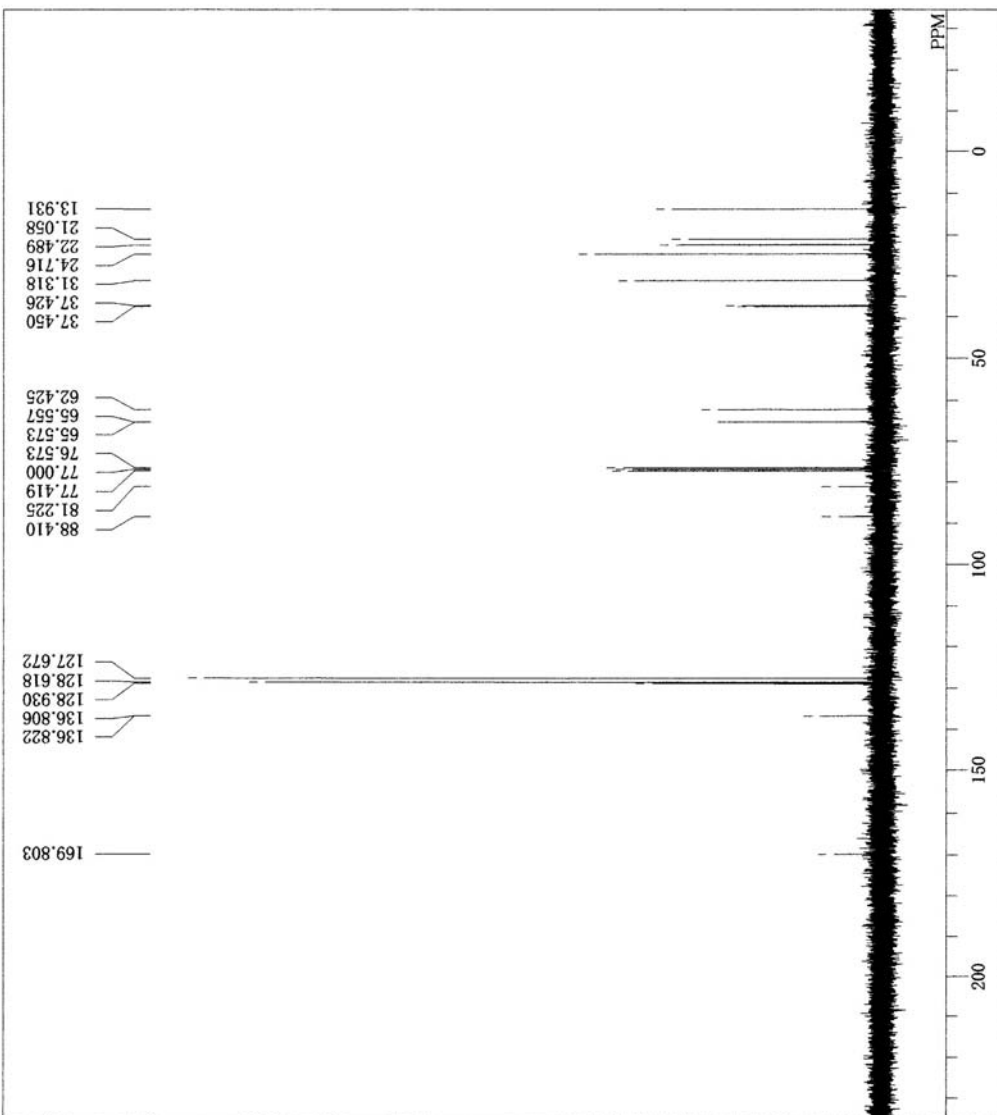
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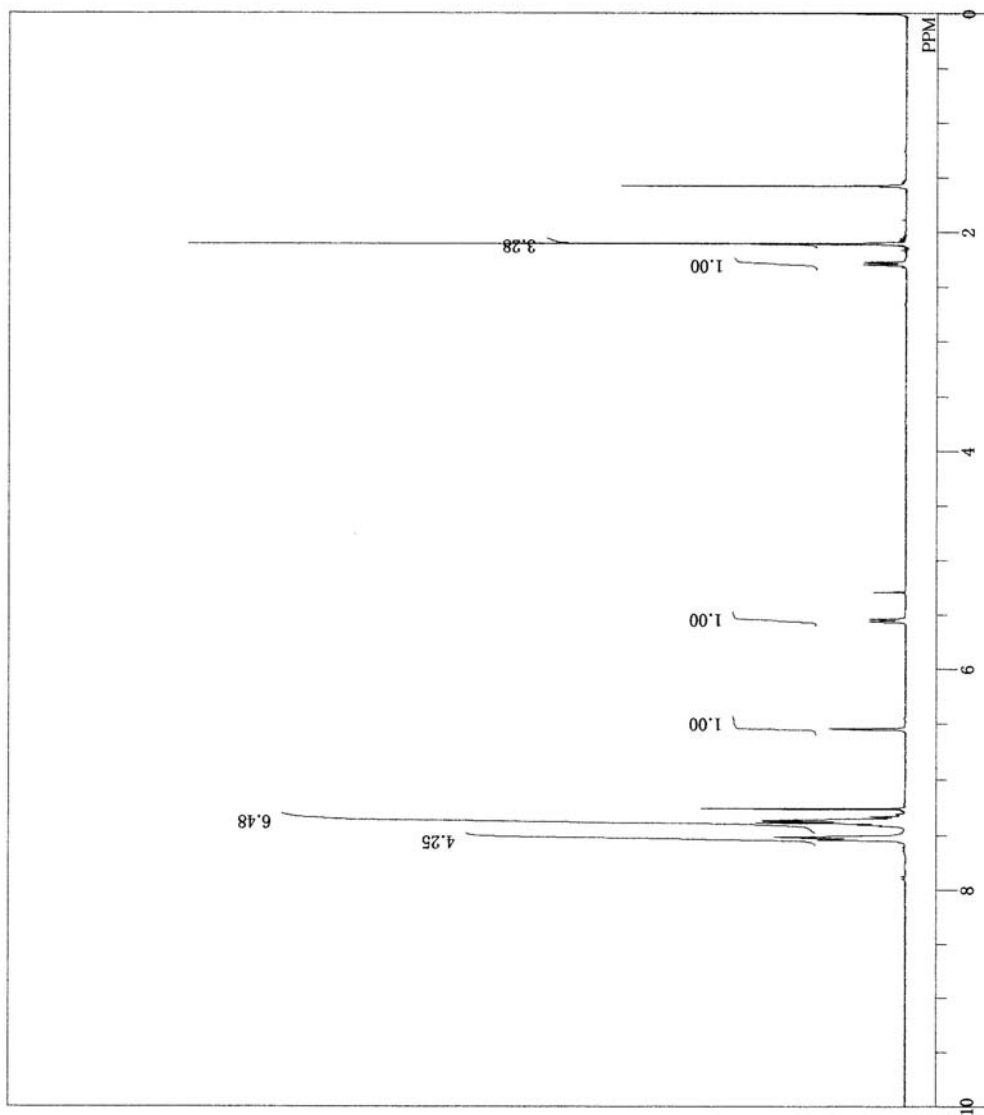
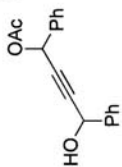


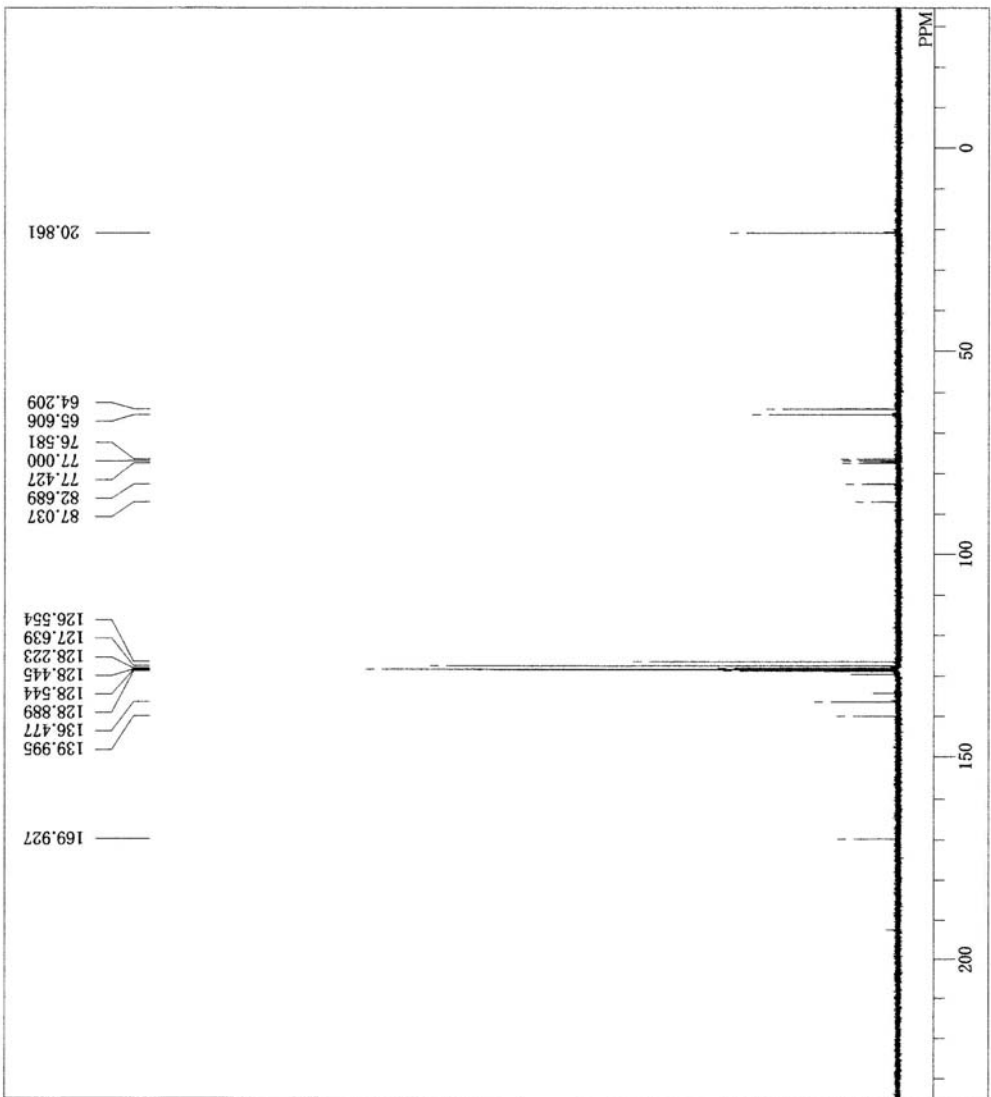
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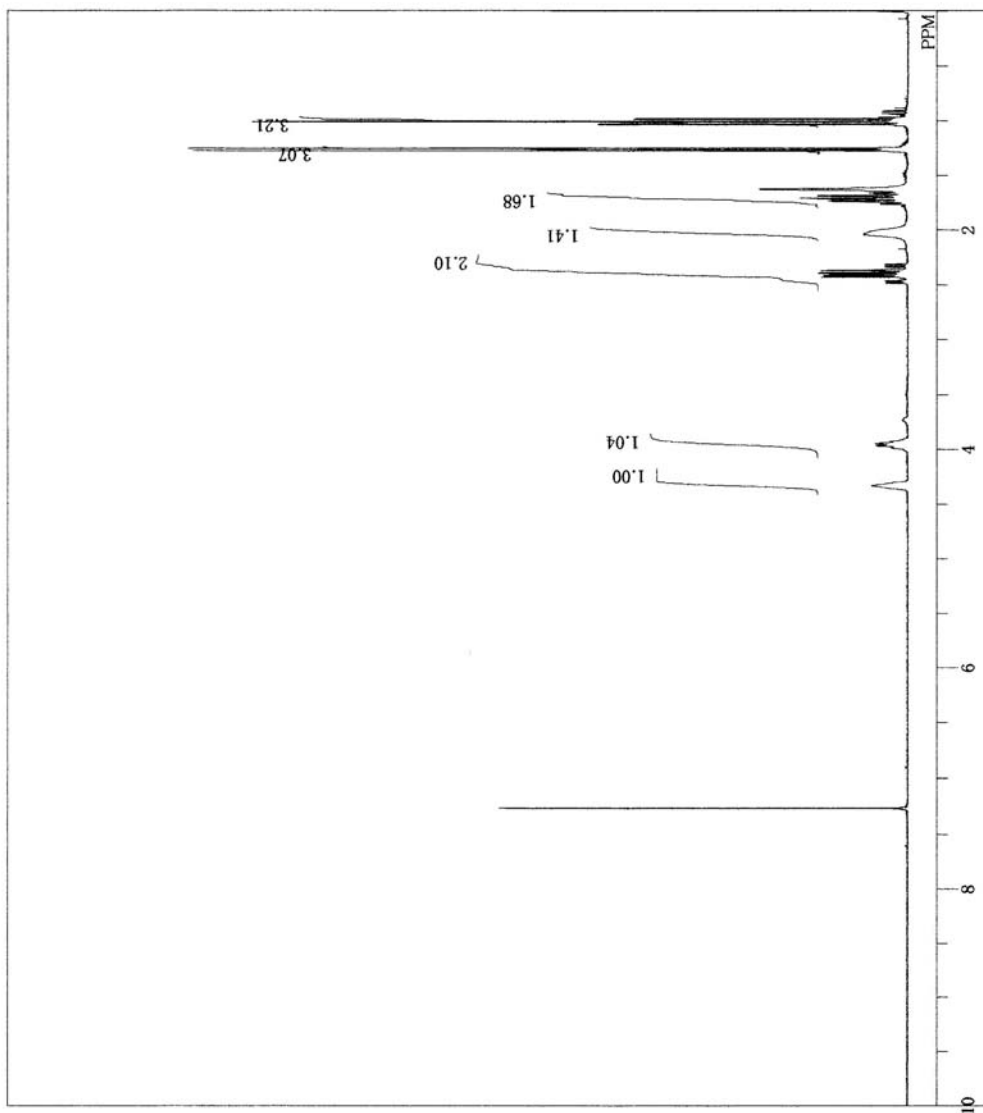
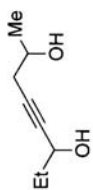


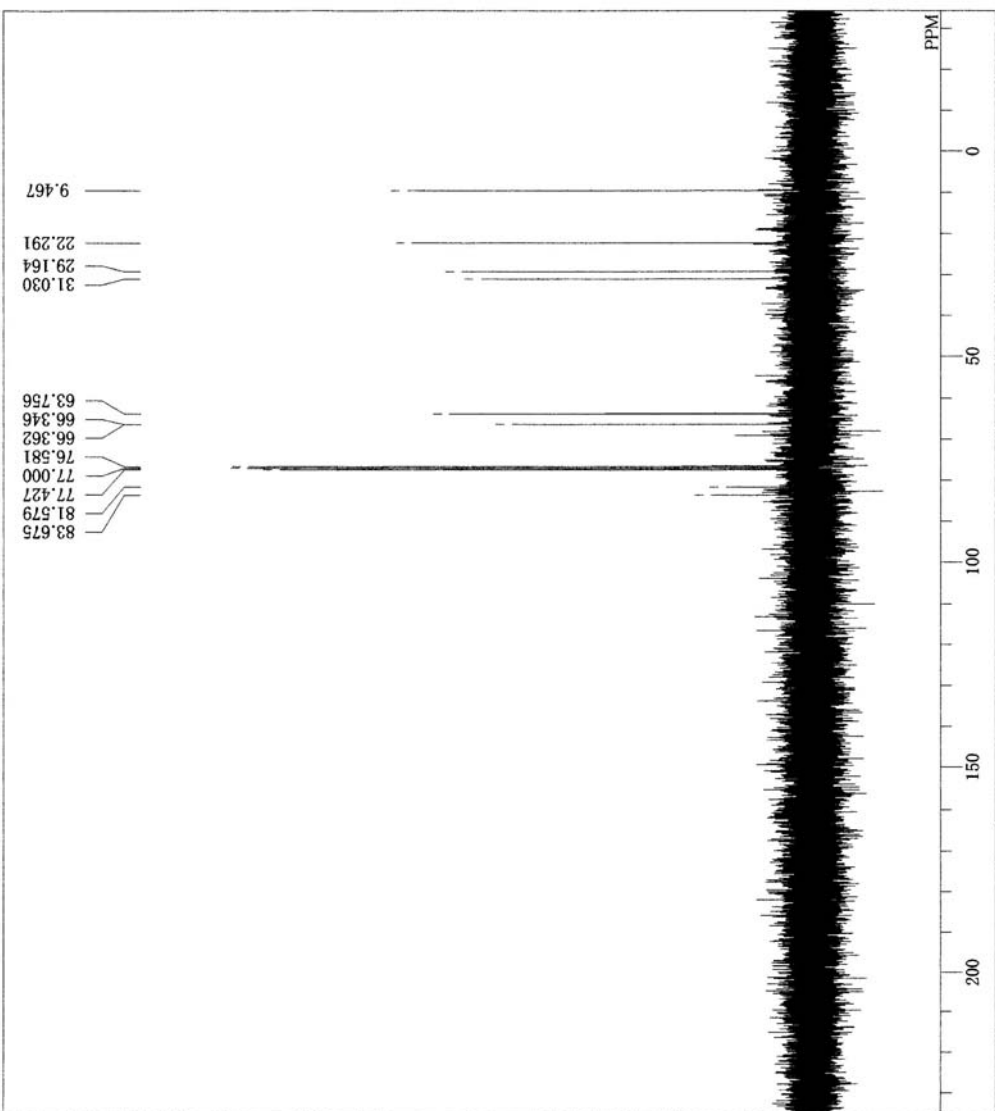
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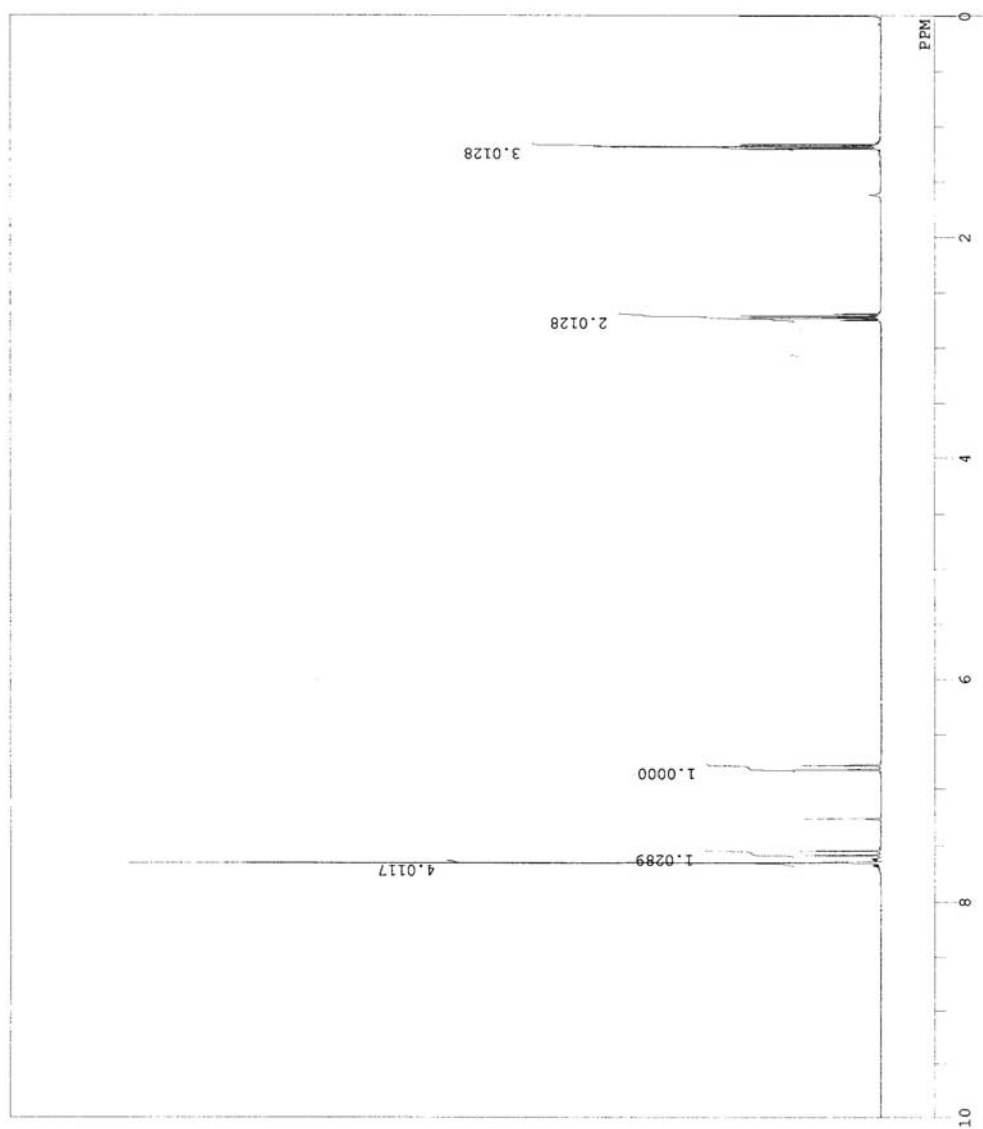
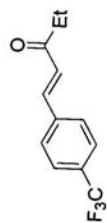


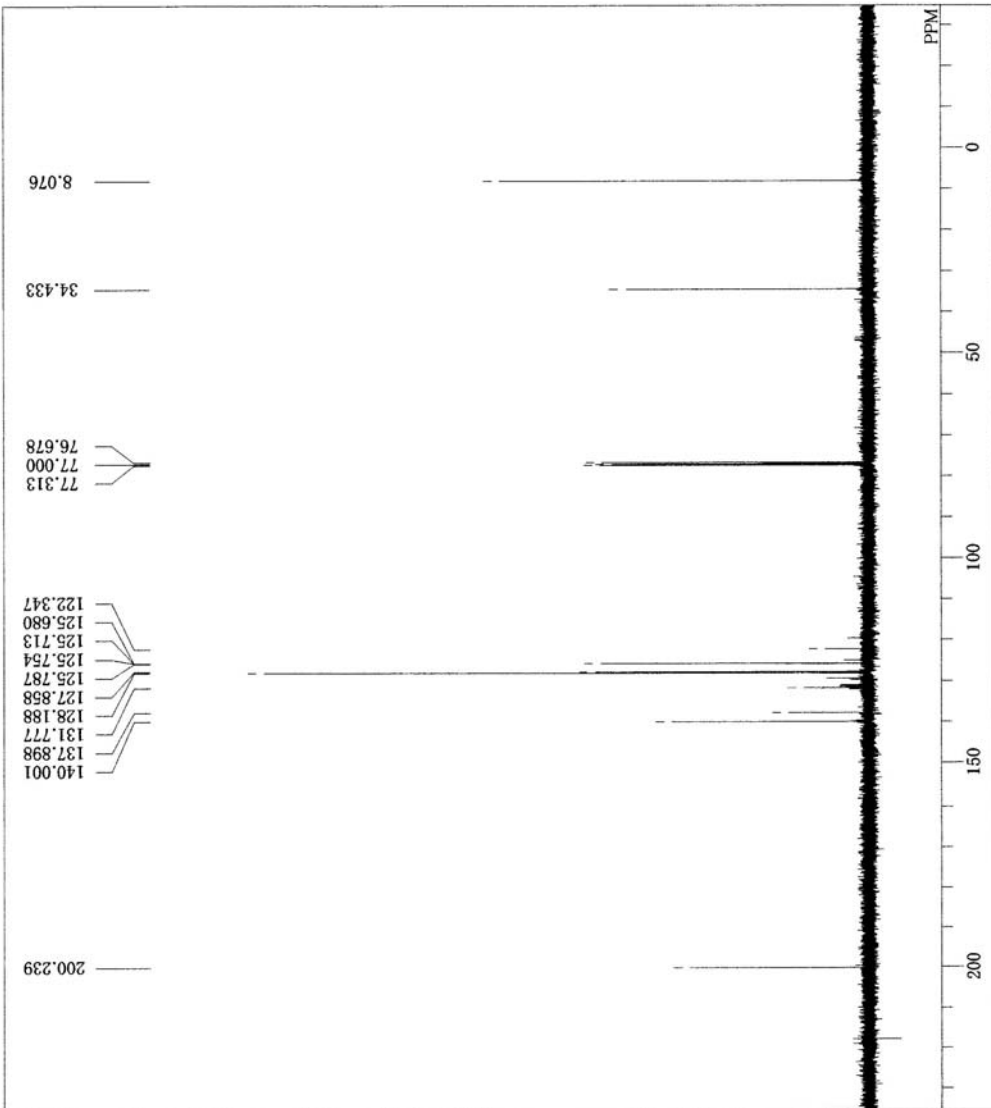
Alcohol 19



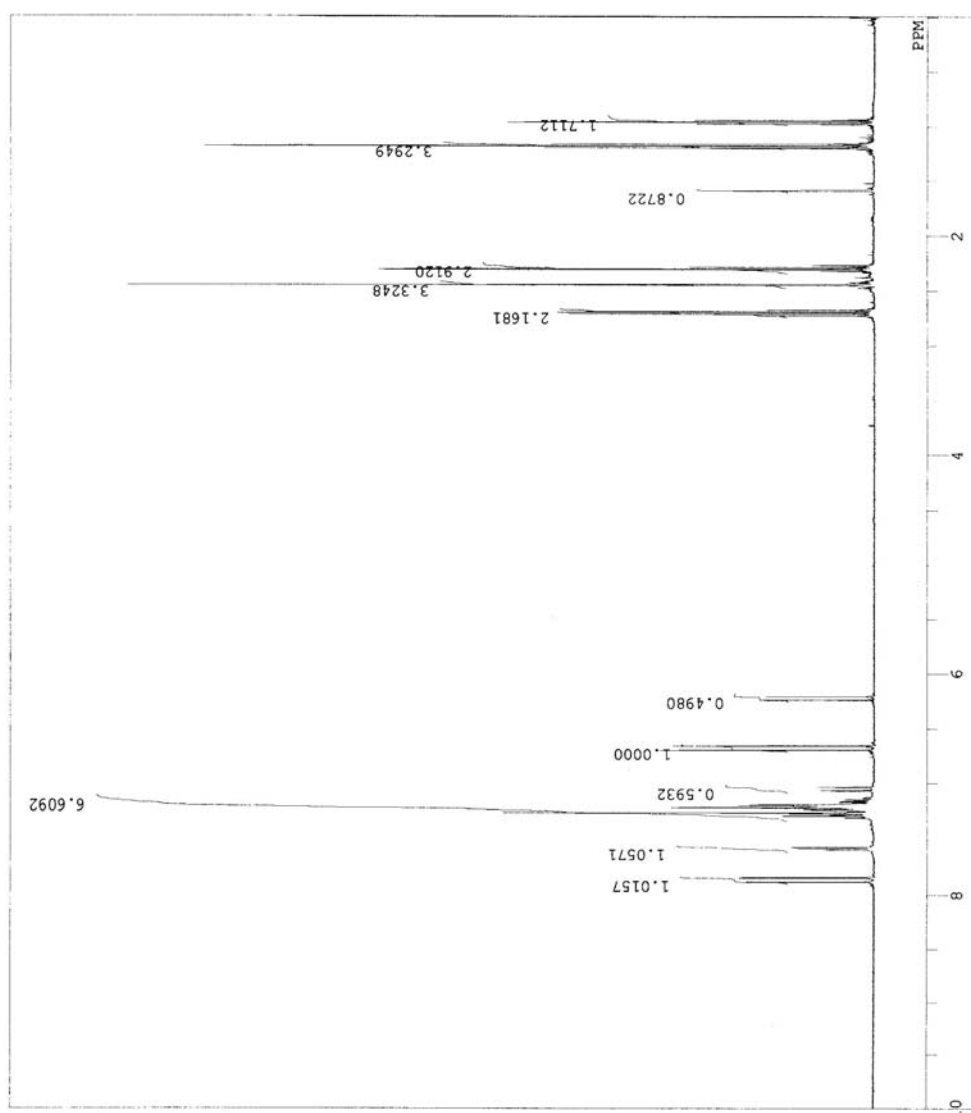
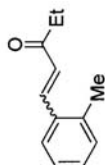


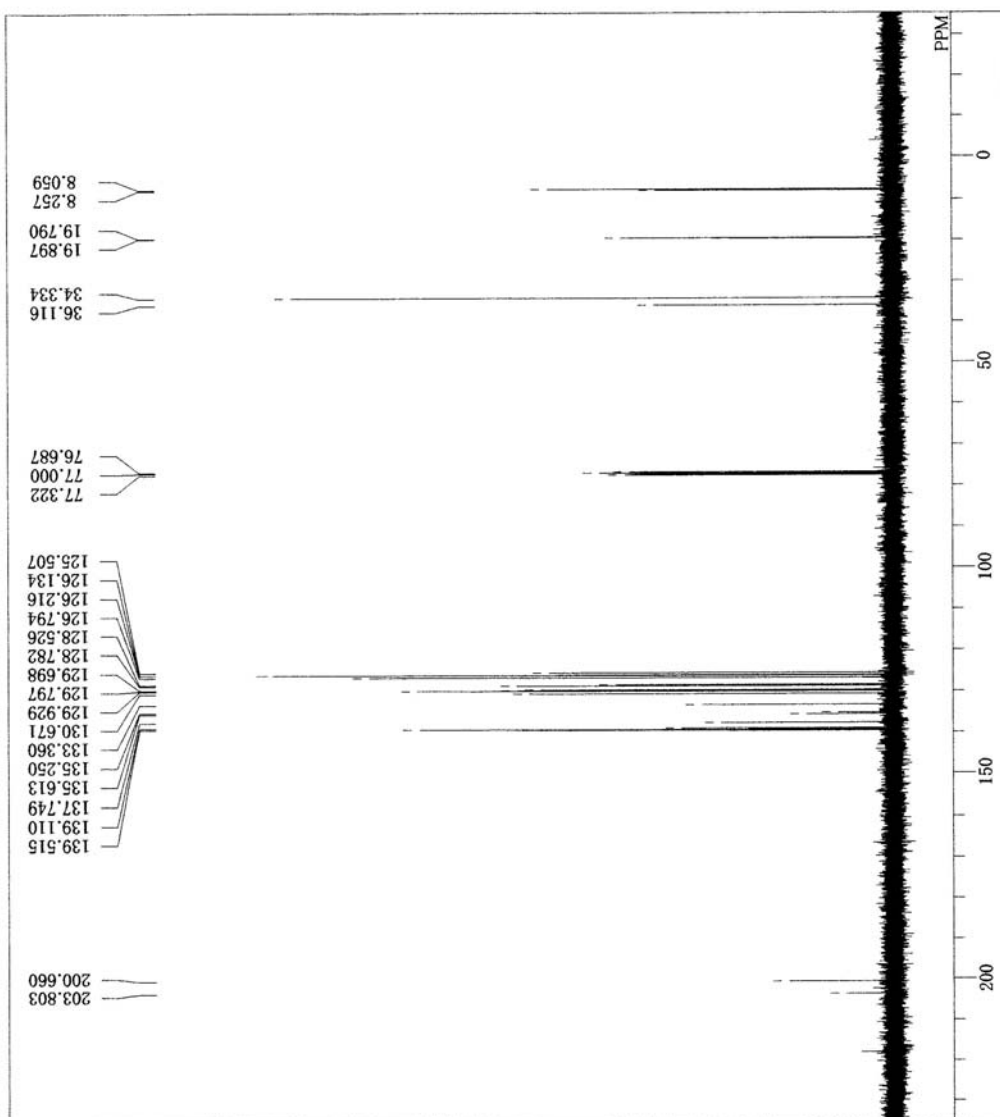
Ketone 2k



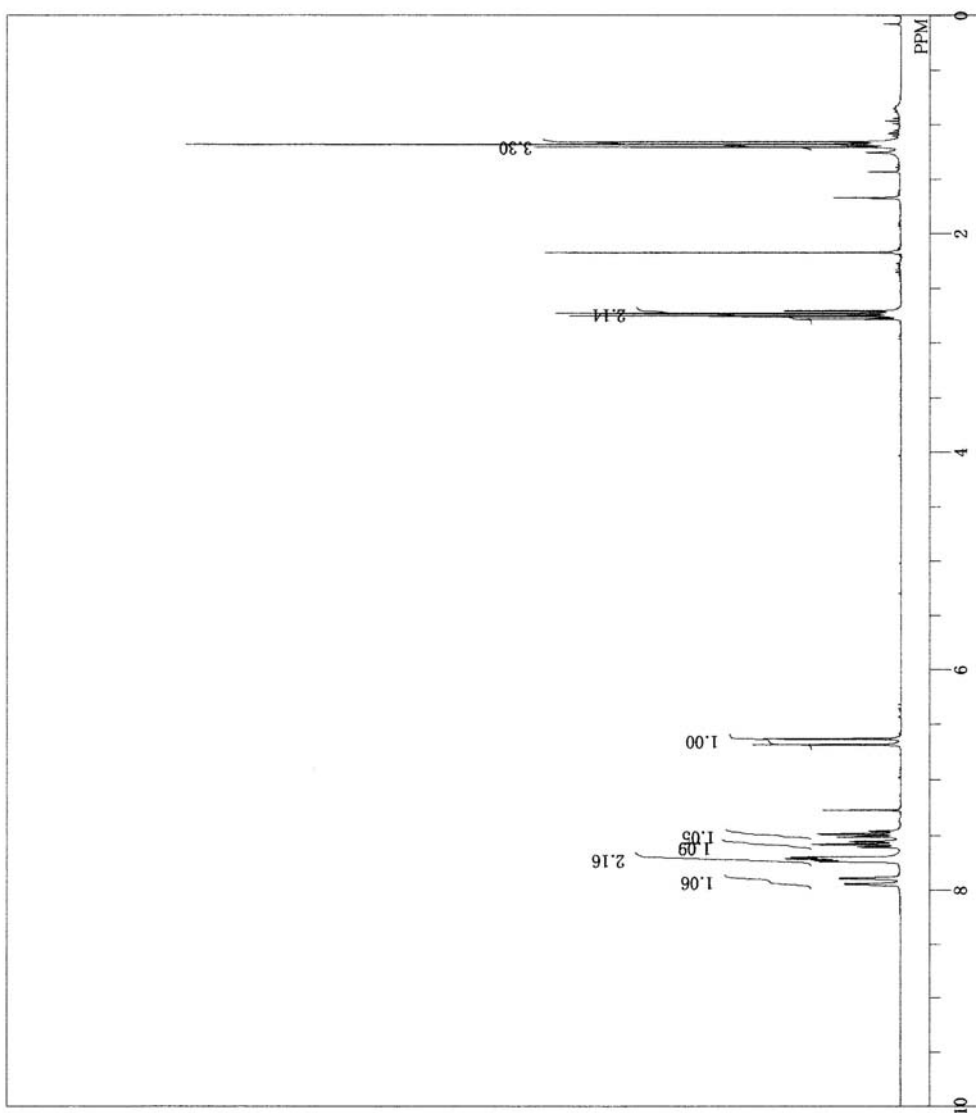
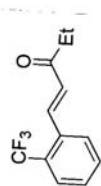


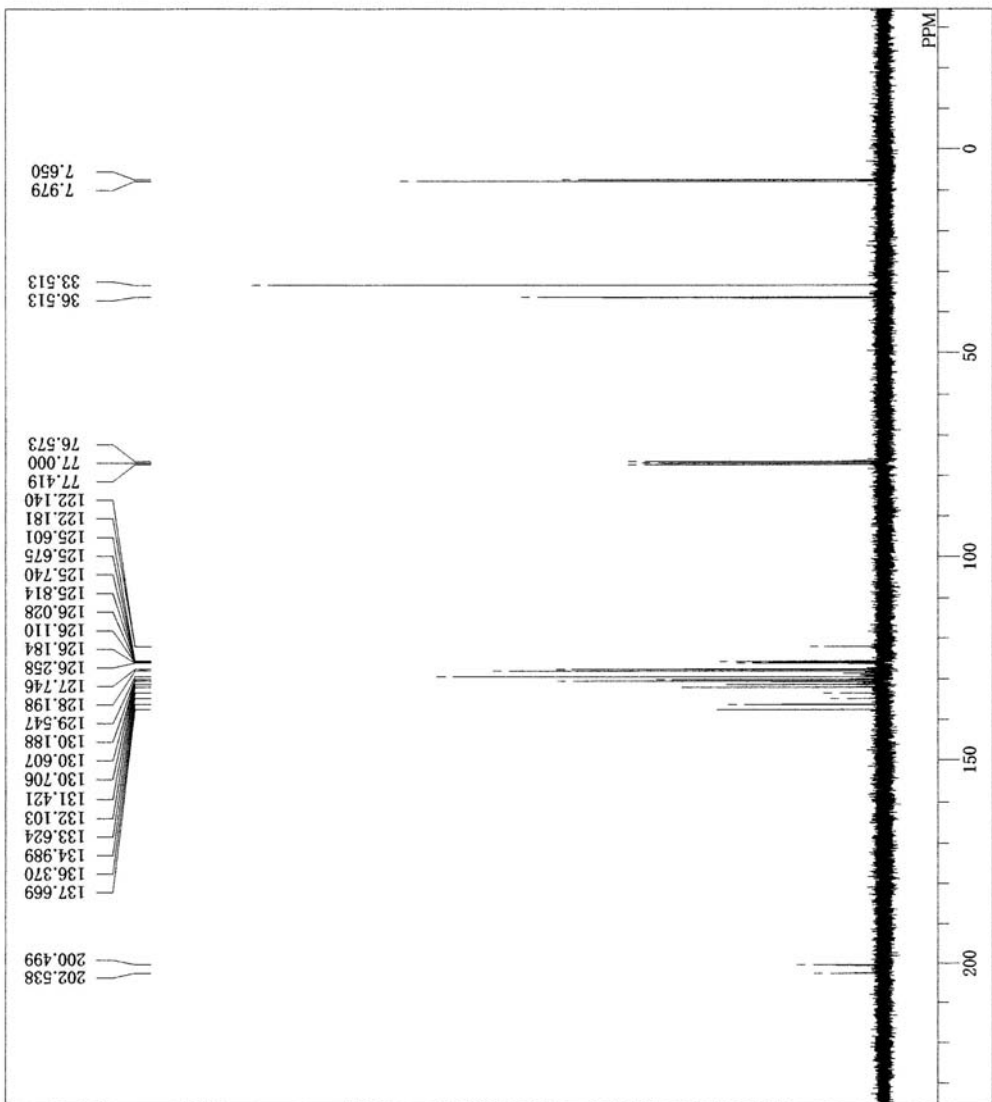
Ketone 2m (*E:Z* = 67:33)



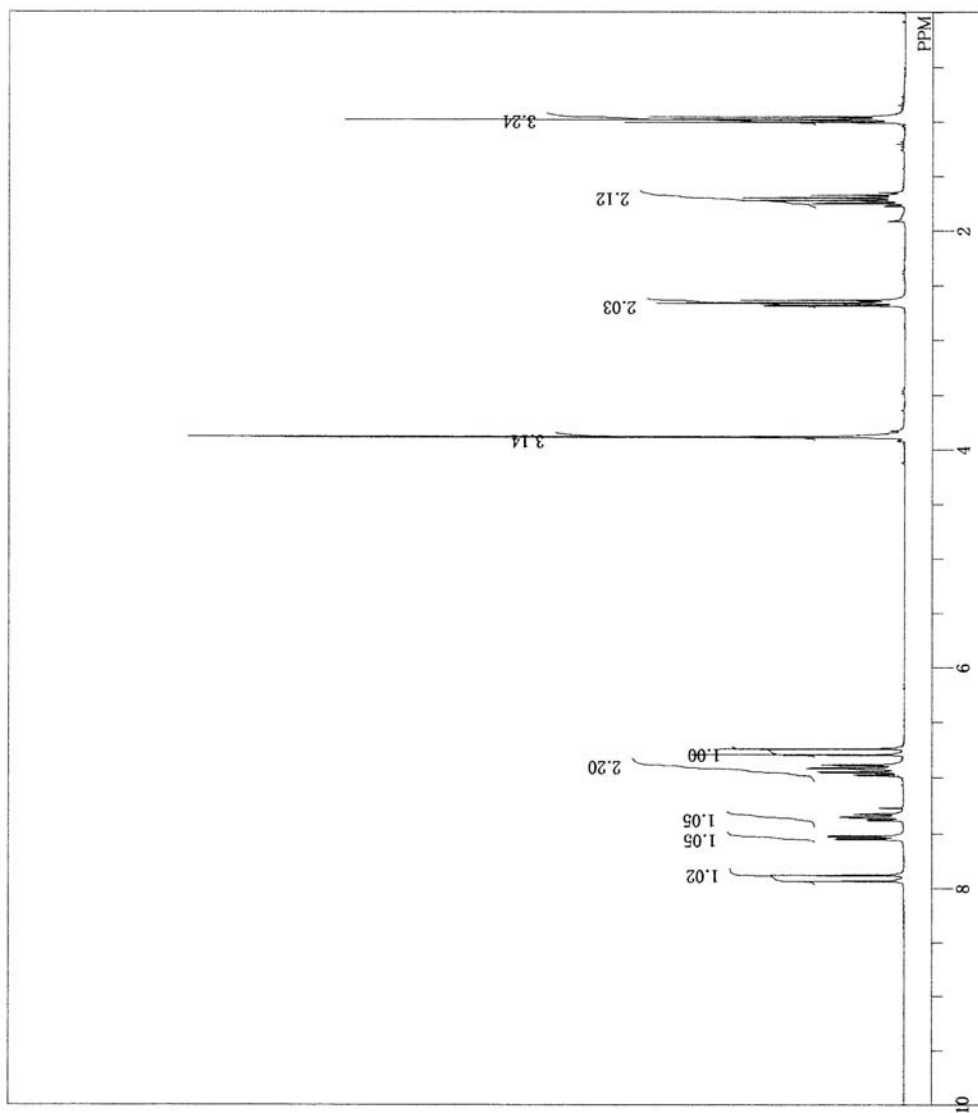
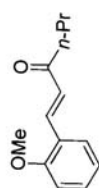


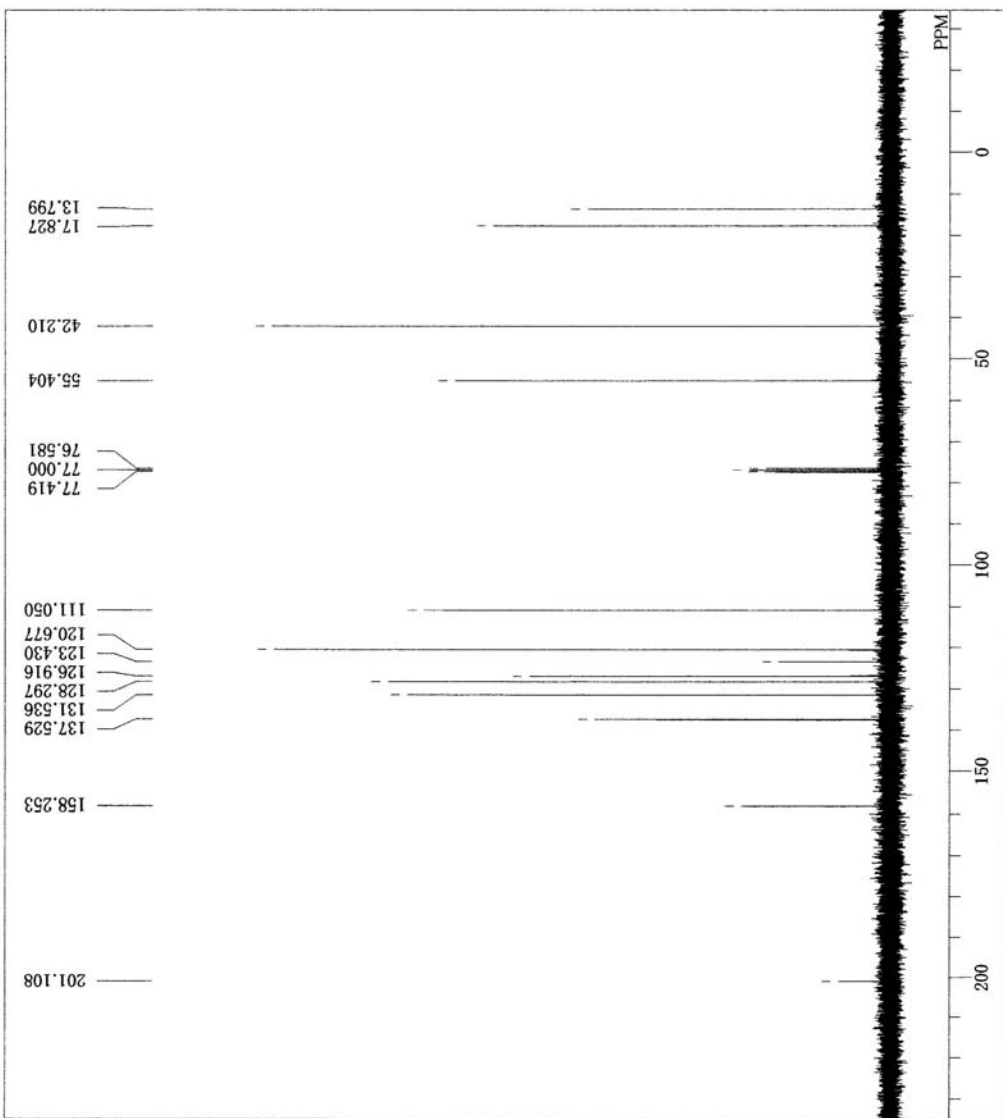
Ketone 2n (*E:Z* = 57:43)



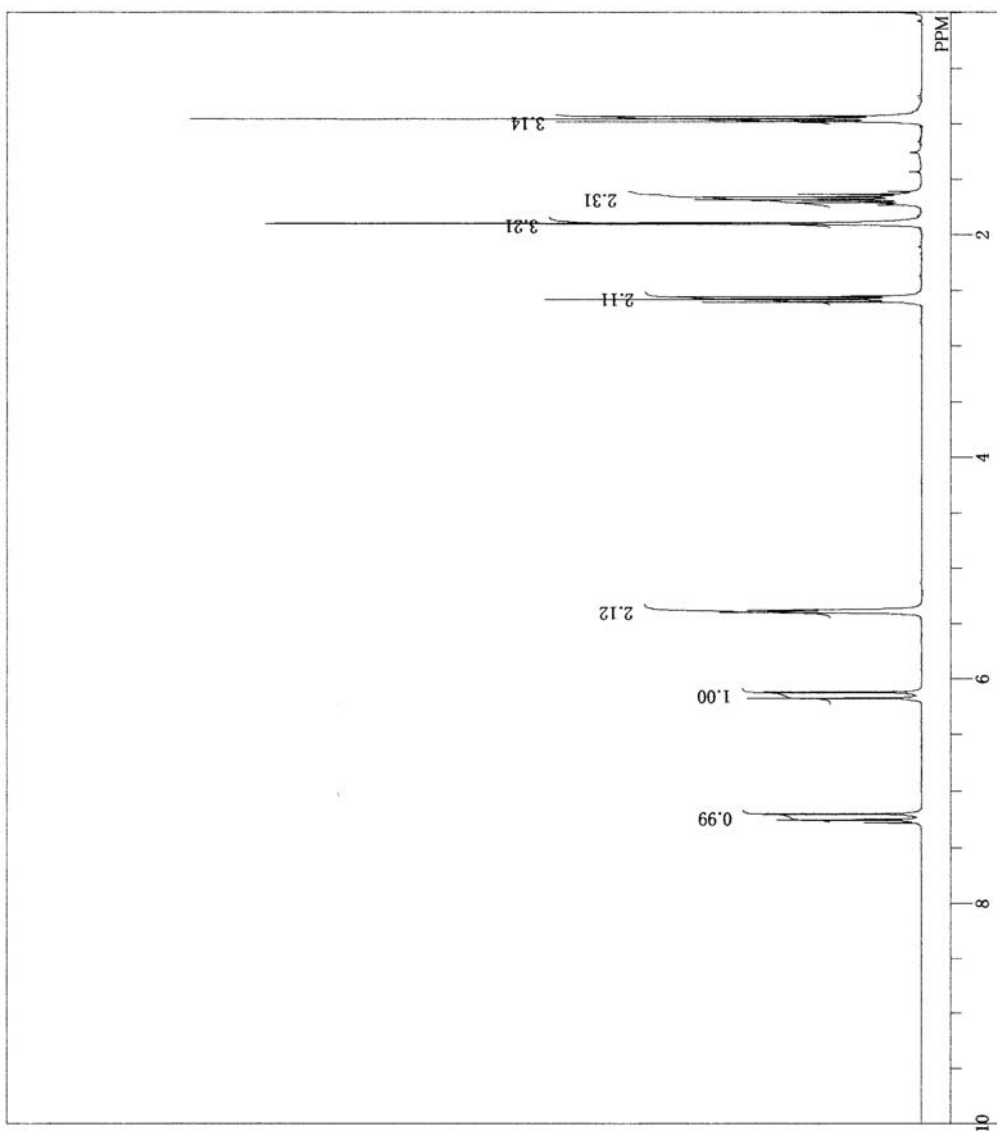
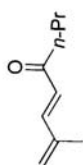


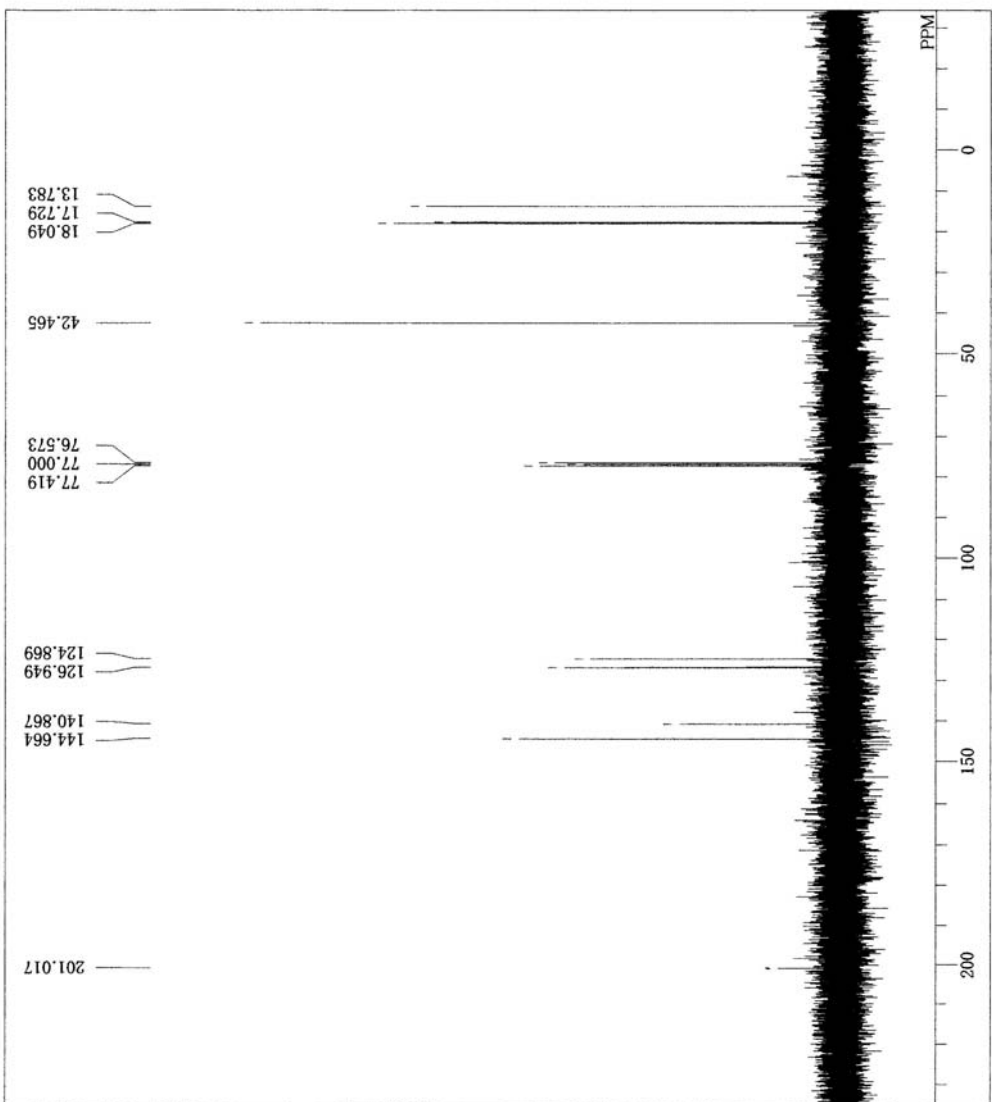
Ketone 2o



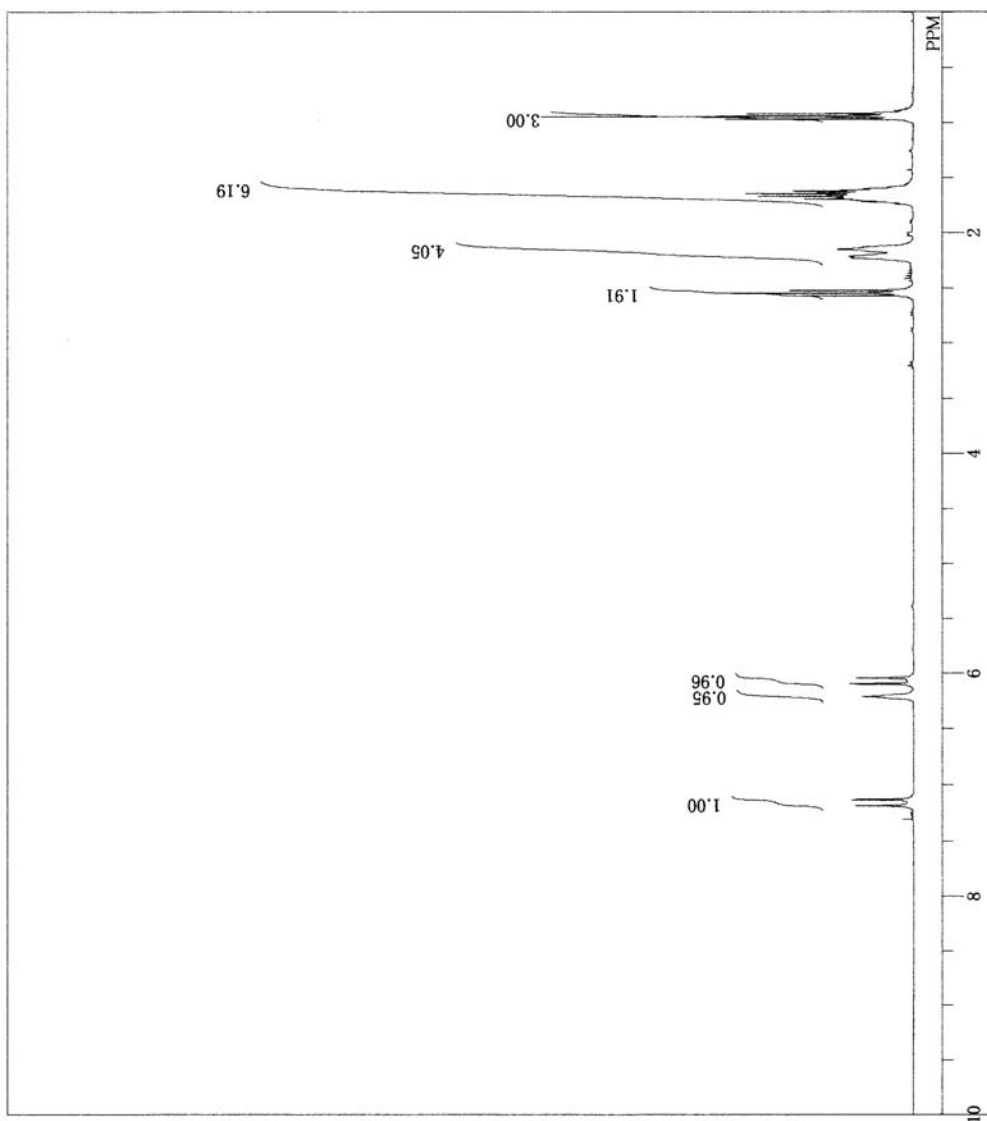
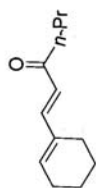


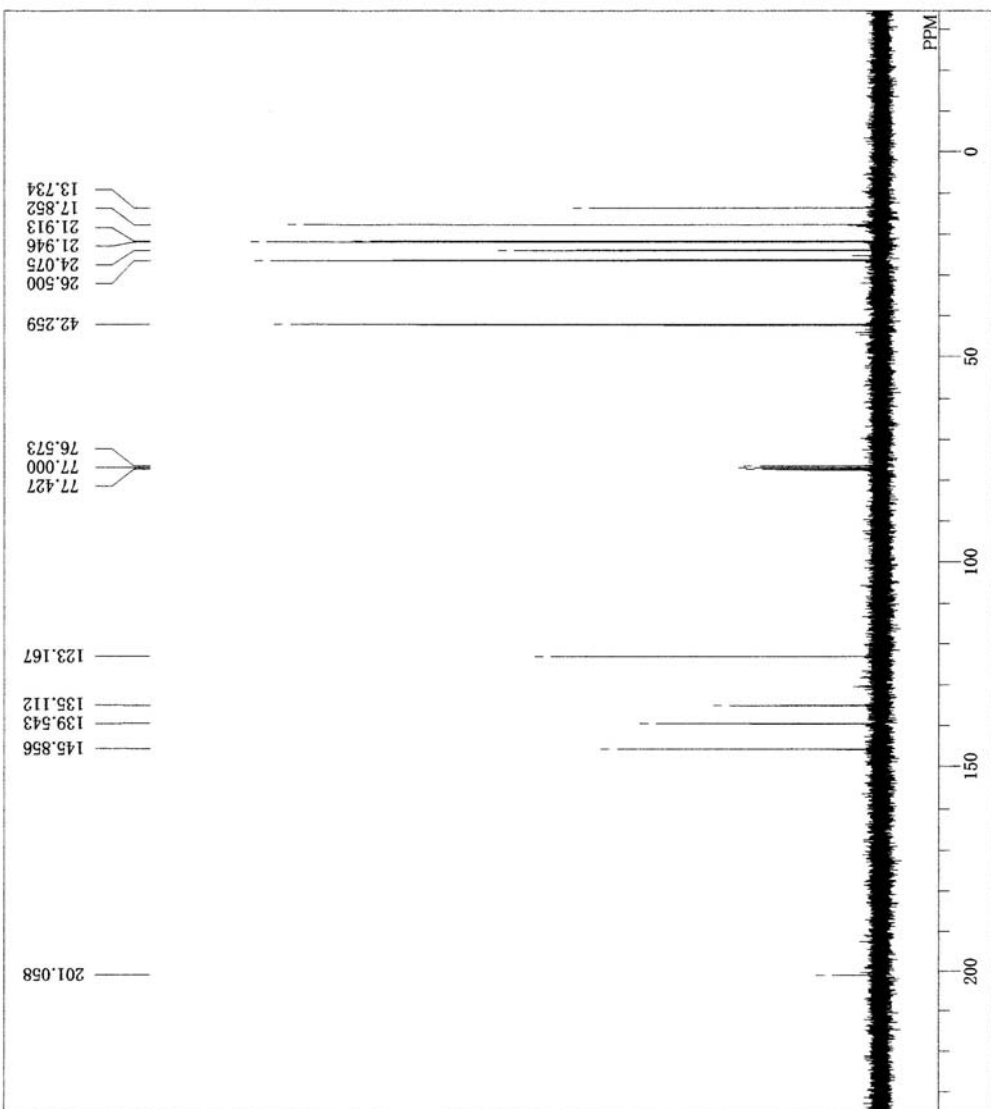
Ketone 2s



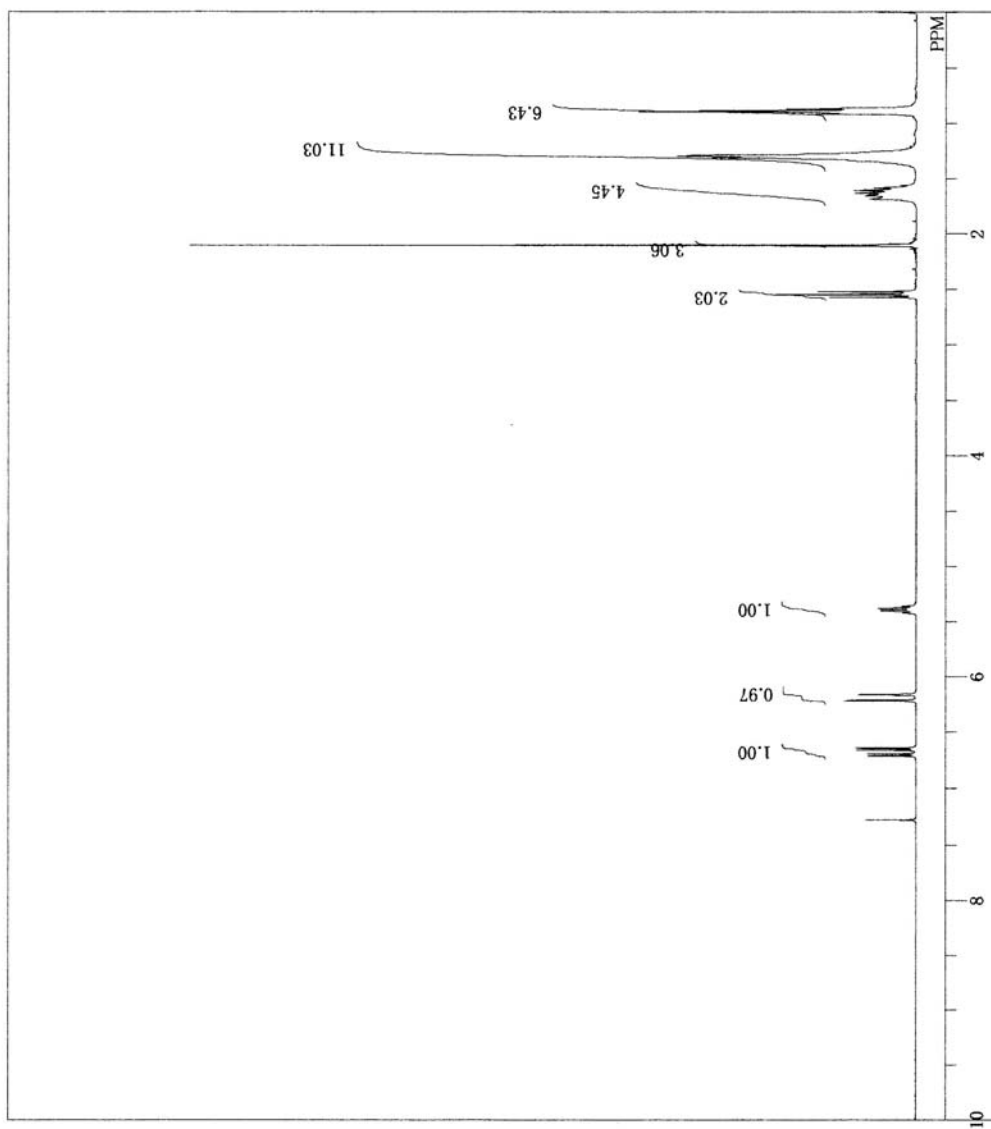
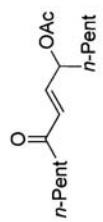


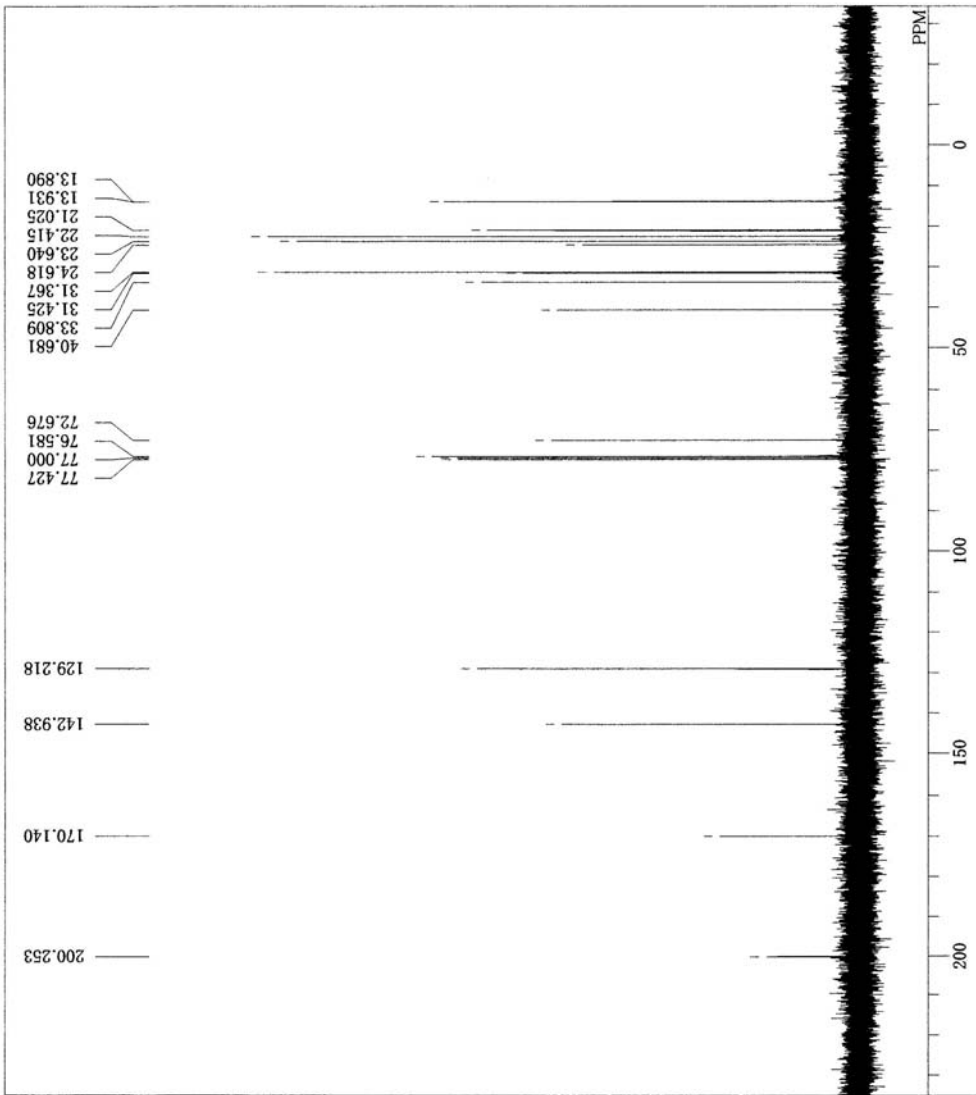
Ketone 2t



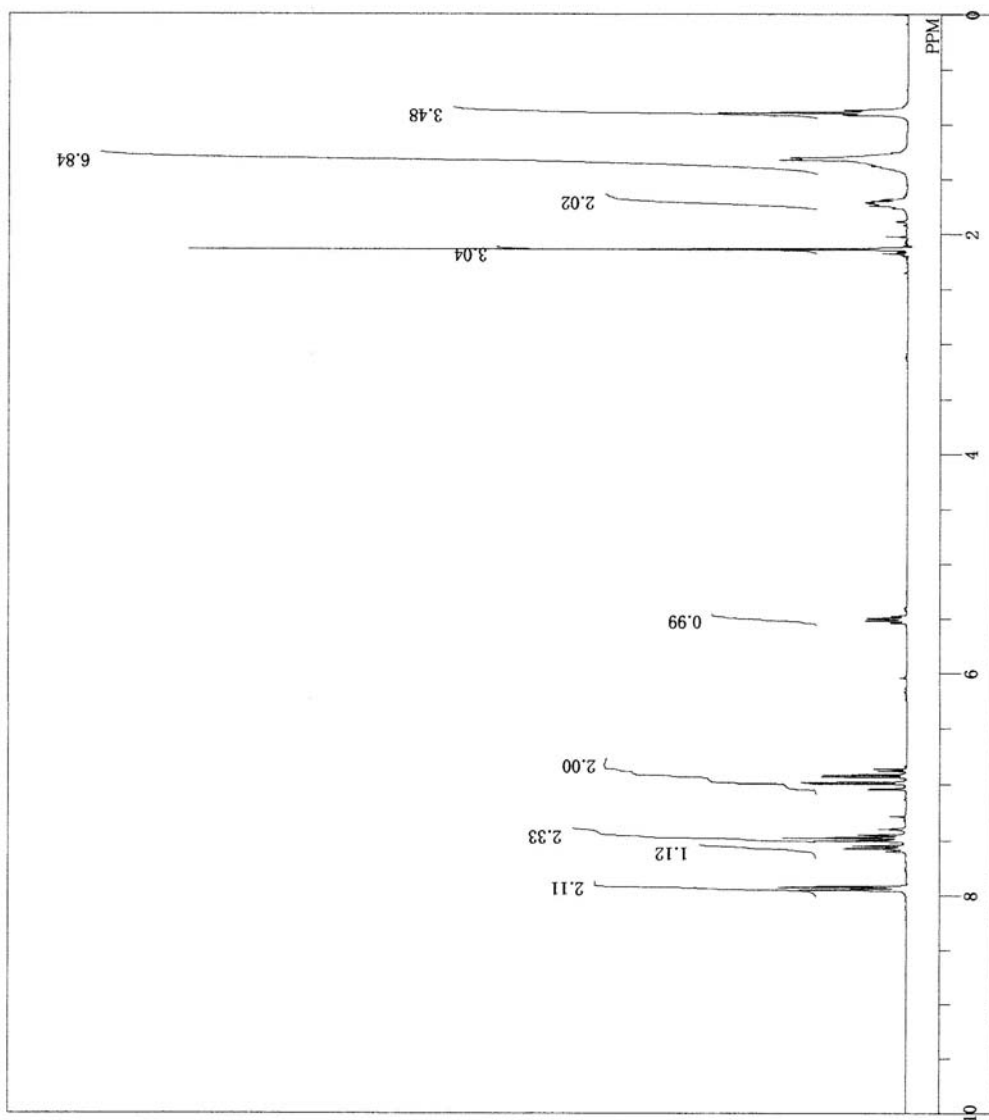
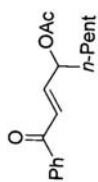


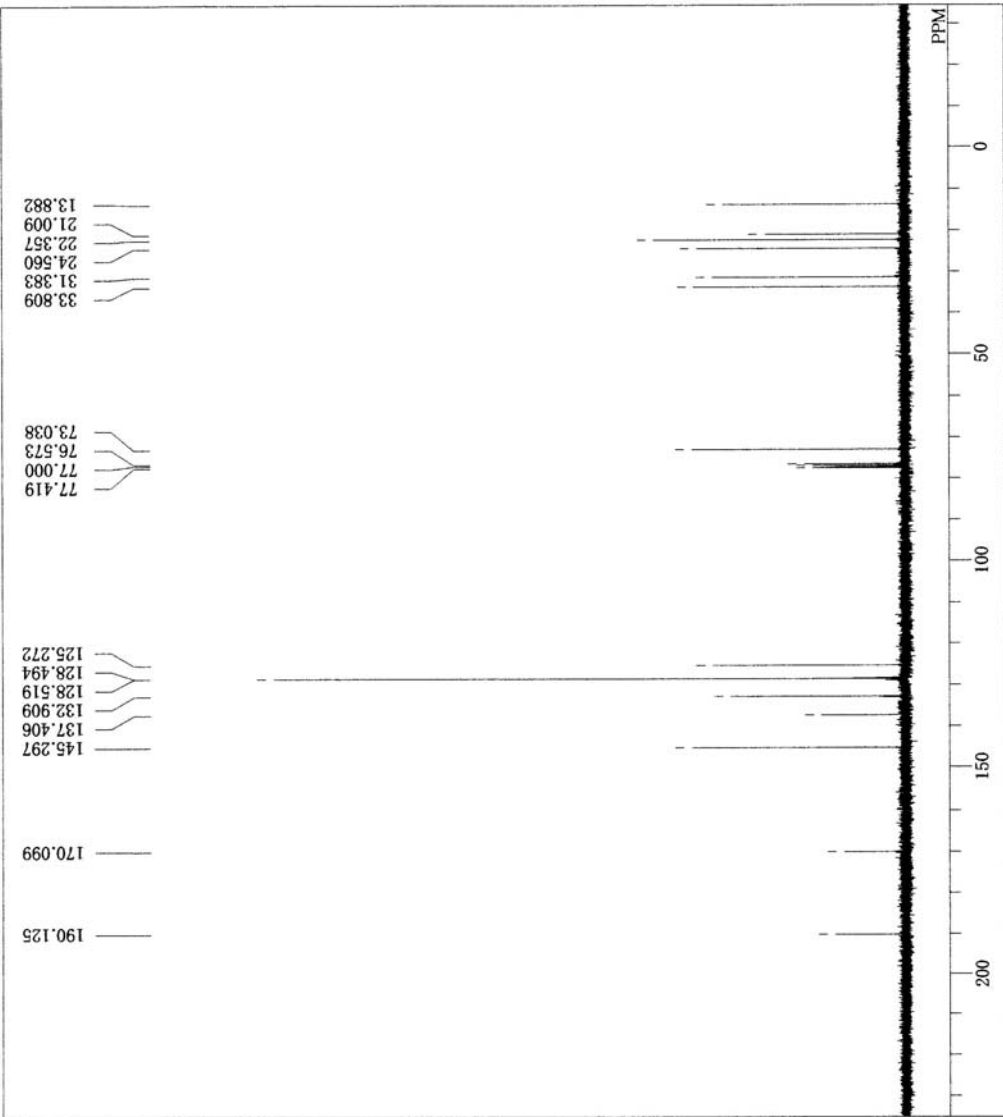
Ketone 12a



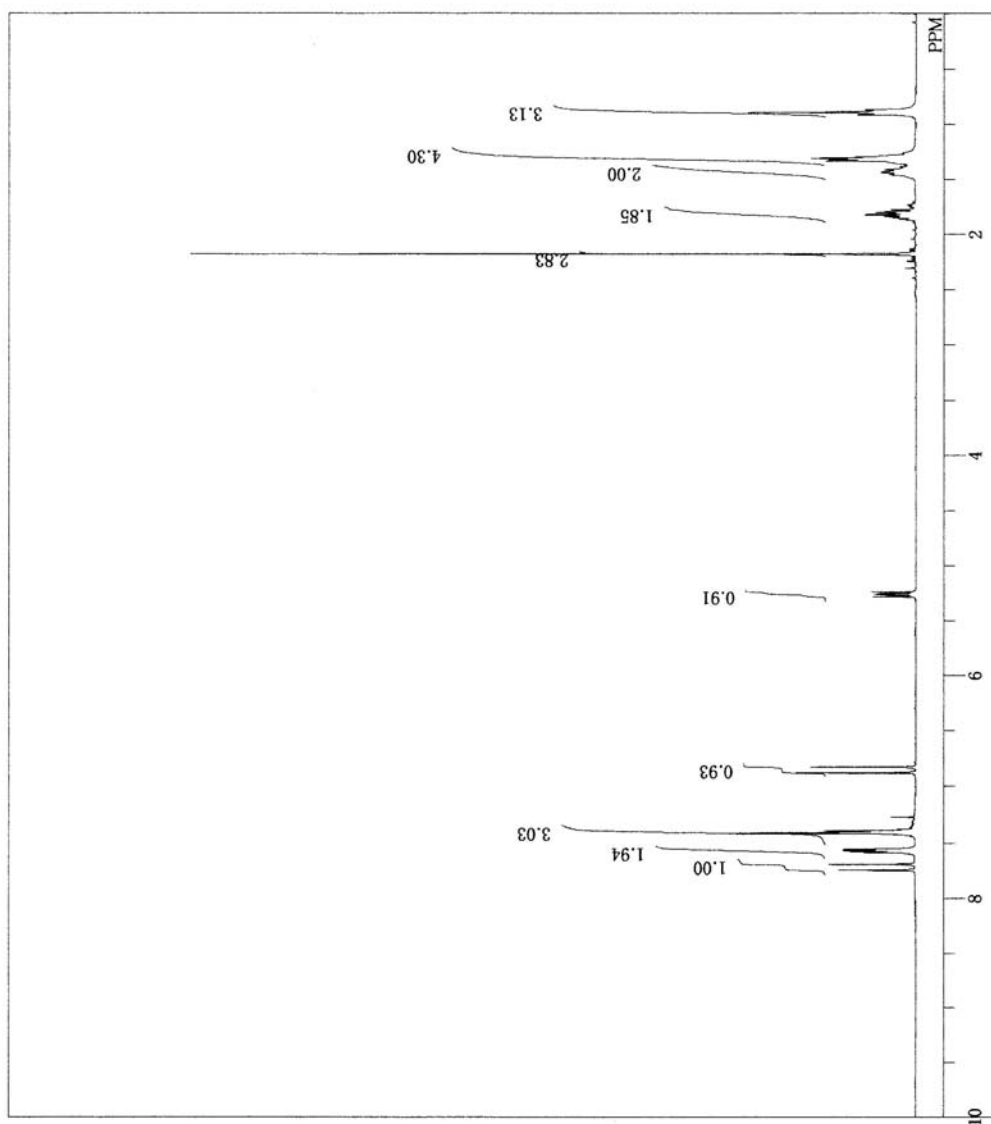
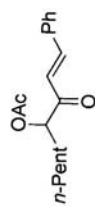


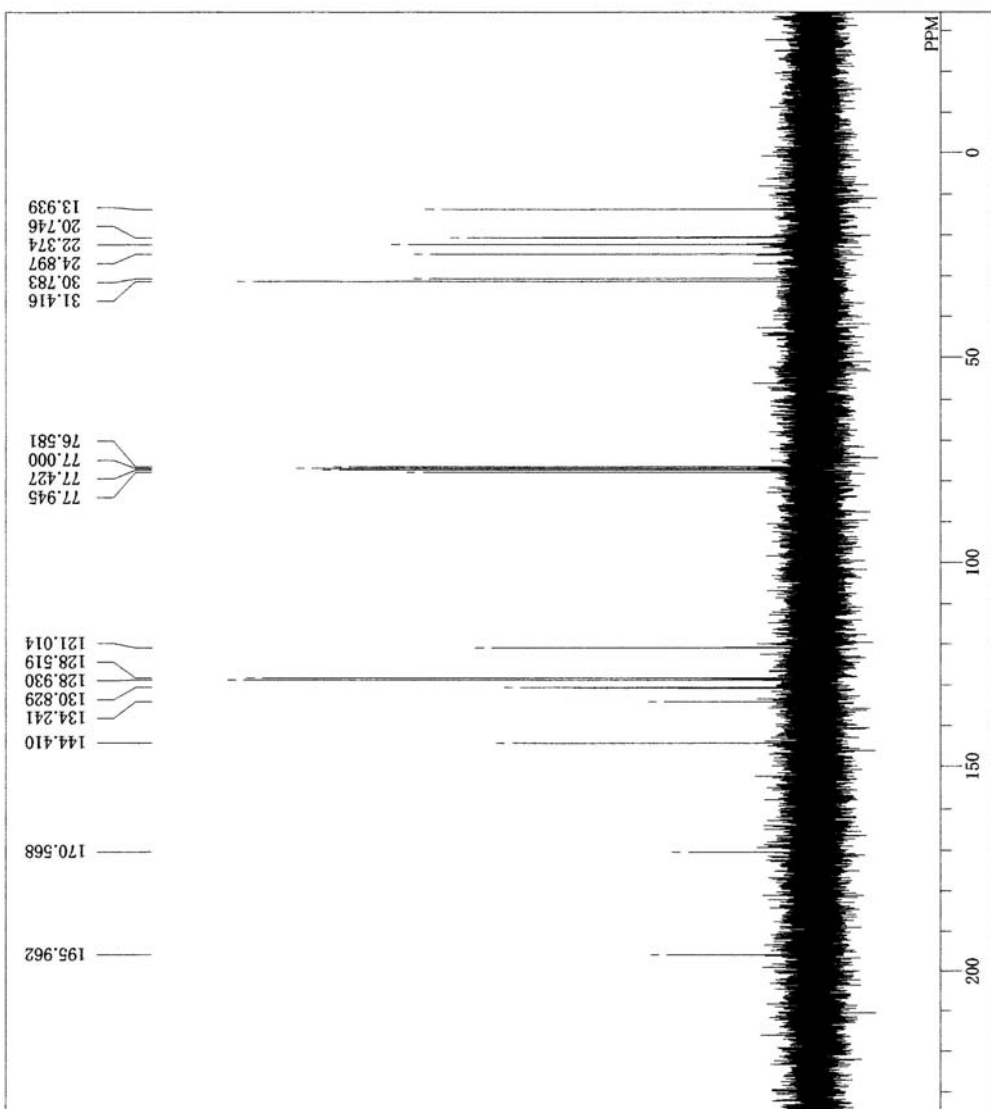
Ketone 12b



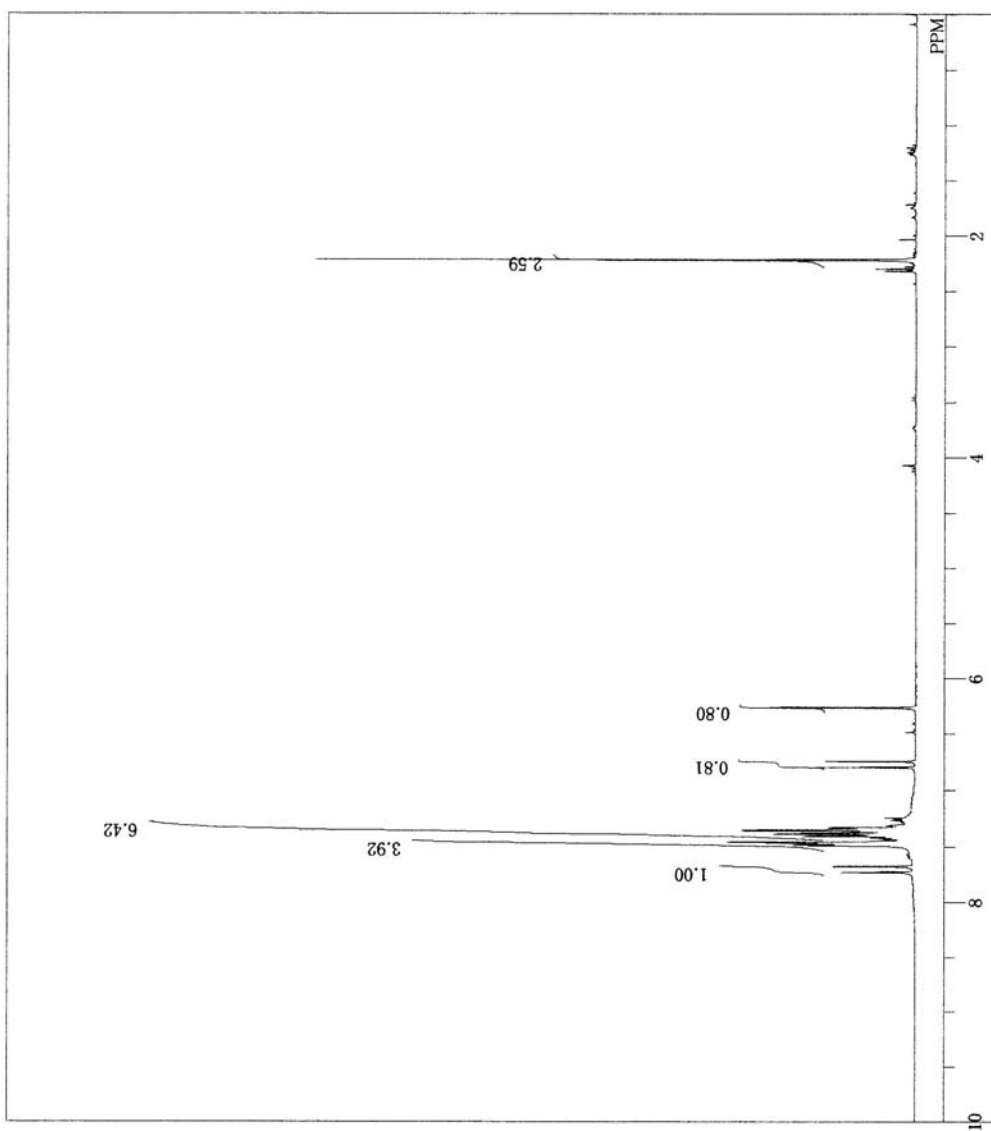
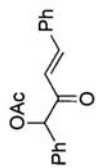


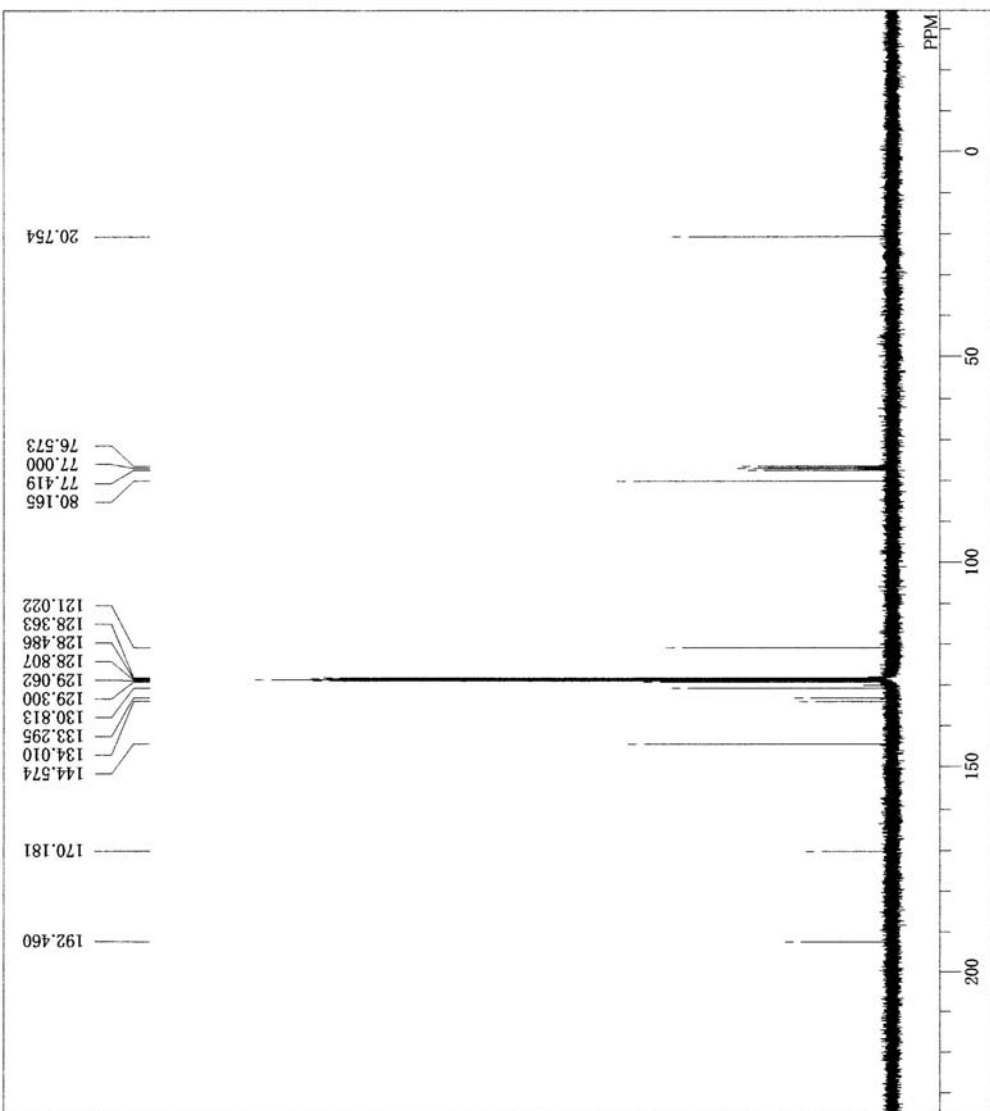
Ketone 13a





Ketone 13b





Ketone 20:

