## Supporting Information

for

## Alkyne Migrations in Alkylidene Carbenoid Species: A New Method of Polyyne Synthesis

Sara Eisler, Navjot Chahal, Robert McDonald, Rik R. Tykwinski\*

Department of Chemistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, T6G-2G2 E-mail: <u>rik.tykwinski@ualberta.ca</u>

Structural data and procedures for the synthesis of compounds **5a-j, 6a-j, 7a-j, 12a-b, 13a-b, 15, 17-19, 21-23, 25-27.** 

 $^1\mathrm{H}$  and  $^{13}\mathrm{C}$  NMR spectra for compounds all new compounds



**5-(1-naphthyl)-1-trimethylsilylpenta-1,4-diyn-3-ol (5d).** To 1-ethynylnaphthalene (0.600 g, 3.95 mmol) in THF (25 mL) at –78 °C was added BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 1.6 mL, 4.0 mmol). After stirring for 30 min, 3-trimethylsilyl-1-propynal (0.504 g, 4.00 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added and stirring was continued for 2.5 h at –78 °C. The solution was quenched with satd. aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at –78 °C, extracted, and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). Chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) gave **5d** (663 mg, 60%) as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.4$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3347, 3051, 2977, 2228, 2176, 1507 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.37 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.46 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 1.2Hz, 1H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 1H), 0.28 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  133.5, 133.1, 130.9, 129.4, 128.3, 127.0, 126.5, 126.1, 125.1, 119.6, 102.0, 90.9, 90.0, 82.8, 53.4, –0.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 278.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>OSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 278.1127, found 278.1123.

**5-(1-naphthyl)-1-trimethylsilylpenta-1,4-diyn-3-one (6d).** To **5d** (0.60 g, 2.2 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) was added sequentially celite (0.6 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 0.6 g), and PCC (0.58 g, 2.7 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica gel (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) to give **6d** (0.32 g, 54%) as a yellow oil:  $R_{\rm f} = 0.7$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3059, 2961, 2197, 2176, 2152, 1623 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.32 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.46 (dd, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 0.31 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125.3 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 160.5, 134.0, 133.8, 133.1, 132.2,

128.6, 127.9, 127.1, 125.7, 125.2, 117.0, 102.9, 99.6, 94.2, 90.6, -0.8; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z276.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>OSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 276.0971, found 276.0970.

**3-(Dibromomethylidene)-5-(1-naphthyl)-1-trimethylsilylpenta-1,4-diyne (7d).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.400 g, 1.21 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.680 g, 2.60 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (40 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **6d** (0.276 g, 1.00 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (2-3 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (15 mL) was added, and the inhomogeneous mixture was filtered through celite. Evaporation gave a yellow oil that was further purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1) to give **7d** (231 mg, 54%) as a yellow oil that solidified under refrigeration: Mp 78 °C;  $R_f = 0.4$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) 3058, 2959, 2199, 2153, 798 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 0.33 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  133.2 (2x), 131.0, 129.8, 128.4, 127.2, 126.7, 126.2, 125.2, 119.8, 114.6, 108.9, 102.8, 100.4, 94.4, 90.7, -0.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 431.9 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>16</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>BrSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 431.9368, found 431.9380; Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>Si (432.23): C, 52.80; H, 3.73. Found: C, 52.83; H, 3.72.



**1-Naphthyl-5-triisopropylsilyl-1,4-pentadiyne-3-ol** (5e). To a solution of 1trimethylsilylacetylene-naphthalene (0.402 g, 1.79 mmol) in wet MeOH/THF (30 mL, 1:1 v/v) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.06 g, 0.4 mmol), and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 h until TLC showed complete desilylation. Et<sub>2</sub>O and satd. aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl were added, the solution extracted, dried over (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), reduced to ca. 5 mL, and added to dried Et<sub>2</sub>O (30 mL). The temperature was lowered to -78 °C and *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 0.70 mL, 1.8 mmol) was slowly added. After stirring for ca. 1 h, 3-triisopropylsilylpropynal (0.382 g, 1.82 mmol) was added and allowed to stir overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was reduced to give **5e** (0.359, 55%) as a yellow oil: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.40 (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3362, 2943, 2865, 2229, 2174, 1462 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.32 (m, 1H), 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.12 (s, 21H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  133.5, 133.1, 130.8, 129.3, 128.3, 126.9, 126.5, 126.1, 125.1, 119.6, 104.1, 91.2, 86.4, 82.4, 53.3, 18.6, 11.2; MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z*: 362 (M<sup>+</sup>, 79); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>30</sub>OSi 362.2066, found 362.2068.

**1-Triisopropyl-5-naphthyl-1,4-pentadiyne-3-one (6e).** To **5e** (0.351 g, 0.971 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 mL) was added sequentially celite (0.2 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 0.2 g) and PCC (0.259 g, 1.20 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) and reduced to give **6e** as a yellow oil (0.166 g, 47%):  $R_{\rm f} = 0.60$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1). IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2944, 2866, 2196, 2174, 2148, 1626 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.34 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (m, 2H), 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.48 (dd, J = 8.1 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (s, 21 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  160.2, 134.0, 133.8, 133.1, 132.1, 128.6, 127.8, 127.0, 125.7, 125.2, 117.0, 105.4, 97.6, 94.5, 90.2, 18.5, 11.1; MS (EI, 70 eV,): m/z: 360 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>28</sub>OSi 360.1910, found 360.1917.

**3-(Dibromomethylidene)-5-(1-naphthyl)-1-triisopropylsilylpenta-1,4-diyne** (7e). CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.195 g, 0.589 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.334 g, 1.27 mmol) were added to  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **6e** (0.166 g, 0.461 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (almost immediately) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 2 mL, hexanes added and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through silica. Evaporation gave **7e** (0.196 g, 82%) as a yellow oil.  $R_{\rm f} = 0.5$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3059, 2942, 2199, 2151, 1585 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ), 8.37 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.73 (dd, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.1, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 0.33 (s, 21H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  133.3, 133.2, 130.9, 129.8, 128.3, 127.1, 126.7, 126.2, 125.3, 119.9, 114.9, 108.1, 102.3, 99.8, 94.2, 91.1, 18.7, 11.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 516.0 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>28</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>BrSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 516.0306, found 516.0305.



**3-(Dibromomethylidene)-5-(1-naphthyl)-1-triisopropylsilylpenta-1,4-diyne (7e).** To a solution of **7c** (1.50 g, 3.26 mmol) in wet MeOH (25 mL) was added  $K_2CO_3$  (10 mg, 0.07 mmol), and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 h until TLC showed complete desilylation. Et<sub>2</sub>O and satd. aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl were added, the solution was extracted, dried with (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), reduced to ca. 5 mL, and added to Et<sub>3</sub>N (35 mL). This solution was degassed and 1-iodonaphthalene (0.828 g, 3.28 mmol), PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (200 mg, 0.28 mmol), and CuI (100 mg, 0.53 mmol) were added. Reaction for 5 h, followed by removal of the Et<sub>3</sub>N in vacuo, and column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes) gave **7e** (0.482 g, 29%) as a yellow oil. See above for spectral details.



**Trideca-5,8-diyn-7-ol (5f).** To 1-hexyne (1.48 g, 18.0 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) at –78 °C was added BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.20 mL, 18.0 mmol). After stirring for 30 min, ethyl formate (0.435 g, 7.50 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added in one portion and the solution warmed to rt. The solution was quenched with satd. aq. NH4Cl, extracted, dried (MgSO4) and reduced to give a yellow oil that was passed through a plug of silica, first with hexanes to remove unreacted starting materials and then with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> to give **5f** (1.33 g, 92%) as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.2$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) 3381, 2926, 2286, 2226, 1120 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 5.03 (dp, J = 7.2 Hz, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (dt, J = 7.2 Hz, 2.1 Hz, 4H), 1.43 (m, 4H), 1.36 (m, 4H), 0.85 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 84.5, 78.1, 52.1, 30.3, 21.7, 18.2, 13.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 192.2 (M<sup>+</sup>, 2), 107.5 ([C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>O]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>) 192.1514, found 192.1488.

**Trideca-5,8-diyn-7-one (6f).** To **5f** (1.20 g, 6.24 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) was added sequentially celite (2 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 2 g), and PCC (2.00 g, 9.28 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) and reduced to give a yellow oil that was purified by flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1) to give **6f** (0.874 g, 73%) as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.4$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (film) 2959, 2206, 1628, 1241 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.34 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.52 (m, 4H), 1.39 (m, 4H), 0.87 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 161.3, 94.5, 82.3, 29.5, 21.9, 18.7, 13.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 190.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 3), 148.1 ([M – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, 85), 109.1 ([M – C<sub>6</sub>H9]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>) 190.1358, found 190.1352. **7-(1,1-Dibromomethylidene)-trideca-5,8-diyne (7f).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.74 g, 5.26 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.75 g, 10.5 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **6f** (0.800 g, 4.20 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (2-3 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (15 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave a yellow oil that was further purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1) to give **7f** (585 mg, 40%) as a yellow oil that slowly decomposes at rt.  $R_f = 0.7$  (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) 2957, 2219, 1331 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.31 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.44 (m, 4H), 0.90 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  114.7, 105.0, 97.5, 78.1, 30.2, 21.9, 19.4, 13.6; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 346.0 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>Br (M<sup>+</sup>) 345.9755, found 345.9755.



Heneicosa-9,12-diyn-11-ol (5g). To 1-decyne (2.50 g, 18.1 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) at -78 °C was added BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 7.20 mL, 18.0 mmol). After stirring for 30 min, ethyl formate (0.435 g, 7.50 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added in one portion and the solution warmed to rt. The solution was quenched with satd. aq NH4Cl, extracted, dried (MgSO4), and reduced to give a yellow oil that was passed through a plug of silica, first with hexane to remove unreacted starting materials and then with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> to give **5g** (1.74 g, 76%) as a yellow oil.  $R_f = 0.2$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) 3387, 2958, 2285, 2256, 2227, 1118 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.05 (p, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (bs, 1H), 2.16 (dt, J = 7.1

Hz, 2.0 Hz, 4H), 1.46 (m, 4H), 1.30 (m, 4H), 1.23 (m, 16H), 0.83 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  85.1, 78.1, 52.5, 31.8, 29.2, 29.1, 28.9, 28.4, 22.6, 18.7, 14.1; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 304.3 (M<sup>+</sup>, 2), 55 ([C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>7</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>) 304.2766, found 304.2750.

Heneicosa-9,12-diyn-11-one (6g). To 5g (1.50 g, 4.93 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) was added sequentially celite (1.5 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 1.5 g), and PCC (1.58 g, 7.33 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), and reduced to give a yellow oil that was purified by flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1) to give 6g (1.30 g, 87%) as a yellow oil.  $R_f = 0.4$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2927, 2208, 1629, 1241 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.33 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.35 (m, 4H), 1.24 (m, 16H), 0.84 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  161.3, 94.5, 82.3, 31.8, 29.1, 28.9, 28.8, 27.5, 22.6, 19.0, 14.0; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 302.3 (M<sup>+</sup>, 6), 55 ([C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>7</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>) 302.2610, found 302.2608. Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O (302.49): C, 83.38; H, 11.33. Found: C, 83.17; H, 11.30.

**11-(1,1-Dibromomethylidene)-heneicosa-9,12-diyne (7g).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.57 g, 4.74 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.49 g, 9.50 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **6g** (1.15 g, 3.78 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (2-3 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (15 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave a yellow oil that was further purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1) to give **7g** (935 mg, 54%) as a yellow oil that slowly decomposes at rt:  $R_f = 0.8$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2926, 2220 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.41 (m, 4H), 1.25 (m, 16H), 0.86 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  114.8, 105.0, 97.6, 78.2, 31.9, 29.2, 29.1, 28.9, 28.2, 22.7, 19.8, 14.1; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 458.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for

 $C_{22}H_{34}^{79}Br^{81}Br (M^{+}) 458.1007$ , found 458.1006; Anal. Calcd. for  $C_{22}H_{34}Br_2$  (458.31): C, 57.65; H, 7.48. Found: C, 57.54; H, 7.71.



**1-(Trimethylsilyl)-5-((4-triisopropylsilylethynyl)-phenyl)-1,4-pentadiyne-3-ol (5h).** K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (40 mg) was added to a MeOH/THF (10 mL, 1:1 v/v) solution of 1triisopropylsilylethynyl-4-trimethylsilylethyl-benzene (0.749 g, 2.11 mmol) and stirred until TLC analysis showed removal of the TMS group (about 30 min). Ether (50 mL) was added and the solution washed with aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The ether was reduced in vacuo to ca. 5 mL, and the solution was then added to 10 mL of dried ether at -78 °C. *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 0.85 mL, 2.1 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 hr. 3-Trimethylsilylpropynal (0.218 g, 1.72 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to warm up to rt over the course of an hour. Aqueous work-up and flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>1:1) gave alcohol **5h** (0.267, 31%) as a yellow oil: *R<sub>f</sub>* = 0.38 (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3322, 2958, 2892, 2234, 2155, 1497 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.41 (m, 4H), 5.32 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (s, 21H), 0.19 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 131.8, 131.6, 124.0, 121.7, 106.4, 101.5, 93.1, 90.0, 87.5, 84.1, 53.2, 18.7, 11.4, -0.2; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 408, (M<sup>+</sup>, 24), 365 ([M – *i*-Pr]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>36</sub>OSi<sub>2</sub> 408.2305, found 408.2307.

## 1-(Trimethylsilyl)-5((4-triisopropylsilylethynyl)-phenyl)-3-(1,1-

**dibromomethylidene)-1,4-pentadiyne (7h).** To alcohol **5h** (0.267 g, 0.652 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) was added sequentially celite (0.2 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 0.2 g) and PCC (0.225 g, 1.05 mmol). After an hour the reaction was complete and the mixture was filtered through

silica. The solvent was reduced to about 5 mL, and this solution ketone **6h** was added to a mixture of CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.250 g, 0.754 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.429 g, 1.64 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL). The bromination reaction was complete within a 0.5 hr (monitored by TLC, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1). The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (15 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes) gave dibromide **7h** (0.194, 53%) as a yellow solid. Mp = 60-61 °C;  $R_{\rm f}$  = 0.90 (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2958, 2891, 2203, 2154, 1492 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42 (m, 4H), 1.12 (s, 21H), 0.24 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  131.9, 131.3, 124.2, 121.8, 114.1, 109.4, 106.4, 102.7, 100.0, 95.3, 93.5, 87.5, 18.7, 11.4, -0.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 562, (M<sup>+</sup>, 25), 518 ([M – *i*-Pr]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>34</sub>Si<sub>2</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>Br 562.0545, found 562.0512. Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>34</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> (560.10): C, 55.51; H, 6.09. Found: C, 55.73; H, 5.99.



1-Trimethylsilyl-1,4-nonadiyne-3-ol (5i). To 1-hexyne (0.389 g, 4.75 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) at -78 °C was added *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 1.80 mL, 4.50 mmol). After stirring for 0.5 h, 3-trimethylsilylpropynal (0.691 g, 5.47 mmol) was added in one portion and the solution allowed to warm up overnight. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After passing through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), **5i** (0.92 g, 98%) was isolated as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.43$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3377, 2959, 2293, 2232, 2178, 1466 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.07 (bs, 1H), 2.21 (dt, J = 2.1, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.12 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  102.6, 88.8, 85.8, 52.8, 30.3, 21.9,

18.4, 13.5, -0.3 (one coincident peak not observed); MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 208.1, (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.8), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>OSi 208.1283, found 208.1272.

**1-Trimethylsilyl-1,4-nonadiyne-3-one (6i).** To **5i** (0.791 g, 3.79 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (70 mL) was added sequentially celite (1.0 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 1.0 g), and PCC (1.07 g, 4.98 mmol). After stirring for 1 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), and reduced to give a yellow oil that was purified by flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1) to give **6i** (0.448 g, 57%):  $R_{\rm f} = 0.62$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2961, 2231, 2212, 2148, 1629 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.39 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.42 (tq, *J* = 7.3, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.23 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT) δ 160.8, 102.8, 97.9, 96.1, 82.2, 29.5, 22.0, 18.9, 13.4, -0.9; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 206, (M<sup>+</sup>, 2), 191 ([M – CH<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, 82); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>OSi 206.1127, found 206.1129.

**3-Dibromomethylidene-1-trimethylsilyl-1,4-nonadiyne (7i).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.848 g, 2.56 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.28 g, 4.88 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. **6i** (0.412 g, 2.00 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (15 min) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 5 mL, hexanes added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave **7i** (0.437 g, 60%) as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.91$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2959, 2222, 2147 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.32 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.44 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.20 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  114.5, 107.7, 101.7, 100.7, 98.4, 77.5, 30.1, 21.9, 19.4, 13.5, -0.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 362, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>Si<sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>Br 361.9524, found 361.9525.



**1,5-Bis(2-thienyl)-1,4-pentadiyne-3-ol (5j).** 2-Trimethylsilylethynylthiophene (0.878 g, 4.87 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.14 g, 1.0 mmol) in wet THF (10 mL) and MeOH (10 mL) was stirred for 2 h until TLC showed complete desilylation. After work-up with Et<sub>2</sub>O and saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the terminal acetylene was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was reduced to ca. 5 mL and the acetylene added to 20 mL of dried Et<sub>2</sub>O. *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 2.00 mL, 5.00 mmol) was subsequently added at -78 °C and allowed to stir for an hour. Ethyl formate (0.180 g, 2.43 mmol) was added and the mixture warmed to rt. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The alcohol was purified by flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1) to give a brown oil (0.231 g, 40%):  $R_{\rm f} = 0.25$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3335, 3105, 2224, 1517 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.27 (m, 4H), 6.96 (dd, J = 3.7, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (bs, 1H), 2.79 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  133.1, 133.0, 128.0, 127.9, 127.0, 126.9, 121.6, 89.4, 78.3, 53.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 244, (M<sup>+</sup>, 54), 108 ([C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>S]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

**1,5-Bis(2-thienyl)-1,4-pentadiyne-3-one (6j).** To **5j** (0.172 g, 0.705 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) was added sequentially celite (0.2 g), molecular sieves (4Å, 0.2 g), and PCC (0.231 g, 1.07 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) and further purified by flash chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1) to give **6j** (0.0853 g, 50%) as a brown solid: Mp 99–101 °C.  $R_f = 0.33$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3093, 2170, 1599 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.55 (dd, J = 1.0, 3.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dd, J = 1.1, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J = 3.8, 5.1 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT) δ 159.6, 137.5, 132.6, 127.9, 119.3, 93.9, 86.0; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 242, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>6</sub>OS<sub>2</sub> 241.9860, found 241.9847. **3-Dibromomethylidene-1,5-bis(2-thienyl)-1,4-pentadiyne (7j).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.154 g, 0.464 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.277 g, 1.06 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. **6j** (0.0853 g, 0.352 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (0.5 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 1 mL, hexanes (15 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave **7j** (0.066 g, 47%) as a brown solid: Mp 60 - 63 °C;  $R_f = 0.76$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3104, 2023, 2197, 1419 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.35 (dd, J = 1.1, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 1.1, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J = 3.7, 5.1 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  133.1, 128.7, 127.2, 121.8, 113.8, 107.6, 89.3, 89.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 397, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>6</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>BrS<sub>2</sub> 397.8257, found 397.8250.



**5-Phenyl-1-trimethylsilyl-1,4-pentadiyne-3-one** (**12a**). To **11** (0.999 g, 6.84 mmol) was added thionyl chloride (7 mL) and the reaction stirred overnight. The excess thionyl chloride was removed in vacuo and the acid chloride was dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) and bis-trimethylsilylacetylene (1.18 g, 6.90 mmol) was added. The temperature lowered to 0 °C, AlCl<sub>3</sub> (1.07 g, 8.04 mmol) was carefully added, and the reaction stirred for 3 h. Aqueous work-up (10% HCl, NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, NaCl) and purification by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1) yielded **12a** (0.729 g, 47%). Spectra date consistent with those reported (D. H. Wadsworth, S. M. Geer, M. R. Detty, *J. Org. Chem.* **1987**, *52*, 3662-3668.)

**5-Phenyl-trimethylsilyl-3-dibromomethylidene-1,4-pentadiyne** (**13a**). CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.26 g, 3.80 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.14 g, 8.18 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **12a** (0.669 g, 2.96 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added and the reaction monitored by TLC until complete (0.5 h). The solution was concentrated to ca. 5 mL, hexanes added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave **13a** (0.806 g, 71%) as a yellow solid: Mp 76 - 78 °C; R<sub>f</sub> = 0.74 (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2960, 2203, 2153, 1597 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.50 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 0.24 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT) δ 131.7, 129.2, 128.4, 122.2, 114.3, 109.1, 102.6, 100.2, 95.8, 85.9, -0.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 382, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Si<sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>Br 381.9211, found 381.9233.



**7-phenyl-1-trimethylsilyl-1,3,6-heptatriyne-5-one** (**12b**). To **11** (1.01 g, 6.91 mmol) was added thionyl chloride (7 mL) and the reaction stirred overnight. The excess thionyl chloride was removed in vacuo, the acid chloride dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL), bis-trimethylsilylbutadiyne (1.29 g, 6.62 mmol) was added, and the temperature lowered to 0 °C. AlCl<sub>3</sub> (0.938 g, 7.04 mmol) was carefully added and the reaction stirred for 3 h. Aqueous work-up (10% HCl, NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, NaCl) and purification by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1) yielded **12b** (0.959 g, 55%) as an unstable light brown oil:  $R_f = 0.56$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2962, 2196, 2098, 1622 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.59 (m, 2H), 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.7, 2H), 0.24 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, APT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.2, 133.3, 131.4, 128.6, 119.0, 99.2, 92.6, 89.1, 85.8, 75.7, 74.1, -0.7; MS

(EI, 70 eV) m/z 250.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 24), 207.1 ([C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>Si[<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>OSi 250.0814, found 250. 0808.

**7-phenyl-1-trimethylsilyl-(5-dibromomethylidene)-1,3,6-heptatriyne (13b).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.69 g, 5.09 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.67 g, 10.2 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **12b** (0.959 g, 4.09 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added and the reaction monitored by TLC until complete (0.5 h). The solution was concentrated to ca. 5 mL, hexanes added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave **13b** (0.804 g, 48%) as a brown solid: Mp 35 - 37 °C;  $R_f = 0.69$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1). IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2960, 2222, 2197, 2097, 1487 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.49 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 0.22 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  131.7, 129.4, 128.4, 121.8, 113.3, 110.9, 96.5, 95.2, 87.2, 85.2, 80.3, 72.2, -0.6; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 406, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100). HRMS calcd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Si<sup>79</sup>Br<sup>81</sup>Br 405.9211, found 405.9219.



**1,10-bis**(**triisopropylsilyl**)-**3,8-bis**(**1,1-dibromomethylene**)**deca-1,4,6,9-tetrayne** (**15**). A mixture of compound **7c** (0.190 g, 0. 411 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (30 mg, 0.217 mmol) in MeOH/THF (20 mL, 1:1 v/v) was stirred for 0.5h. After work-up, the deprotected vinyl bromide was oxidatively homocoupled in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) using TMEDA (1 mL, 6.6 mmol) and CuI (0.0485 g, 0.25 mmol) (A. S. Hay, *J. Org. Chem.* **1962**, *27*, 3320-3321). Work-up and column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes) gave **15** (0.0873 g, 55%) as an off-white solid: Mp 64-65 °C;  $R_f = 0.71$  (hexane); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2943, 2152, 1462 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) δ 1.2 (s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) δ 113.9, 113.3, 102.0, 101.0, 80.9, 79.3, 18.7, 11.5; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 778, (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for  $C_{30}H_{42}Si_2^{79}Br_2^{81}Br_2$ 777.9518 (M<sup>+</sup>), found 777.9527; Anal. Calcd. for  $C_{30}H_{42}Si_2Br_4$  (773.96): C, 46.29; H, 5.44. Found: C, 46.67; H, 5.55.



**Compound (17).** To 1,4-diethynylbenzene (0.949 g, 7.53 mmol) in THF (25 mL) at –78 °C was added BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 6.00 mL, 15.0 mmol). After stirring for 30 min, 3-trimethylsilyl-1-propynal (2.00 g, 15.8 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added and stirring was continued for 2.5 h at –78 °C. The solution was quenched with satd. aq NH4Cl at –78 °C and then extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), evaporation, and crystallization from hexanes at 4 °C to give **17** (1.19 g, 42%) as a white solid that is presumably a mixture of stereoisomers: Mp 99 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.2$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR (µscope) 3314, 2959, 2237, 2177, 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42 (s, 4H), 5.34 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 0.21 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  131.7, 122.4, 101.6, 90.0, 87.8, 83.8, 53.0, –0.3; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 378.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 72), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 378.1471, found 378.1468. Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (378.61): C, 69.79; H, 6.92. Found: C, 69.61; H, 7.02.

**1,4-Bis-(5-trimethylsilyl-3-one-penta-1,4-diyne)-benzene** (**18**). To diol **17** (1.0 g, 2.6 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL) was added sequentially celite (1.5 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 1.5 g), and PCC (1.43 g, 6.63 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), evaporation, and crystallization from hexanes at –4 °C gave **18** (0.78 g, 80%) as a yellow solid: Mp 101 °C;  $R_f = 0.3$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR (µscope) 3090, 2961, 2208, 2151, 1613, 1143 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.65 (s, 4H), 0.28 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR

(75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  160.1, 133.3, 122.2, 102.5, 100.3, 91.1, 89.3, -0.9; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m/z* 374.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 374.1158, found 374.1150. Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (374.58): C, 70.54; H, 5.92. Found: C, 70.32; H, 5.94.

**Compound (19).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.51 g, 4.56 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.40 g, 9.16 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (80 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Dione **18** (0.681 g, 1.82 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (2-3 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (10 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave a yellow oil that was purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes) to give **19** (1.05 g, 85%) as a yellow solid: Mp 68-69 °C;  $R_f = 0.3$  (hexanes); IR (µscope) 3044, 2898, 2207, 2157, 1515, 1249 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.49 (s, 4H), 0.25 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  131.7, 122.9, 114.1, 109.8, 103.0, 100.0, 95.1, 88.1, -0.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 685.8 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>22</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sub>2</sub><sup>81</sup>Br<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 685.7953, found 685.7945; Anal. Calcd. for (686.23): C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>22</sub>Br<sub>4</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> C, 42.01; H, 3.23. Found: C, 42.12; H, 3.37.



**Compound (21).** To 1,3,5-triethynylbenzene (1.49 g, 4.06 mmol) in  $Et_2O$  (50 mL) at -78 °C was added BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 4.90 mL, 12.2 mmol). After stirring for 30 min, 3-trimethylsilyl-1-propynal (1.90 g, 15.1 mmol) in  $Et_2O$  (5 mL) was added and stirring was

continued for 2.5 h at -78 °C The solution was quenched with satd. aq NH4Cl at -78 °C and then extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O. Drying (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), evaporation, and column chromatography (hexane/Et<sub>2</sub>O 7:3) gave **21** (891 mg, 42%) as a viscous light yellow oil, presumably a mixture of stereoisomers, that solidified under refrigeration: Mp 59 °C;  $R_f = 0.3$  (hexanes/Et<sub>2</sub>O 95:5); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3313, 2959, 2225, 2179 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.51 (s, 3H), 5.35 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 2.62 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.25 (s, 27H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  135.0, 122.7, 101.3, 90.2, 87.3, 82.3, 52.9, -0.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z 528.2 (M<sup>+</sup>, 5), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 528.1972, found 528.1959.

**Compound (22).** To triol **21** (0.851 g, 1.61 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL) was added sequentially celite (1.2 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 1.2 g), and PCC (2.19 g, 10.2 mmol). After stirring for 2.5 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), and column chromatography (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) gave **22** (0.665 g, 79%) as a light yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.2$ (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2962, 2200, 2154, 1632, 1583 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.83 (s, 3H), 0.26 (s, 27H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.5, 138.6, 121.5, 102.2, 100.8, 90.0, 86.2, -0.6; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 522.2 (M<sup>+</sup>, 56), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 522.1503, found 522.1499.

**Compound (23).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (1.62 g, 4.89 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (2.57 g, 9.82 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Trione **22** (0.665 g, 1.27 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added in one portion and stirring continued until the reaction was complete (2-3 h) as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 15 mL, hexanes (50 mL) added, and the inhomogeneous mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave a yellow oil that was purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1) to give **23** (0.806 g, 64%) as a yellow oil:  $R_f = 0.7$  (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 2960, 2216, 2153, 1582, 1250 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.61 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 27H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  134.6, 123.2, 113.8, 110.4, 103.2, 99.8, 93.2, 87.3, -0.5; MS (ESI,

CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, with AgOTf added) m/z 1098.6 ([M + Ag]<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd for  $C_{33}H_{30}^{-79}Br_3^{-81}Br_3Si_3^{-109}Ag$  ([M + Ag]<sup>+</sup>) 1098.5742, found 1098.5750.



**Compound (25).** 1,3,5-Tris-(1-trimethylsilylethynyl)benzene (1.56 g, 4.25 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 g, 2 mmol) were added to wet THF/MeOH (50 mL, 1:1 v/v) and stirred for 2 h until TLC showed complete desilylation. Et<sub>2</sub>O was added, the solution washed with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was reduced to ca. 10 mL and added to dried Et<sub>2</sub>O (250 mL). *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 5.1 mL, 13 mmol) was subsequently added at -78 °C and allowed to stir for an hour. 3-Trimethylsilylpropynal (1.67g, 13.2 mmol) was added and the mixture allowed to warm to rt overnight. Aqueous work-up, solvent removal, and column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 8:2), gave **25** (0.623g, 36%) as an orange oil:  $R_f = 0.13$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 4:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3291(OH and ≡C-H), 2960, 2235, 2179, 1584 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.50 (m, 3H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 3.08 (s, 2H), 2.51 (s, 1H), 0.19 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  135.3, 135.0, 122.9, 122.8, 101.3, 90.2, 87.3, 82.3, 81.6, 78.8, 52.9, -0.4; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 402.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 9), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 402.1471, found 402.1459.

**Compound (26).** To **25** (0.0220 g, 0.0546 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was added sequentially celite (0.1 g), molecular sieves (4 Å, 0.1 g), and PCC (0.037 g, 0.17 mmol). After stirring for 6 h at rt, the solution was filtered through a plug of silica (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) to give **26** (0.0142 g, 65%) as a white solid: Mp 72 - 74 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.71$  (hexanes/Et<sub>2</sub>O 7:3); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3289, 2962, 2210, 2153, 2103, 1631 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.78 (m, 1H), 7.76 (m, 2H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 0.27 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  159.8, 138.2, 137.0, 124.1, 121.0, 102.3, 100.6, 89.7, 87.3, 80.4, -0.9 (one coincident signal not observed); MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 398.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 398.1158, found 398.1160.

**Compound (27).** CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.316 g, 0.954 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.514 g, 1.96 mmol) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) and the mixture stirred for 5 min at rt. Ketone **26** (0.156 g, 0.392 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) was added and the reaction was complete within 0.5 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was concentrated to ca. 5 mL, hexanes (15 mL) was added and the mixture filtered through celite. Evaporation gave **27** (0.151 g, 56%) as a white solid: Mp 118-120 °C.  $R_{\rm f} = 0.78$  (hexanes/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 1:1); IR (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> cast) 3298, 2959, 2211, 2153, 1581 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.59 (m, 3H), 3.10 (s, 1H), 0.24 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, APT)  $\delta$  135.3, 134.4, 123.2, 123.1, 113.8, 110.3, 103.2, 102.5, 99.8, 93.3, 87.2, 81.4, 79.0, -0.5; MS (EI, 70 eV) *m*/*z* 402.1 (M<sup>+</sup>, 40), 73.0 (Me<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS calcd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>22</sub><sup>79</sup>Br<sub>2</sub><sup>81</sup>Br<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>709.7953, found 709.7975.



Figure S1-<sup>1</sup>H and  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra of **5d** 



Figure S2- <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **6d** 



Figure S3 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **7d** 



Figure S4 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **4d** 



Figure S5 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **5e** 



Figure S6 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **6e** 



Figure S7 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **7e** 



Figure S8 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **4e** 



Figure S9 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **5**f



Figure S10 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **6f** 



Figure S11 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **7f** 



Figure S12 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **4f** 



Figure S13 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 5g



Figure S14 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 6g



Figure S15 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 7g



Figure S16 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 4g



"Figure S17 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **5**h



Figure S18 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 7h



Figure S19 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of  $\mathbf{4h}$ 



Figure S20 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 5i



Figure S21 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **6i** 



Figure S22 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 7i



Figure S23 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **4i** 



Figure S24 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **5**j



Figure S25 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 6j



Figure S26 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **7**j



Figure S27 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 4j



Figure S28 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **10a** 



Figure S29 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **13a** 



Figure S30 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **14a** 



Figure S31 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 12b



Figure S32 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **13b** 



Figure S33 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **14b** 



Figure S34 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **15** 



Figure S35 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **16** 



Figure S36 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **17** 



Figure S37 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **18** 



Figure S38 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 20



Figure S39 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **21** 



Figure S40 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **22** 



Figure S41 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 23



Figure S42 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **24** 



Figure S43 -  $^{1}$ H NMR and  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra of 25



Figure S44 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 26



Figure S45 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 27



Figure S46 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **28** 



Figure S47 - <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 29