

**Supporting Information** 

© Copyright Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, 69451 Weinheim, 2007

# Efficient and General One-Pot Synthesis of Diaryliodonium Triflates: Optimization, Scope and Limitations

Marcin Bielawski, Mingzhao Zhu and Berit Olofsson\*

Department of Organic Chemistry, Arrhenius Laboratory, Stockholm University, SE-106 91 Stockholm, Sweden.

berit@organ.su.se

# SUPPORTING INFORMATION

1. Optimization studies	S2-S3
2. Reaction conditions for synthesis of salts <b>3</b>	S4-S5
3. Analytical data of diaryliodonium salts 3	S6-S13
3. Limitations to the developed protocol	S13-S14
4. References	S14
5. NMR spectra of diaryliodonium salts 3	S15-S70

# **1** Optimization studies

#### 1.1 The use of mCPBA and TfOH to synthesize 3a.

Stoichiometric amounts of all components resulted in a sluggish reaction (Table S1, entry 1). No iodobenzene could be recovered, which is indicative of a working oxidation process but inefficient EAS. In order to increase the reaction rate of the EAS step, 2 equiv TfOH was employed, which indeed resulted in a much faster formation of **3a** (entries 2, 3). An increase of *m*CPBA to 2 equivalents instead resulted in decreased yield (entry 4), which could be due to over-oxidation to iodine(V). The amount of benzene (**2a**) also had an impact on the reaction outcome, as depicted in entries 5, 6. Increasing the temperature considerably reduced the reaction time, delivering **3a** in good yields after 3 h at 40 °C (entry 7) or 10 min at 80 °C (entry 8). Pleasingly, the use of 3 equiv. of TfOH delivered **3a** in 89% yield (entry 9).

A subsequent temperature study with the optimized conditions revealed that the reaction is much faster than we had anticipated (Table S2). Thus, the reaction was complete within 10 min at temperatures down to -50 °C, and 0 °C or rt was deemed to be the most convenient temperature for further reactions. Control experiments with 2 equiv. TfOH showed that the reactivity is considerably decreased with less acid (Table S1, entries 10, 11).

Changing the solvent to  $Et_2O$ , CHCl<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>3</sub>CN resulted in decreased yields (entries 12-14), whereas changes in concentration were less important (entries 15-17). We subsequently investigated whether TfOH was needed in the oxidation or only mediated the EAS step. Thus, iodobenzene, *m*CPBA and benzene were reacted in the absence of TfOH, which indeed gave a slow oxidation but no salt formation (entry 18). Purification by flash chromatography in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH instead of precipitation gave **3a** in slightly reduced yield (entry 19).

		+	mCPBA, TfOH, CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>		OTF	
Entry	1: <b>7</b> a	a 2a	TFOU	3a T (°C)	Time	Viold
Entry	2a (equiv.)	(equiv.)	(equiv.)	I ( C)	Time	$(\%)^{[b]}$
1	1.1	1.1	1.1	rt	18 h	5
2	1.1	1.1	1.5	rt	2.5 h	61
3	1.1	1.1	2	rt	18 h	68
4	1.1	2	2	rt	18 h	60
5	2	1.1	2	rt	18 h	75
6	5	1.1	2	rt	21 h	82
7	1.1	1.1	2	40	3 h	83
8	1.1	1.1	2	80	10 min	73
9	1.1	1.1	3	80	10 min	89
10	1.1	1.1	2	rt	10 min	58
11	1.1	1.1	2	0	10 min	56
12 <sup>[c]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	5
13 <sup>[d]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	66
14 <sup>[e]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	_[i]
15 <sup>[f]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	84
16 <sup>[g]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	91
17 <sup>[h]</sup>	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	52
18	1.1	1.1	0	0	10 min	_[j]
19	1.1	1.1	3	0	10 min	79 <sup>[k]</sup>

Table S1: Optimization of reaction conditions for synthesis of salt 3a.<sup>[a]</sup>

<sup>[a]</sup> Reaction conditions: **1a** (1.0 equiv., 0.23 mmol), **2a** and mCPBA were dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (1 mL), TfOH was added dropwise at 0 °C (or tabulated temp. if lower) and the reaction was stirred at the indicated temperature and

time. <sup>[b]</sup> Isolated yield. <sup>[c]</sup> In Et<sub>2</sub>O. <sup>[d]</sup> In CHCl<sub>3</sub>. <sup>[e]</sup> In CH<sub>3</sub>CN. <sup>[f]</sup> In CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL). <sup>[g]</sup> In CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.5 mL). <sup>[h]</sup> No solvent was used. <sup>[i]</sup> No precipitation. <sup>[j]</sup> To see if the oxidation took place, see text. <sup>[k]</sup> Isolated by flash chromatography.

+

Ph<sub>2</sub>l<sup>+</sup> ⁻OTf

+	mCPBA, TfOH, CH₂Cl₂	
1a 2a		3a
Entry	<b>T</b> (°C)	Yield (%) <sup>[b]</sup>
1	-78	38
2	-50	87
3	-25	87
4	0	91
5	rt	92
6	40	91
7	50	90
8	60	90
9	70	90
10	80	89
11	90	89

Table S2: Temperature influence on yield of 3a with optimized stoichiometry.<sup>[a]</sup>

<sup>[a]</sup> Reaction conditions: *m*CPBA (65% active oxidant, 66 mg, 0.25 mmol) and iodobenzene (**1a**, 0.23 mmol) were dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (1 mL) in a sealed tube. Benzene (**2a**, 0.25 mmol) was added and the solution was cooled to 0 °C for reactions run at/over 0 °C; in the others at the tabulated temperature, followed by dropwise addition of TfOH (62 µL, 0.69 mmol). The reaction was stirred at the indicated temperature for 10 min. <sup>[b]</sup> Isolated yield.

#### 1.2 Synthesis of diaryliodonium salts directly from arenes and iodine.

Direct application of the previously optimized reaction conditions but with 3 equiv. mCPBA<sup>[1]</sup> indeed resulted in formation of salt **3a** (Table S3, entry 1). The use of 4 equivalents of *m*CPBA improved the conversion, and resulted in a clean formation of salt **3a** in 60 % yield (entry 6). The yield could be improved by prolonged reaction time or using an excess of benzene, as depicted in entries 7, 10. When the temperature was increased to 80 °C, a reaction time of 10 min was sufficient to give **3a** in 93% yield (entry 13). The use of substoichiometric amount of mCPBA, with the aim of using only one iodine atom in the reaction, proved inferior and delivered **3a** in only 33% yield (entry 21).<sup>[2]</sup>

Table S3. Synthesis of diaryliodonium salts directly from arenes.<sup>[a]</sup>

PhH +  $I_2$  *m*CPBA

2a		IfOH, C	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	3a			
Entry	2a (equiv.)	<i>m</i> CPBA (equiv)	TfOH (equiv.)	T (°C)	Time	<b>Yield</b> (%) <sup>[b]</sup>	
1	4.1	3	4	rt	10 min	45	
2	4.1	3	4	rt	12 h	58	
3	4.1	3	4	rt	20 h	61	
4	4.1	4	3	rt	16 h	13	
5	4.1	3	6	rt	10 min	92	
6	4.1	4	4	rt	2 h	60	
7	4.1	4	4	rt	21 h	72	
8	4.1	4	4	rt	10 min	41	
9	10	4	4	rt	10 min	64	
10	10	4	4	rt	22 h	81	
11	10	4	4	40	10 min	75	
12	4.1	3	4	60	10 min	92 (87)	

13	4.1	3	4	80	10 min	93 (80)
14	4.1	3	3	80	10 min	46
15	10	3	4	80	10 min	85 (78)
16	4.1	4	4	80	10 min	78
17	10	4	4	80	10 min	76
18 <sup>[c]</sup>	10	3	3	80	10 min	(51)
19 <sup>[c]</sup>	10	4	4	80	10 min	(66)
20 <sup>[c]</sup>	10	6	6	80	10 min	(72)
21	4.1	2.1	3	rt	22 h	33

<sup>[a]</sup> Reaction conditions: *m*CPBA (65% active oxidant) and iodine were dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  in a sealed tube. Benzene (**2a**) was added and the solution was cooled to 0 °C for reactions run at/over 0 °C; in the others at the tabulated temperature, followed by dropwise addition of TfOH. <sup>[b]</sup> Isolated yield. () are isolated by flash chromatography.

# 2 Reaction conditions for the synthesis of salts 3

#### **General experimental conditions**

NMR spectra were recorded using DMSO- $d_6$ , CDCl<sub>3</sub> or MeOD- $d_4$  as solvent. DMSO- $d_6$  was used in most cases, as all iodonium salts were soluble in this solvent. Chemical shifts are given in ppm relative to TMS for CDCl<sub>3</sub>, the residual peak of DMSO (<sup>1</sup>H NMR  $\delta$  2.50, <sup>13</sup>C NMR 39.52) or MeOD (<sup>1</sup>H NMR  $\delta$  3.31, <sup>13</sup>C NMR 49.00) as internal standard, with multiplicity (s=singlet, d=doublet, t=triplet, q=quartet, m=multiplet, br=broad, app=apparent), integration and coupling constants (Hz). In the IR spectra, only the strongest/structurally most important peaks are listed. The reactions were carried out in sealed tubes to allow for reaction temperatures above the boiling point of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The reactions were run without precaution to avoid moisture or air, *i.e.* without protective gas or dried solvent. TfOH (≥99%) was stored under argon atmosphere. The percentage of active oxidizing agent in *m*CPBA was determined by iodometric titration.<sup>[3]</sup> All other chemicals were used as received without further purification. Analytical details of all novel salts are given in the supporting information.

General synthetic procedures are given in the Experimental part. Tables S4 and S5 give details on reaction times and temperatures, which have not been optimized for each product but roughly anticipated from the electronic properties of the substrates. The reactions were generally performed with 2 equiv. triflic acid, unless this resulted in byproduct formation. Flash chromatography was performed with a  $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$  gradient from 50:1 to 10:1.

		. 1	<u>п</u>	ηCPBA,		l <mark>+ <sup>−</sup></mark> OTf	
		Ar'-I + Ai	r <sup>2</sup> -H Tf	OH, CH <sub>2</sub> Cl	2 Ar <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>2</sup>	
		1	2			3	
Entry	<b>Ar</b> <sup>1</sup> <b>I</b>	Ar <sup>2</sup> H	TfOH	T (°C)	Time	Product	Yield
			(equiv)				(%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1	<b>1</b> a	2a	3	rt	10 min	<b>3</b> a	92
2	1a	2b	2	80	2 h	<b>3</b> b	85
3	<b>1</b> a	2c	3	rt	22 h	3c	71 <sup>[b]</sup>
4	<b>1</b> a	<b>2d</b>	3	rt	17 h	<b>3</b> d	57 <sup>[b]</sup>
5	<b>1</b> a	<b>2e</b>	3	rt	1 h	<b>3e</b>	92 <sup>[b]</sup>
6	1a	<b>2f</b>	2	0	10 min	<b>3f</b>	85
7	<b>1</b> a	2g	2	0 <b>→</b> rt	1 h	3g	86
8	<b>1</b> a	2h	2	rt	3 h	3h	66

Table S4: Reaction conditions for the synthesis of salts 3 from aryl iodides and arenes.

9	<b>1</b> a	<b>2i</b>	3	0	1 h	<b>3i</b>	80
10	<b>1</b> a	2j	2	rt	1 h	3ј	78
11	<b>1</b> a	2k	2	0 <b>→</b> rt	1 h	3k':3k"1.2:1	94
12	<b>1</b> a	21	2	rt	1 h	31	83
13	<b>1</b> a	<b>2m</b>	2	rt / -78	10 + 10 min	3m	87
14	<b>1</b> a	2n	2	rt / 0	10 + 15 min	3n	82
15	1b	2a	3	0	1 h	3c	78
16	1b	<b>2c</b>	3	0	1 h	30	91
17	1b	<b>2</b> m	2	0 / -20	40 + 10 min	3р	58
18	1c	2a	3	rt	1 h	3d	65
19	1c	2d	3	rt	19 h	3q	83
20	1c	<b>2</b> m	2	rt / -20	60 + 10 min	3r	57
21	1d	2a	2	rt	10 min	<b>3</b> s	85
22	1d	2e	2	rt	24 h	3t	82
23	1d	<b>2f</b>	2	rt	10 min	<b>3</b> u	90
24	1d	2g	2	rt	1 h	3v	89
25	1d	2h	2	80	15 min	<b>3</b> w	62
26	1d	2i	2	0	1 h	3x	51 <sup>[c]</sup>
27	1d	2ј	2	rt	1 h	3у	84
28	1d	2m	3	-20	10 min	3z	56 <sup>[c]</sup>
29	<b>1e</b>	2a	3	0	45 min	<b>3</b> f	71
30	<b>1e</b>	<b>2f</b>	2	rt	10 min	3aa	52
31	1f	2a	2	rt	1 h	3g	66 <sup>[c]</sup>
32	1g	2a	2	80	15 h	3ab	85
33	1h	2a	2	80	15 h	3ac	59
34	1i	2a	2	80	15 h	3ad	63
35	1j	2a	2	0	1 h	3ae	73
36	1k	2a	3	80	2 h	3af	60
37	1k	<b>2</b> m	3	0	15 min	3ag	53

<sup>[a]</sup> Isolated yield. <sup>[b]</sup> About 5% ortho-isomer detectable by NMR. <sup>[c]</sup> Isolated by flash chromatography.

Table S5. Reaction conditions for the reaction of arenes 2 with iodine.

		mCPB.	Α,	, <mark>+</mark> <sup>−</sup> 0	Tf
4	Ar-H + $I_2$	TfOH, CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>		Ar Ar	
	2			3	
Entry	ArH /	T (°C)	Time	Product	Yield
-	(equiv)				$(\%)^{[a]}$
1 <sup>[b]</sup>	<b>2a</b> / 4.1	80	10 min	<b>3</b> a	93
2	<b>2a</b> / 10	rt	22 h	<b>3</b> a	81
3	<b>2c /</b> 10	rt	20 min	30	64
4	<b>2d</b> / 10	rt	21 h	3q	57
5	<b>2e /</b> 10	rt	12 h	3ah	71
6	<b>2f /</b> 10	rt	2 h	<b>3u:3aa</b> 3:1	52
7	<b>2f</b> / 4.1	0	1 h	<b>3u</b>	31
8	<b>2g</b> / 10	rt	10 min	3ai	78
9	<b>2h</b> / 10	rt	12 h	3aj	47
10 <sup>[b]</sup>	<b>2j / 4</b> .1	rt	1 h	3ak	52
11	<b>2o</b> / 10	rt	19 h	3al	24

<sup>[a]</sup> Isolated yield. <sup>[b]</sup> 3 equiv. mCPBA was used.

# 3 Analytical data of diaryliodonium salts 3

# **Diphenyliodonium triflate (3a):**<sup>[4-6]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + PhH in 92% yield or from PhH +  $I_2$  in 81% yield. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (4-Iodophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3b):<sup>[5,6]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + PhI in 85% yield as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (4-Bromophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3c):<sup>[6]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-BrPhI + PhH in 78% yield or from PhI + PhBr in 71% as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (4-Chlorophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3d):<sup>[6]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-ClPhI + PhH in 65% yield or from PhI + PhCl in 57% as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### (4-Fluorophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3e):<sup>[6]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + PhF in 92% yield as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (4-Methylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3f):<sup>[5,7]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + PhMe in 85% yield or from 4-MePhI + PhH in 71% yield as an offwhite solid. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR given in reference 7 is in accordance with our data, whereas the <sup>1</sup>H NMR differs. mp: 120-121 °C (lit<sup>7</sup>: 122-125 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.21 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H); IR (film): 3082, 3060, 2922, 1258, 1170, 1026 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# (4-*tert*-Butylphenyl(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3g):<sup>[6]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + Ph'Bu in 86% yield or from 4-'BuPhI + PhH in 66% as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (2,5-Dimethylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3h):<sup>[8]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + p-xylene in 66% yield as a off-white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### (2,5-Di-*tert*-butylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3i):



Synthesized from PhI and 1,4-<sup>t</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>Ph in 80% yield as a white solid. mp: 160-161 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ ):  $\delta$  8.40 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J = 8.42 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (s, 2H), 7.68 (t, 7.44 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (app. t, J = 7.80 Hz, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.34 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ ):  $\delta$  155.2, 149.2, 140.0, 135.1, 133.6, 133.3, 131.2, 130.7, 121.8 (q, J = 316.4 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^{-}$ ), 117.0, 116.0, 38.1, 35.8, 31.9, 31.2; IR (film): 2922, 1263, 1173, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>26</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 393.1074; found 393.1066.

# (2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3j):<sup>[7]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + mesitylene in 78% yield as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

# (1-Bromo-4,6-dimethylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3k') and (2,6-dimethyl-4-bromophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3k''):



Synthesized from PhI + 3,5-Me<sub>2</sub>PhBr in 94% yield as a regioisomeric mixture. Ratio **3k':3k''** = 1.2:1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ ): **3k'**: 8.08 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.71-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1 H), 7.57-7.51 (m, 2 H), 7.38 (s, 1 H), 2.78 (s, 3 H), 2.37 (s, 3 H). **3k''**:  $\delta$  7.96 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.71-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.63 (s, 2 H), 7.57-7.51 (m, 2 H), 2.70 (s, 6 H).

# (4-Acetoaminophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3l):<sup>[8]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + acetanilide in 83% yield as a white solid. mp: 175-177 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  10.30 (br, 1 H), 8.18 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.0 Hz, 2 H), 8.16 (d, J = 9.0 Hz,

2 H), 7.69 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.65 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.52 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 2.06 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  169.1, 142.6, 136.3, 134.8, 131.9, 131.7, 121.4, 116.8, 107.7, 24.1; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  -77.7; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 3316.7, 3183.1, 1681.1, 1530.5, 1216.8, 1182.7, 1029.3 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>INO ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 338.0036; found 338.0041.

# (4-Methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3m):<sup>[4,5,7]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + PhOMe in 87% yield. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### (2-Thienyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3n):<sup>[5,9]</sup>



Synthesized from PhI + thiophene in 82% yield. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### Bis(4-bromophenyl)iodonium triflate (30):<sup>[10-12]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-BrPhI + PhBr in 91% yield or from PhBr +  $I_2$  in 64% yield. Our analytical data match reference 11 but <sup>1</sup>H NMR is not in agreement with reference 10. mp: 203 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.17 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4 H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  138.1, 136.3, 128.8, 121.8 (q, J = 318.5 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 114.5; IR (film): 3084, 1471, 1260, 1173, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{12}H_8Br_2I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 436.8032; found 436.8041.

#### (4-Bromophenyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)iodonium triflate (3p):



Synthesized from 4-BrPhI + PhOMe in 58% yield as a grey solid. mp: 143-144 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.17 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  162.1, 137.3, 136.7, 134.5, 126.0, 120.7 (q, J = 322.1 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 117.5, 115.5, 105.6, 55.7; IR (film): 3084, 1572, 1488, 1259, 1175, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>BrOI ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 388.9032; found 388.9022.

#### Bis(4-chlorophenyl)iodonium triflate (3q):<sup>[5, 10]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-ClPhI + PhCl in 83% yield or from PhCl +  $I_2$  in 57% yield as a single regioisomer. Our analytical data are not in agreement with reference 10. mp: 181-183 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.26 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  139.8, 136.8, 132.5, 120.0 (q, J = 318 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 111.2; IR (film):

3086, 1260, 1172, 1026 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{12}H_8Cl_2I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 348.9042; found 348.9041.

#### (4-Chlorophenyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)iodonium triflate (3r):



Synthesized from 4-ClPhI + PhOMe in 57% yield as a grey solid. mp: 129-130 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.19 (app. t, J = 8.9 Hz, 4H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  162.1, 137.2, 137.1, 136.6, 131.6, 120.7 (q, J = 322.4 Hz), 117.5, 114.8, 105.6, 55.7; IR (film): ): 3087, 1572, 1488, 1258, 1175, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClOI ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 344.9538; found 344.9534.

# (2-Methylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3s):<sup>[5, 13]</sup>



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + PhH in 85% yield as an off-white solid. mp: 162-164°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.39 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ): 140.6, 137.1, 135.0, 132.9, 132.0, 131.8, 131.4, 129.3, 121.4, 120.7 (q, J = 320 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^{-}$ ), 115.9, 25.0; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{13}H_{12}I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 294.9978; found 294.9985.

(2-Methylphenyl)(4-fluorophenyl)iodonium triflate (3t):

Synthesized from 2-MePhI + PhF in 82% yield. mp: 161-162 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.27-8.30 (m, 2 H), 7.55-7.61 (m, 2 H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  163.9 (d, *J* = 351.7 Hz), 140.54, 137.9 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 137.0, 132.9, 131.5, 129.3, 121.8, 120.7 (q, *J* = 322.7 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>), 119.2 (d, *J* = 22.8 Hz), 110.0 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 25.0; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  -77.7, -106.8; IR (film): 3092.7, 3055.4, 1634.1, 1574.9, 1482.1, 1268.5, 1253.9, 1236.5, 1163.4, 1026.2 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FI ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 312.9884; found 312.9888.

#### (2-Methylphenyl)(4-methylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3u):<sup>[5, 14]</sup>



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + PhMe in 87% yield; from PhMe +  $I_2$  as a regioisomeric mixture with **3aa** (ratio **3u:3aa** 3:1) in 52% combined yield or as the single regioisomer in 31% yield. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.36 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 3H) 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  142.5, 140.5, 137.0, 135.0, 132.8, 132.4,

131.4, 129.3, 121.5, 120.7 (q, J = 321 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 112.2, 25.0, 20.8; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{14}H_{14}I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 309.0135; found 309.0140.

## (2-Methylphenyl)(4-*tert*-butylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3v):<sup>[14]</sup>



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + Ph<sup>t</sup>Bu in 89% yield as a white solid. mp: 168-170 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.52 (m, 4 H), 7.31 (app. t, 1 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 1.25 (9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  155.2, 140.5, 137.1, 134.8, 132.8, 131.4, 129.3, 128.9, 121.3, 120.7 (q, *J* = 320.3 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 119.1, 115.9, 112.3, 34.9, 30.7, 25.0; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 2971, 2907, 1259, 1173, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>20</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 351.0604; found 351.0601.

# (2-Methylphenyl)(2,5-dimethylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3w):



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + *p*-xylene in 62% yield as a white solid. mp: 140-141 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1 H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  140.6, 139.1, 137.4, 137.1, 133.4, 132.7, 131.6, 131.2, 129.3, 120.7 (q, *J* = 320.3 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 120.3, 120.2, 25.0, 24.4, 20.0; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 2925, 12578, 1173, 1036, 1027 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>16</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 323.0291; found 323.0301.

(2-Methylphenyl)(2,5-bis(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)iodonium triflate (3x):



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + 1,4-'Bu<sub>2</sub>Ph in 51% yield as a white solid. mp: 102-103 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.03 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H); 2.59 (s, 3 H), 1.55 (s, 9 H), 1.07 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  153.7, 147.4, 141.5, 137.9, 134.0, 132.5, 131.5, 130.0, 129.7, 128.8, 120.4 (q, J = 320.7 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 120.0, 112.3, 36.3, 34.6, 31.2, 30.6, 25.7; IR (film): 3085, 2965, 2873, 1596, 1480, 1460, 1260, 1157, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 407.1230; found 407.1238.

# (2-Methylphenyl)(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3y):



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + mesitylene in 84% yield as a white solid. mp: 164-166 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  7.95 (d, J = 8 Hz), 7.58-7.55 (m, 2 H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1 H), 7.21 (s, 2 H), 2.57-2.56 (m, 9 H), 2.29 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  143.0, 141.6, 140.7, 136.7, 132.4, 131.9, 129.9, 129.3, 121.8, 120.7 (q, J = 320.6 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^{-}$ ),

118.6, 26.1, 24.4, 20.4; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 2922, 1262, 1173, 1037, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{16}H_{18}I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 337.0448; found 337.0453.

## (2-Methylphenyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)iodonium triflate (3z):



Synthesized from 2-MePhI + anisole in 56% yield as a white solid. mp: 171-172 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.36 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.13 (dt, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.52-7.58 (m, 2 H), 7.28-7.32 (m, 1 H), 7.05 (dt, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.79 (s, 3 H), 2.61 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  161.9, 140.3, 137.1, 136.8, 132.7, 131.3, 129.2, 121.9, 120.7 (q, J = 322.4 Hz), 117.5, 104.8, 55.7, 24.9; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  -77.7; IR (film): 3089.5, 2924.0, 1572.9, 11488.1, 1258.8, 1175.5, 1026.5 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>IO ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 325.0084; found 325.0092.

#### **Bis(4-methylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3aa):**<sup>[5, 15]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-MePhI + toluene in 52% yield as an off-white solid. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR given in reference 15 is in accordance with our data, whereas the <sup>1</sup>H NMR differs. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 2.34 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  142.5, 135.0, 132.3, 120.7 (q, *J* = 320 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 113.0, 20.8; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 309.0135; found 309.0131.

## (4-Nitrophenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3ab):<sup>[5,6]</sup>



Synthesized from 4-NO<sub>2</sub>PhI + PhH in 85% yield as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### (4-Trifluoromethylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3ac):



Synthesized from 4-CF<sub>3</sub>PhI + PhH in 59% yield as a white solid. mp: 120-122 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ ):  $\delta$  8.37 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.24 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (app. t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ ):  $\delta$  135.7, 135.3, 133.7 (q, J = 33.0 Hz), 132.6, 132.0, 128.3 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 123.3 (q, J = 270.6 Hz), 120.4 (q, J = 316.0 Hz), 118.4, 114.8; IR (film): 3091, 1595, 1259, 1173, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>9</sub>F<sub>3</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 348.9696; found 348.9681.

# (3-Trifluoromethylphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3ad):<sup>[6]</sup>



Synthesized from  $3-CF_3PhI + PhH$  in 63% yield as a white solid. Analytical data were in agreement with previous reports.

#### (4-Carboxyphenyl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3ae):



Synthesized from 4-(COOH)PhI + PhH in 73% yield as a off-white solid. mp: 175-176 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  13.50 (s, 1H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (app. t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  166.1, 135.4, 133.9, 132.2, 132.1, 131.9, 120.8, 120.7 (q, *J* = 320.1 Hz), 116.6; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 3020 (br), 2823, 1715, 1582, 1259, 1173, 1037 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>IO<sub>2</sub> ([M – TfO–]<sup>+</sup>): 324.9720; found 324.9710.

#### (6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)(phenyl)iodonium triflate (3af):<sup>[5, 16]</sup>



Synthesized from 2-chloro-5-iodopyridine + PhH in 60% yield as a white solid. mp: 153-155 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  9.17 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.70 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  154.3, 153.4, 145.5, 135.2, 132.4, 132.0, 127.6, 120.7 (q, J = 322 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^{-}$ ), 116.9, 114.2; IR (film): 3084, 3055, 1554, 1445, 1260, 1172, 1027 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>CIIN ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 315.9384; found 315.9393.

(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)(4-methoxyphenyl)iodonium triflate (3ag):<sup>[5]</sup>



Synthesized from 2-chloro-5-iodopyridine + PhOMe in 53% yield. mp: 101-103 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  9.12 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H) 3.80 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  162.2, 154.0, 153.2, 145.3, 137.3, 127.5, 120.7 (q, J = 321 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 117.7, 114.6, 105.7, 55.8; IR (film): 3090, 3047, 1572, 1443, 1258, 1172, 1026 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>10</sub>CIINO ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 345.9490; found 345.9501.

#### **Bis(4-fluorophenyl)iodonium triflate (3ah):**<sup>[10]</sup>



Synthesized from PhF + I<sub>2</sub> in 71% yield. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR given in reference 10 is in accordance with our data, whereas the <sup>1</sup>H NMR differs. mp: 101 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  8.26-8.21 (m, 4 H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  166.5 (d, *J* = 255.5 Hz), 139.3 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 121.8 (q, *J* = 318.6 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 120.6 (d, *J* = 23.1 Hz), 110.2 (*J* = 2.3 Hz); IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 2977, 2920, 1636, 1260, 1174, 1036 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>8</sub>F<sub>2</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 316.9633; found 316.9632.

#### **Bis**(4-*tert*-butylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3ai):<sup>[4, 10]</sup>



Synthesized from *t*-butylbenzene +  $I_2$  in 78% yield. The NMR data given in reference 10 are not accordance with our data. mp: 153-155 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.90 (dt, J =

8.9, 2.5 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (dt, J = 8.9, 2.5 Hz, 4H), 1.29 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  156.5, 134.9, 129.6, 120.2 (q, J = 320.5 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 109.4, 35.2, 30.9; IR (film): 2966, 2907, 2871, 1643, 1254, 1163, 1030 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>26</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 393.1074; found 393.1066.

#### Bis(2,5-dimethylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3aj):



Synthesized from p-xylene + I<sub>2</sub> in 43% yield. mp: 173-175 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.74 (m, 2 H), 7.33 (m, 4 H), 2.56 (s, 6 H), 2.34 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  140.3, 138.0, 136.8, 134.2, 131.8, 120.3 (q, *J* = 320.9 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 116.9, 24.9, 20.6; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -78.4; IR (film): 2924, 1645, 1271, 1159, 1030 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>18</sub>I ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 337.0448; found 337.0444.

**Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)iodonium triflate (3ak):**<sup>[12, 14]</sup>



Synthesized from mesitylene +  $I_2$  in 24% yield. mp: 187-188 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.04 (s, 4 H), 2.50 (s, 12 H), 2.32 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  143.80, 142.2, 130.9, 120.4 (q, J = 320.3 Hz,  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ), 117.2, 26.1, 20.9; IR (CHCl<sub>3</sub>): 2925, 1636, 1453, 1256, 1166, 1030 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for  $C_{18}H_{22}I$  ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 365.0761; found 365.0757.

Bis(2,4-dimethyl-5-nitrophenyl)iodonium triflate (3al):<sup>[5]</sup>



Synthesized from 2,4-Me<sub>2</sub>-nitrobenzene + I<sub>2</sub> in 24% yield as a single regioisomer. mp: 200-202 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  9.10 (s, 2H), 7.70 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 6H), 2.53 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  147.5, 146.4, 137.9, 135.1, 132.9, 120.7 (q, *J* = 320 Hz, *C*F<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), 117.4, 24.7, 19.6; IR (film): 3095, 1523, 1342, 1261, 1173, 1024 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> ([M – TfO<sup>-</sup>]<sup>+</sup>): 427.0149; found 427.0145.

# 4 Limitations to the developed protocol



Scheme 1. Arenes that gave no or poor yield of the desired iodonium salts with iodobenzene.



Scheme 2. Aryl iodide and arene combinations that gave no or poor yield of the desired iodonium salts.



Scheme 3: Substrates that gave no or poor yield in reactions with iodine.

#### References

[1] Complete transformation of iodine to two iodine(III) molecules would require 3 equivalents of mCPBA.

[2] Iodobenzene was detected in reactions with short reaction time, supporting the assumption that iodobenzene is an intermediate in the reaction.

[3] A. I. Vogel, B. S. Furniss, A. J. Hannaford, V. Rogers, P. W. G. Smith, A. R. Tatchell, *Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*. 1978; p 1280 pp.

- [4] Commercially available.
- [5] M. Bielawski, B. Olofsson, *Chem. Commun.* **2007**, 2521-2523.
- [6] M. D. Hossain, T. Kitamura, *Tetrahedron* **2006**, *62*, 6955-6960.
- [7] T. Kitamura, J. Matsuyuki, K. Nagata, R. Furuki, H. Taniguchi, Synthesis 1992, 945-946.
- [8] P. Kazmierczak, L. Skulski, Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn. 1997, 70, 219-224.
- [9] D. Bykowski, R. Mcdonald, R. J. Hinkle, R. R. Tykwinski, J. Org. Chem. 2002, 67, 2798-2804.
- [10] M. D. Hossain, T. Kitamura, J. Org. Chem. 2006, 71, 9903-9905.
- [11] J. Ermert, C. Hocke, T. Ludwig, R. Gail, H. H. Coenen, J Label Compd Radiopharm 2004, 47, 429-441.
- [12] P. J. Stang, V. V. Zhdankin, R. Tykwinski, N. S. Zefirov, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1991**, *32*, 7497-7498.
- [13] M. A. Carroll, V. W. Pike, D. A. Widdowson, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2000**, *41*, 5393-5396.
- [14] A. Shah, V. W. Pike, D. A. Widdowson, J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 1997, 2463-2465.
- [15] J. L. Dektar, N. P. Hacker, J. Org. Chem. **1990**, 55, 639-647.
- [16] V. K. Aggarwal, B. Olofsson, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2005, 44, 5516-5519; ) B. Olofsson, V. K.

Aggarwal, Proc. 2nd Int. Conf. on Hypervalent Iodine 2006, 47-50.

#### 5 NMR spectra of diaryliodonium salts 3























100 MHz MeOD




















				O=S=O				
			Br	3p	OTf			
162.07	137.25	125.99 122.28 117.52	105.57	100 MHz DMSO	55.72	40.15 39.94 39.73 39.72 39.71 39.71		
						1 . La . J ao Just Johnson Jakowa Jawa	والمراجع	yk zenten de welch nij
170 160	150 140 13	30 120 1	аналанан алараан 10 100	hy na an	иненали солоновани и области политично протитично 70 60 5	<b>50</b> 40	30 20	ppm











	<b>190</b>	180	<b>170</b>	160	<b>150</b>	140	<b>130</b>	<b>120</b>	110	100	<b>90</b>	 80	<b>70</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>40</b>	30	<b>20</b>	10	<b>0</b>	ppm
Ale Prostantin and a second second second				LL										L							
	   16	•••••••••• 	155		<b></b>	45	140	 13	 5	130	125	1	.20	115		mqq					
												1						1 D	00 MH MSO-	−lz ∙d <sub>6</sub>	
100	16						14	13	13			12				11	(		3t		F
· 1 · 1	2.60						0.5 7.9	7.8 6.9	- 7 - 0 - 0	- 0  		2.2	9.7 9.1		0.0	0.0			+ ~ ~	$\wedge$	









1						
210						
200						
190						
180						
170						
160						
150						- 140.604
140						- 139.109 - 137.380 - 137.095 - 133.396
130						132.710 131.577 131.165
120						129.283 125.489 122.288
110						120.316 120.248 119.088
) 10(						<u> </u>
0 90 1 1 1 1						
) 8( t						
) 7(						
0 6						
5						
0 4		_				
0 3						
0 2	<u> </u>					24.977
20						19.996
10						
0			ω		$\langle  \rangle$	
-10 pp			¥	00 I MSO		Đ <sub>∏</sub> ¶
ä 1	1			МНz		no-N-O Ω-N-O
				_	$\langle \rangle$	_

























	166.123	135.350 133.867 132.243 132.243 132.243 132.286 122.282 122.282 119.081 116.574			$ \begin{array}{c} CF_{3}\\ O=S=O\\ O\\ O\\ O\\ \end{array} $	
						¥0 0H
					100 MHz DMSO	0.1
					3ae	
210 200 190 180 17	0 160 150	140 130 120	 80 70	 .0 30 2	0 10 0 ppm	



















1						1										100 M CDC	IHz I <sub>3</sub>	
145	140	135	130	125	120	ppm	30	28	26 2	24 22	20	18	ppm					
						I												
200 1	90 18	30 17	0 160	150	140	130	 110	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	pp

26.053

Т

20.862

Т

TfO +

3ak

118.842 117.217

122.022

130.902

143.800 142.182

ı.

