

CHEMISTRY

A EUROPEAN JOURNAL

Supporting Information

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Total Synthesis of (+)-*trans*-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction

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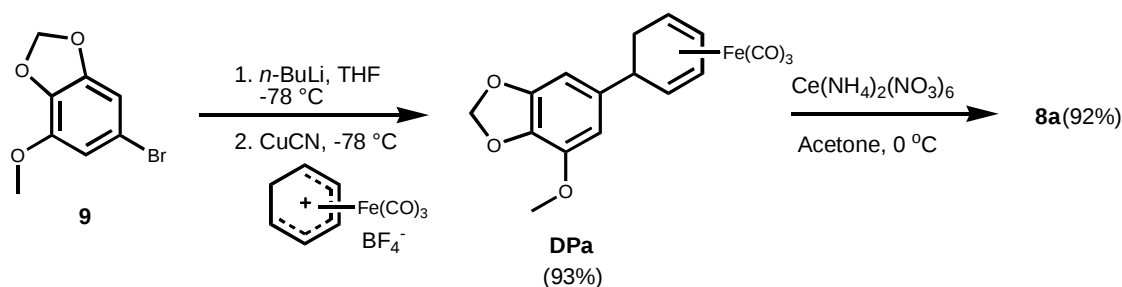
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Experimental Section:

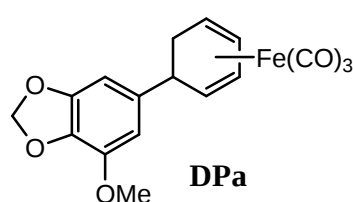
General: All reactions involving air- or moisture-sensitive reagents or intermediates were carried out in heat-gun-dried glassware under an argon atmosphere. THF was freshly distilled from potassium under argon. Diethylether (Et₂O) was freshly distilled from K/Na under argon. Dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂) was freshly distilled from phosphorus (V) oxide (P₂O₅). Triethylamine (Et₃N) was distilled from CaH₂ and stored under argon. All other solvents and reagents were purified according to standard procedures or were used as received from Aldrich, Acros or Fluka. 2-Nitrosopyridine was synthesized according to a known procedure¹. ¹H, ¹³C, GCOSY, GHSQC and 1D-NOE NMR spectroscopy: *Varian Unity plus 600* (at 298 K), *Varian 500 Inova* (at 298 K), *Bruker AMX 400* (at 300 K), *Bruker dpx 300* (at 300 K). Chemical shifts, δ (in ppm), are reported relative to TMS (δ(¹H) 0.0 ppm, δ(¹³C) 0.0 ppm) which was used as the inner reference. Otherwise the solvents residual proton resonance and carbon resonance (CHCl₃, δ(¹H) 7.26 ppm, δ(¹³C) 77.0 ppm; C₆D₆, δ(¹H) 7.16 ppm, δ(¹³C) 128.0 ppm; CD₃OD, δ(¹H) 3.31 ppm, δ(¹³C) 49.0 ppm) were used for calibration. Polarimetry: optical rotations were measured on Perkin Elmer 241 & 341 polarimeter. TLC: Merck silica gel 60 F 254 plates; detection with UV light or by dipping into a solution of KMnO₄ (1.5 g in 400 mL H₂O, 5 g NaHCO₃) or a solution of Ce(SO₄)₂ x H₂O (10 g), phosphormolybdic acid hydrate (25 g), and conc. H₂SO₄ (60 mL) in H₂O (940 mL), followed by heating. Flash column chromatography (FC): Merck or Fluka silica gel 60 (40-63 μm) at approximately 0.4 bar. HPLC: Either *KNAUER* instrument, High Precision *KNAUER* HPLC Pump, *Eurochrom V3.05* software or *Hewlett Packard* Binary Pump, analyzed by *Hewlett Packard Series 1100 ChemStation* for LC. Column, eluent and retention times for HPLC analysis used for the determination of enantiomer ratios are given below with the details of the relevant experiment. IR: spectra were recorded on a *Bruker IFS-28* spectrophotometer. MS: Mass spectra were recorded on a *Finnigan MAT 4200S*, a *Bruker Daltonics MicroTof*, a *Waters Micromass Quatro LCZ* (ESI); and peaks are given in *m/z* (% of basis peak).

Syntheses of different dienes:

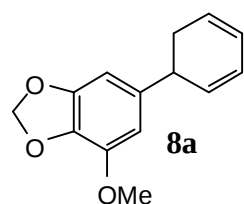


Scheme 1: synthesis of diene **8a**.

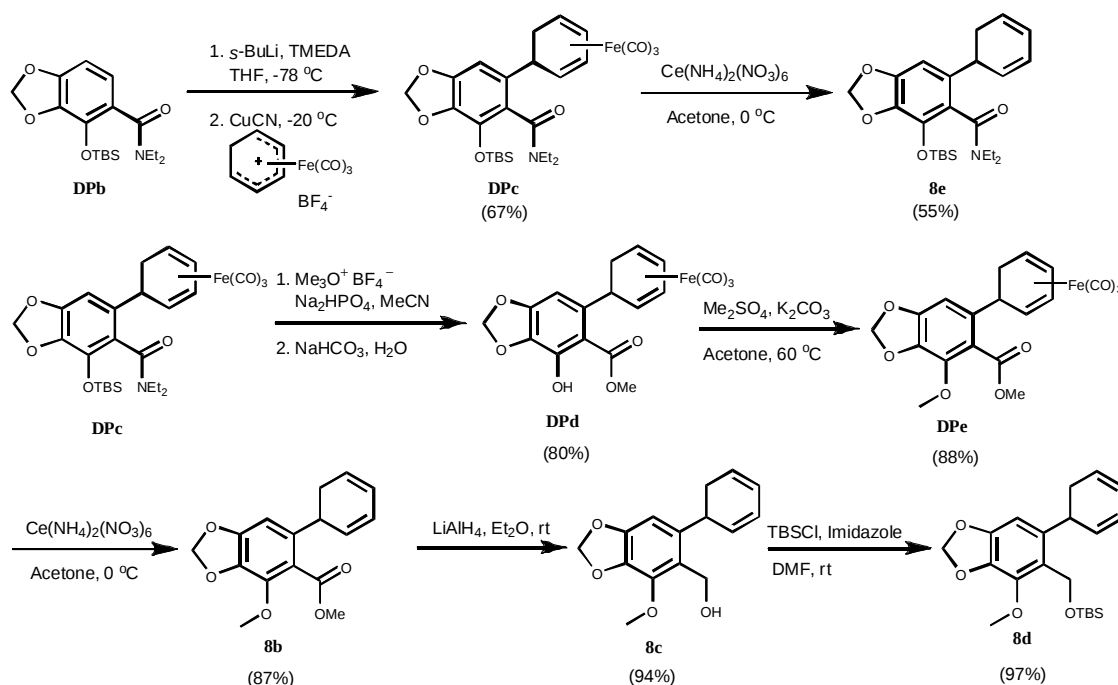
Tricarbonyl[6-(⁴-2,4-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxole]iron (DPa):



n-BuLi (23 mL, 37 mmol) was added to a solution of **9**² (8.0 g, 35 mmol) in THF (140 mL) at -78 °C. After stirring for 2.5 h at that temperature CuCN (1.56 g, 17.5 mmol) was added and stirring was continued for another 3 h. Tricarbonyl[⁵-cyclohexa-1,3-diene]iron tetrafluoroborate⁴ (3.55 g, 11.6 mmol) was then added. The solution was slowly warmed to room temperature and stirred over night. The reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and the mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 50:1) to afford **DPa** as a yellowish oil (4.0 g, 11 mmol, 93%). TLC: *R*_f = 0.1 (pentane:MTBE, 50:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2897, 2042, 1960, 1632, 1508, 1450, 1429, 1315, 1195, 1129, 1090, 1046, 934, 790 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆) δ = 6.35 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (br s, 1H), 5.45 (s, 2H), 4.92 – 4.89 (m, 1H), 4.80 – 4.76 (m, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.17 (td, *J* = 11.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.87 – 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.75 – 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.16 (ddd, *J* = 15.1, 11.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.46 – 1.41 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆) δ = 212.5, 149.8, 143.9, 141.7, 134.3, 108.3, 101.1, 100.9, 86.1, 84.5, 67.3, 60.7, 56.7, 44.9, 33.6. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₁₇H₁₄FeO₆Na ([M + Na]⁺): 393.0032, found: 393.0038

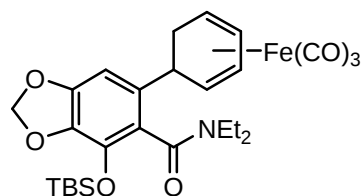
6-Cyclohexa-2,4-dienyl-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxole (8a): Ceric(IV) ammonium

nitrate (16.4 g, 29.8 mmol) was added portionwise over 2.5 h to a solution of **DPa** (3.68 g, 9.95 mmol) in acetone (47 mL) at 0 °C. Then the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. Diethylether (200 mL) was added and the solution was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 50:1) to afford **8a** as a colorless oil (2.1 g, 9.1 mmol, 92%). TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 20:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3035, 2937, 1632, 1509, 1450, 1431, 1315, 1191, 1133, 1091, 1046, 827 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.43 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.98 – 5.86 (m, 2H), 5.85 (br.s, 2H), 5.74 – 5.68 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.47 – 3.38 (m, 1H), 2.48 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.30 – 2.17 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 148.8, 143.5, 140.3, 133.7, 129.9, 125.5, 124.5, 123.9, 107.0, 101.8, 101.3, 56.7, 39.9, 31.9. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₁₄H₁₄O₃Na ([M + Na]⁺): 253.0835, found: 253.0833.

Scheme 2. Syntheses of dienes **8b-e**.

Tricarbonyl[6-(η^4 -2,4-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-4-(*tert*-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1,3-

benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid diethylamide]iron (DPc): *s*-BuLi (15.0 mL, 19.5



DPc

mmol) was added to a solution of TMEDA (3.0 mL, 20 mmol) in THF (64 mL) at -78 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min. The resulting yellow mixture was then cooled to -90 °C, a solution of amide

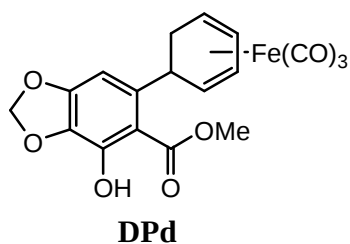
DPb³ (6.42 g, 18.3 mmol) in THF (38 mL) was added and

stirring was continued for 2 h. Then CuCN (819 mg, 9.14 mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to -20 °C over 4 h, tricarbonyl (η^5 -cyclohexa-1,3-diene)iron tetrafluoroborate⁴ (1.86 g, 6.09 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was then warmed to 0 °C. The reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and the mixture was extracted with MTBE (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 5:1) to afford two diastereoisomers arising from atropisomerism (major : minor = 1.5:1) as a yellowish oil (combined 2.3g, 4.1 mmol, 67 %). Major isomer: TLC: *R_f* = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2963, 2850, 2045, 1967, 1623, 1473, 1261, 1093, 800, 705 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆) δ = 6.41 (s, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.63 – 4.60 (m, 2H), 3.91 – 3.79 (m, 1H), 3.30 – 3.24 (m, 1H), 2.89 – 2.77 (m, 2H), 2.76 – 2.64 (m, 2H), 2.44 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.24 – 2.13 (m, 1H), 1.24 – 1.16 (m, 1H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (s, 9H), 0.73 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆) δ = 212.4, 166.9, 149.1, 137.9, 135.5, 135.3, 125.7, 100.9, 100.7, 85.9, 85.2, 65.3, 61.2, 43.1, 42.2, 39.4, 33.5, 25.9, 18.6, 14.2, 13.3, -4.0, -4.4. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₂₇H₃₅FeNO₇Si Na ([M + Na]⁺): 592.1425, found: 592.1397

Minor isomer: TLC: *R_f* = 0.5 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2979, 2937, 2043, 1966, 1627, 1474, 1284, 1223, 1090, 1055, 1034, 940, 847, 736 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆) δ = 6.23 (s, 1H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.67 – 4.62 (m, 1H), 4.47 – 4.43 (m, 1H), 3.93 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.30 (td, *J* = 11.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.17 – 3.14 (m, 1H), 2.77 – 2.65 (m, 3H), 2.54 – 2.51 (m, 1H), 1.93 (ddd, *J* = 15.0, 11.0,

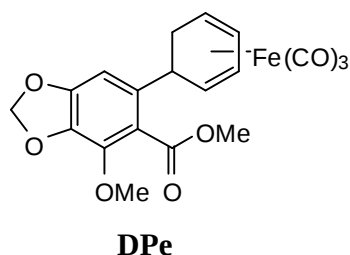
3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.26 – 1.21 (m, 1H), 1.09 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H), 0.66 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 0.23 (s, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, C_6D_6) δ = 212.3, 167.0, 149.1, 138.2, 135.5, 135.0, 125.8, 100.9, 100.6, 85.7, 84.6, 67.9, 59.9, 43.1, 40.7, 39.4, 33.2, 25.9, 18.6, 14.2, 13.2, -3.9, -4.4. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{35}\text{FeNO}_7\text{Si Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 592.1425, found: 592.1419.

Tricarbonyl[6- $[\eta^4$ -2,4-cyclohexadien-1-yl]-4-hydroxy-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester]iron (DPd): Disodium hydrogen phosphate (Na_2HPO_4 , 0.61 g, 4.3 mmol) and trimethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate $[(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{OBF}_4$, 1.2 g, 8.4 mmol] were added successively to a solution of **DPc** (1.6 g, 2.8 mmol) in 15 mL of CH_3CN at rt and the reaction



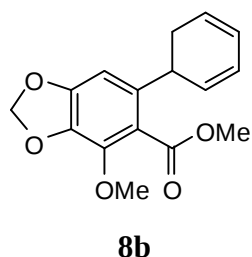
mixture was stirred for 24 h at rt. Then a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 (50 mL) was slowly added. A portion of solid NaHCO_3 (0.6 g) was then added and the reaction mixture was stirred for another 24 h at rt. The resulting mixture was then extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 10:1) to afford **DPd** as a yellowish oil (925 mg, 2.23 mmol, 80%). TLC: $R_f = 0.2$ (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu} = 2948, 2042, 1962, 1672, 1438, 1297, 1085, 1034\text{ cm}^{-1}$. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, C_6D_6) δ = 11.51 (s, 1H), 6.40 (br. s, 1H), 5.31 (dd, $J = 9.9, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.78 – 4.75 (m, 1H), 4.66 (ddd, $J = 5.8, 4.2, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.04 – 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.63 – 2.57 (m, 2H), 2.05 (ddd, $J = 15.1, 11.1, 4.1$, Hz, 1H), 1.10 – 1.02 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, C_6D_6) δ = 212.4, 171.3, 152.7, 147.1, 145.4, 133.7, 108.6, 102.2, 100.3, 85.7, 85.4, 66.7, 60.2, 51.7, 41.7, 32.7. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{14}\text{FeO}_8\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 436.9931, found: 436.9929.

Tricarbonyl[6- $[\eta^4$ -2,4-cyclohexadien-1-yl]-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester]iron (DPe): Dimethyl sulfate (0.25 mL, 2.7 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (461 mg, 3.34 mmol) were added to a solution of **DPd** (922 mg, 2.22 mmol) in acetone (23.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was heated to reflux at



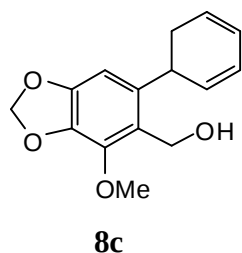
60 °C for 3 h. Then the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a pad of celite and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 10:1) to afford **DPe** as a yellowish oil (0.94 g, 2.2 mmol, 98%). TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2950, 2043, 1964, 1730, 1620, 1477, 1256, 1128, 1092, 1056, 1032, 981, 938 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, C_6D_6) δ = 6.31 (br. s, 1H), 5.16 – 5.13 (m, 2H), 4.72 – 4.68 (m, 1H), 4.61 – 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.42 (td, J = 11.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.84 – 2.81 (m, 1H), 2.54 – 2.51 (m, 1H), 2.11 (ddd, J = 15.2, 11.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 1.31 – 1.20 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, C_6D_6) δ = 210.9, 166.4, 149.3, 139.4, 137.9, 133.5, 120.2, 99.8, 99.4, 84.5, 83.6, 64.8, 58.9, 58.4, 50.5, 40.5, 31.8. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{FeO}_8$ Na ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 451.0087, found: 451.0131.

6-Cyclohexa-2,4-dienyl-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester



(8b): Ceric(IV) ammonium nitrate (1.30 g, 2.37 mmol) was added portionwise over 2 h to a solution of **DPe** (339 mg, 0.79 mmol) in acetone (8 mL) at 0 °C. Then the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. Diethylether (50 mL) was added and the mixture was washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 10:1) to afford **8b** as a white foam (0.2 g, 0.7 mmol, 87%). TLC: R_f = 0.5 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2950, 1725, 1619, 1478, 1283, 1244, 1095, 1034, 981, 691 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 6.61 (br.s, 1H), 5.98 – 5.92 (m, 1H), 5.86 – 5.83 (m, 3H), 5.71 – 5.66 (m, 1H), 5.63 – 5.59 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.51 – 3.41 (m, 1H), 2.51 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.28 – 2.16 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 168.2, 150.2, 140.2, 137.9, 134.7, 129.2, 125.4, 124.8, 123.6, 120.1, 102.7, 101.3, 60.1, 52.3, 36.9, 31.3. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_5$ Na ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 311.0890, found: 311.0896.

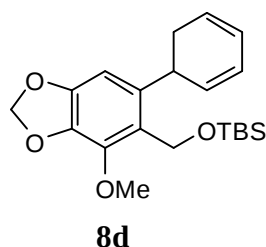
(6-Cyclohexa-2,4-dienyl-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-methanol (8c): A solution



of **8b** (250 mg, 0.87 mmol) in diethylether (2 mL) was added to a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (65.8 mg, 1.73 mmol) in diethylether (2 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 24 h at rt. The

reaction was quenched by dropwise addition of water (0.2 mL). Then a portion of anhydrous Na₂SO₄ was added to trap excess water. The mixture was stirred for 10 min, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 1:1) to afford **8c** as a colorless oil (212 mg, 0.815 mmol, 94%). TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 1:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3403, 3035, 2946, 2895, 1619, 1476, 1377, 1279, 1227, 1052, 1007, 930, 736, 703 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)¹ δ = 6.61–6.60 (m, 1H), 5.97–5.94 (m, 1H), 5.89–5.82 (m, 3H), 5.73–5.62 (m, 2H), 4.60–4.59 (m, 2H), 3.98–3.96 (m, 3H), 3.91–3.83 (m, 1H), 2.50–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.27–2.14 (m, 1H), 1.99 (br.s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 148.9, 142.1, 139.1, 134.5, 130.1, 125.4, 124.6, 123.7, 123.3, 102.9, 100.9, 59.9, 56.6, 35.8, 31.8. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₁₅H₁₆O₄Na ([M + Na]⁺): 283.0941, found: 283.0935.

***tert*-Butyl-(6-cyclohexa-2,4-dienyl-4-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethoxy)-**

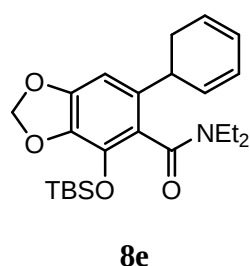


dimethyl-silane (8d): *tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride (71 mg, 0.47 mmol) and imidazole (40 mg, 0.59 mmol) were added to a solution of **8c** (102 mg, 0.392 mmol) in DMF (0.7 mL) and the resulting solution was stirred at rt for 24 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with MTBE, washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, concentrated in vacuum and the residue was purified by

flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 30:1) to afford **8d** as a colorless oil (142 mg, 0.379 mmol, 97%). TLC: R_f = 0.2 (pentane:MTBE, 30:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3036, 2953, 2929, 2885, 2856, 1620, 1476, 1254, 1214, 1037, 1003, 837, 735 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.63–6.62 (m, 1H), 5.94–5.80 (m, 4H), 5.69–5.61 (m, 2H), 4.65–4.53 (m, 2H), 3.97–3.87 (m, 4H), 2.51–2.39 (m, 1H), 2.25–2.13 (m, 1H), 0.82–0.81 (m, 9H), -0.00 (br. s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 148.6, 141.8, 140.5, 135.1, 130.9, 125.5, 124.2, 123.7, 110.0, 103.3, 100.9, 60.2, 55.8, 35.6, 31.8, 26.0, 18.4, -5.4, -5.3. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₂₁H₃₀O₄SiNa ([M + Na]⁺): 397.1806, found: 397.1795

¹ Signals are broadend due to hindered rotation.

4-(*tert*-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-6-cyclohexa-2,4-dienyl-1,3-benzodioxole-5-



carboxylic acid diethylamide (8e): Ceric(IV) ammonium nitrate (575 mg, 1.05 mmol) was added portionwise over 2 h to a solution of **DPc** (major isomer) (199 mg, 0.35 mmol) in acetone (5 mL) at 0 °C. Then the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. Diethylether (30 mL) was added and the mixture was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by

flash column chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 10:1) to afford **8e** as a colorless oil (83 mg, 0.19 mmol, 55%). TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2931, 2858, 1681, 1615, 1473, 1294, 1254, 1224, 1086, 1037, 841 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.44 (br. s, 1H), 5.85 – 5.80 (m, 1H), 5.73 – 5.67 (m, 3H), 5.59 – 5.53 (m, 1H), 5.43 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.58 – 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.28 – 3.19 (m, 1H), 3.16 – 3.04 (m, 1H), 3.03 – 2.85 (m, 2H), 2.47 – 2.36 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 3H), -0.00 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 167.5, 148.6, 136.9, 134.8, 134.7, 129.2, 126.4, 125.1, 124.0, 123.1, 102.1, 100.8, 43.1, 39.4, 36.9, 31.7, 25.7, 18.3, 14.0, 13.1, -4.1, -4.4. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₂₄H₃₅NO₄Si Na ([M + Na]⁺): 452.2228, found: 452.2223.

Enantioselective regiodivergent nitroso Diels-Alder reaction:

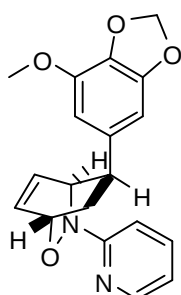
General procedure for the regiodivergent nitroso Diels-Alder reaction with (*R,pR*)-Walphos (**GP1**)

(*R,pR*)-Walphos ligand (10 mol%) and [Cu^I(CH₃CN)₄]PF₆ (10 mol%) were added to a flame dried Schlenk tube under argon atmosphere. The catalyst was dried at room temperature for 15 min under vacuum. The Schlenk tube was recharged with argon and anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (~6 mM) with respect to ligand) was added to the mixture and the resulting solution was stirred under argon for 1 h at rt. The solution was then cooled to -78 °C, a solution of 2-nitrosopyridine (1.0 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (~15 mM) was added dropwise over 10 min and the resulting dark blue solution was stirred for 15 min. A solution of the diene (1.0 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (~12 mM) was added slowly over 1 h at -78 °C. After completion of addition stirring was continued at -78 °C for 6 h. The mixture was slowly

warmed to $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and was stirred for 12 h at that temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was subjected to silica gel chromatography to afford the isomeric adducts.

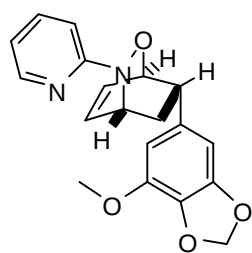
(1S,4S,8R)-8-(7-Methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene (7a) and (1R,4R,7S)-7-(7-Methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene (10a): According to GP1: (*R,pR*)-Walphos (276 mg, 0.29 mmol), $[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4]\text{PF}_6$ (110 mg, 0.29 mmol), CH_2Cl_2 (32 mL), 2-nitrosopyridine (320 mg, 2.96 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (6 mL), diene **8a** (681 mg, 2.96 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (22 mL) and SiO_2 chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 1:1) gave 1.0 g (2.9 mmol, 99%) of **7a** and **10a** as mixture of isomers. The isomer ratio was determined by chiral HPLC (**7a**: **10a** = 1.0:1.1). The diastereoisomers were separated by flash chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 4:1) to get **7a** (0.47 g, 1.4 mmol, 48 %) and **10a** (0.51 g, 1.5 mmol, 52%).

7a: TLC: $R_f = 0.1$ (pentane:MTBE, 4:1). $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -47.7$ ($c = 0.78$, CHCl_3). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu} = 2937, 1633, 1587, 1510, 1461, 1432, 1138, 1091, 1046, 881, 732\text{ cm}^{-1}$. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = 8.13 - 8.12$ (m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.3\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 6.73 (dd, $J = 6.5, 5.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 6.60 – 6.53 (m, 1H), 6.39 (br.s, 1H), 6.29 (d, $J = 1.3\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 6.18 – 6.14 (m, 1H), 5.85 (s, 2H), 5.29 – 5.27 (m, 1H), 4.82 – 4.79 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.59 – 3.45 (m, 1H), 2.66 (ddd, $J = 13.3, 9.4, 4.3\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 1.52 (dd, $J = 13.3, 5.1\text{ Hz}$, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = 163.0, 148.9, 146.6, 143.3, 138.1, 137.8, 133.9, 131.6, 130.9, 116.8, 111.7, 108.2, 101.9, 101.3, 70.5, 58.1, 56.8, 38.7, 34.1$. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{H}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 339.1339, found: 339.1352. Enantiomeric excess (>99% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (91:9); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer $t_r = 13.1\text{ min}$, minor enantiomer $t_r = 41.6\text{ min}$.



7a

10a: TLC: R_f = 0.1 (pentane:MTBE, 4:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +172.9 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3). FTIR (neat):



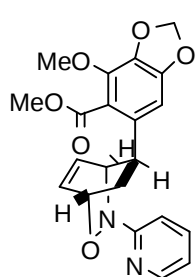
10a

$\tilde{\nu}$ = 2938, 1632, 1589, 1509, 1462, 1431, 1138, 1091, 879, 782 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.16 (br. s, 1H), 7.51 – 7.45 (m, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 6.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.53 – 6.40 (m, 1H), 6.36 – 6.31 (m, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (s, 2H), 5.43 – 5.40 (m, 1H), 4.67 – 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.57–3.50 (m, 1H), 2.67 (ddd, J = 13.2, 9.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (ddd, J = 13.5, 5.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75

MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 163.1, 148.9, 146.6, 143.3, 138.1, 136.6, 134.0, 132.9, 129.9, 116.7, 111.7, 108.4, 102.1, 101.4, 74.3, 56.8, 52.9, 41.7, 30.9. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{H}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 339.1339, found: 339.1346. Enantiomeric excess (92% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (91:9); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 12.9 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 10.1 min.

4-Methoxy-6-((1S,4S,5R)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-5-yl)-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (7b) and 4-Methoxy-6-((1R,4R,6S)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-6-yl)-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (10b): According to GP1: (*R,pR*)-Walphos (12.9 mg, 13.8 μmol), $[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4]\text{PF}_6$ (5.2 mg, 13.8 μmol), CH_2Cl_2 (1.2 mL), 2-nitrosopyridine (15.0 mg, 138 μmol), diene **8b** (40.0 mg, 138 μmol) and SiO_2 -chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 1:1) to give 54 mg (0.14 mmol, 99%) of **7b** and **10b** as a mixture of isomers. The isomer ratio was determined by chiral HPLC (*syn* isomer:**7b**:**10b** = 1.0:5.8:4.2). For analytical purposes a sample was repurified by flash chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 3:1).

7b: TLC: R_f = 0.4 (pentane:MTBE, 1:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -48.9 (c = 0.87, CHCl_3). FTIR (neat):

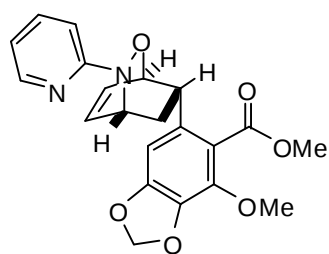


7b

$\tilde{\nu}$ = 2950, 1728, 1618, 1587, 1480, 1432, 1375, 1335, 1261, 1034, 785 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.11 (ddd, J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (td, J = 8.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (ddd, J = 7.3, 4.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (ddd, J = 7.9, 5.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 6.23 – 6.18 (m, 1H), 5.85 (s, 2H), 5.37 – 5.34 (m, 1H),

4.77 – 4.74 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.46 (ddd, $J = 9.3, 5.4, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.62 (ddd, $J = 13.4, 9.3, 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.43 (ddd, $J = 13.4, 5.4, 0.9$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = 167.9, 163.5, 150.1, 147.4, 140.2, 137.4, 135.5, 134.8, 131.5, 131.3, 121.6, 116.8, 111.4, 102.0, 101.4, 70.2, 60.2, 56.7, 52.5, 35.6, 34.5$. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$ H ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 397.1394, found: 397.1400. Enantiomeric excess (86% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (96:4); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer $t_r = 44.9$ min, minor enantiomer $t_r = 15.8$ min.

10b: TLC: $R_f = 0.4$ (pentane:MTBE, 1:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +167.4$ ($c = 0.47$, CHCl_3). FTIR



10b

(neat): $\tilde{\nu} = 2948, 1730, 1587, 1479, 1432, 1371, 1334, 1257, 1034, 741$ cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = 8.23 - 8.22$ (m, 1H), 7.59 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 – 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.56 – 6.53 (m, 1H), 6.39 – 6.36 (m, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 5.94 – 5.93 (m, 2H), 5.55 – 5.51 (m, 1H), 4.81 – 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.59 – 3.55 (m, 1H), 2.74 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 1.78 (ddd, $J = 13.5, 4.6, 2.7$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C

NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = 168.1, 162.8, 150.1, 146.4, 139.9, 138.2, 134.8, 133.6, 132.9, 129.9, 121.8, 116.7, 111.8, 102.3, 101.4, 73.6, 60.1, 52.8, 52.6, 38.4, 30.7$. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$ H ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 397.1394, found: 397.1404. Enantiomeric excess (97% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralpak IA; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (99.5:0.5); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer $t_r = 53.6$ min, minor enantiomer $t_r = 43.5$ min.

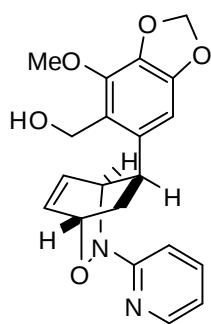
[4-Methoxy-6-((1S,4S,5R)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-5-yl)-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl]-methanol (7c) and [4-Methoxy-6-((1R,4R,6S)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-6-yl)-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl]-methanol (10c):

According to GP1: (*R,pR*)-Walpos (12.9 mg, 13.8 μmol), $[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4]\text{PF}_6$ (5.2 mg, 13.8 μmol), CH_2Cl_2 (1.2 mL), 2-nitrosopyridine (15.0 mg, 138 μmol), diene **8c** (36.0 mg, 138 μmol) and SiO_2 -chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 1:1) to give 50 mg (0.14 mmol,

99%) of **7c** and **10c** as a mixture of isomers. The isomer ratio was determined by chiral HPLC (**7c**:**10c** = 1.2:1.0).

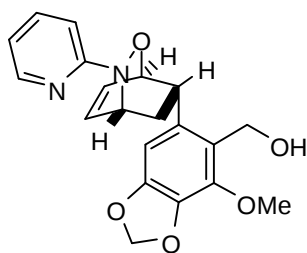
The isomers could not be separated. Therefore, ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR data are not provided. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 369.1445, found: 369.1430

7c: Enantiomeric excess (92% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (96:4); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 32.0 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 106.6 min.



7c

10c: Enantiomeric excess (95% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (96:4); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 73.2 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 83.8 min.

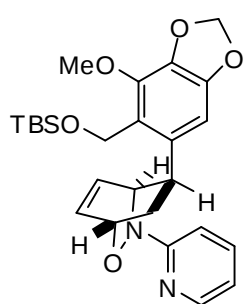


10c

(1S,4S,8R)-8-[6-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-7-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl]-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene (7d) and **(1R,4R,7S)-7-[6-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-7-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl]-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene (10d)**: According to GP1: (*R,pR*)-Walphos (12.9 mg, 13.8 μmol), $[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4]\text{PF}_6$ (5.2 mg, 13.8 μmol), CH_2Cl_2 (1.2 mL), 2-

nitrosopyridine (15.0 mg, 138 μ mol), diene **8d** (52.0 mg, 138 μ mol) and SiO₂-chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 2:1) to give 66 mg (0.14 mmol, 99%) of **7d** and **10d** as a mixture of isomers. The isomer ratio was determined by chiral HPLC (*syn* isomer:**7d**:**10d** = 1.0:3.8:2.4). For analytical purposes a sample was repurified by flash chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 10:1).

7d: TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -27.7 (c = 1.36, CHCl₃). FTIR (neat):

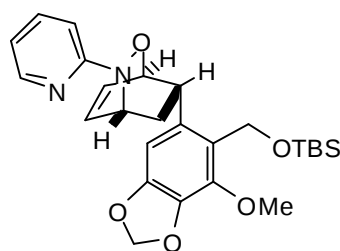


7d

$\tilde{\nu}$ = 2953, 2855, 1618, 1588, 1479, 1462, 1432, 1254, 1065, 836, 757 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.10 – 8.09 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 6.89 – 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.75 – 6.68 (m, 1H), 6.57 – 6.52 (m, 1H), 6.27 – 6.22 (m, 2H), 5.82 – 5.81 (m, 2H), 5.26 – 5.22 (m, 1H), 4.84 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.76 – 4.75 (m, 2H), 4.01 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.91 – 3.89 (m, 3H), 2.72 – 2.62 (m, 1H), 1.51 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 0.82 – 0.81 (m, 9H), 0.05 – 0.04 (m, 3H), 0.01 – 0.00 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 163.3, 148.5,

146.7, 141.7, 137.8, 137.7, 135.2, 131.8, 131.3, 125.0, 116.5, 111.6, 102.7, 100.9, 70.8, 60.1, 57.2, 55.9, 35.1, 33.4, 26.1, 18.4, -5.3, -5.2. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₂₆H₃₄N₂O₅Si H ([M + H]⁺): 483.2310, found: 483.2311. Enantiomeric excess (70% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (99.5:0.5); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 28.9 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 7.0 min.

10d: TLC: R_f = 0.2 (pentane:MTBE, 5:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +157.9 (c = 0.97, CHCl₃). FTIR



10d

(neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2953, 2855, 1618, 1588, 1479, 1463, 1432, 1253, 1097, 1038, 838, 777, 757 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.07 – 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 6.85 – 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.67 – 6.61 (m, 1H), 6.43 – 6.37 (m, 1H), 6.27 – 6.22 (m, 1H), 6.19 – 6.18 (m, 1H), 5.74 – 5.72 (m, 2H), 5.37 – 5.32 (m, 1H), 4.75 (dd, J = 11.1, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.67 – 4.62 (m, 1H), 4.57 (dd, J = 11.1, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94 – 3.84

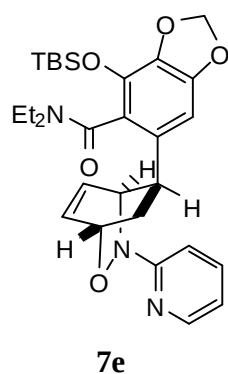
(m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.61 – 2.51 (m, 1H), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 1H), 0.80 – 0.79 (m, 9H), 0.04 – -0.07 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 163.4, 148.5, 146.8, 141.6, 137.8,

136.5, 135.2, 132.6, 130.5, 125.2, 116.5, 111.6, 102.9, 100.9, 73.9, 60.1, 55.9, 52.9, 36.7, 31.2, 26.1, 18.4, -5.2, -5.2. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $C_{26}H_{34}N_2O_5Si$ H ($[M + H]^+$): 483.2310, found: 483.2319. Enantiomeric excess (98% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (99.5:0.5); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 10.4 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 7.1 min.

4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-6-((1S,4S,5R)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-5-yl)-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid diethylamide (7e) and 4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-6-((1R,4R,6S)-3-pyridin-2-yl-2-oxa-3-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-7-en-6-yl)-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxylic acid diethylamide (10e):

According to GP1: (*R,pR*)-Walphos (7.8 mg, 8.4 μ mol), $[Cu^I(CH_3CN)_4]PF_6$ (3.1 mg, 8.4 μ mol), CH_2Cl_2 (1.5 mL), 2-nitrosopyridine (9.1 mg, 84 μ mol), diene **8e** (33 mg, 77 μ mol) and SiO_2 -chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 1:2) to give 41 mg (76 μ mol, 99%) of **7e** and **10e** as a mixture of isomers. The isomer ratio was determined (*syn* isomer:**7e**:**10e** = 1.0:4.2:2.6). For analytical purposes a sample was repurified by flash chromatography (pentane:MTBE, 2:1).

7e: TLC: R_f = 0.1 (pentane:MTBE, 1:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2930, 2857, 1623, 1588, 1473,



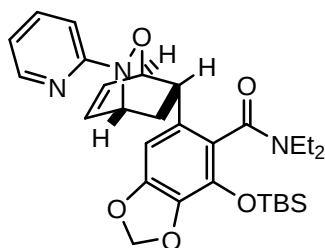
1432, 1092, 1035, 841, 731 cm^{-1} . 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$)² δ = 8.18 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 7.56 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 6.94 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.80 – 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.65 – 6.62 (m, 1H), 6.40 – 6.37 (m, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 5.92 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.34 – 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.85 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 3.92 – 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.56 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.36 – 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.26 – 3.20 (m, 1H), 2.82 – 2.76 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ =

167.4, 163.7, 148.6, 137.8, 134.9, 134.8, 132.2, 131.8, 130.9, 130.6, 125.8, 125.4, 116.4, 111.6, 101.2, 100.8, 70.7, 56.1, 43.2, 38.7, 35.8, 34.9, 29.7, 25.6, 18.3, 13.8, 12.8, -4.2, -4.6. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $C_{29}H_{39}N_3O_5Si$ Na ($[M + Na]^+$): 560.2551, found: 560.2553. Enantiomeric excess (73% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC.

² This NMR sample shows a minor set of signals due to hindered rotation ($\sim$ 12:1 ratio)

Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (99.5:0.5); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 36.7 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 9.7 min.

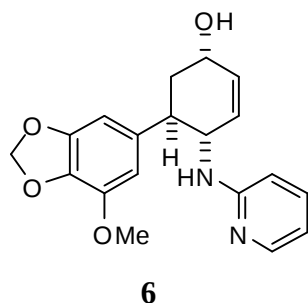
10e: TLC: R_f = 0.1 (pentane:MTBE, 1:1). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2931, 2858, 1626, 1589, 1472, 1432, 1293, 1125, 1036, 813, 784 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3)³ δ = 8.20 – 8.19 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 6.93 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.80 – 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.57– 6.55 (m, 1H), 6.51 – 6.48 (m, 1H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 5.89 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 – 5.38 (m, 1H), 4.55 – 4.52 (m, 1H), 3.93 – 3.87 (m, 1H), 3.59 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.24 – 3.17 (m, 3H), 2.77 – 2.72 (m, 1H), 1.63 (ddd, J = 13.8, 5.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.20 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 167.3, 163.4, 148.5, 146.6, 138.0, 135.1, 134.8, 133.3, 129.8, 125.7, 116.6, 111.5, 101.6, 100.9, 72.9, 53.1, 43.1, 38.8, 37.8, 32.2, 25.6, 18.3, 13.9, 12.9, -4.2, -4.6. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{39}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5\text{Si Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 560.2551, found: 560.2540. Enantiomeric excess (95% ee) was determined by chiral HPLC. Column: Chiralcel OD-H; solvent: cyclohexane:2-propanol (99.5:0.5); flow: 1.0 mL/min; major enantiomer t_r = 25.1 min, minor enantiomer t_r = 13.5 min.



10e

Synthesis of (+)-*trans*-Dihydronarciclasine:

(1S,4S,5R)-5-(7-Methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-(pyridin-2-ylamino)-cyclohex-2-



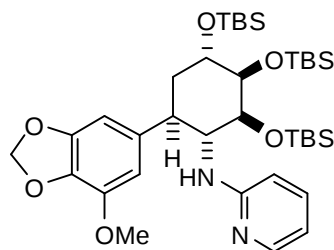
6

enol (6, R^1 = H): The N-O bond of **7a** was cleaved according to a previously reported procedure⁵. $\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_6$ (411 mg, 1.55 mmol) and NaBH_4 (67 mg, 1.8 mmol) was added to a suspension of **7a** (439 mg, 1.29 mmol) in $\text{MeOH}:\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (10:1, 10 mL). Then the reaction mixture was heated to 65 °C and stirred for 12 h at that temperature. The precipitate was removed by filtration through a short pad of celite and the

³ This NMR sample shows a minor set of signals due to hindered rotation (~ 5:1 ratio)

filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed (brine), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:acetone, 1:1) to afford **6** (R¹ = H) as a colorless oil (398 mg, 1.17 mmol, 90%). TLC: *R*_f = 0.4 (pentane:acetone, 1:1). [α]_D²⁵ = +64.5 (c = 1.7, CHCl₃). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3385, 2922, 1633, 1511, 1451, 1434, 1361, 1137, 1089, 1045 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.93 – 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.26 (ddd, *J* = 8.7, 7.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.47 – 6.43 (m, 1H), 6.38 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (br. s, 2H), 5.82 (s, 2H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.37 – 4.31 (m, 1H), 4.25 – 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.05 – 2.97 (m, 2H), 2.02 – 1.98 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 157.6, 148.9, 146.9, 143.5, 137.8, 137.7, 133.9, 133.1, 129.5, 112.8, 108.2, 107.6, 101.3, 101.3, 63.8, 56.6, 53.6, 41.5, 38.9. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₁₉H₂₀N₂O₄H ([M + H]⁺): 341.1496, found: 341.1501.

Pyridin-2-yl-[(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,6*R*)-2,3,4-tris-(*tert*-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-6-(7-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-cyclohexyl]-amine (11):

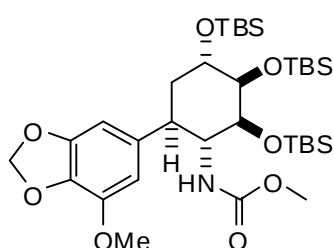


11

K₂OsO₄, 2H₂O (31 mg, 85 μmol) and NMO (170 mg, 1.45 mmol) were added to a solution of **6** (R¹ = H) (290 mg, 0.85 mmol) in acetone:water (2:1, 8 mL). The reaction mixture was then stirred for 24 h at rt. Then the resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was passed through a short pad of silica gel (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH, 10:1). The triol was then dissolved in DMF (5 mL). *tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride (546 mg, 3.62 mmol) and imidazole (369 mg, 5.43 mmol) were added and the solution was stirred for 12 h at 75 °C. The reaction mixture was then diluted with MTBE, washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, concentrated in vacuum and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:acetone, 20:1) to afford **11** as a colorless oil (470 mg, 656 μmol, 77 %, over two steps). TLC: *R*_f = 0.4 (pentane:acetone, 10:1). [α]_D²⁵ = - 6.4 (c = 0.75, CHCl₃). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2953, 2929, 2894, 2857, 1634, 1604, 1511, 1461, 1255, 1193, 1118, 1091, 835, 774 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.83 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.39 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.10 – 3.96

(m, 2H), 3.85 – 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.88 – 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.13 – 2.04 (m, 1H), 1.65 – 1.61 (m, 1H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.68 (s, 9H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.08 (s, 3H), 0.06 (s, 6H), -0.01 (s, 3H), -0.16 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 159.7, 148.7, 147.4, 143.4, 137.8, 136.9, 133.6, 111.9, 106.9, 105.9, 101.5, 101.1, 76.0, 74.5, 71.2, 56.2, 55.2, 44.5, 37.3, 26.0, 25.9, 25.8, 18.2, 18.1, 18.0, -4.2, -4.4, -4.41, -4.7, -4.9, -5.0. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{64}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{Si}_3$ H ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$): 717.4145, found: 717.4122

[(1R,2S,3R,4S,6R)-2,3,4-Tris-(*tert*-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-6-(7-methoxy-1,3-



12

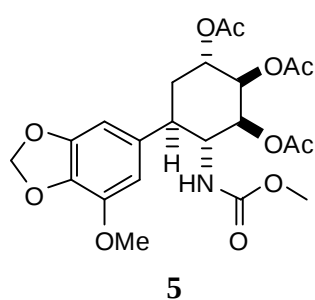
benzodioxol-5-yl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid methyl

ester (12): CH_3MgCl (3M in THF, 0.12 mL, 0.35 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of **11** (209 mg, 0.29 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) at rt and the mixture was stirred for 10 min at that temperature. Methyl chloroformate (0.11 mL, 1.45 mmol) was then added and stirring was continued at rt for 12 h. Then the reaction mixture was

extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed (brine), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was passed through a short pad of silica (pentane:acetone, 10:1). The resulting solution was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (11 mL). Methyl-trifluoromethanesulfonate (36.0 μL 0.32 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C and the resulting solution was stirred for 12 h at that temperature. Then the solvent was removed in vacuum. The residue was then dissolved in MeOH (6 mL). A aqueous NaOH solution (2M, 2.2 mL) was added and stirring was continued at 50 °C for 12 h. The solvents were removed and the resulting residue was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:acetone, 10:1) to afford **12** as a colorless oil (179 mg, 257 μmol , 88% over three steps). TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:acetone, 10:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +5.1 (c = 0.90, CHCl_3). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2953, 2929, 2892, 2857, 1732, 1708, 1635, 1512, 1463, 1254, 1140, 1092, 835, 774 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 6.47 (br. s, 1H), 6.34 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.22 – 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.95 – 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.80 (br. s, 2H), 3.48 (br. s, 3H), 2.93 –

2.77 (m, 1H), 2.09–2.00 (m, 1H), 1.63–1.57 (m, 1H), 0.95 (s, 9H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.16 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 6H), 0.064 (s, 3H), 0.062 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 156.3, 148.6, 143.6, 137.8, 133.5, 106.3, 101.9, 101.2, 75.6, 72.5, 71.1, 56.4, 54.0, 51.7, 43.6, 37.4, 25.9, 25.8, 25.8, 18.1, 18.0, 18.0, -3.9, -4.4, -4.5, -4.8, -4.9, -5.0. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{63}\text{NO}_8\text{Si}_3\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 720.3754, found: 720.3828

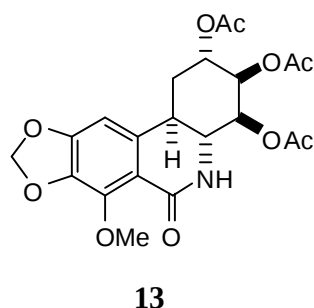
Acetic acid (1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,6*S*)-2,6-diacetoxy-4-(7-methoxy-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methoxycarbonylamino-cyclohexyl ester (5):



methoxycarbonylamino-cyclohexyl ester (5): Tetrabutyl ammonium fluoride (5.2 mL, 5.2 mmol) was added to a solution of **12** (240 mg, 0.34 mmol) in THF (7 mL) at 0 °C and the mixture was stirred at rt for 24 h. Then the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in pyridine (5 mL). Acetic anhydride (0.33 mL, 3.44 mmol) and DMAP (13 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirring was

continued for 24 h at rt. Then the solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc (100 mL). The solution was washed with H_2O . The organic layer was dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:acetone, 2:1) to afford **5** as a colorless oil (157 mg, 328 μmol , 95%). TLC: R_f = 0.2. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = +63.7 (c = 0.95, CHCl_3). FTIR (neat): ν = 3361, 2953, 1748, 1635, 1513, 1370, 1230, 1050, 930, 733 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 6.36–6.33 (m, 2H), 5.87 (s, 2H), 5.27–5.25 (m, 1H), 5.14 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.98–4.95 (m, 1H), 4.43–4.40 (m, 1H), 4.17–4.01 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 2.90–2.78 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.99–1.94 (m, 2H), 1.94 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 170.6, 169.4, 169.3, 156.5, 149.1, 143.5, 134.9, 134.3, 107.5, 101.6, 101.4, 71.2, 69.1, 68.9, 56.8, 53.4, 52.1, 43.4, 33.7, 21.1, 20.9, 20.7. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_{11}\text{Na}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$): 502.1320, found: 502.1328

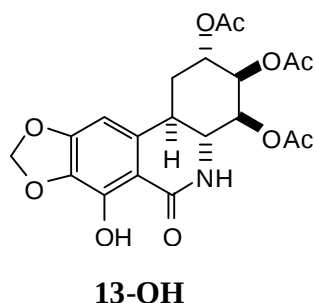
Acetic acid (2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,4*aR*,11*bR*)-2,4-diacetoxy-7-methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,4*a*,5,6,11*b*-octahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*j*]phenanthridin-3-yl ester (13):



A solution of **5** (150 mg, 0.31 mmol) and DMAP (171 mg, 1.40 mmol) in 25 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was treated with trifluoromethane sulfonic anhydride (0.42 mL, 2.49 mmol) at 0 °C and the solution was stirred for 24 h at 0 - 5 °C. Then the solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in THF (10 mL). A solution of 3 M HCl (1.5 mL) was then added and

the resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at rt. Then the reaction was quenched by adding saturated NaHCO₃ solution. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:acetone, 1:1) to afford **13** as a colorless oil (90 mg, 0.20 mmol, 64%) and other regioisomer (18%). TLC: *R*_f = 0.3 (pentane:acetone, 1:1). [α]_D²⁵ = +131.3 (*c* = 0.31, CHCl₃). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3197, 2920, 1750, 1667, 1612, 1480, 1371, 1334, 1222, 1095, 1060, 1032, 844, 731 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.61 (br. s, 1H), 6.47 (br. s, 1H), 6.02 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.43 – 5.40 (m, 1H), 5.19 – 5.14 (m, 2H), 4.05 (s, 3H), 3.71 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.12 – 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.43 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.92 – 1.82 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 170.4, 169.4, 169.1, 164.3, 152.4, 145.2, 137.6, 137.2, 114.9, 101.8, 99.1, 71.4, 68.6, 67.4, 60.8, 52.2, 35.8, 27.0, 21.1, 20.8, 20.7. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C₂₁H₂₃NO₁₀Na ([M + Na]⁺): 472.1214, found: 472.1222

Acetic acid (2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,4*aR*,11*bR*)-2,4-diacetoxy-7-hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,4*a*,5,6,11*b*-octahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*j*]phenanthridin-3-yl ester (13-OH):

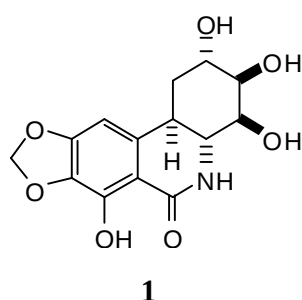


Boron tribromide (46 μL, 0.5 mmol) was added to a solution of **13** (84 mg, 0.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C and stirring was continued for 40 min. The reaction was then quenched by adding 25 % aqueous NH₄OH solution (12 mL)

and the resulting mixture was stirred for 20 min at 0 °C. Then the reaction mixture was

extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) to afford **13-OH** (42 mg, 96 μ mol, 52%). The physical data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶ TLC: R_f = 0.3 (pentane:EtOAc, 1:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +80.7 (c = 0.29, CHCl₃), (lit.⁶ $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +81.9 (c = 0.72, CHCl₃)). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3336, 2924, 2854, 1745, 1717, 1673, 1625, 1467, 1373, 1225, 1082, 1032, 842 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 12.24 (s, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.44 – 5.42 (m, 1H), 5.22 – 5.16 (m, 2H), 3.77 (dd, J = 12.6, 11.1 Hz, 1H), 3.17 – 3.08 (m, 1H), 2.46 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 1.95 – 1.86 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 170.2, 170.1, 169.3, 169.1, 153.0, 146.5, 135.9, 133.3, 106.9, 102.4, 96.7, 71.6, 68.5, 67.3, 52.8, 34.6, 26.7, 21.0, 20.8, 20.7. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₂₀H₂₁NO₁₀Na ([M + Na]⁺): 458.1058, found: 458.1025.

(+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine (1): 2.5 mL of a sodium methoxide solution (stock: 150



mg in 5 mL methanol) were added to a solution of **13-OH** (30 mg, 69 μ mol) in THF (5 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt. The reaction was quenched by adding aqueous NH₄Cl solution and the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column

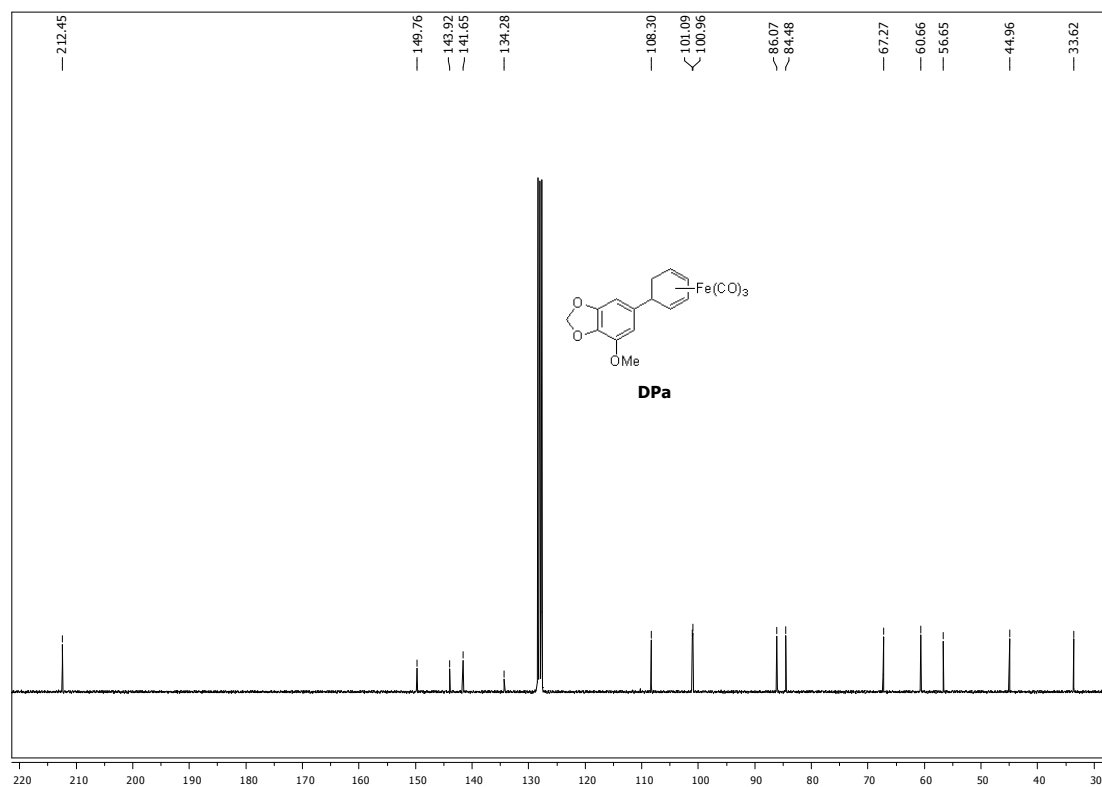
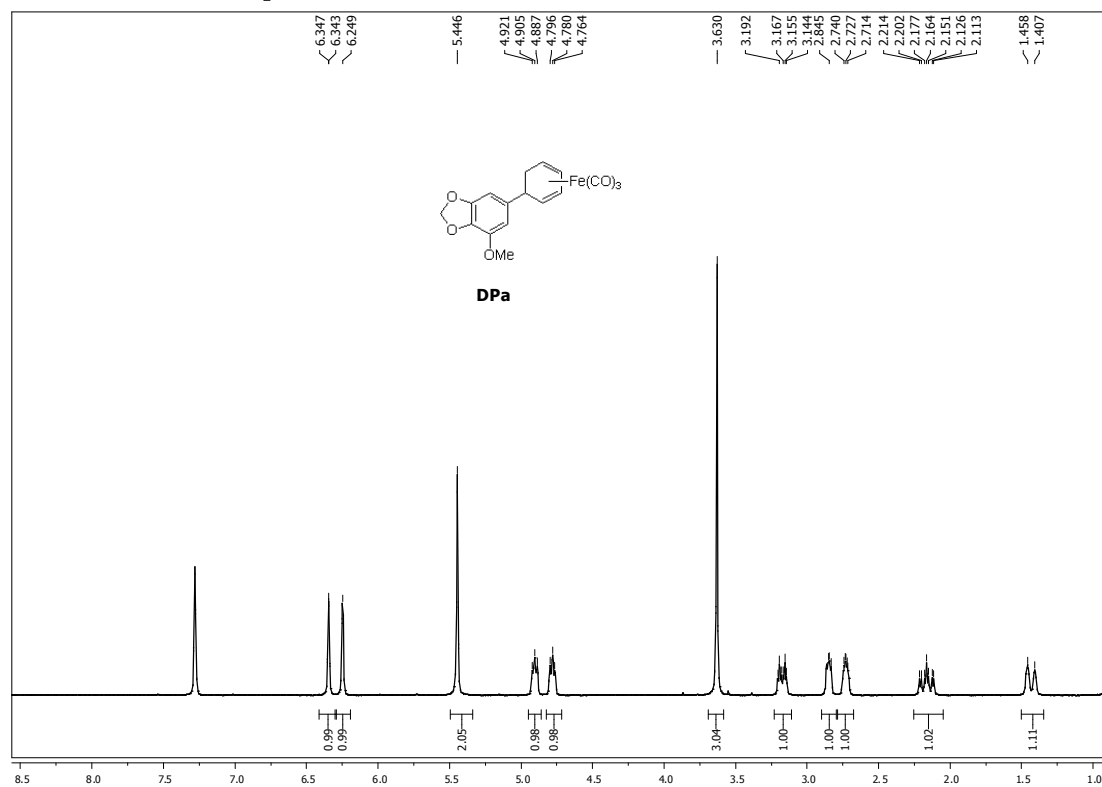
chromatography (EtOAc :MeOH, 10:1) to afford **1** as a white solid (21 mg, 68 μ mol, 99%). Spectral data matched literature values. The physical data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷ TLC: R_f = 0.3 (EtOAc:MeOH, 10:1). $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +4.1 (c = 0.22, THF), (lit.⁸ $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +4.7 (c = 0.27, THF)). FTIR (neat): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3355, 2921, 1668, 1623, 1466, 1339, 1076, 1032 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD) δ = 6.34 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.90 – 5.89 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dd, J = 6.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (t, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, J = 12.9, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.95 – 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.15 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.79 – 1.67 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₃OD) δ = 171.9, 154.3,

147.3, 139.7, 133.9, 108.3, 103.4, 97.7, 73.4, 71.6, 70.6, 56.4, 35.3, 29.7. HRMS (ESI) exact mass calculated for C₁₄H₁₅NO₇Na ([M + Na]⁺): 332.0741, found: 332.0742.

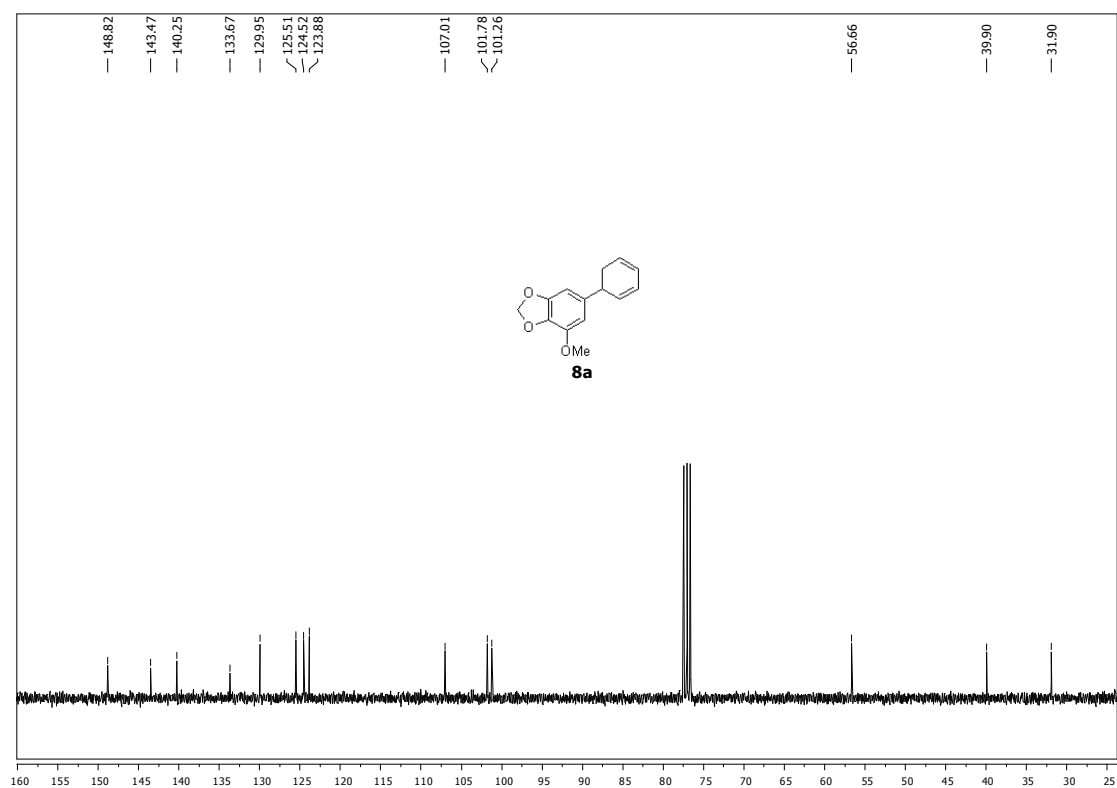
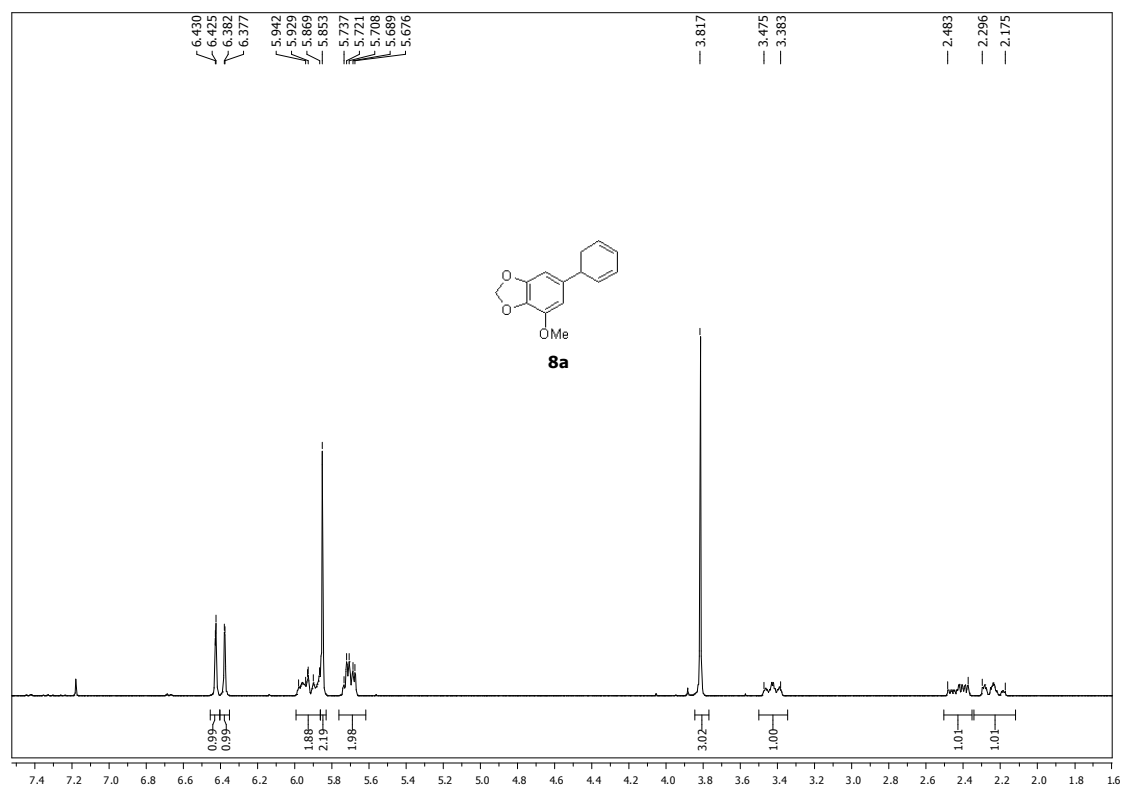
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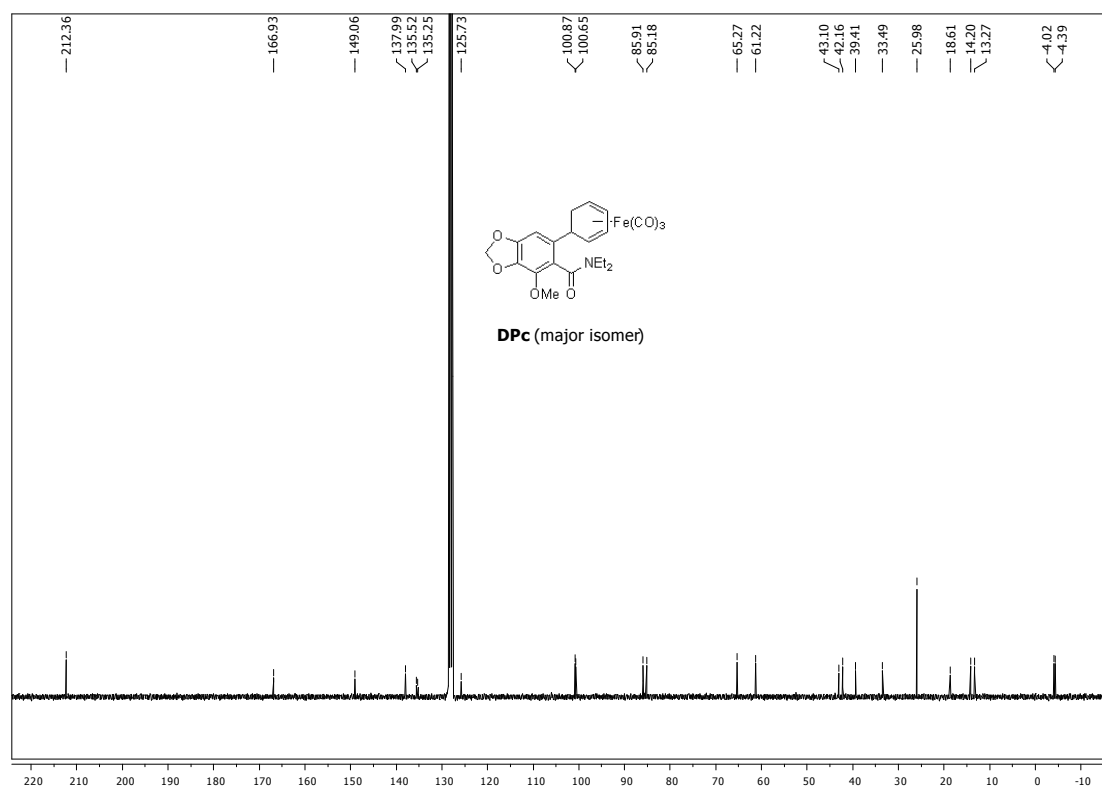
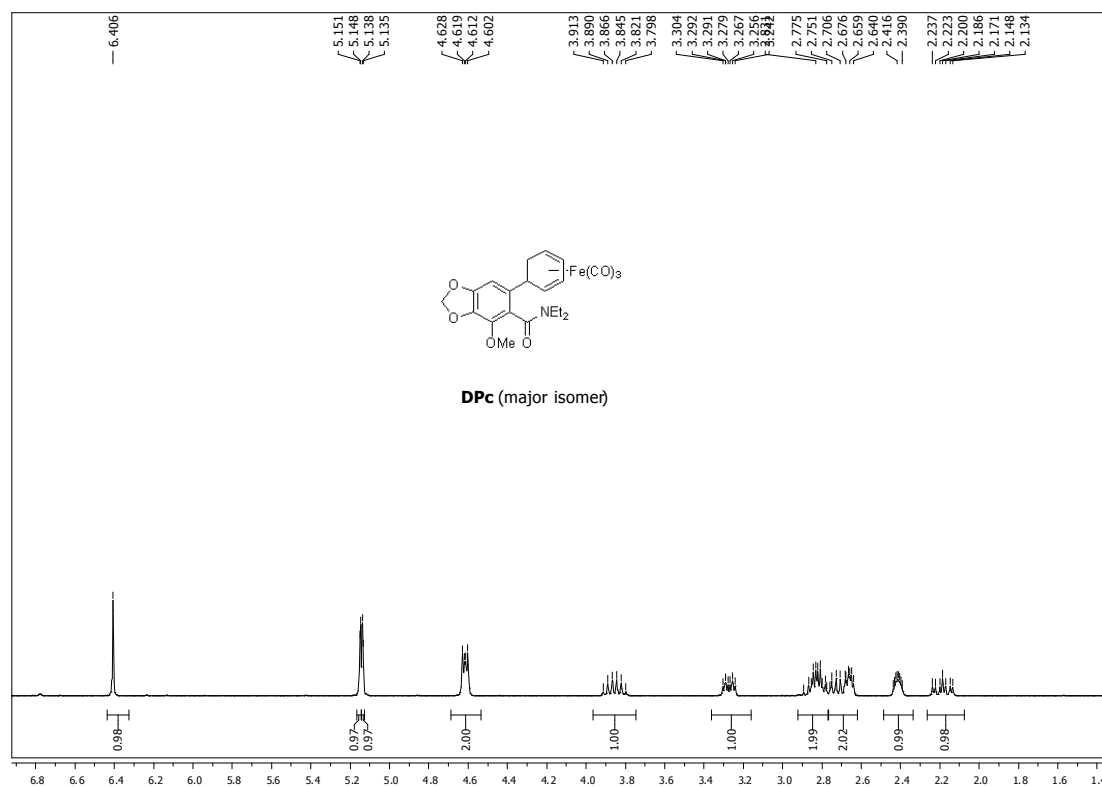
¹H and ¹³C – NMR Spectra



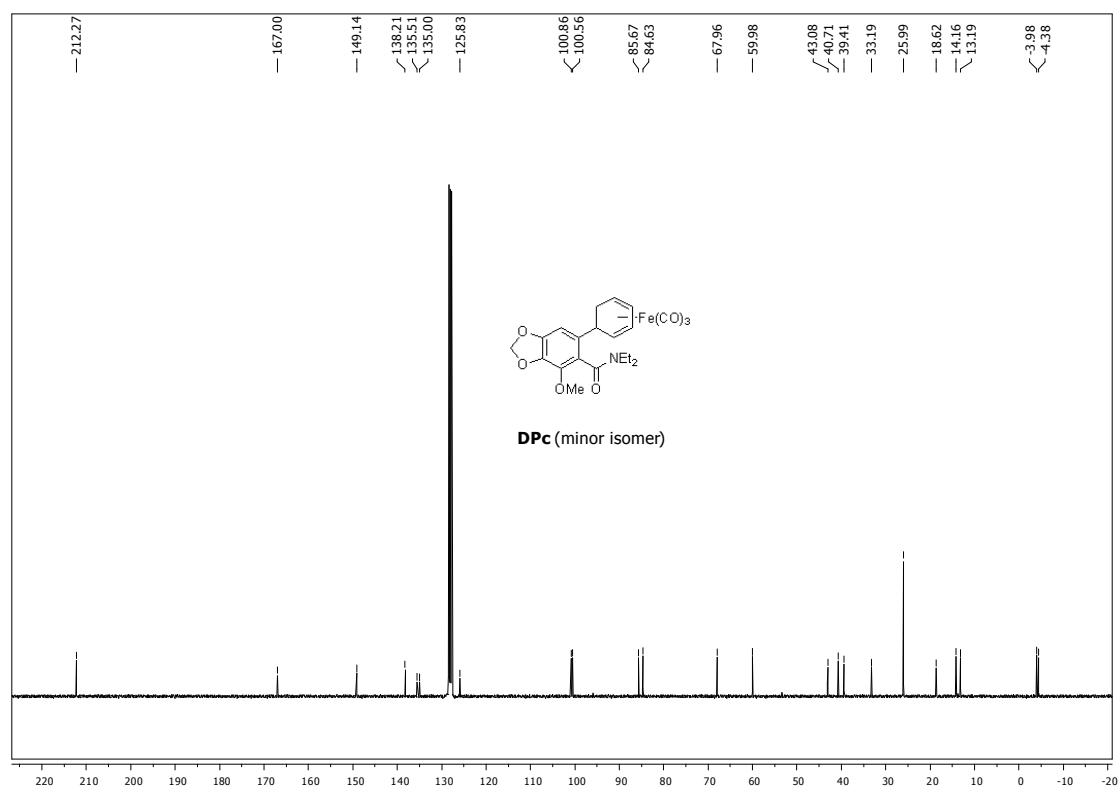
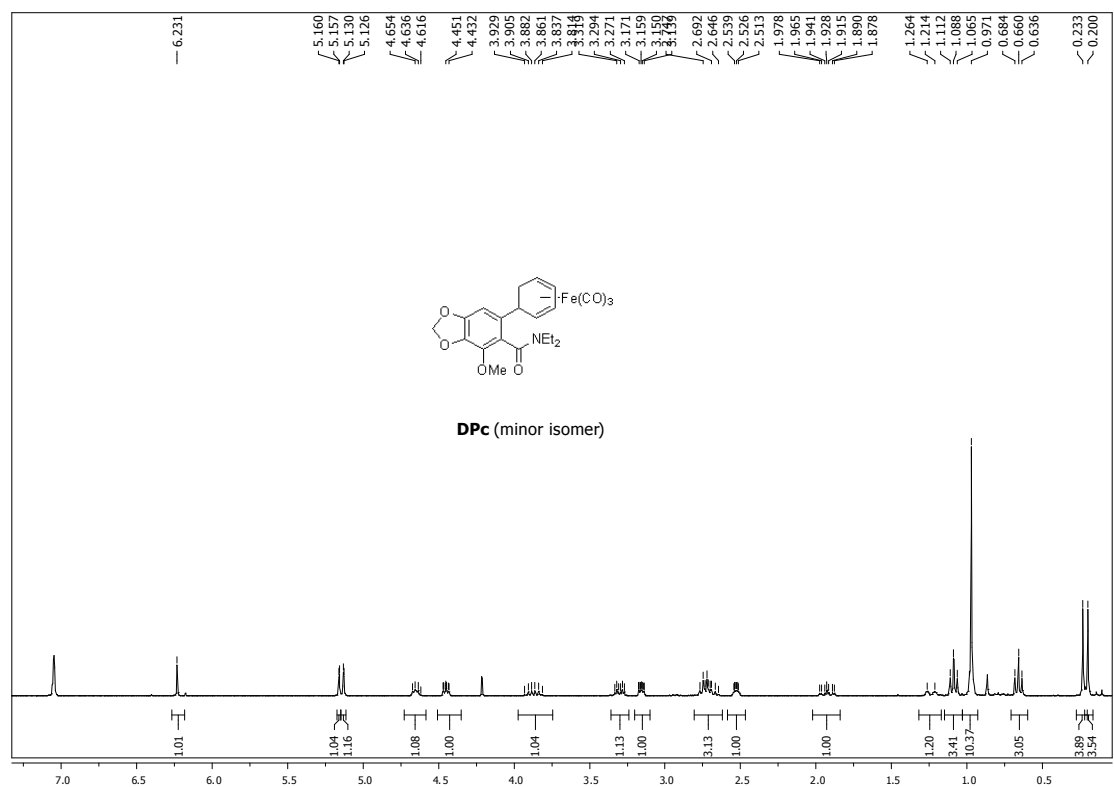
Total Synthesis of (+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction

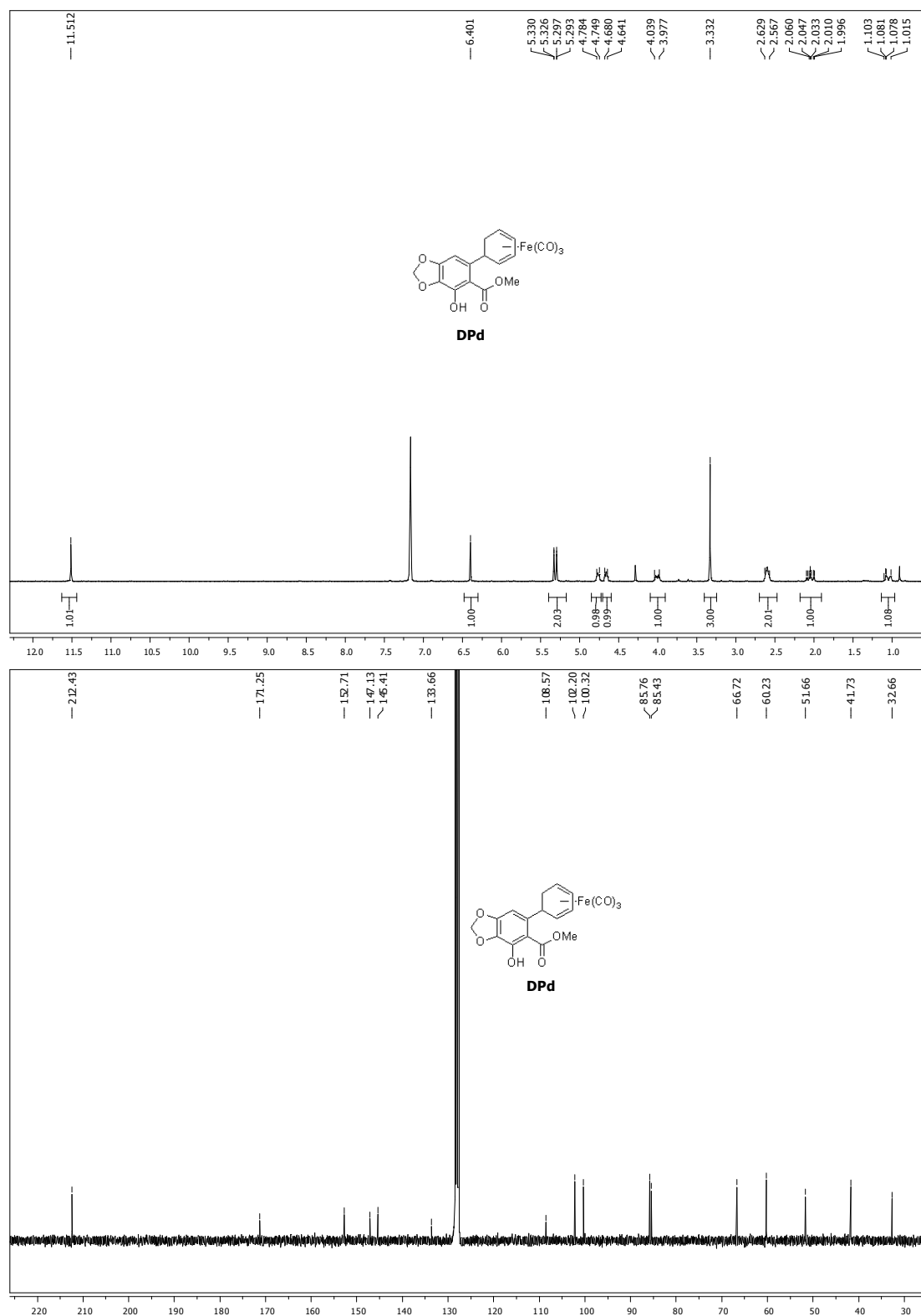


Total Synthesis of (+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction

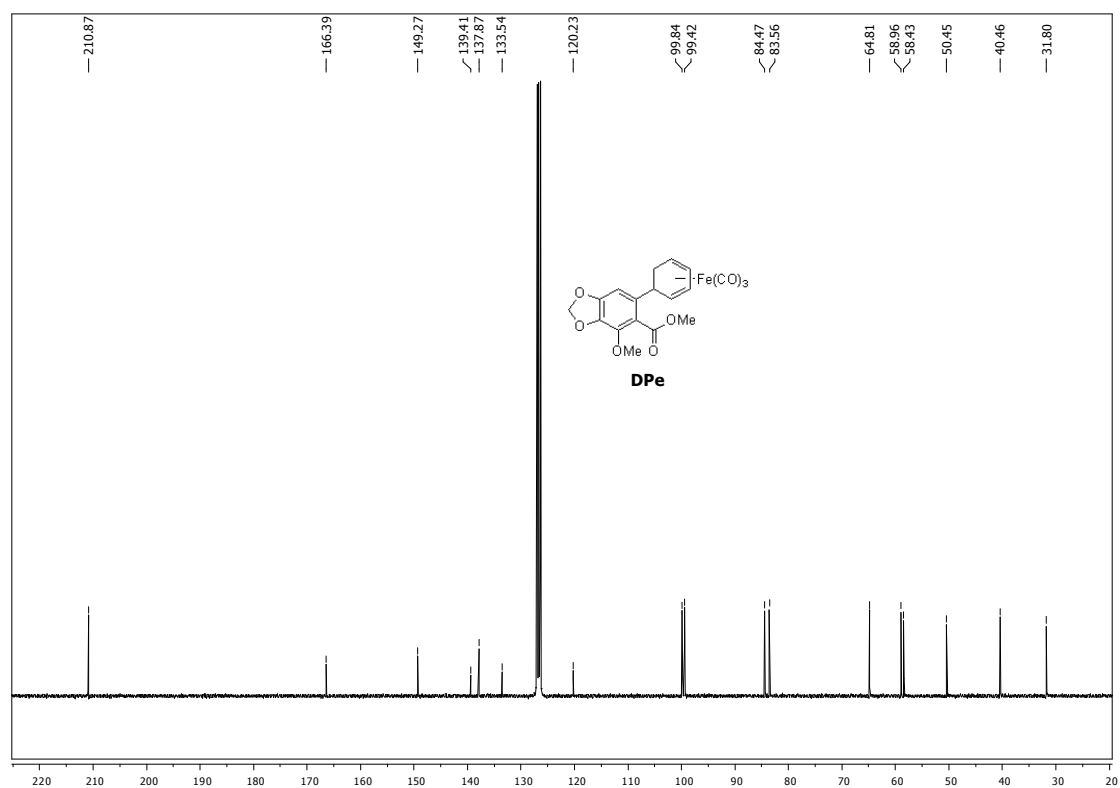
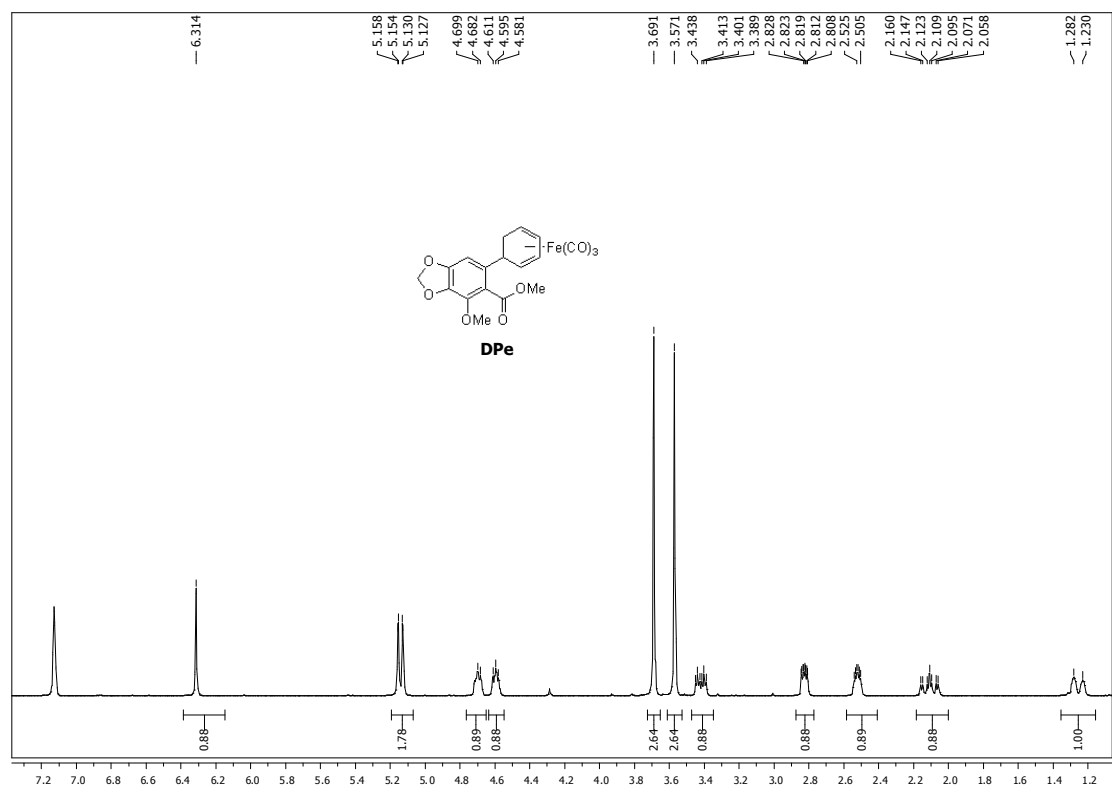


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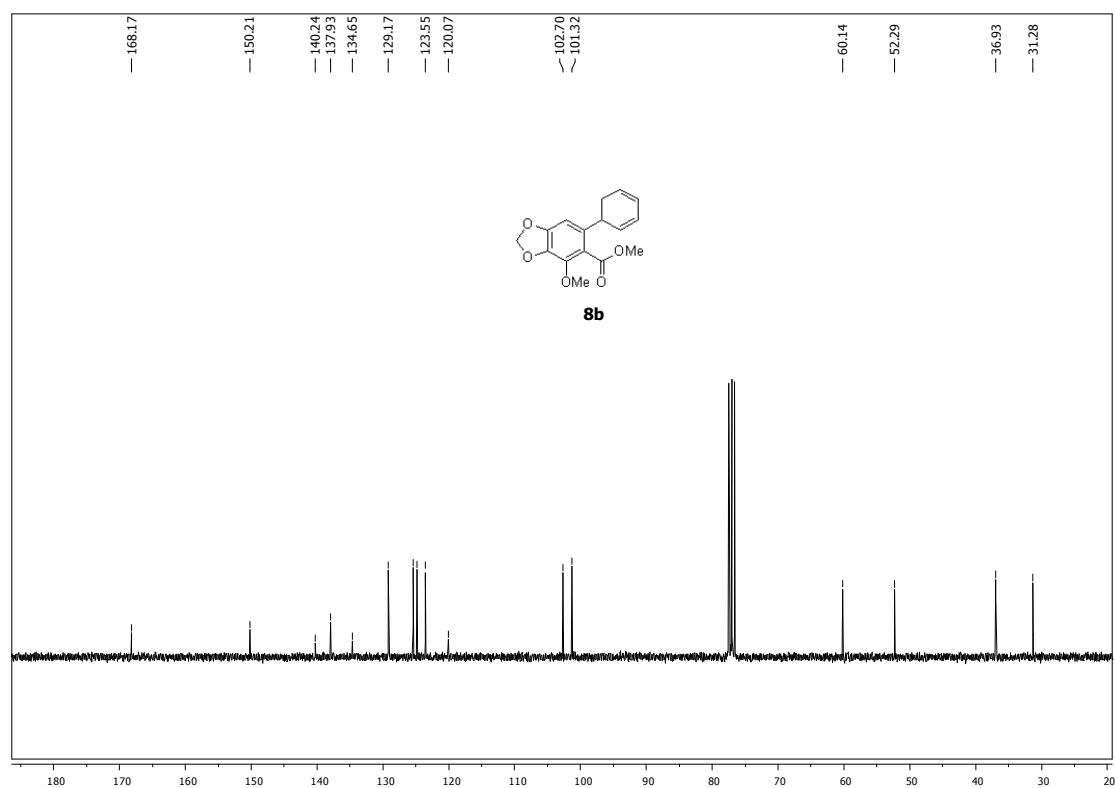
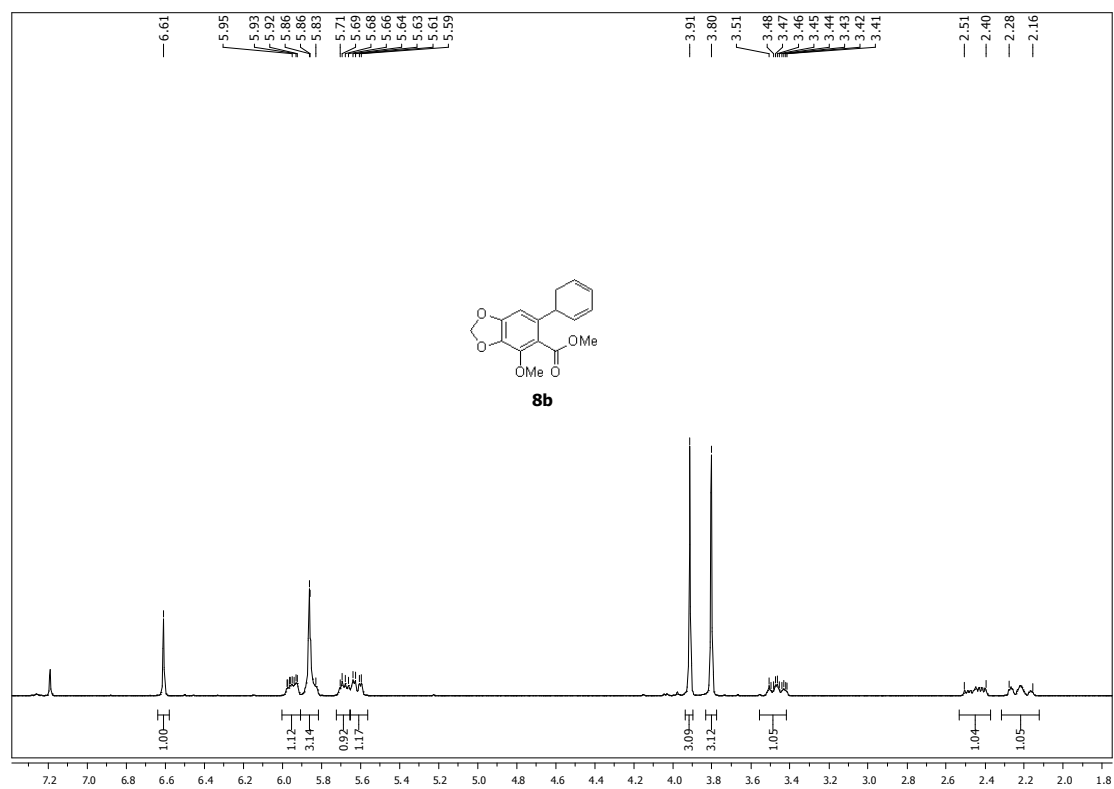




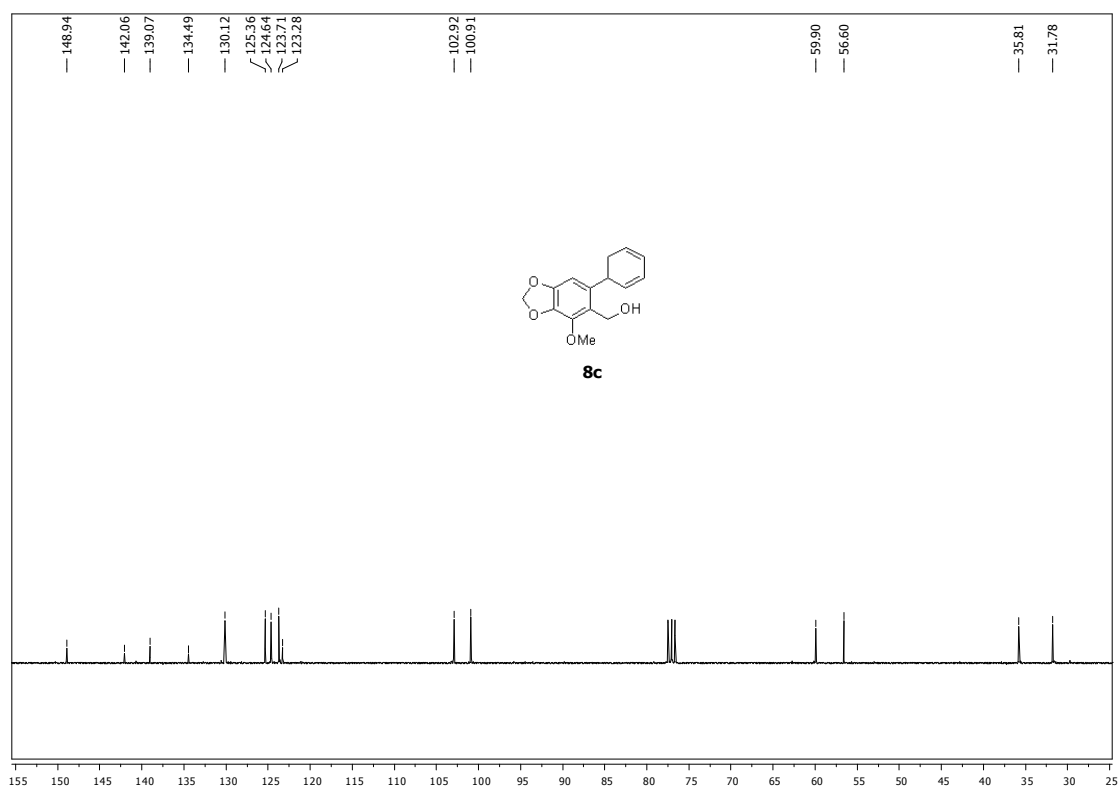
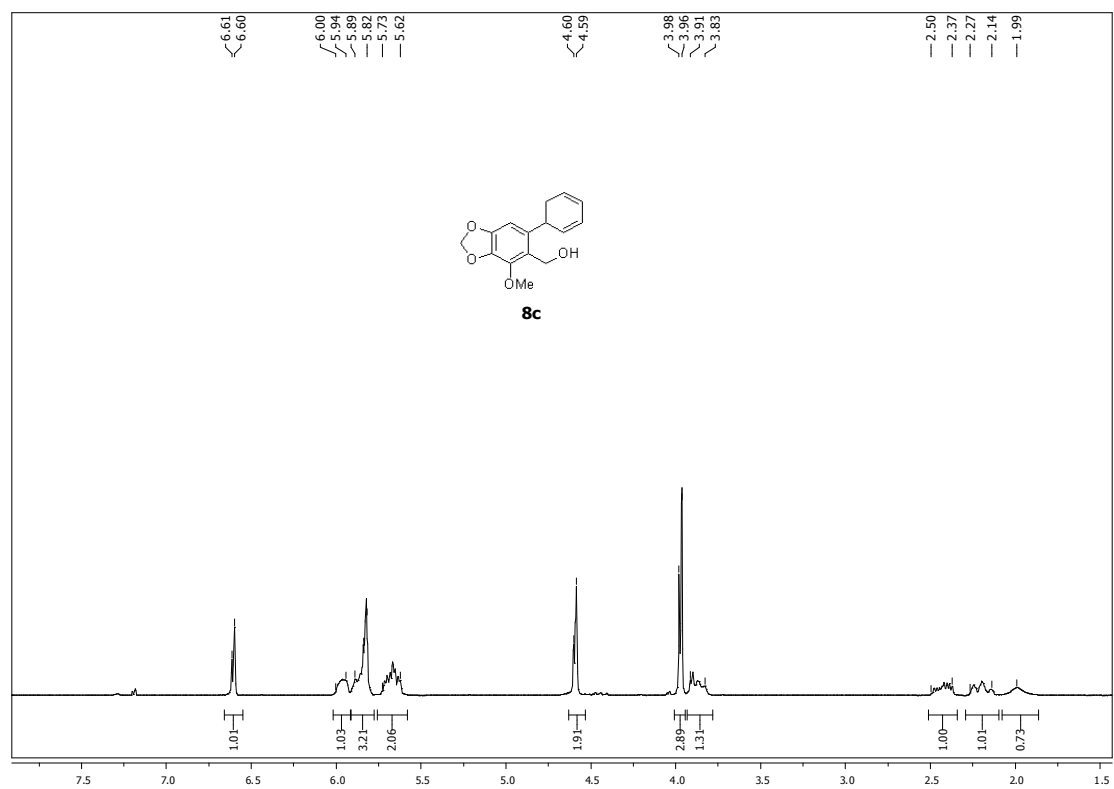
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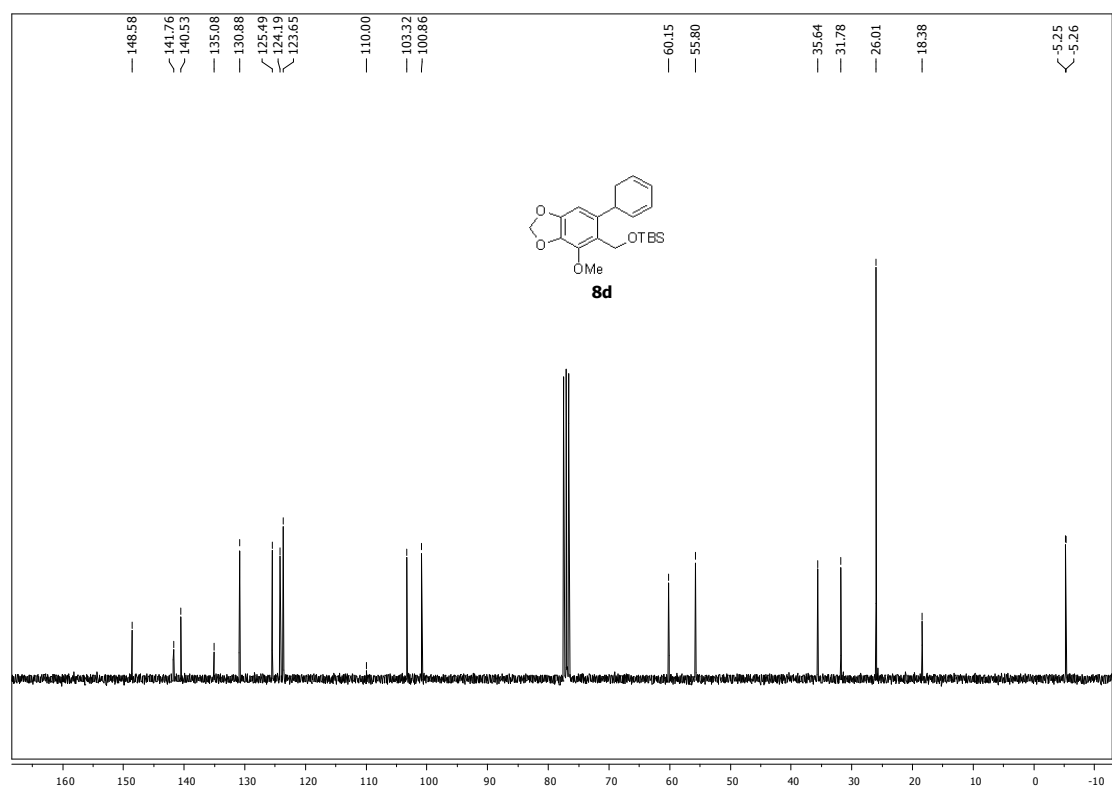
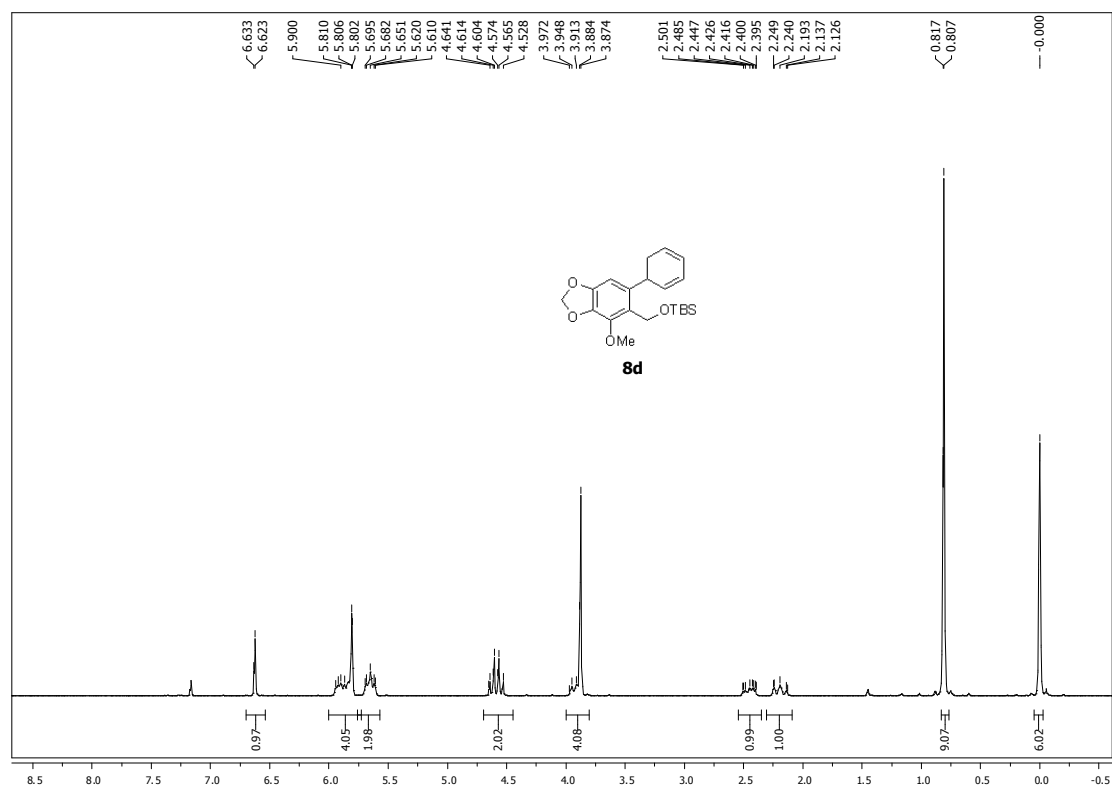
Total Synthesis of (+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction



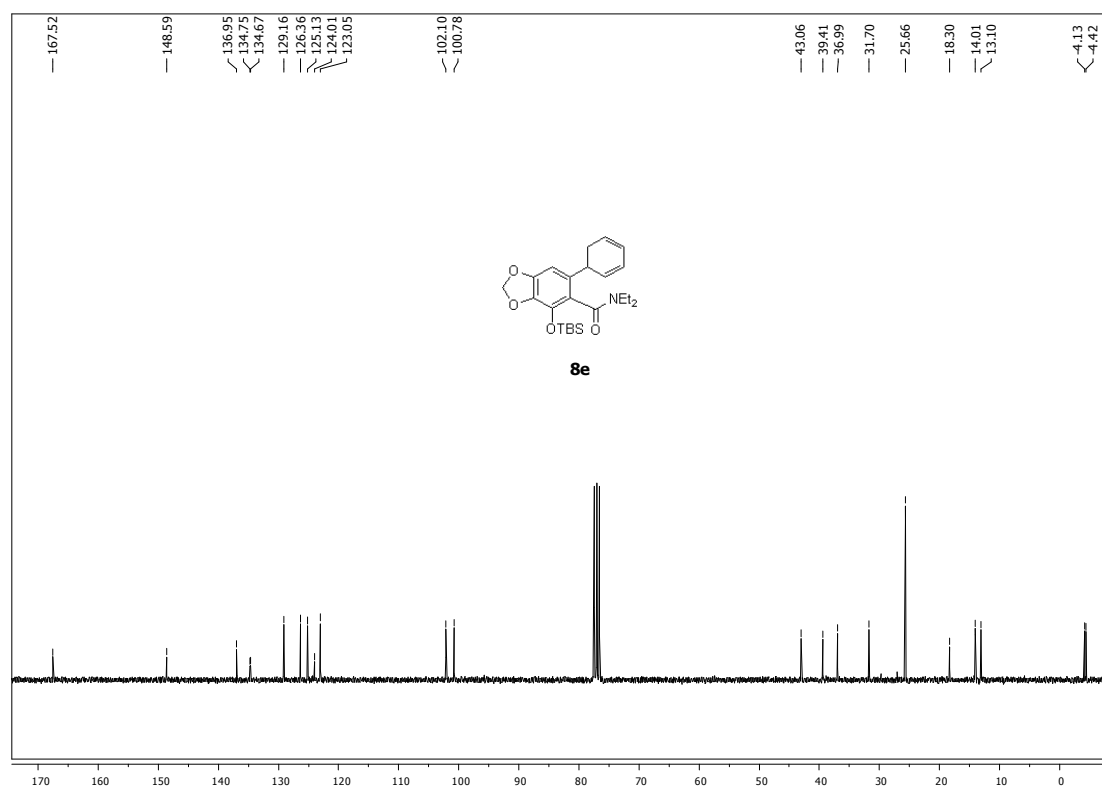
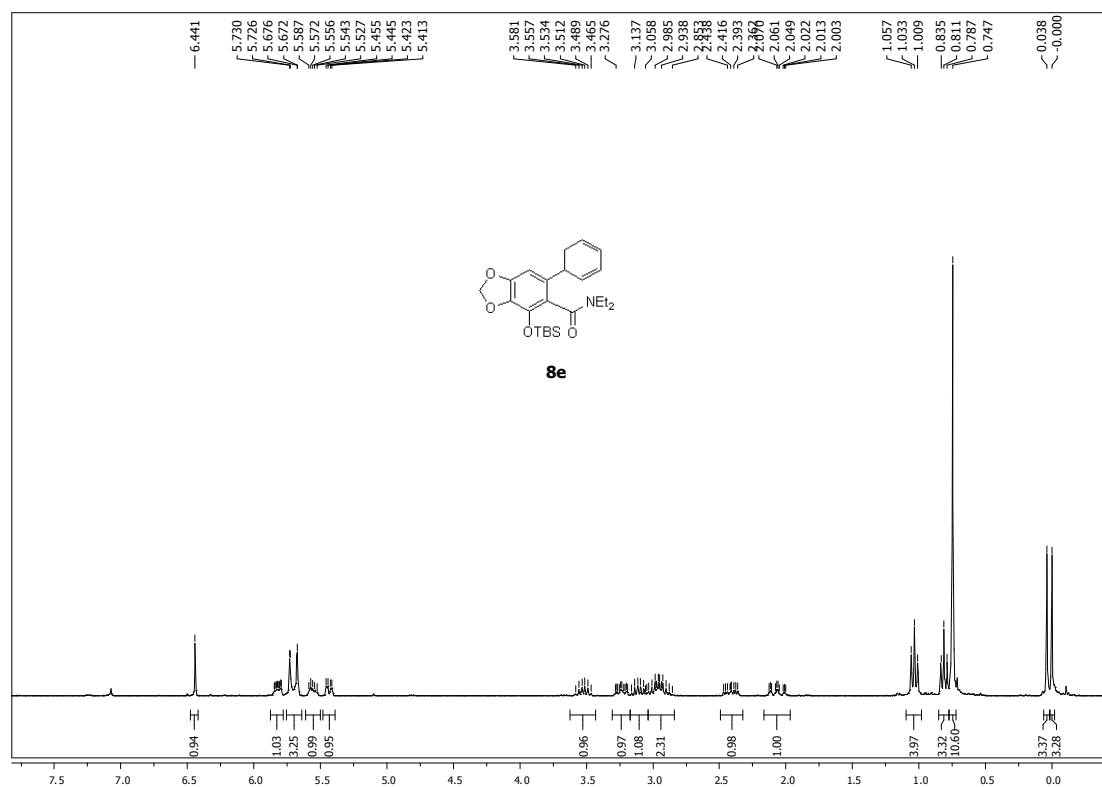
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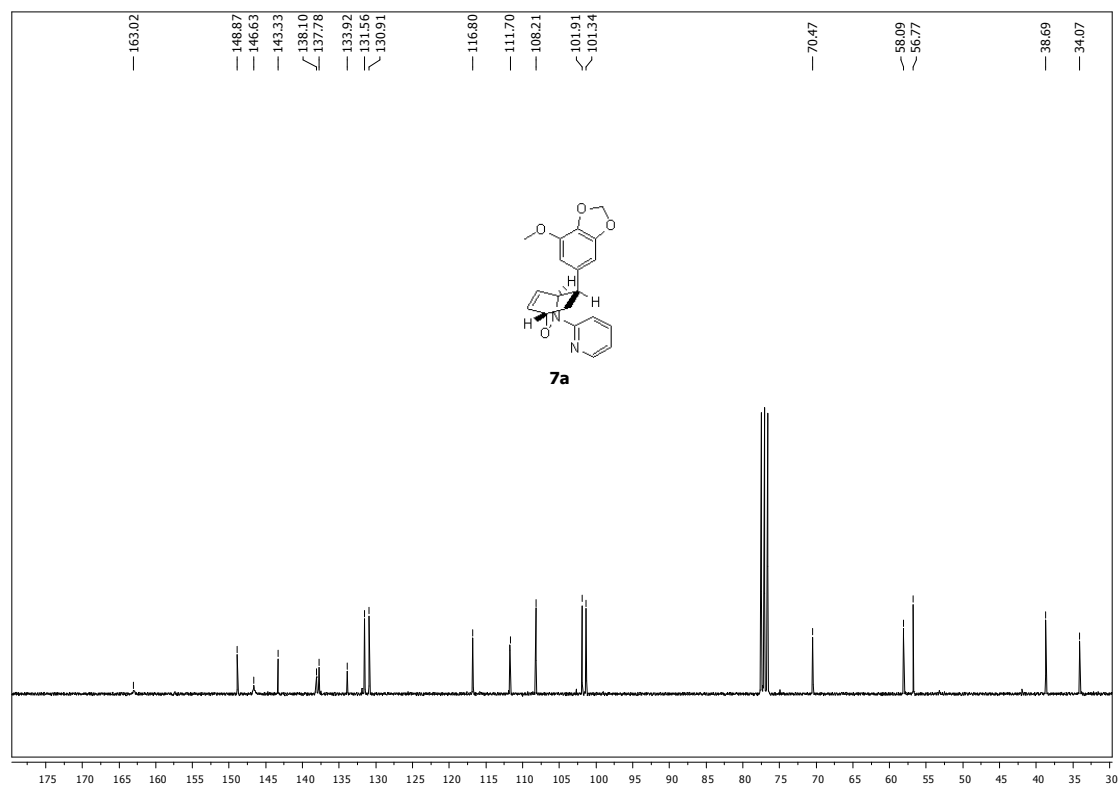
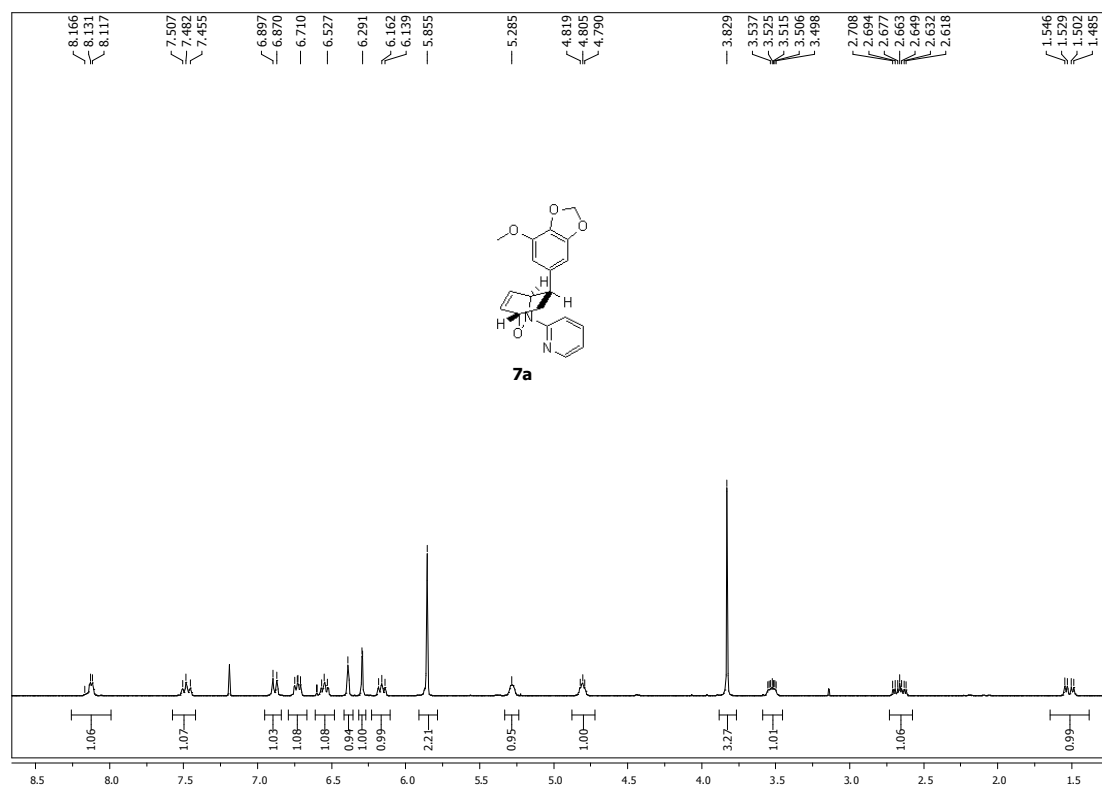
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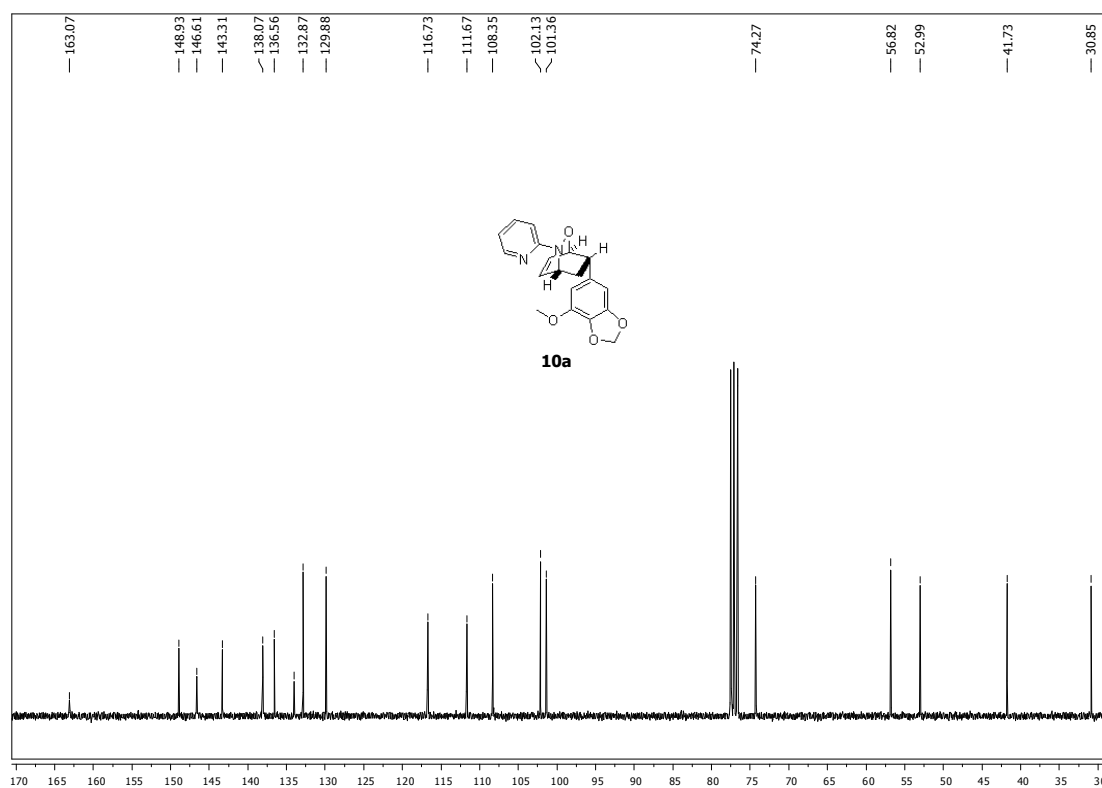
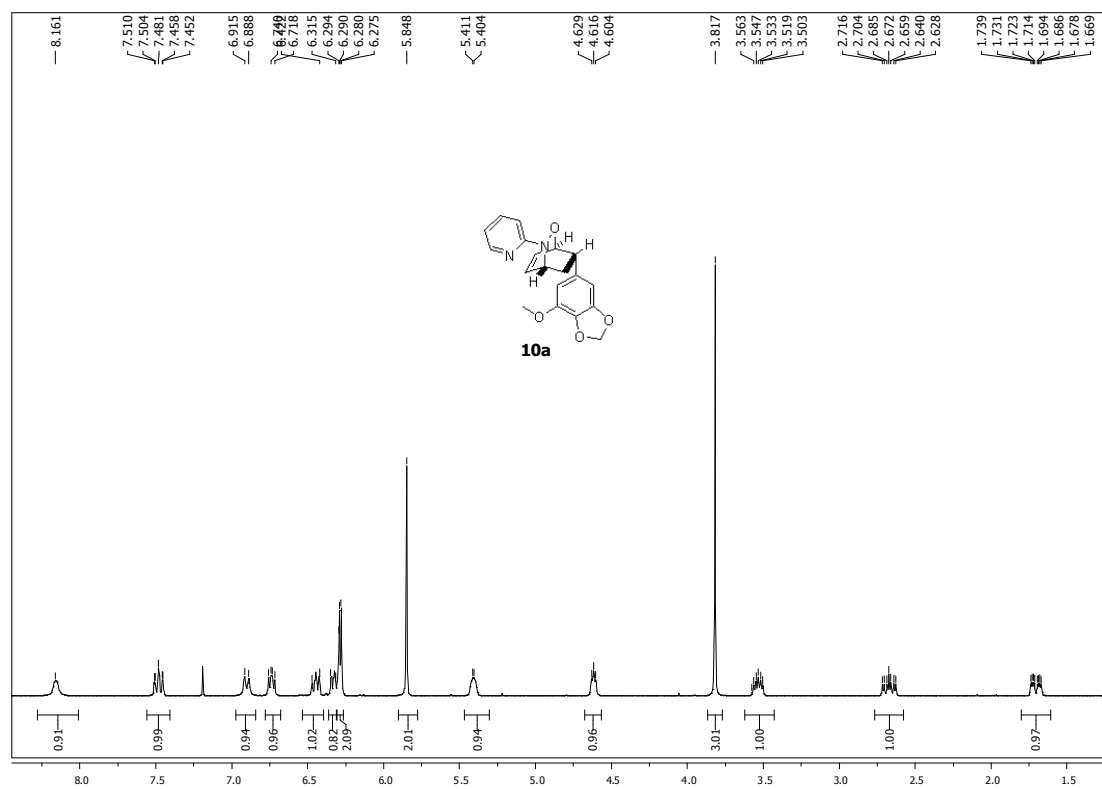
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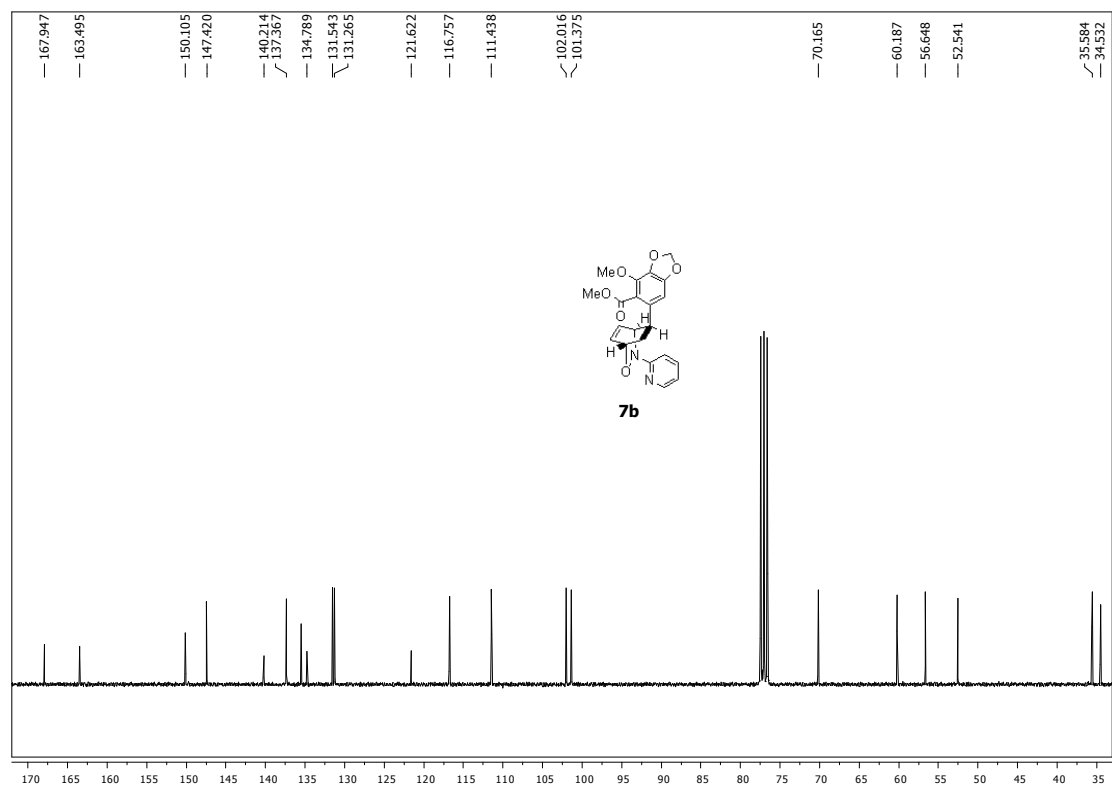
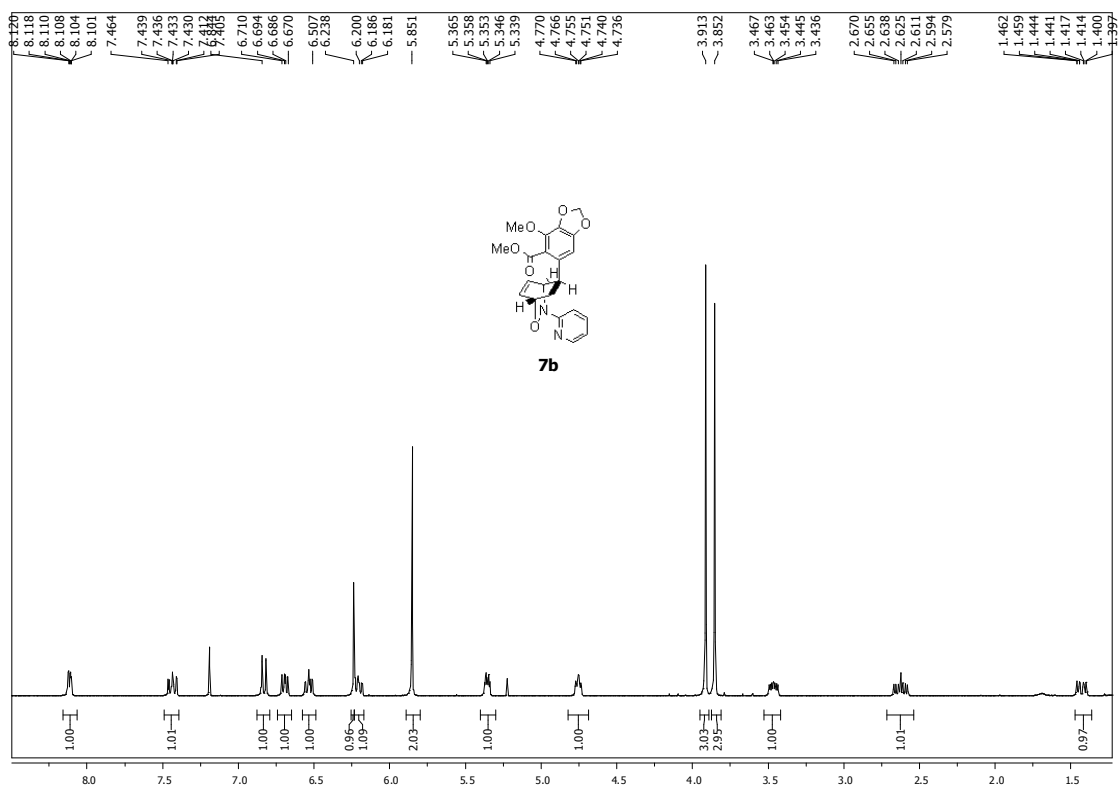
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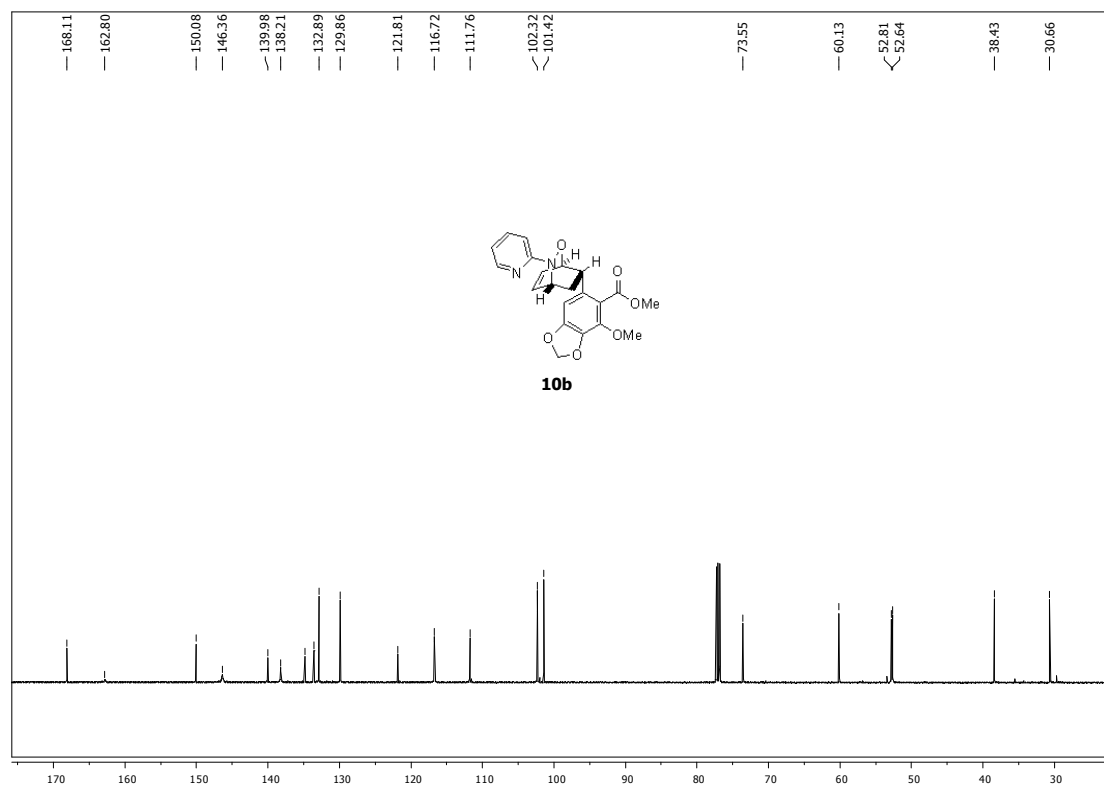
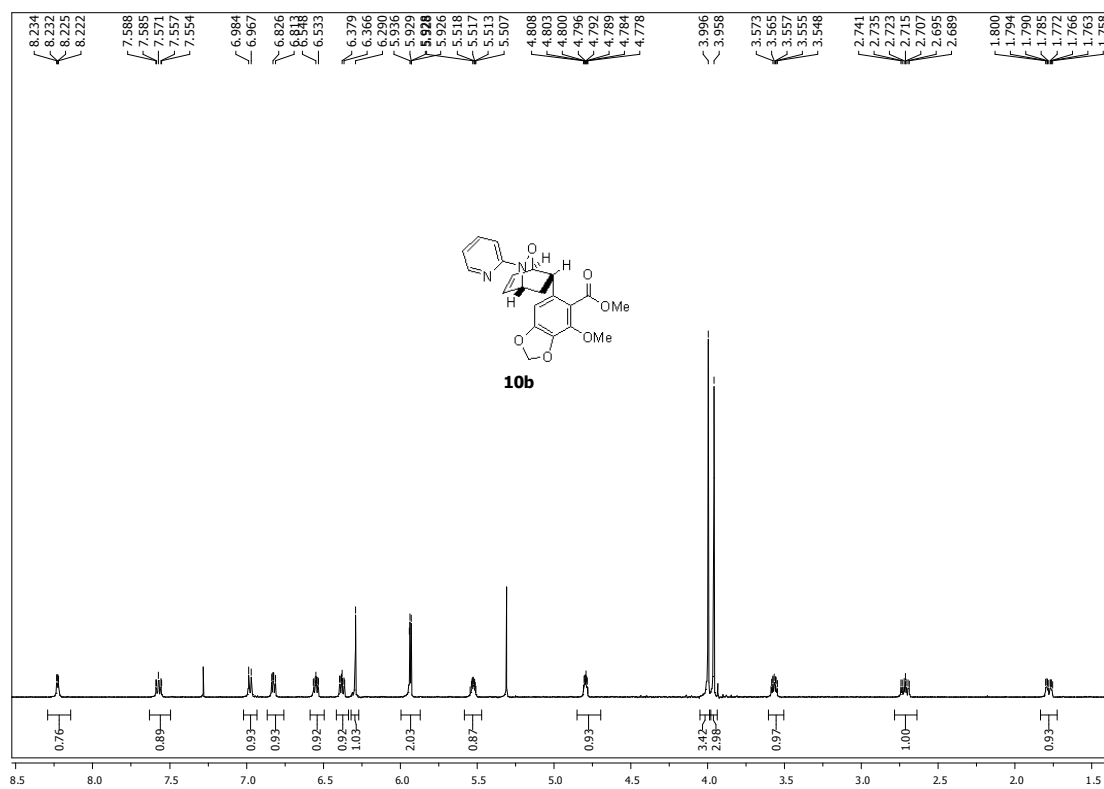
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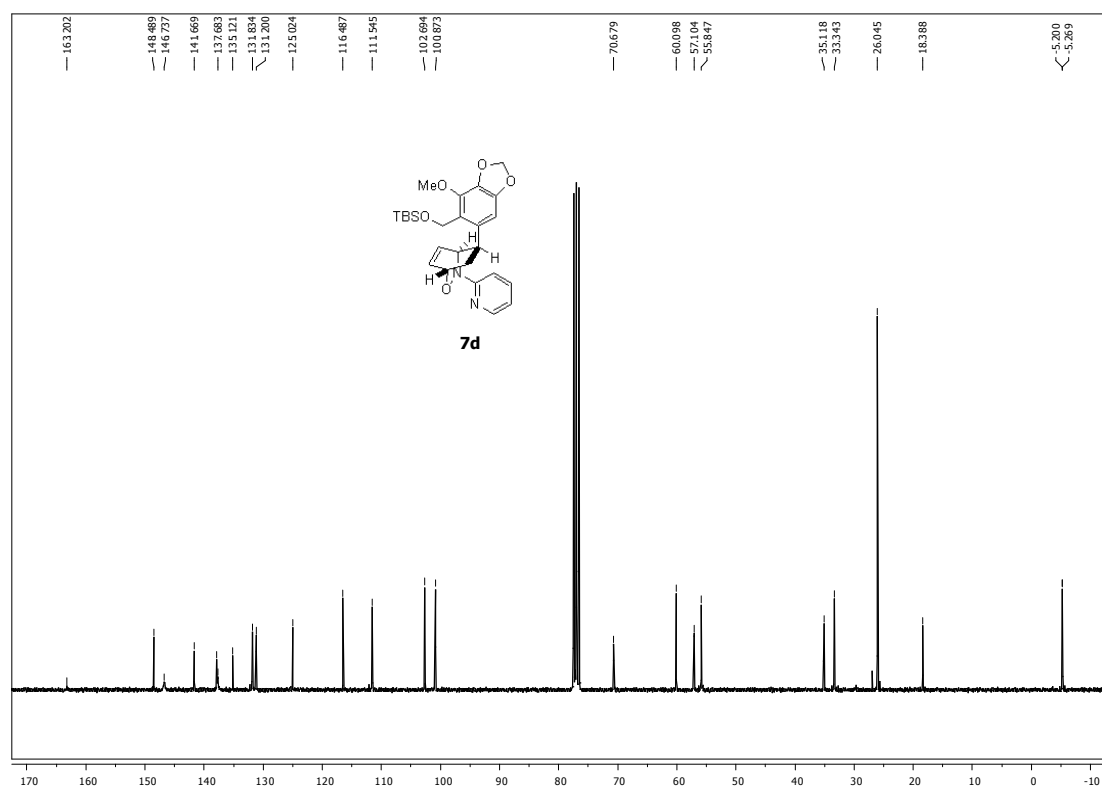
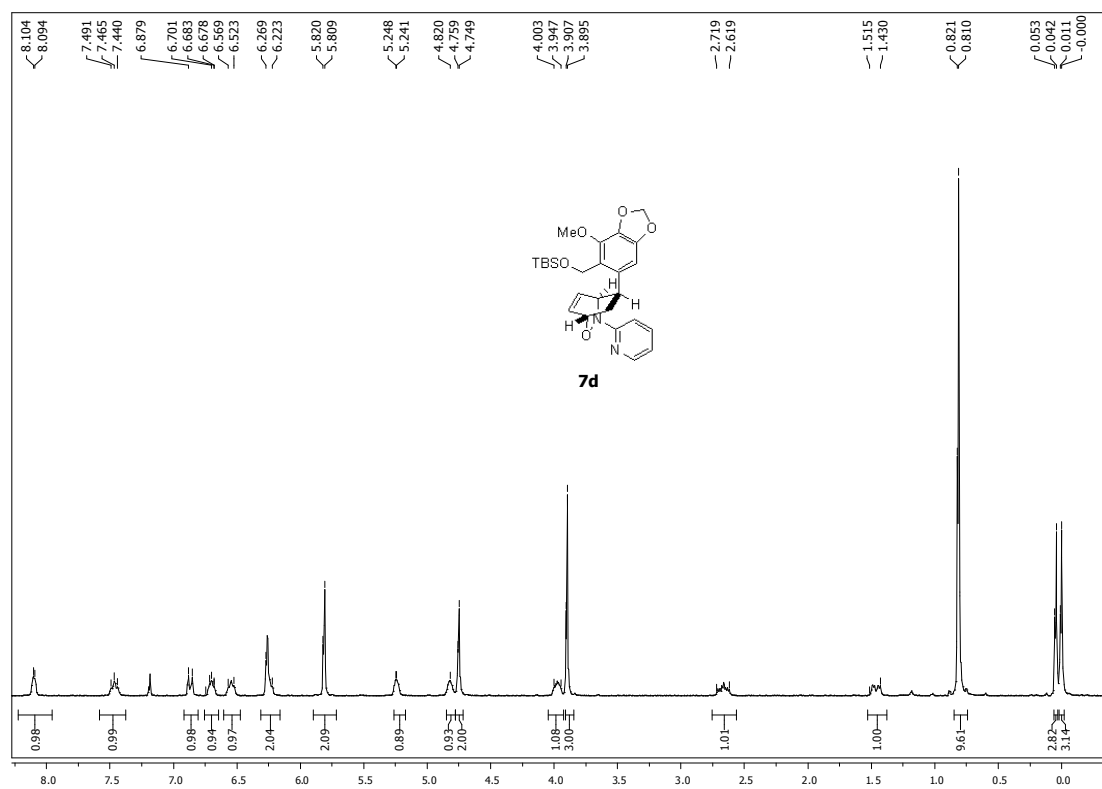
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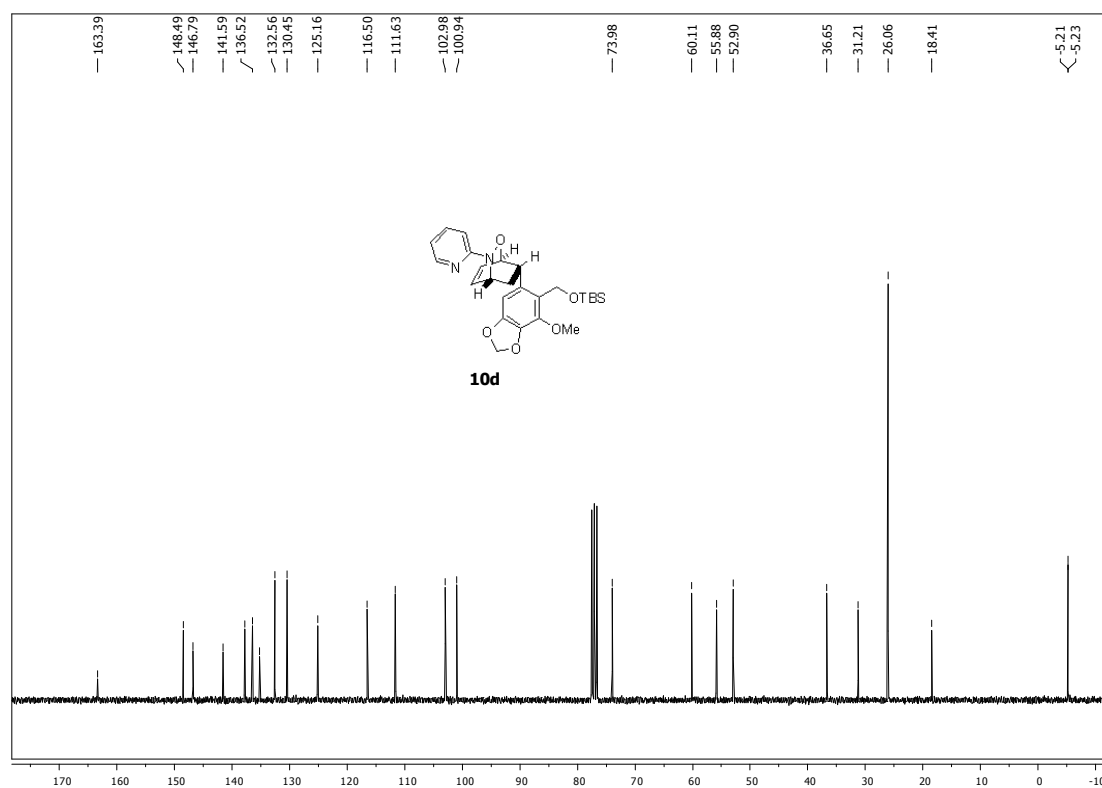
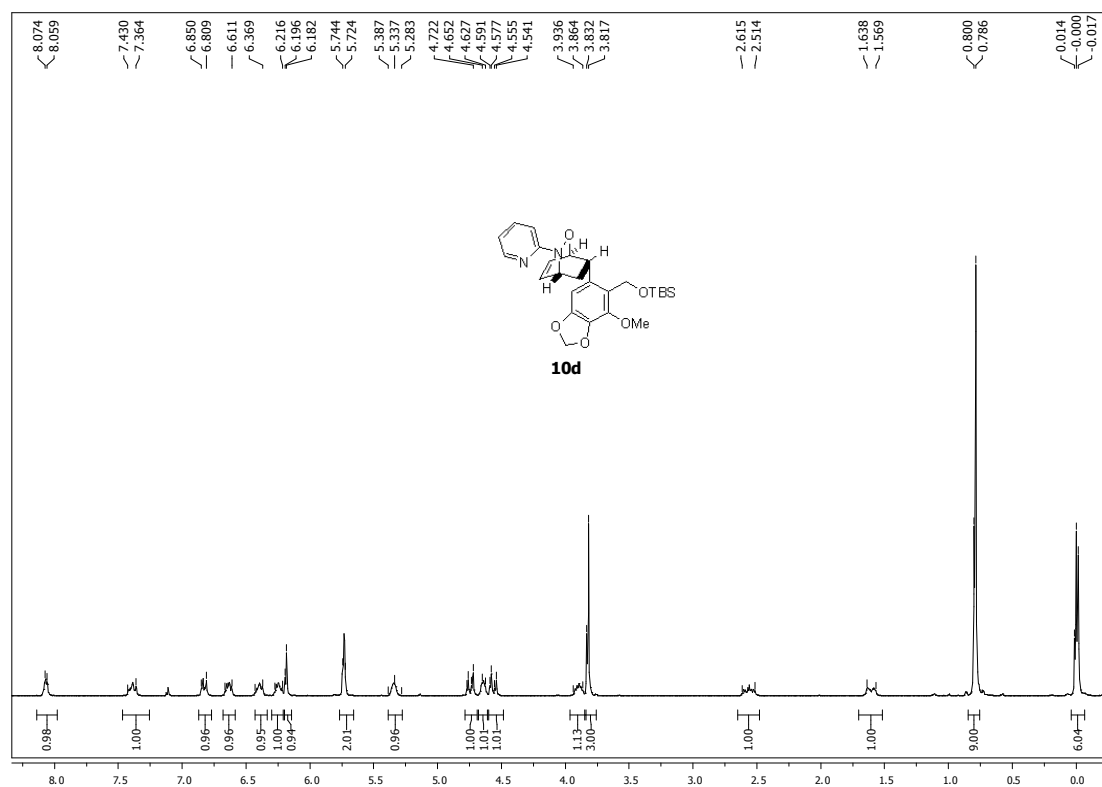
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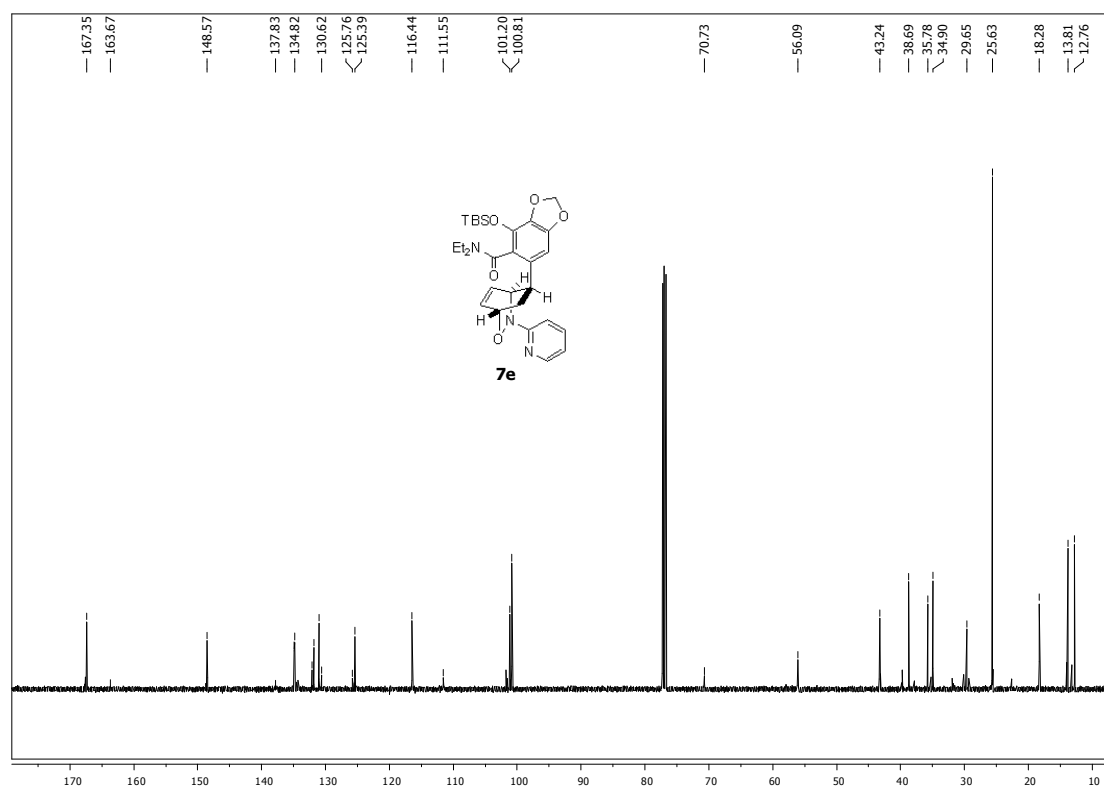
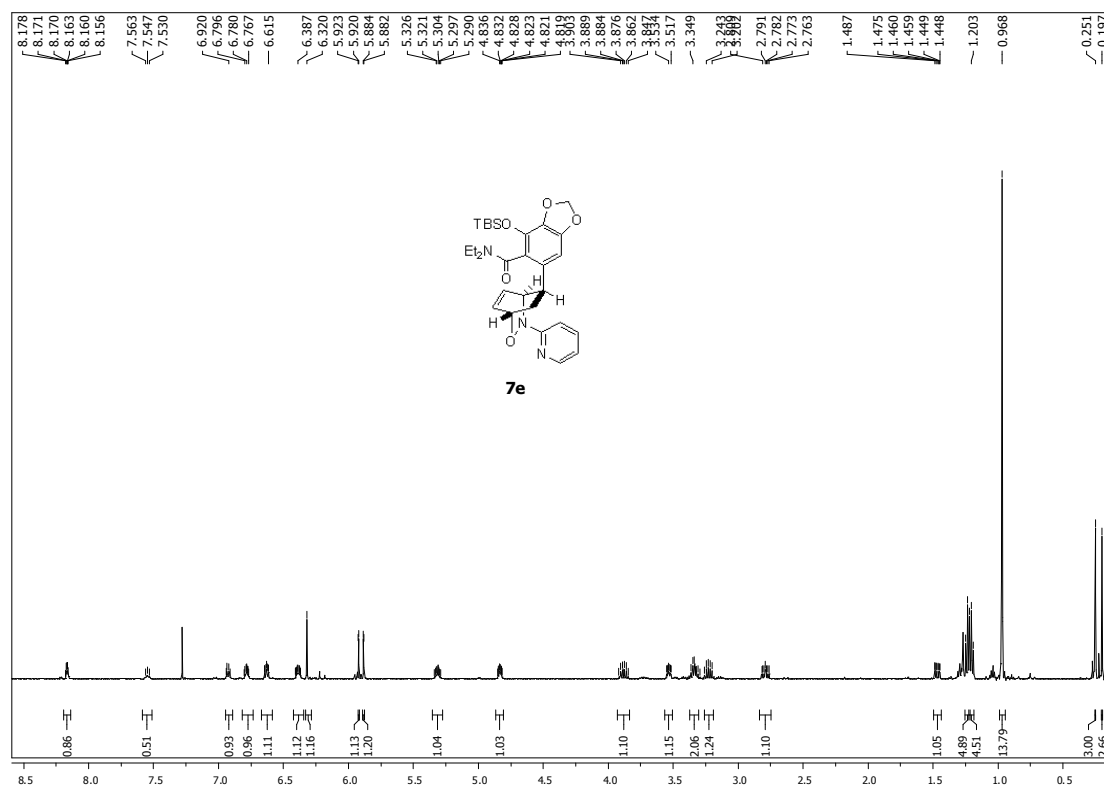
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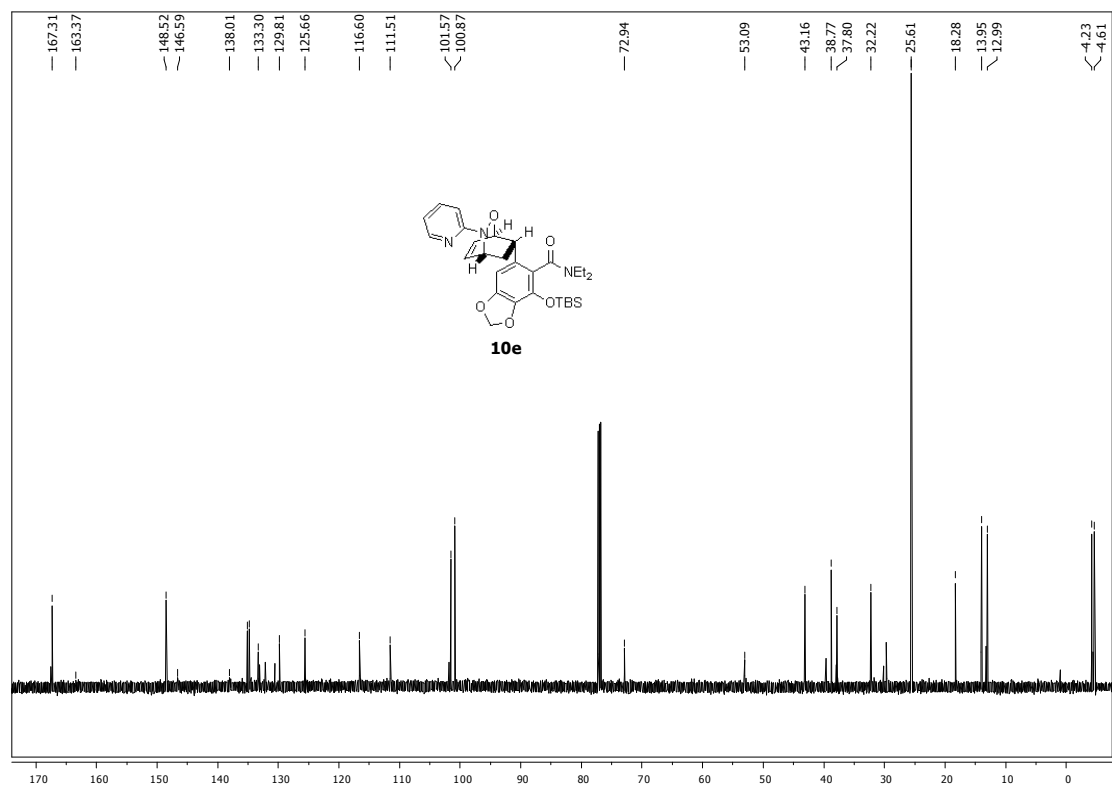
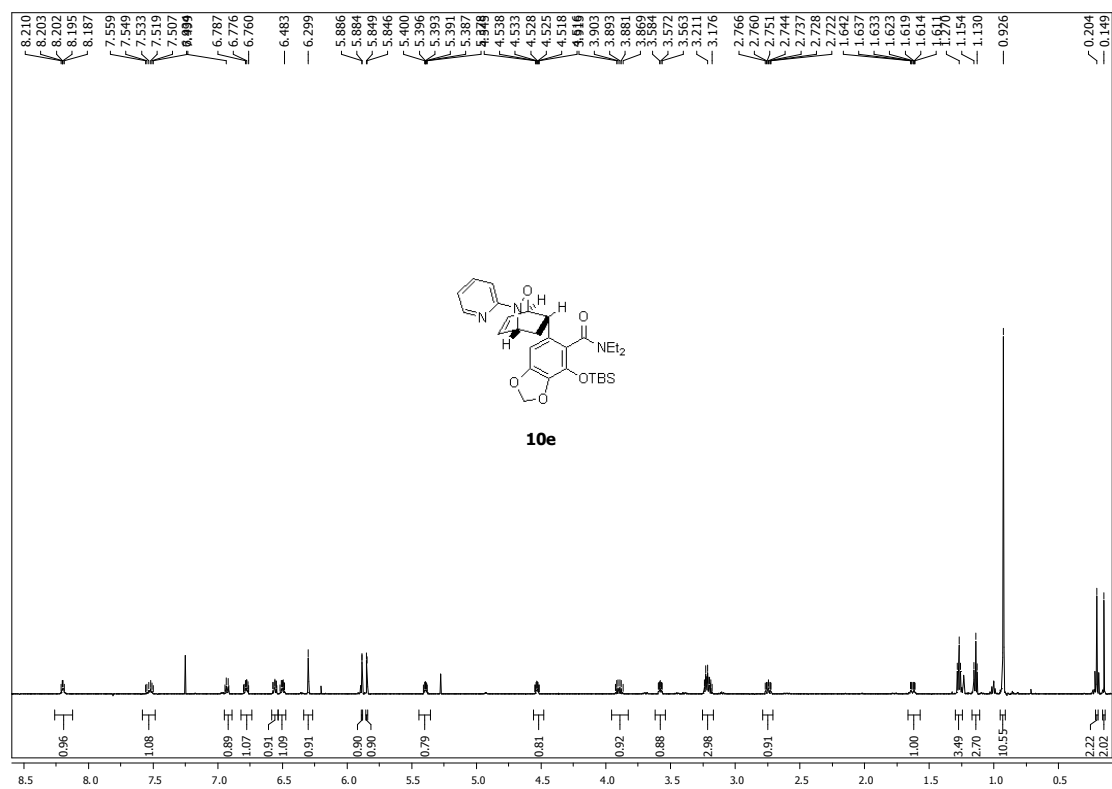
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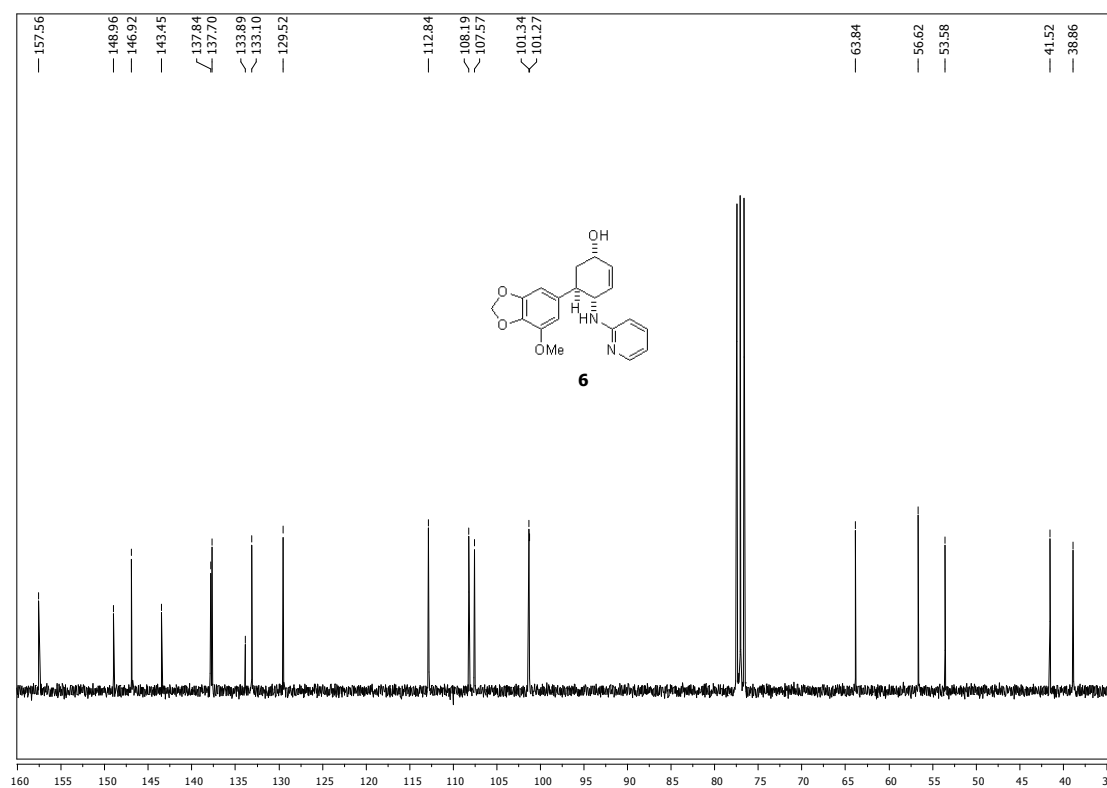
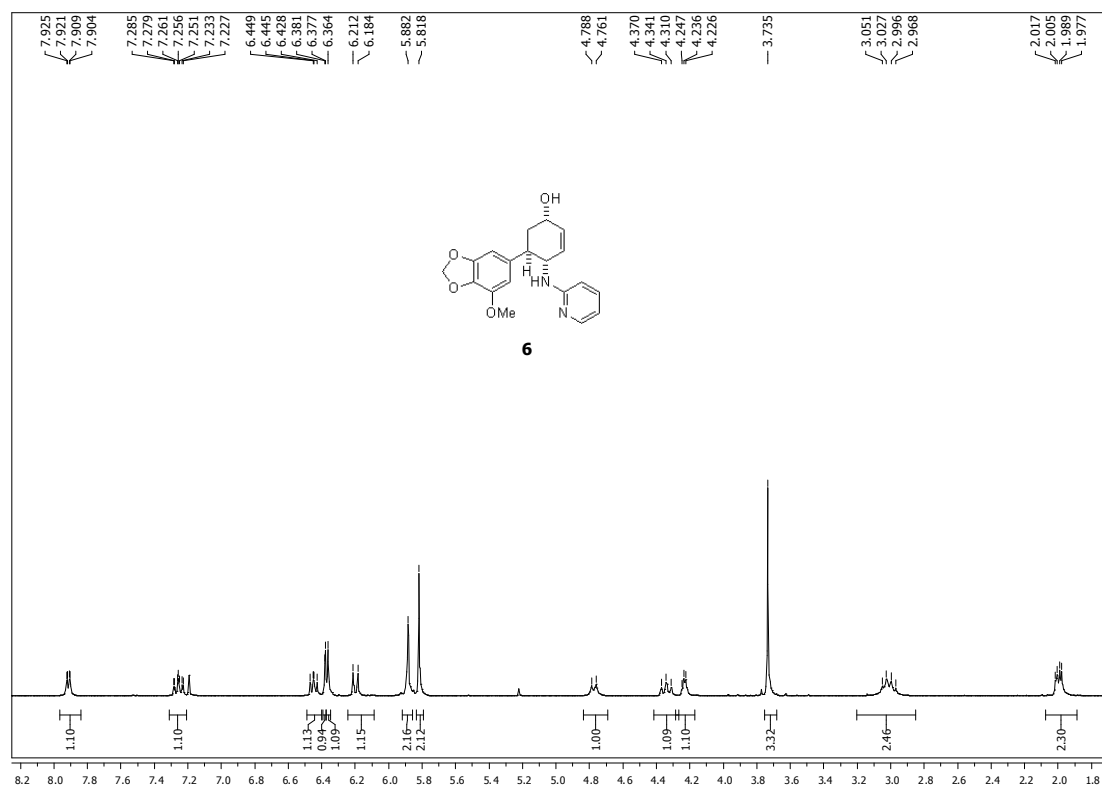
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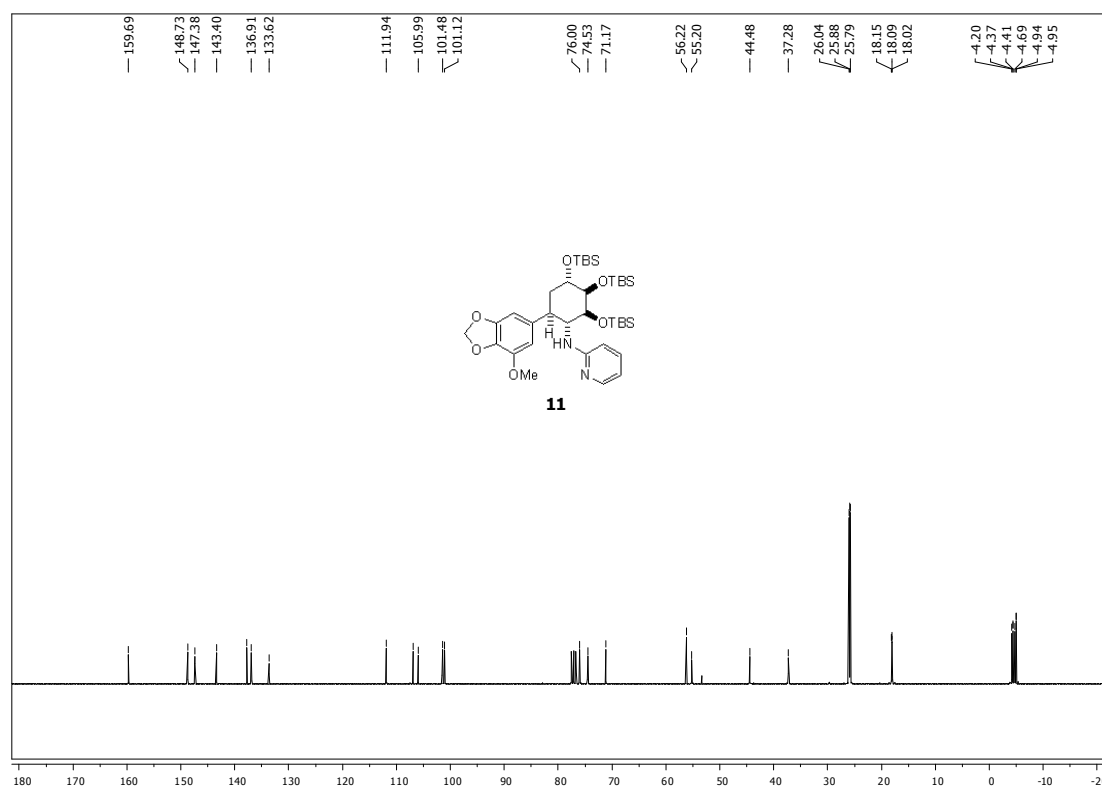
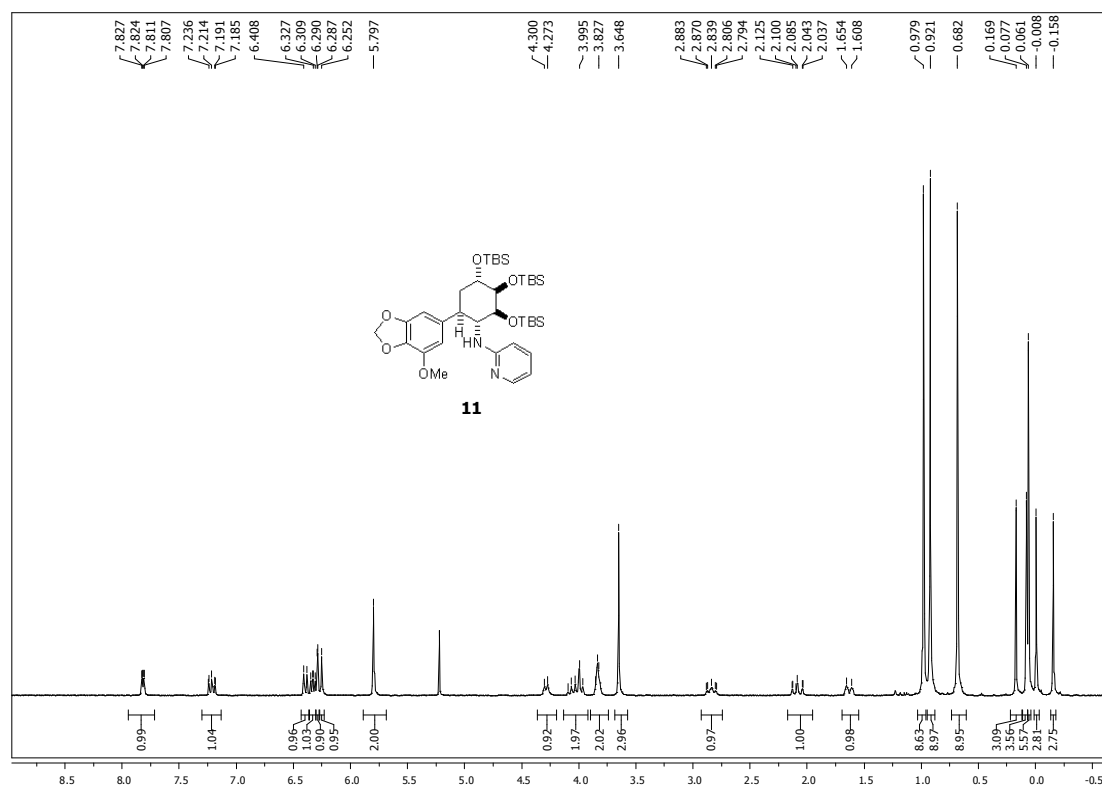


Total Synthesis of (+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction

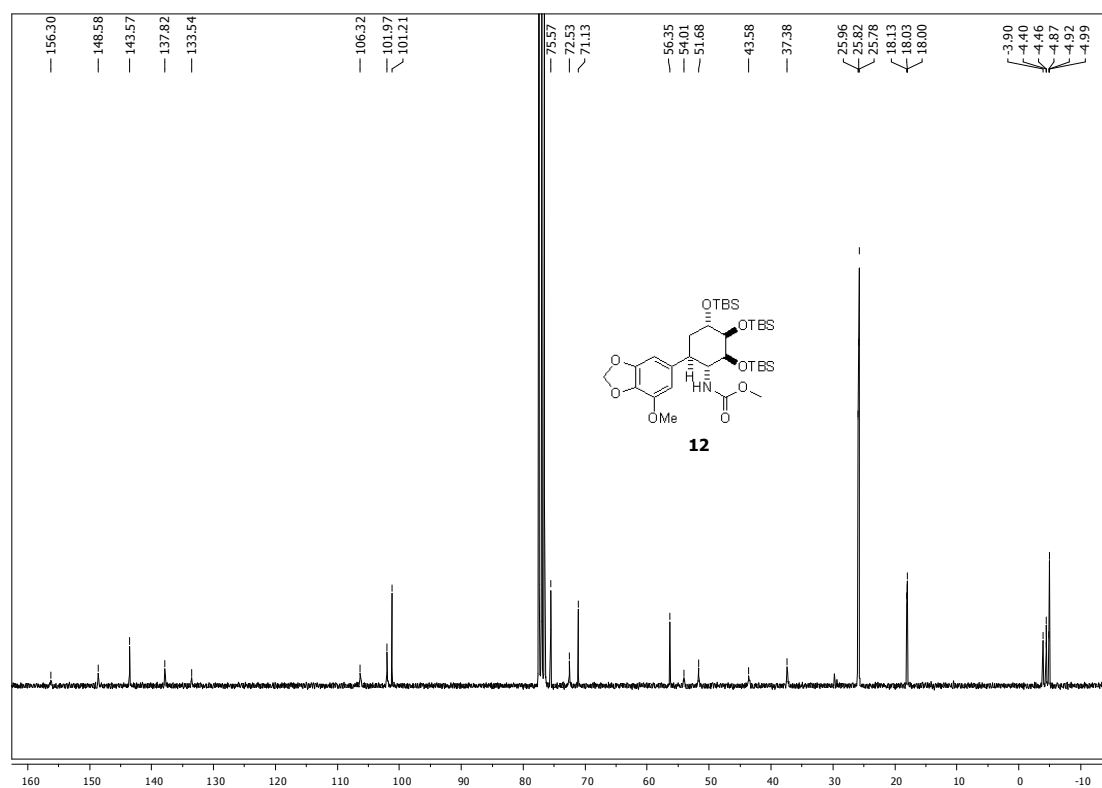
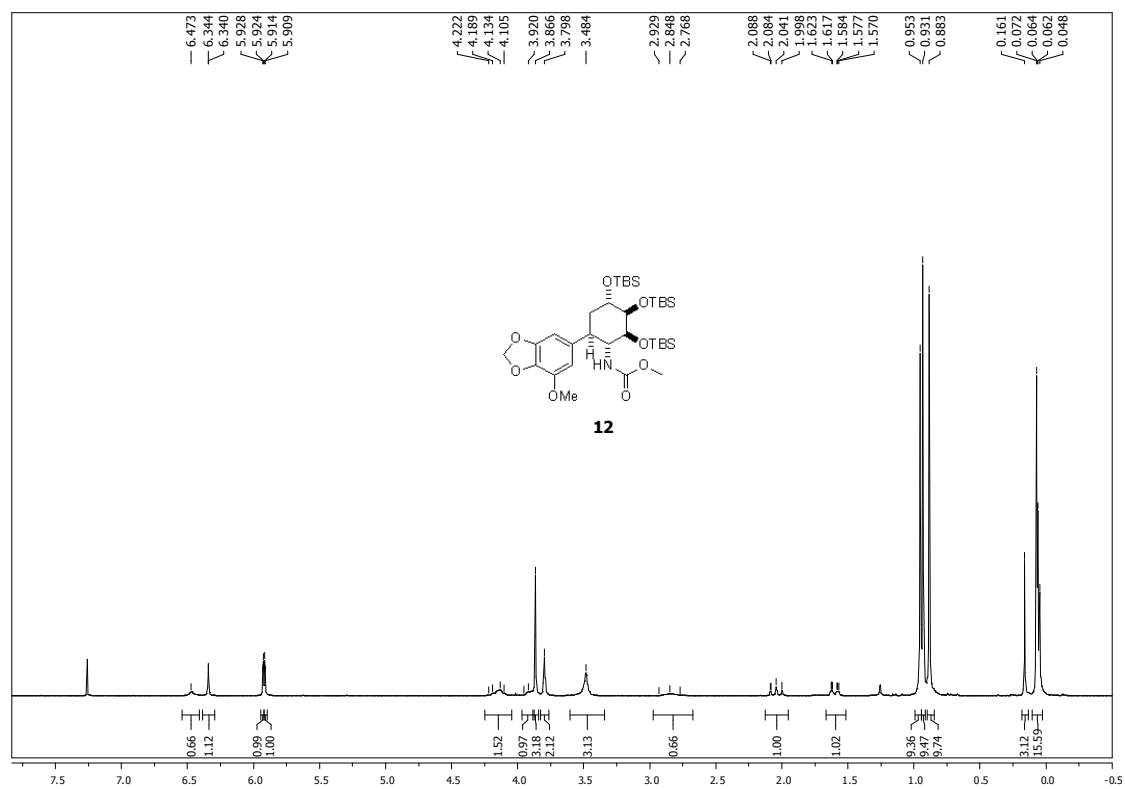


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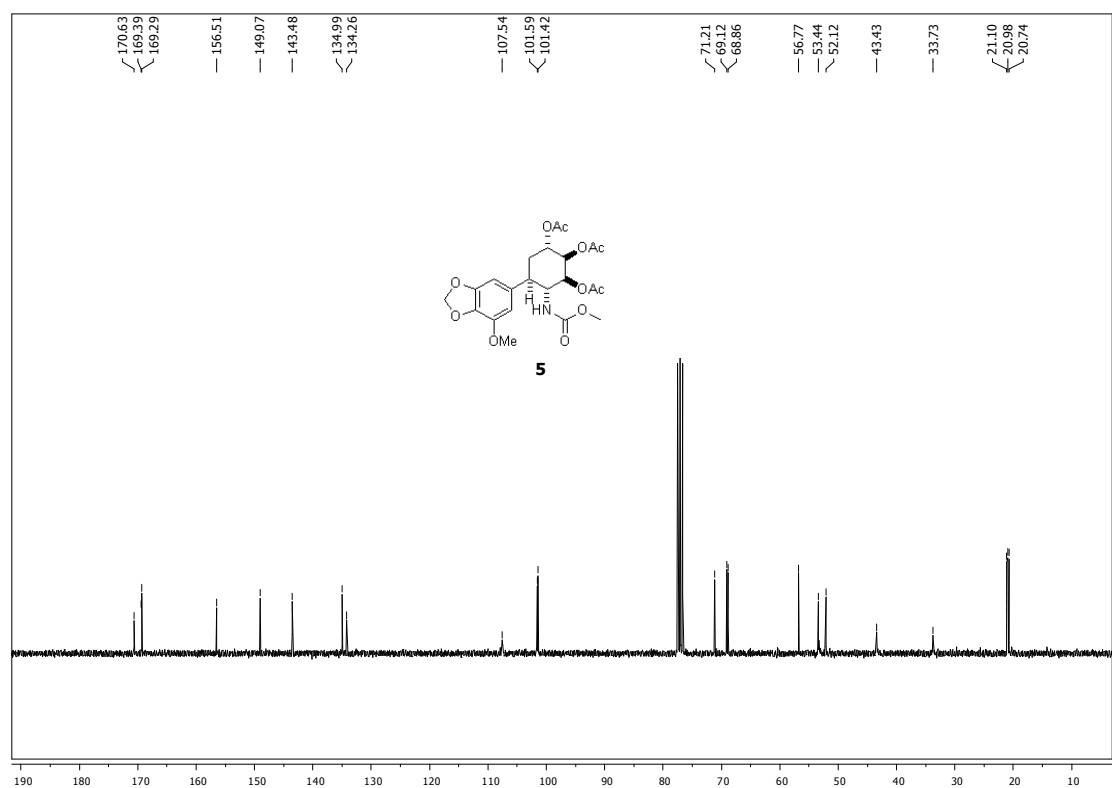
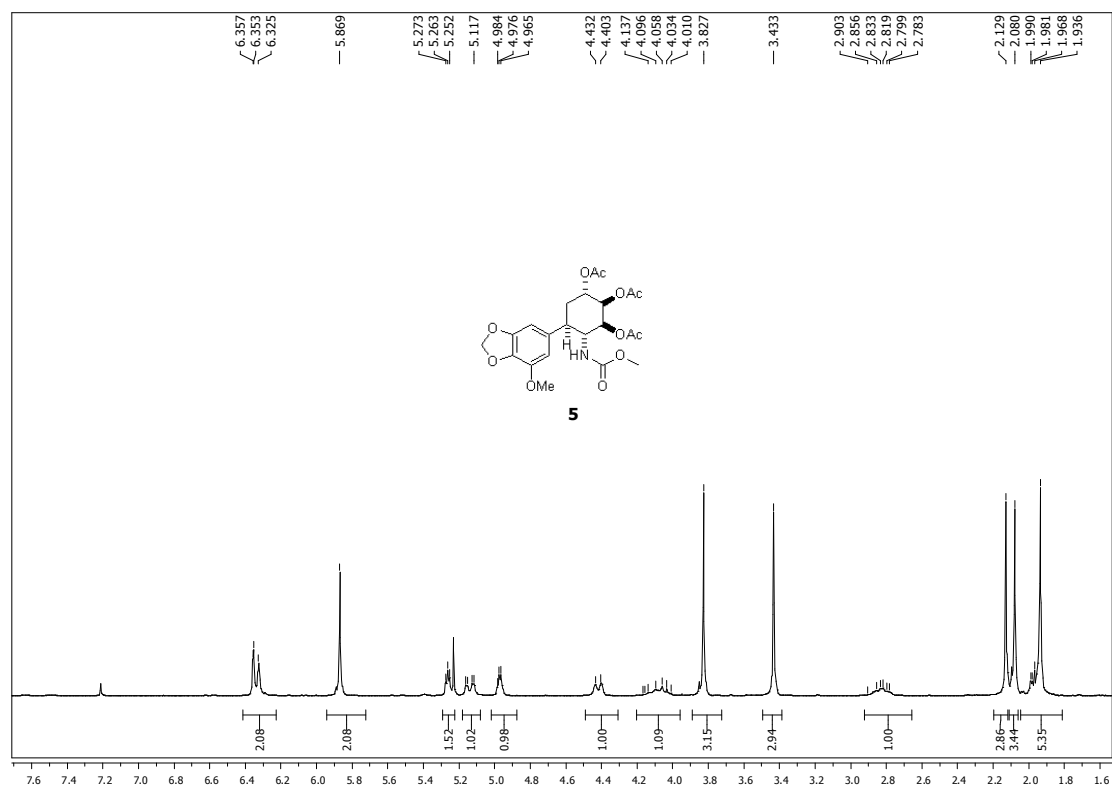




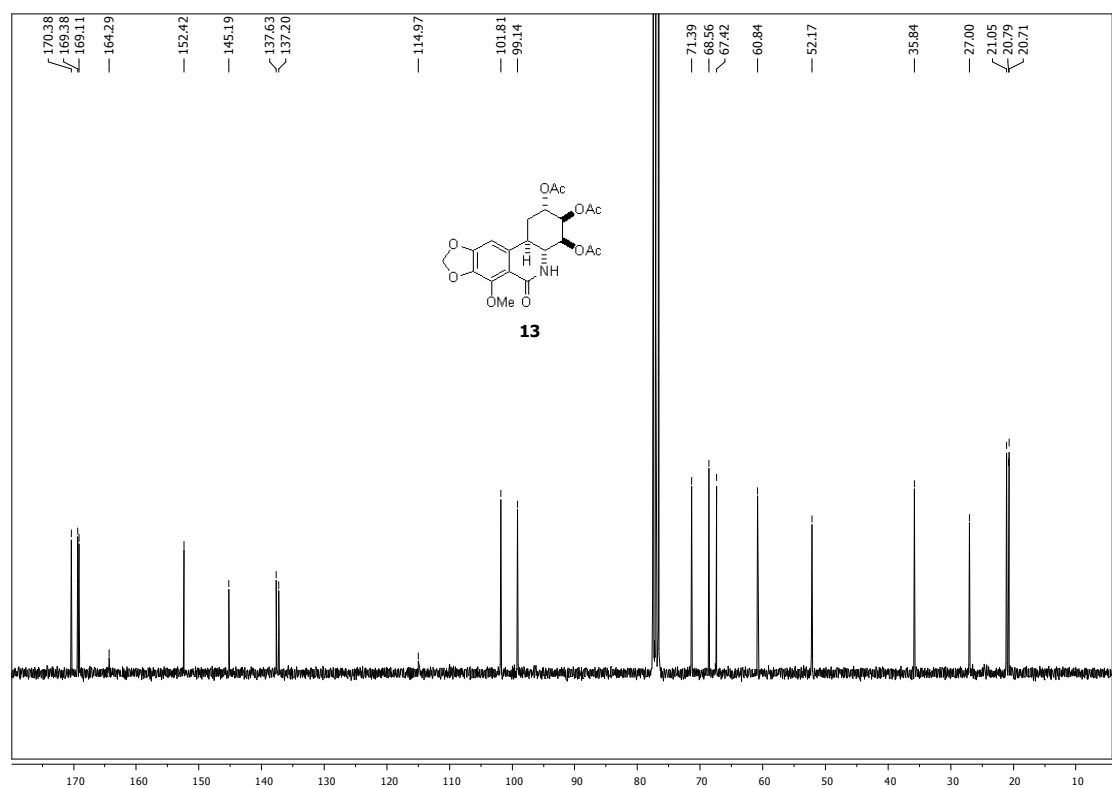
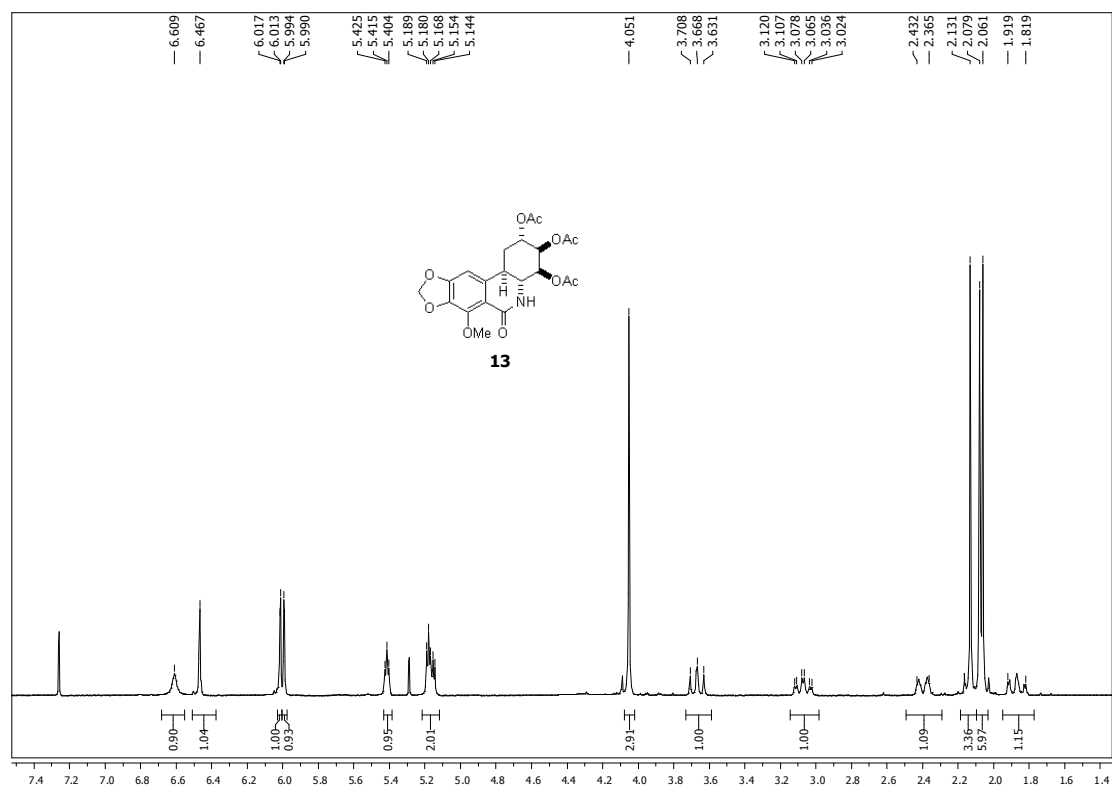
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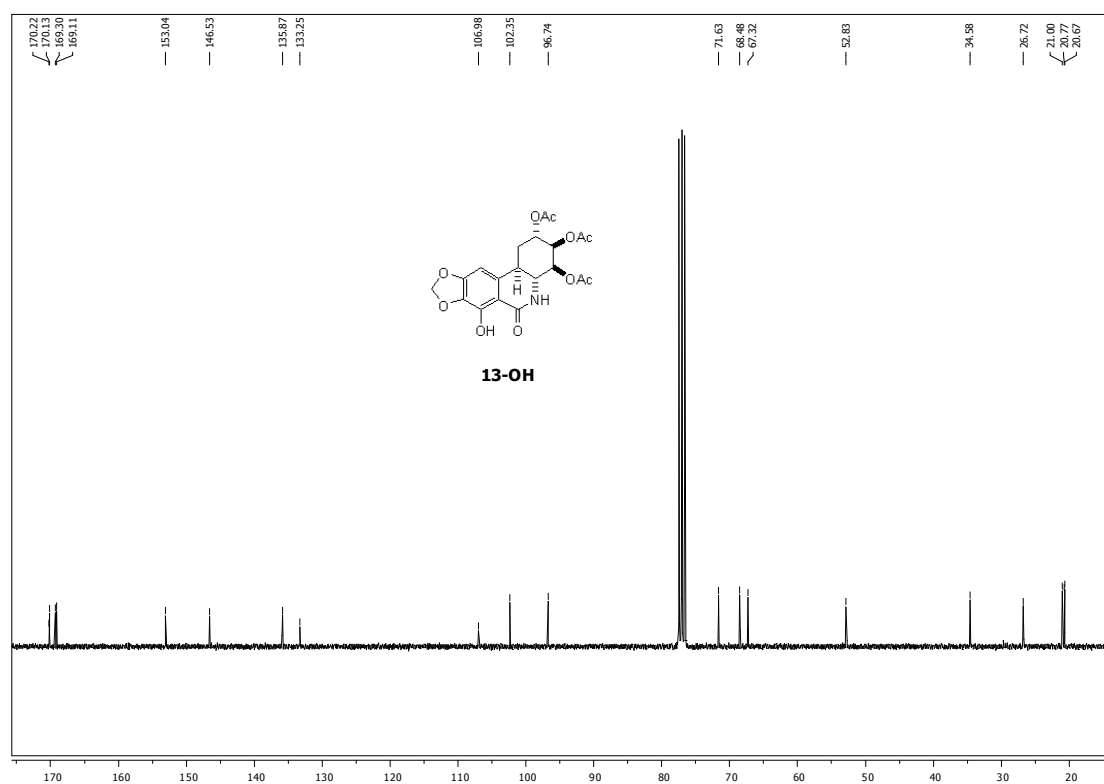
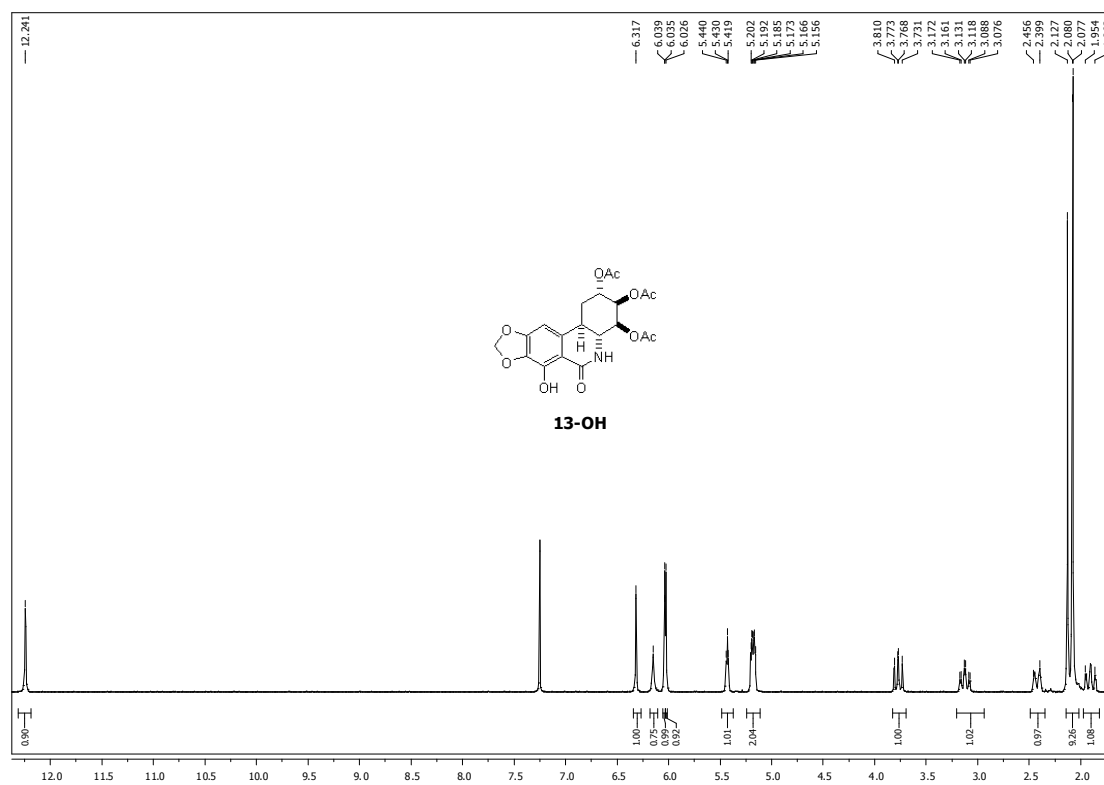
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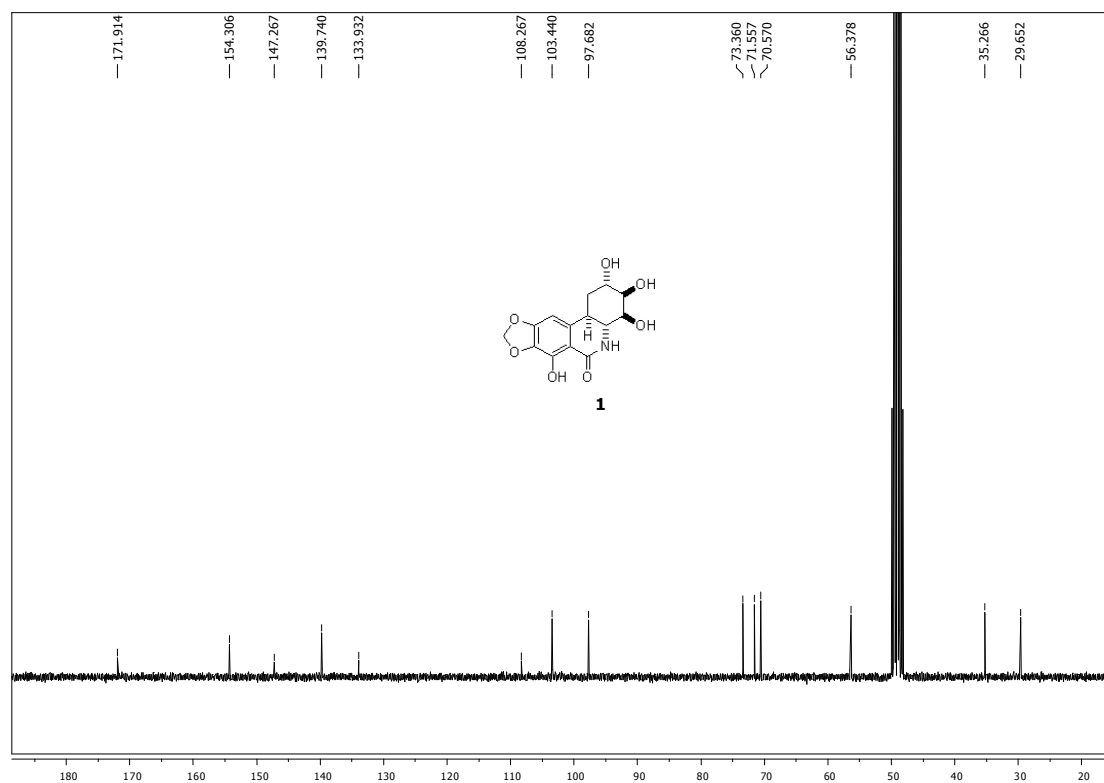
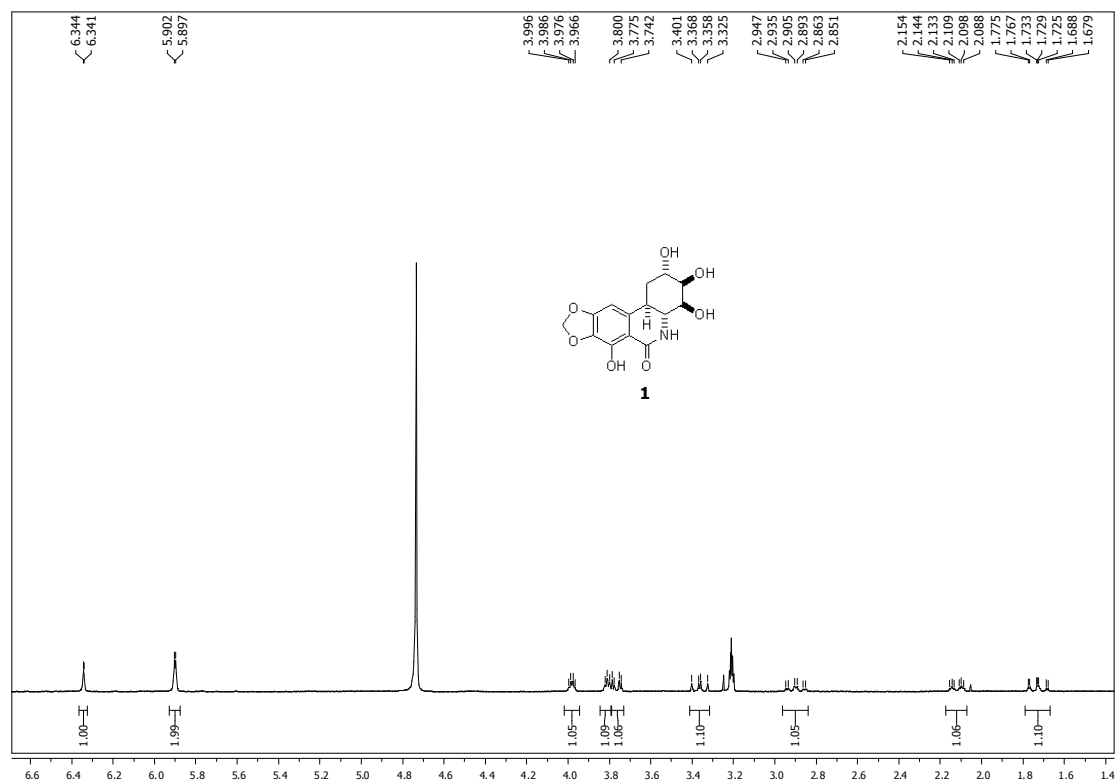
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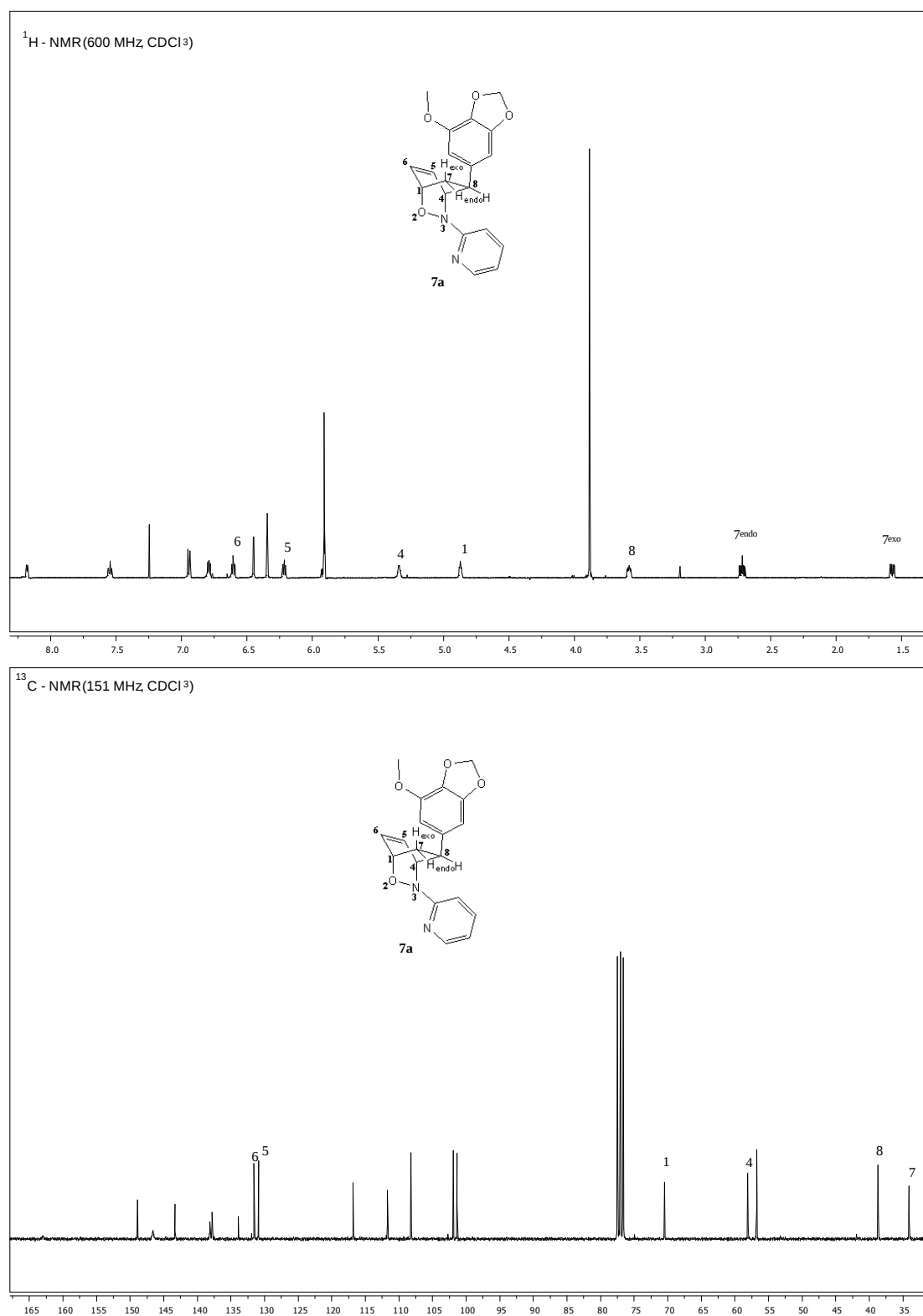
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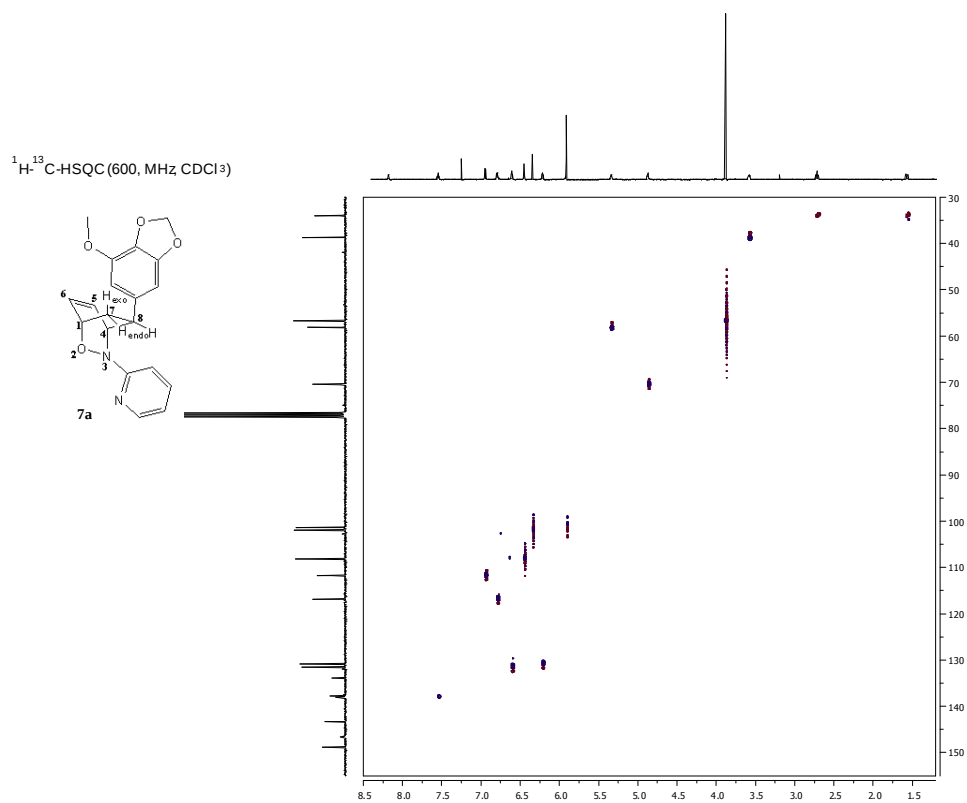
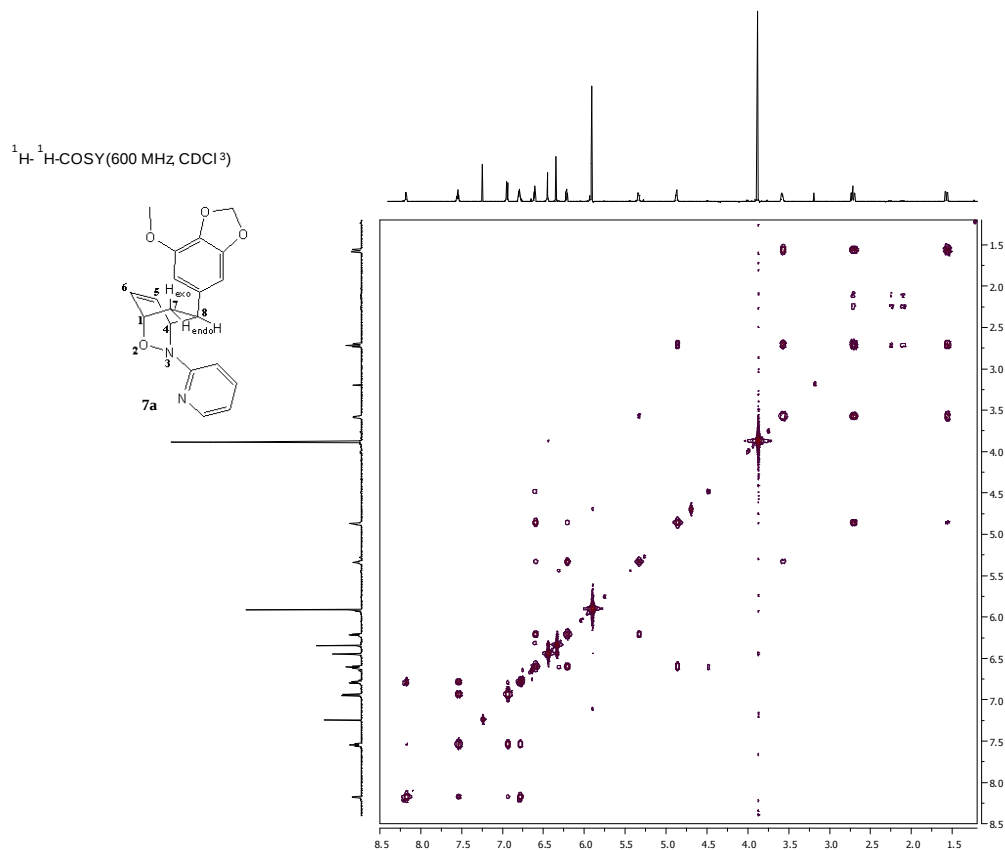


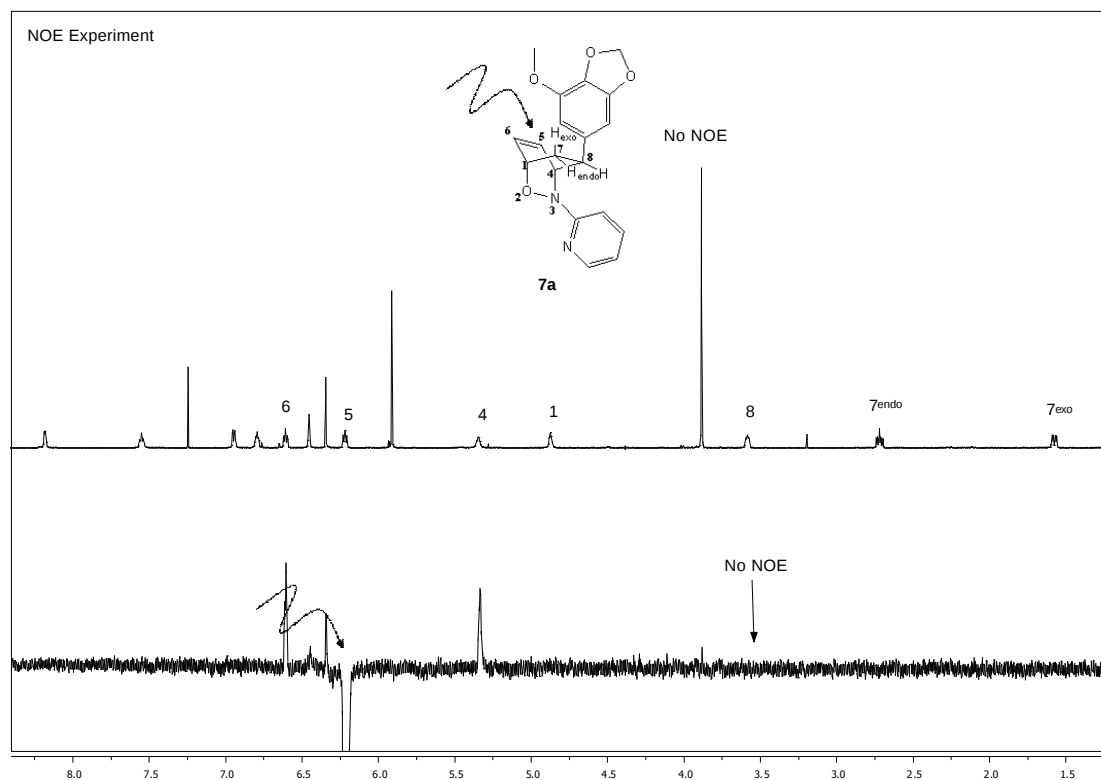
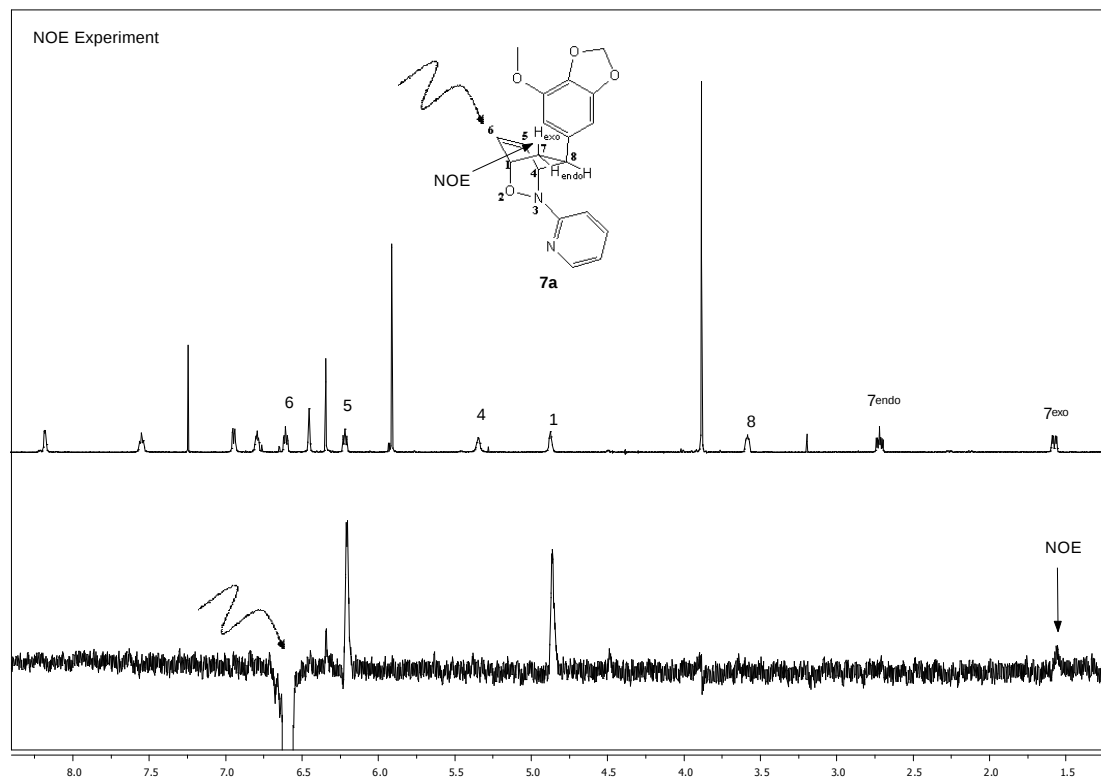
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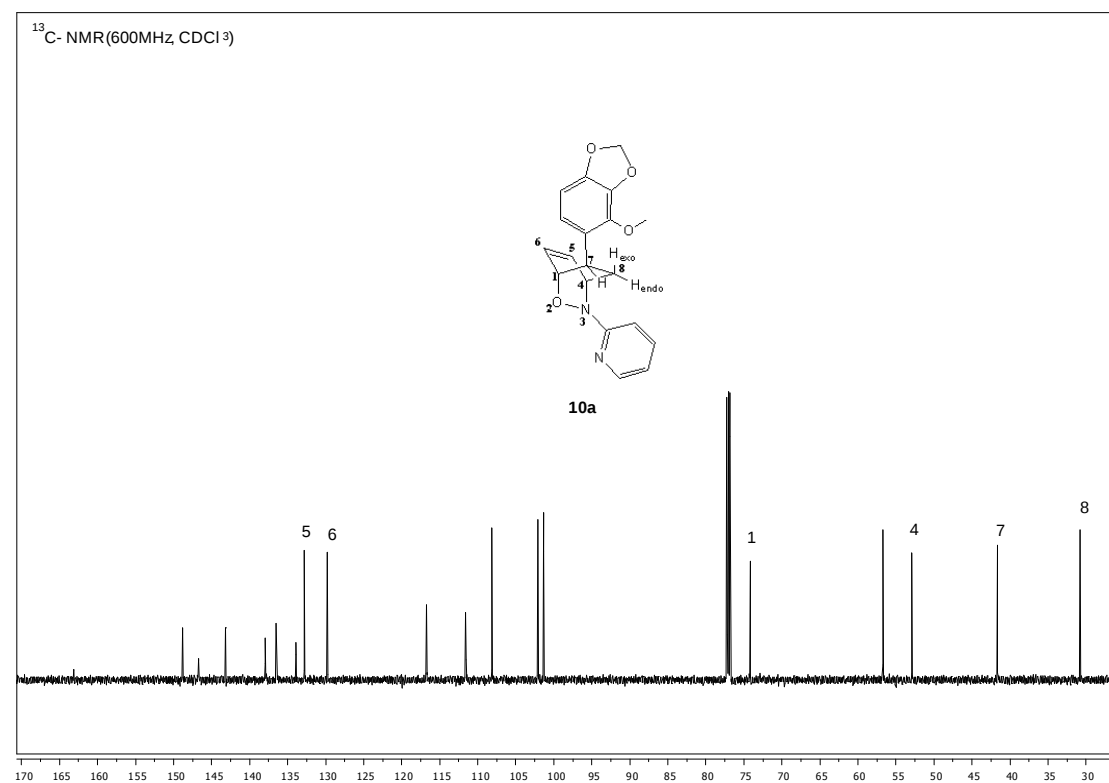
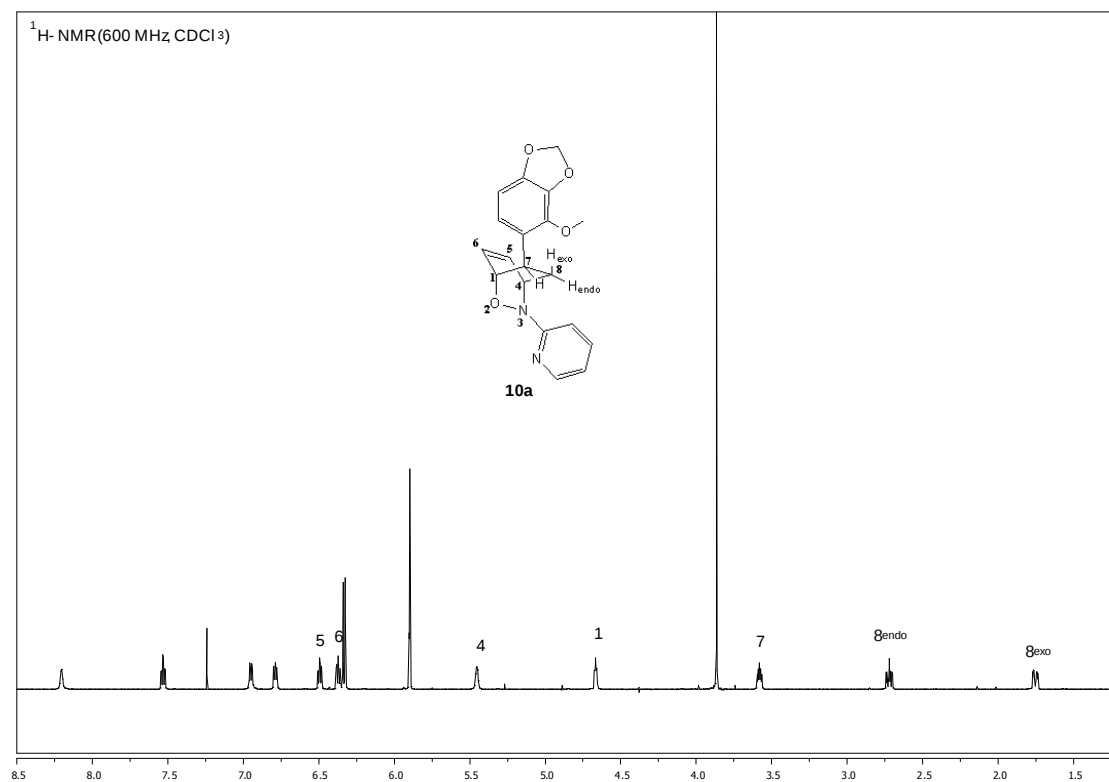


Determination of Relative Configurations

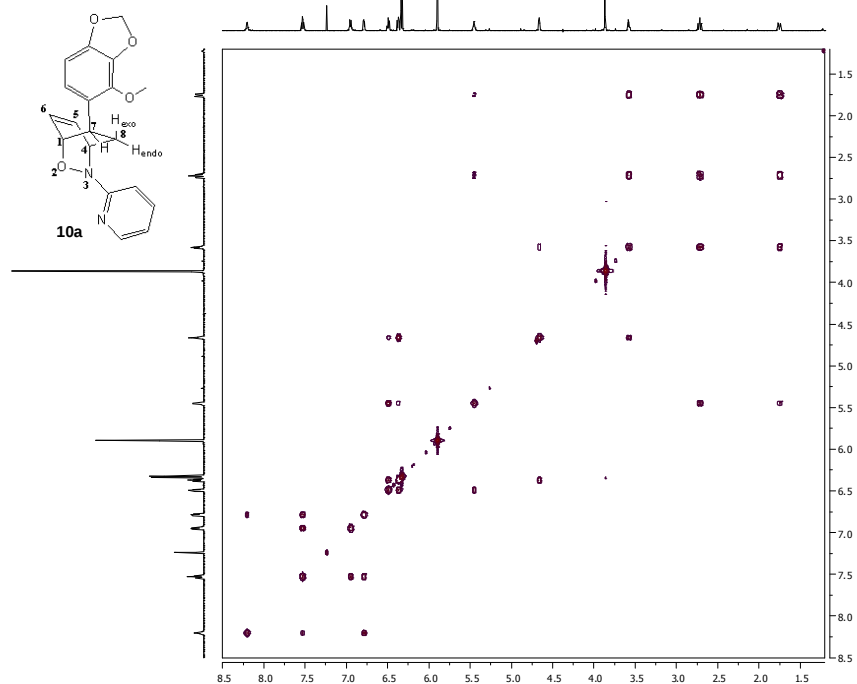




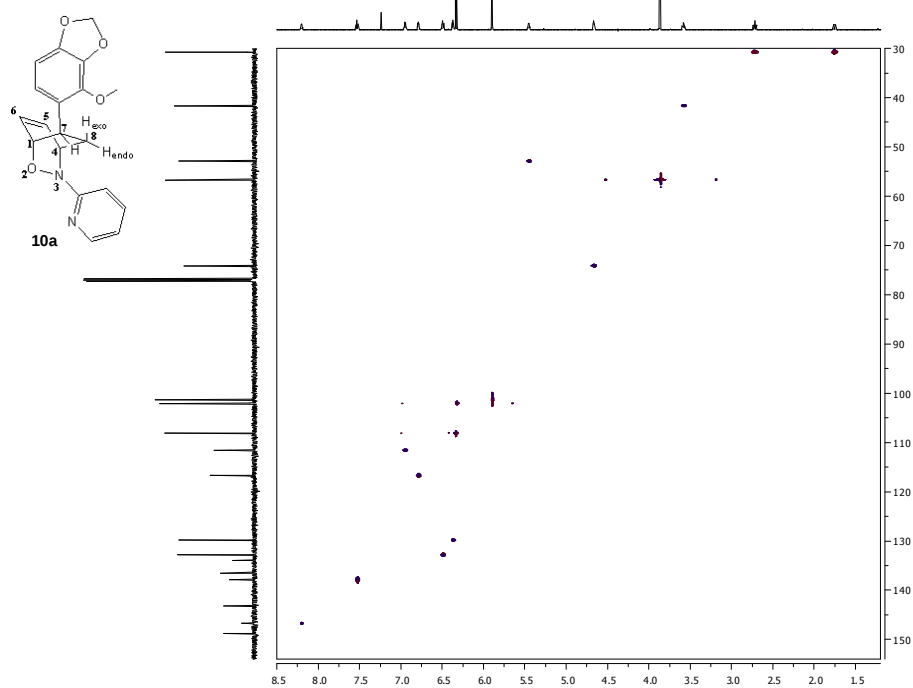


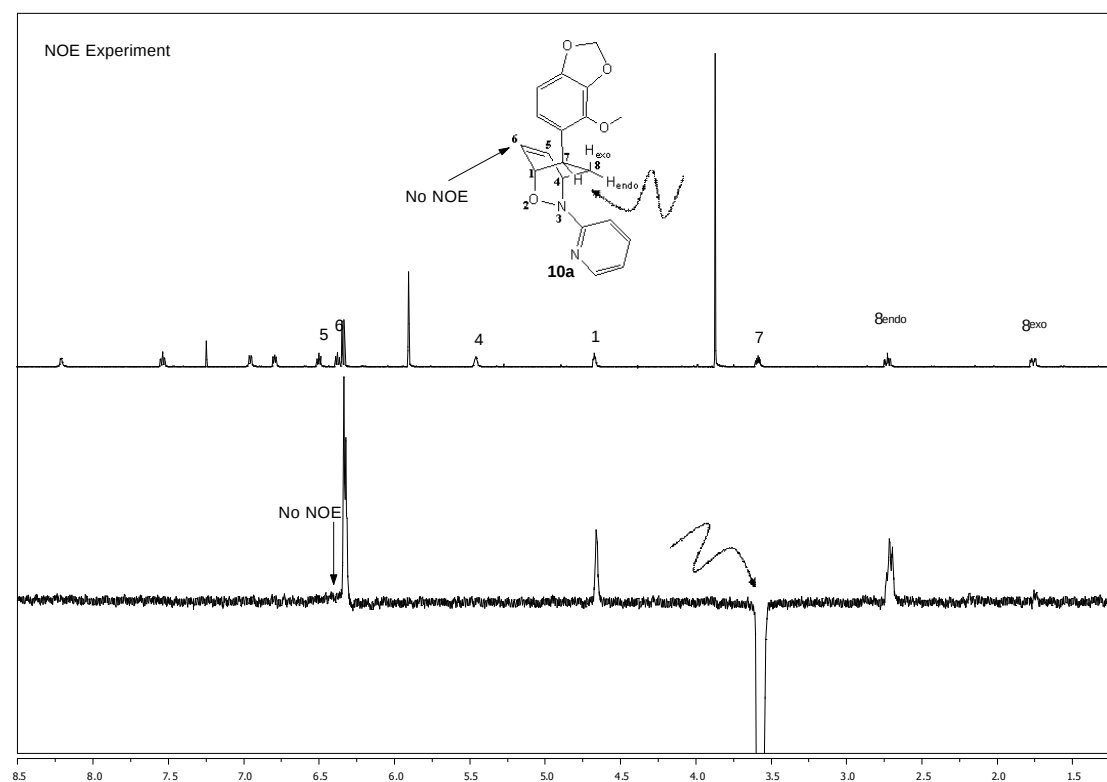
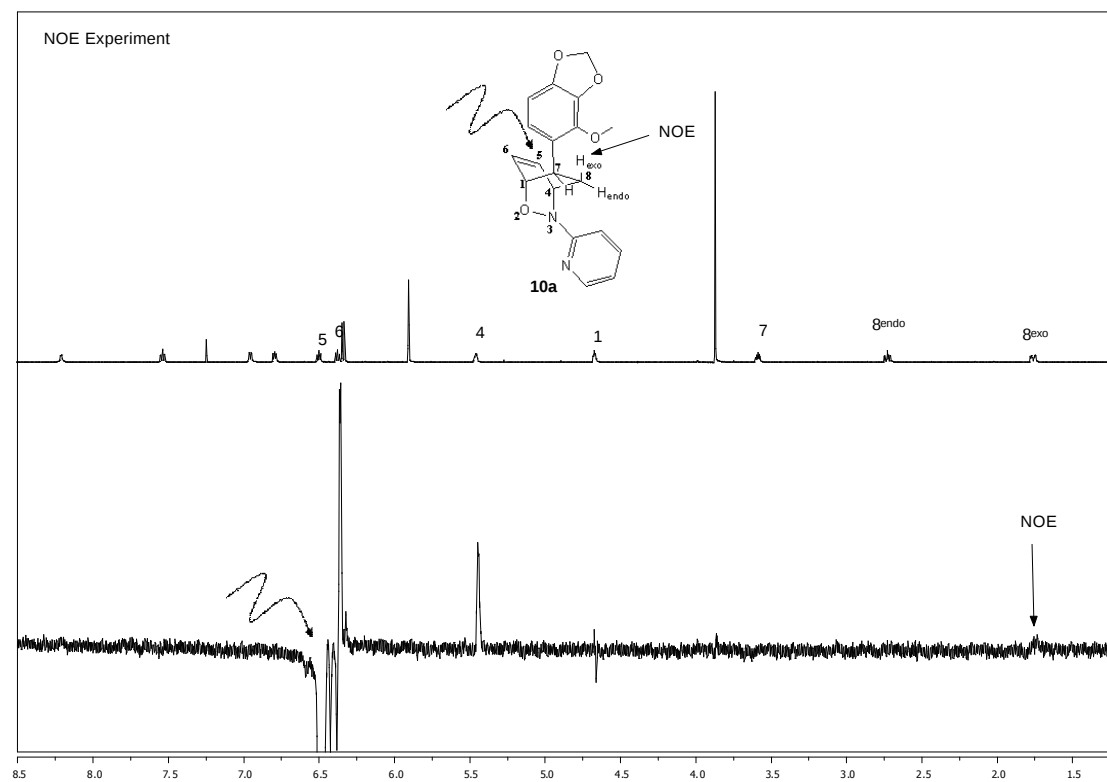


^1H - ^1H -COSY (600MHz, CDCl_3)

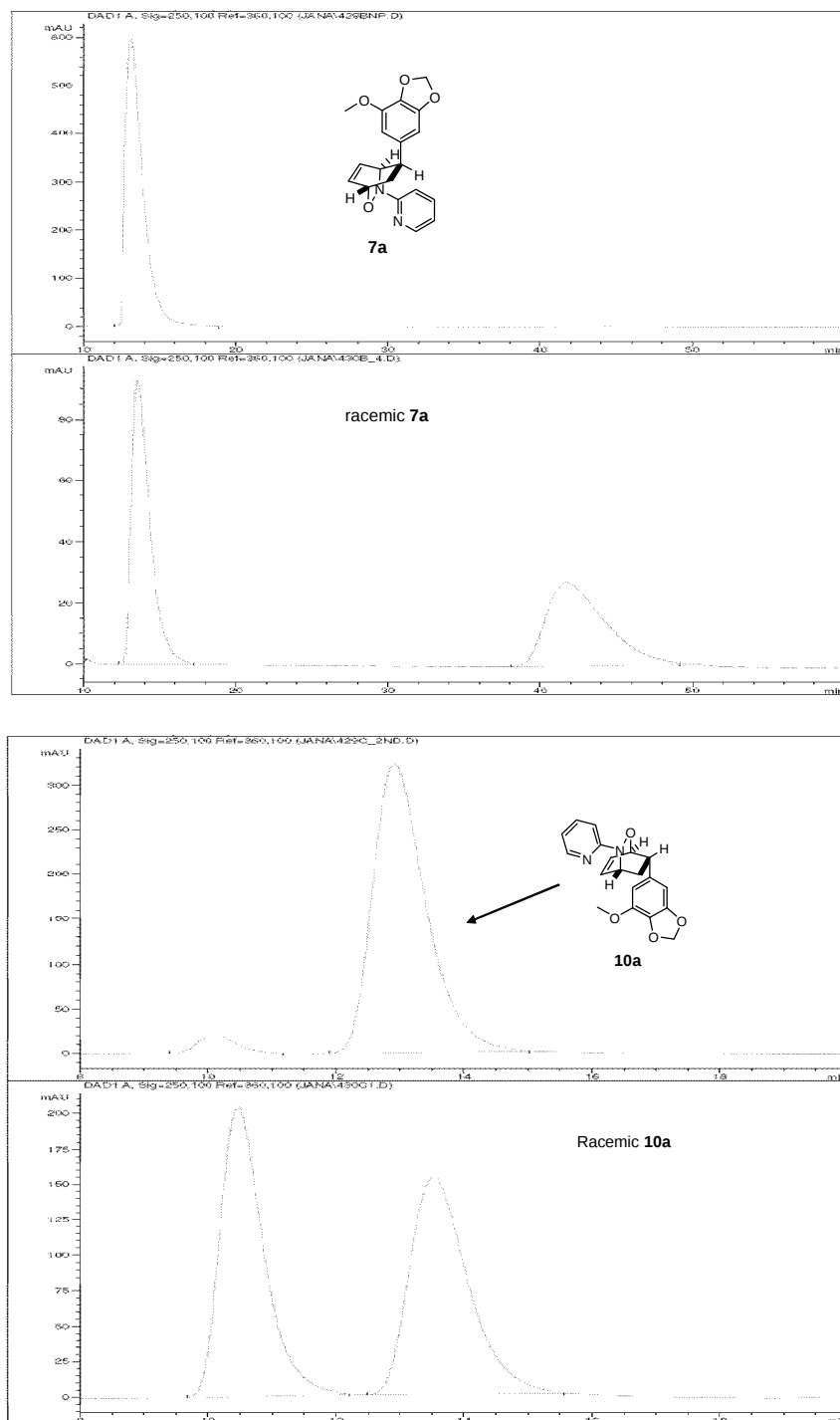


^1H - ^{13}C -HSQC (600 MHz, CDCl_3)





HPLC Traces



Total Synthesis of (+)-trans-Dihydronarciclasine via a Catalytic Enantioselective Regiodivergent Nitroso Diels-Alder Reaction

