

## Supporting Information

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**Supporting Information for**  
**Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed Highly Efficient Cycloisomerizations of Alkynes Bearing**  
**Bis(acetoxy) Groups to Indenyl Ketones**

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Contents:	Pages
Experimental section	1-2
Synthesis and characterization of alkynes <b>1a-1o, 5</b> and <b>8</b>	2-16
General procedure for the determination of NMR yields listed in Table 1	16-17
Synthesis and characterization of indenyl ketones <b>3</b> or <b>4</b> .	17-28
X-ray data for compound <b>3f</b>	29
X-ray data for compound <b>4l</b>	29
NMR spectra of all new compounds	30-112

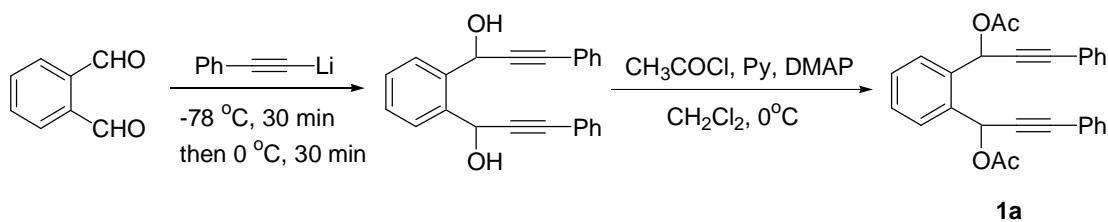
### **Experimental section**

All reactions were carried out under nitrogen. The solvent of THF was distilled from sodium/benzophenone and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was distilled from P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. Alkynes such as 1-hexyne or phenylacetylene were purchased from Acros Co. Ltd. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid was

purchased from Acros Co. Ltd. All commercial reagents were used without further purification.

<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra were recorded on Varian XL-300 MHz spectrometer at 300, 75.4 and 282.3MHz, respectively, and in CDCl<sub>3</sub> (containing 0.03% TMS) solutions. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra was recorded with tetramethylsilane ( $\delta$ = 0.00 ppm) as internal reference; <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra was recorded with CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ = 77.00 ppm) as internal reference, and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra was referenced to CFCl<sub>3</sub>. NMR yields were determined using dibromomethane as an internal standard. 2D NMR experiments of HMQC, gCOSY and HMBC spectra were recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub> solutions on Varian XL-300 MHz spectrometer. Mass spectra and high-resolution mass spectra were obtained by using HP5989A, IonSpec 4.7 Tesla FTMS, Waters Micromass GCT, and APEXIII 7.0 TESLA FTMS mass spectrometers. Elemental analyses were performed on an Italian Carlo-Erba 1106 analyzer. Single crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected on Bruker SMART APEX diffractiometers with molybdenum cathodes.

**A typical procedure for the preparation of diester **1a**.<sup>1,2</sup>**

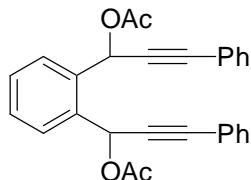


To a solution of phenylacetylene (2.4 mL, 22 mmol) in dry THF (40 mL) was added n-BuLi (13.1 ml, 21 mmol, 1.6M in hexanes) slowly at -78 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at the same reaction temperature. *o*-Phthalaldehyde (1.34g, 10 mmol) was added and stirred for another 30 minutes at -78 °C, then the mixture was warmed up to 0 °C and stirred for 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was used directly for the next step.

To a solution of the above residue, pyridine (20 equiv.) and catalytic amount of DMAP in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was slowly added acetyl chloride (4 equiv.) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred at the same temperature for 30 min before being diluted with hexanes. The solid precipitates

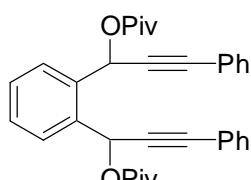
were filtered off and the filtrate obtained was concentrated. The residue was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography (hexanes/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to yield the desired acetate.

The diesters of **2a**, **1f**, **5** and **8** were prepared according to above procedures.



**1a**

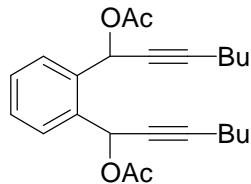
**Acetic acid 1-[2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (1a).** This is a known compound.<sup>3</sup> Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.4:1 as a sticky liquid in 83% combined yield (two steps from *o*-phthalaldehyde). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 2.02 (s, 6H), 2.05 (s, 6H), 7.15-7.23 (m), 7.39-7.41 (m), 7.73-7.80 (m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, 20.46, 20.49, 63.07, 63.33, 85.36, 85.43, 86.78, 87.28, 121.49, 121.51, 127.87, 127.89, 128.46, 128.50, 128.93, 129.04, 129.15, 131.43, 131.51, 134.89, 135.04, 168.92, 168.98. LRMS (ESI) for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 445.1, found 445.1.



**2a**

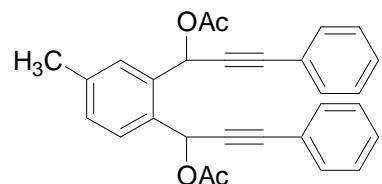
**2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 1-[2-[1-(2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy)-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl]-phenyl]-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (2a).** Ester was formed by using 2,2-dimethyl-propionyl chloride instead of acetyl chloride. Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.2:1 as a sticky liquid in 94% combined yield (two steps from *o*-phthalaldehyde). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d

1.15 (s), 7.02 (s), 7.05 (s), 7.11-7.18 (m), 7.25-7.35 (m), 7.60-7.64 (m), 7.70-7.73 (m).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 26.73, 26.75, 38.53, 63.22, 63.43, 85.75, 85.93, 86.52, 87.21, 121.87, 121.91, 127.89, 127.93, 128.41, 128.44, 128.94, 128.97, 129.09, 131.59, 131.64, 135.30, 135.31, 176.43, 176.52. LRMS (ESI) for  $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_4\text{Na}$   $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd 529.2, found 529.3.



**1f**

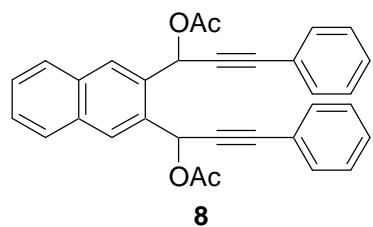
**Acetic acid 1-[2-(1-acetoxy-hept-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-hept-2-ynyl ester (1f).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 3.21:1 as a sticky liquid in 85% combined yield (two steps from *o*-phthalaldehyde).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 0.86-0.92 (m), 1.30-1.54 (m), 2.06 (s), 2.10 (s), 2.18-2.28 (m), 6.74 (s), 6.75 (s), 7.36-7.40 (m), 7.61-7.70 (m).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 13.49, 18.48, 18.52, 20.97, 21.87, 30.31, 30.36, 63.09, 63.53, 76.57, 88.31, 88.68, 128.47, 128.93, 128.98, 129.03, 135.44, 135.59, 169.41. HRMS (ESI) for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_4\text{Na}$   $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd 405.2042, found 405.2032.



**5**

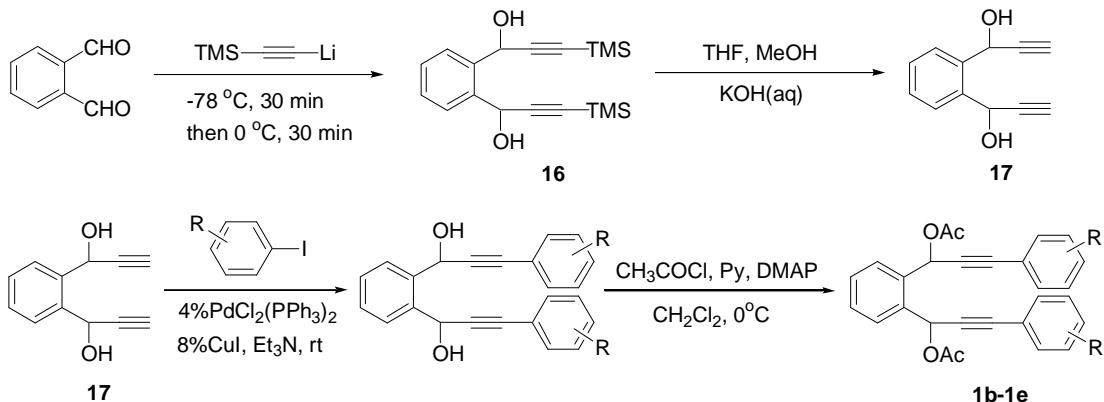
**Acetic acid 1-[2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-4-methyl-phenyl]-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (5).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1:1 as a colorless liquid in 80% combined yield (two steps from aldehyde).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 2.05 (s), 2.07 (s), 2.08 (s), 2.09 (s), 2.38 (s),

7.05-7.06 (m), 7.19-7.26 (m), 7.40-7.42 (m), 7.53-7.67 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers: d 20.89, 21.10, 63.28, 63.40, 63.52, 63.67, 85.60, 85.65, 85.69, 85.73, 86.78, 86.87, 87.30, 87.39, 121.89, 121.91, 128.04, 128.07, 128.59, 128.61, 128.93, 129.28, 129.37, 129.80, 129.99, 130.06, 131.71, 131.80, 131.82, 132.22, 132.38, 134.88, 135.03, 139.29, 139.40, 169.29, 169.32, 169.36, 169.39; IR (neat): 3055, 2228, 1744, 1598, 1490, 1443, 1369, 1224, 1015, 996, 966, 757, 691 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 459.1567, found 459.1566.



**Acetic acid 1-[3-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-naphthalen-2-yl]-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (8).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.5:1 as a light yellow liquid in 61% combined yield (two steps from aldehyde) .  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers: d 2.11 (s), 2.13 (s), 7.22-7.27 (m), 7.42-7.47 (m), 7.49-7.52 (m), 7.87-7.90, (m), 8.23 (s), 8.27(s);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers: d 20.95, 63.74, 64.01, 85.59, 85.69, 87.21, 87.72, 121.84, 121.87, 127.05, 127.12, 127.85, 127.88, 128.09, 128.11, 128.67, 128.71, 129.25, 131.76, 131.85, 132.55, 132.61, 132.99, 133.01, 169.39, 169.43; IR (neat): 3057, 2228, 1745, 1598, 1490, 1443, 1369, 1224, 1015, 958, 889, 756, 691 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub>K [M+K]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 511.1306, found 511.1306.

**General procedure for the preparation of diester 1b-1f.<sup>1,2</sup>**



**1,1'-(1,2-Phenylene)bis(3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-yn-1-ol) 16:** To a solution of trimethylsilylacetylene (3.13 mL, 22 mmol) in dry THF (40 mL) was added n-BuLi (13.1 ml, 21 mmol, 1.6M in hexanes) slowly at  $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at the same reaction temperature. *o*-Phthalaldehyde (1.34g, 10 mmol) was added and stirred for another 30 minutes at  $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , then the mixture was warmed up to  $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and stirred for 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with brine (2 x 50 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was used directly for the next step.

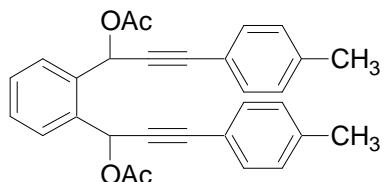
**1-[2-(1-Hydroxy-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-prop-2-yn-1-ol 17:**<sup>1</sup> To a solution of the above residue containing **16** (ca. 10 mmol) in THF (20 mL) and MeOH (20 mL) was added KOH (aq) (160 mg, 2.86 mmol; in 8 mL of water) at  $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . After stirring for 1 hour, the volatiles were removed and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to yield **17** (1.78 g, 96%, two steps from *o*-phthalaldehyde) as a brown liquid. NMR spectra show that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 2.27:1. Major isomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 2.68-2.71 (m), 4.32 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (bs, 2H), 7.31-7.39 (m), 7.77-7.81 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 61.19, 75.99, 82.24, 127.79, 129.07, 136.97. Minor isomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 2.68-2.71 (m), 4.74 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 5.91 (bs, 2H), 7.31-7.39 (m), 7.58-7.62 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 62.71, 75.69, 82.50, 128.99, 137.46. One peak was overlapped with the signals of the major isomer.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of diacetate **1b-1e**.

Terminal alkyne **17** (1.0 mmol), PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (0.04 mmol) and CuI (0.08 mmol) were

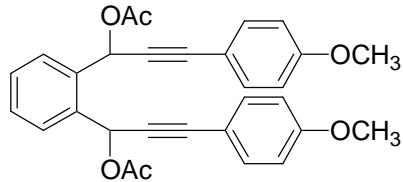
added in a dry Schlenk tube. To the mixture were added Et<sub>3</sub>N (5 mL) and the aryl iodide (2.2 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until the reaction was completed as monitored by thin-layer chromatography. The reaction was quenched with a saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution and extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The product was then purified by flash column chromatography or used directly for the next step.

To a solution of the above diol (1.0 mmol), pyridine (1.62 mL, 20.0 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4.0 mL) at 0 °C, was slowly added acetyl chloride (0.29 mL, 4.0 mmol).<sup>2</sup> The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 minutes before being diluted with hexanes (30 mL). The solid precipitates were filtered off and the filtrate obtained was concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to give the desired diacetate. NMR spectra show that it is a mixture of two diastereomers.



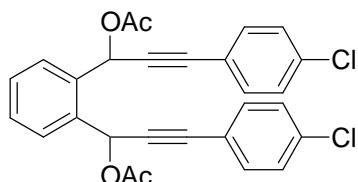
**1b**

**Acetic acid 1-[2-(1-acetoxy-3-p-tolyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-3-p-tolyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (1b).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.5:1 as a white solid in 80% combined yield (two steps from diol 17). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers: δ 2.08 (s), 2.09 (s), 2.31 (s), 7.03-7.07 (m), 7.29-7.33 (m), 7.41-7.45 (m), 7.71-7.79 (m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers: δ 20.95, 21.41, 63.49, 63.71, 84.80, 84.90, 87.22, 87.73, 118.82, 118.85, 128.81, 128.85, 128.87, 129.16, 129.21, 129.31, 131.70, 131.81, 135.25, 135.37, 138.82, 138.83, 169.39, 169.45; IR (KBr): ?/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3031, 2923, 2229, 1742, 1510, 1451, 1369, 1221, 1015, 952, 912, 818, 765; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: C, 79.73; H, 5.83. Found: C, 79.98; H, 5.82.



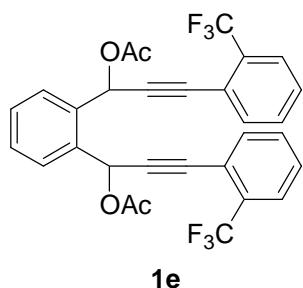
**1c**

**Acetic acid 1-[2-[1-acetoxy-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl]-phenyl]-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester (1c).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.59:1 as a brown solid in 76% combined yield (two steps from diol **17**).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 2.07 (s), 2.08 (s), 3.70 (s), 3.71 (s), 6.73-6.77 (m), 7.08 (s), 7.33-7.38 (m), 7.39-7.43 (m), 7.71-7.79 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 20.74, 54.91, 63.36, 63.61, 84.13, 84.16, 86.92, 87.43, 113.58, 113.70, 128.56, 128.97, 129.05, 129.16, 133.16, 133.25, 135.16, 135.28, 159.69, 169.21, 169.27. HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4$   $[\text{M}-\text{CH}_3\text{COO}]^+$ : calcd 423.1596, found 423.1589.



**1d**

**Acetic acid 1-[2-[1-acetoxy-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl]-phenyl]-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester (1d).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.03:1 in 37% combined yield (two steps from diol **17**).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 2.08 (s), 2.10 (s), 7.08 (s), 7.09 (s), 7.17-7.28 (m), 7.31-7.33 (m), 7.41-7.445 (m), 7.71-7.77 (m).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 20.70, 63.09, 63.40, 85.72, 86.26, 86.42, 120.14, 128.31, 128.35, 128.63, 129.08, 129.26, 129.36, 132.87, 134.65, 134.81, 134.99, 169.09, 169.13. HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for  $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{20}\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_4\text{Na}$   $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd: 513.0631, found 513.0642.

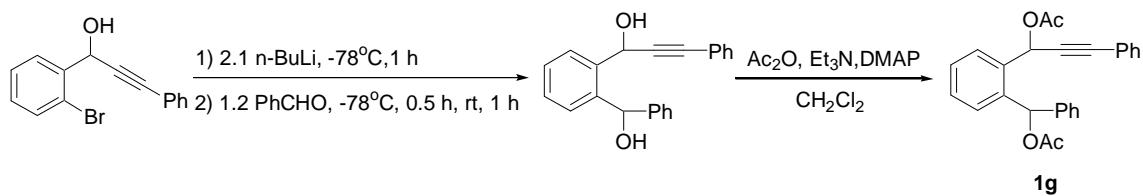


**1e**

**Acetic acid 1-{2-[1-acetoxy-3-(2-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl]-phenyl}-3-(2-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester (1e).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.6:1 as a colorless liquid in 62% combined yield (two steps from diol **17**).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 2.08 (d,  $J$  = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 2.11 (d,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.48 (m), 7.53-7.60 (m), 7.80-7.87 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 20.51, 62.89, 63.35, 82.97, 83.31, 90.81, 90.91, 119.90, 123.20 (q,  $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$  = 271.9 Hz), 125.57 (q,  $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$  = 5.0 Hz), 128.51, 128.86, 129.38, 129.41, 129.52, 131.25, 131.47 (q,  $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$  = 33.2 Hz), 133.89, 134.02, 134.33, 134.55, 169.23;  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d -62.59, -62.51; IR (neat): 3074, 3038, 3005, 2234, 1747, 1603, 1574, 1492, 1452, 1371, 1319, 1225, 1173, 1131, 1016, 956, 765  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS (ESI) for  $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4\text{F}_6\text{Na} [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd 581.1158, found 581.1155.

### Preparation of the diesters of **1g**, **1j**, **1k**, **1l**, **1m** and **1o**.

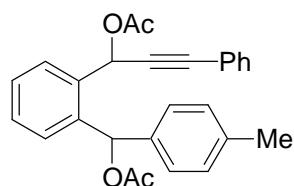
#### A typical procedure for the preparation of diester **1g**.



To a stirring solution of 1-(2-bromophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-ol <sup>4</sup>(1 mmol) in THF (4 mL) was slowly added n-BuLi (1.31 mL, 2.1 mmol, 1.6 mol/L) at -78 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at this temperature for 1 h. Then benzaldehyde (1.2 mmol) was added and stirred at -78 °C for 0.5 h and at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated by

rotary evaporation to yield the diol which was used directly without further purification.

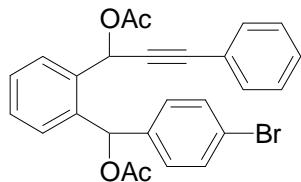
To a solution of the crude diol in dichloromethane were added DMAP (0.2 mmol),  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$  (4 mmol), triethylamine (6 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h. After addition of an appropriate volume of aqueous saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution to adjust the pH of the aqueous phase at 9–10, the mixture was extracted with  $\text{EtOAc}$ , dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether 1:8) to give the desired diester of **acetic acid [2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]- phenyl-methyl ester (1g)** in 58% yield as yellow oil.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 3.3:1.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 1.84 (s), 1.96 (s), 2.13 (s), 2.13 (s), 6.85 (s), 6.95 (s), 7.24–7.36 (m), 7.37–7.46 (m), 7.55–7.58 (m), 7.75–7.78 (m), 7.81–7.85 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 20.48, 20.54, 20.96, 20.99, 63.28, 63.43, 73.02, 73.24, 85.18, 85.23, 87.03, 87.45, 121.79, 121.81, 127.34, 127.36, 127.80, 127.84, 128.03, 128.12, 128.25, 128.28, 128.33, 128.40, 128.45, 128.53, 128.59, 128.76, 128.83, 129.06, 129.10, 131.69, 134.57, 134.77, 137.51, 137.61, 139.12, 139.36, 169.14, 169.38, 169.53, 169.56; HRMS (ESI) for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4\text{Na} [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd: 421.1410, found 421.1408.



**1j**

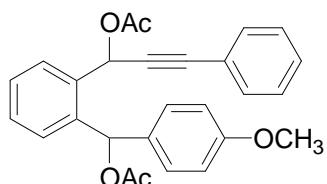
**Acetic acid [2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-p-tolyl-methyl ester (1j).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=8:1) afforded the desired product in 57% yield as a yellow liquid.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 4.2:1.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 1.84 (s), 1.98 (s), 2.11 (s), 2.28 (s), 6.86 (s), 6.95 (s), 7.08–7.31 (m), 7.35–7.47 (m), 7.56–7.59 (m), 7.75–7.83 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 20.22, 20.29, 20.69, 20.71, 62.99, 63.25, 72.84, 85.13, 87.22, 121.61, 127.15, 127.34, 127.57, 127.86, 128.11, 128.20, 128.28, 128.41, 128.51, 128.75, 128.89, 130.14, 131.47, 134.21, 134.59,

136.03, 136.24, 137.30, 137.44, 137.62, 168.87, 169.28, 169.34; HRMS (ESI) for  $C_{27}H_{24}O_4Na$   $[M+Na]^+$ : calcd: 435.1567, found 435.1546.



**1k**

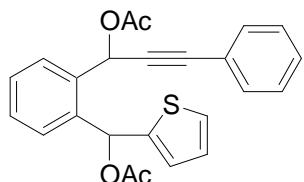
**Acetic acid 1-{2-[acetoxy-(4-bromo-phenyl)-methyl]-phenyl}-3-phenyl- prop-2-ynyl ester (1k).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=8:1) afforded the desired product in 63% yield as a yellow oil.  $^1H$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 2.2:1.  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 1.91 (s), 1.97 (s), 2.10 (s), 2.11 (s), 6.87 (s), 6.94 (s), 7.15-7.26 (m), 7.30-7.42 (m), 7.52-7.55 (m), 7.74-7.81 (m);  $^{13}C$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 20.55, 20.90, 63.08, 63.56, 72.48, 72.52, 85.05, 85.09, 87.11, 87.58, 121.60, 121.83, 121.94, 127.91, 128.04, 128.60, 128.63, 128.66, 128.69, 128.74, 128.93, 128.98, 129.11, 129.17, 129.19, 131.31, 131.40, 131.59, 131.62, 134.57, 134.94, 136.92, 137.06, 138.36, 138.49, 169.10, 169.27, 169.37, 169.41; HRMS (ESI) for  $C_{26}H_{21}O_4BrNa$   $[M+Na]^+$ : calcd: 499.0515, found 499.0492.



**1l**

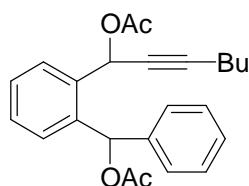
**Acetic acid [2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]- (4-methoxy-phenyl)-methyl ester (1l).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate= 5:1) afforded the desired product in 70% yield as a yellow liquid.  $^1H$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 2.4:1.  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 1.81 (s), 1.97 (s), 2.07 (s), 3.65 (s), 3.66 (s), 6.81 (d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz), 6.87 (s), 6.97 (s), 7.19-7.26 (m), 7.30-7.40 (m), 7.47-7.50 (m), 7.59-7.62 (m), 7.76-7.84 (m);  $^{13}C$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 20.31, 20.42, 20.83, 20.85, 54.82, 62.99, 63.22,

72.75, 85.04, 85.12, 86.88, 87.26, 113.46, 113.58, 121.64, 121.67, 127.25, 127.91, 128.02, 128.10, 128.21, 128.46, 128.55, 128.59, 128.75, 128.93, 129.00, 130.99, 131.25, 131.52, 134.10, 134.46, 137.68, 159.03, 159.10, 168.95, 169.30, 169.38, 169.46; HRMS (ESI) for  $C_{27}H_{24}O_5Na$   $[M+Na]^+$ : calcd: 451.1516, found 451.1529.



**1m**

**Acetic acid 1-[2-(acetoxy-thien-2-yl-methyl)-phenyl]-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl ester (1m).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=8:1) afforded the desired product in 62% yield as a yellow liquid.  $^1H$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 3.7:1.  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 1.85 (s), 1.90 (s), 2.06 (s), 6.85-6.87 (m), 7.00 (s), 7.19-7.28 (m), 7.34-7.47 (m), 7.60-7.64 (m), 7.68-7.74 (m), 7.81-7.84 (m);  $^{13}C$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 20.29, 20.36, 20.80, 20.82, 63.40, 63.47, 68.79, 69.00, 84.84, 87.11, 87.57, 121.61, 126.25, 126.34, 126.37, 127.20, 127.22, 127.36, 127.79, 127.93, 127.94, 128.53, 128.61, 128.66, 129.09, 129.16, 131.57, 131.59, 134.09, 137.35, 137.43, 142.53, 142.96, 169.03, 169.25, 169.28, 169.31; HRMS (ESI) for  $C_{24}H_{20}O_4SNa$   $[M+Na]^+$ : calcd: 427.0975, found 427.0954.

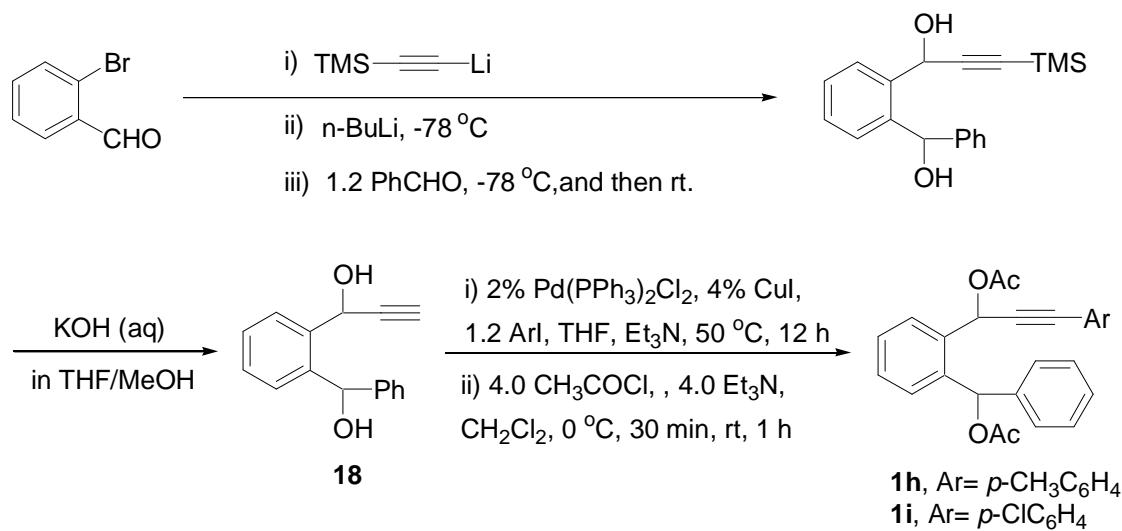


**1o**

**Acetic acid [2-(1-acetoxy-hept-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-phenyl-methyl ester (1o).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=8:1) afforded the desired product in 75% yield as a colorless liquid.  $^1H$  NMR shows that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.6:1.  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ ,  $Me_4Si$ ) two isomers: d 0.86 (t,  $J = 6.9$  Hz), 0.88 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz), 1.32-1.48 (m), 1.78 (s), 1.93 (s), 2.12-2.19 (m), 6.61 (t,

*J* = 1.8 Hz), 6.70 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 7.23-7.34 (m), 7.36-7.42 (m), 7.52-7.55 (m), 7.67-7.70 (m), 7.74-7.77 (m);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers: d 13.50, 18.43, 20.61, 20.73, 21.09, 21.13, 21.87, 30.24, 30.28, 63.24, 63.56, 73.03, 73.16, 76.30, 76.33, 88.56, 89.00, 127.48, 127.50, 127.81, 127.85, 127.98, 128.25, 128.33, 128.34, 128.41, 128.71, 128.80, 128.90, 128.97, 135.12, 135.28, 137.48, 137.61, 139.31, 139.47, 169.34, 169.59, 169.64; HRMS (ESI) for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_4\text{Na} [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ : calcd: 401.1723, found 401.1739.

**General procedure for the preparation of diesters **1h** and **1i**.**



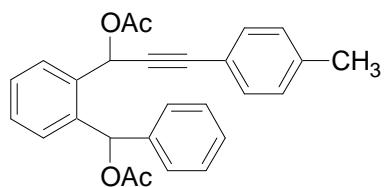
*n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 3.13 mL, 5.0 mmol) was slowly added to a solution of trimethylsilylacetylene (0.74 mL, 5.25 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) cooled at -78 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes before 2-bromobenzaldehyde (0.59 mL, 5.0 mmol) was slowly added. The reaction mixture was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was cooled down again to -78 °C and *n*-BuLi (3.44 mL, 5.5 mmol) was slowly added. After stirring for 1.5 h, benzaldehyde (0.608 mL, 6.0 mmol) was added and stirred for 0.5 h at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 2 h, then it was quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated.

To a solution of the above crude residue in THF (10 mL) and MeOH (10 mL) was added KOH (aq) (40 mg, 0.72 mmol, in 4 mL of water) at 0 °C. After stirring for 2 hours, volatiles were removed and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The organic layer was

separated, washed with brine (2 x 30 mL), dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel using petroleum ether / ethyl acetate 2:1 as eluent to yield **1-[2-(Hydroxy-phenyl-methyl)-phenyl]-prop-2-yn-1-ol (18)** as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 9:1 in 69% yield (overall yield from 2-bromobenzaldehyde).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 2.52 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz), 2.58 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz), 4.60 (s), 4.76 (s), 5.38 (s), 5.65 (s), 6.02 (s), 6.17 (s), 7.00 (dd,  $J = 7.6, 1.2$  Hz), 7.07-7.12 (m), 7.17-7.27 (m), 7.55-7.58 (m), 7.75 (dd);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) two isomers, d 61.25, 62.51, 71.44, 73.50, 75.34, 75.59, 82.79, 126.10, 126.72, 127.13, 127.36, 127.55, 128.06, 128.16, 128.22, 128.64, 128.72, 129.71, 137.32, 137.69, 140.94, 141.15, 141.89, 142.20. HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$ : calcd: 238.0994, found 238.0995.

To a solution of **18** (238.3 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (4 mL) and  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  (1 mL) were added 1-iodo-4-methylbenzene (262 mg, 1.2 mmol),  $\text{CuI}$  (8 mg, 0.04 mmol) and  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$  (15 mg, 0.02 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h, then quenched with saturated  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  at room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  and brine, dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated.

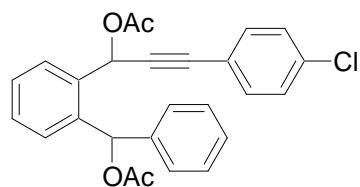
To a solution of the above residue in dry  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (4 mL) and  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  (0.58 mL, 4.0 mmol) was added acetyl chloride (0.292 mL, 4.0 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. After stirring for 0.5 h, the mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was then quenched with saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica-gel to afford the desired acetate (**1h**).



**1h**

**Acetic acid [2-(1-acetoxy-3-p-tolyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-phenyl-methyl ester (1h).**

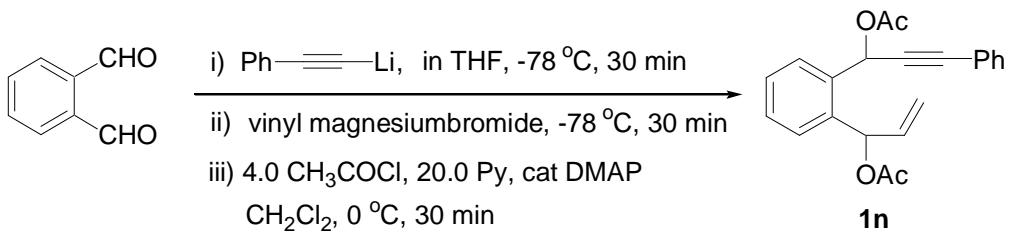
Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 9:1 as yellow oil in 76% yield (overall yield from diol **18**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 1.81 (s), 1.93 (s), 2.10 (s), 2.28 (s), 6.87 (s), 6.97 (s), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.19-7.44 (m), 7.53-7.57 (m), 7.75-7.78 (m), 7.82-7.86 (m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 20.47, 20.55, 20.95, 20.98, 21.30, 63.35, 63.52, 72.99, 73.22, 84.50, 84.54, 87.23, 87.66, 118.76, 127.35, 127.78, 127.83, 128.10, 128.24, 128.32, 128.38, 128.43, 128.51, 128.76, 128.79, 128.83, 129.02, 129.05, 131.62, 134.68, 134.92, 137.51, 137.60, 138.73, 139.15, 139.39, 169.16, 169.41, 169.55. HRMS (ESI) for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: calcd: 435.1567, found 435.1581.



**1i**

**Acetic acid {2-[1-acetoxy-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-prop-2-ynyl]-phenyl}-phenyl- methyl ester (1i).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 8:1) afforded the title compound as a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 9:1 as yellow oil in 63% yield (overall yield from diol **18**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 1.84 (s), 1.91 (s), 2.11 (s), 6.86 (s), 6.96 (s), 7.20-7.47 (m), 7.56-7.59 (m), 7.71-7.74 (m), 7.77-7.81 (m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 20.45, 20.95, 20.98, 63.28, 63.36, 73.00, 73.19, 86.19, 86.26, 120.29, 127.34, 127.41, 127.82, 128.18, 128.25, 128.32, 128.35, 128.47, 128.57, 128.70, 128.77, 129.18, 132.94, 132.96, 134.35, 134.55, 134.61, 137.51, 137.62, 139.08, 139.37, 169.10, 169.30, 169.51, 169.55. HRMS (ESI) for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ClO<sub>4</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: calcd: 455.1021, found 455.1043.

### Preparation of diester **1n**.

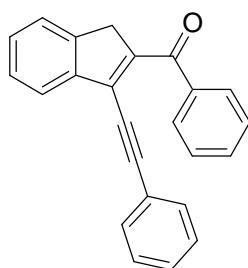


*n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 1.38 mL, 2.2 mmol) was slowly added to a solution of phenylacetylene (0.26 mL, 2.4 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) cooled at -78 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes before adding to a cooled solution of *o*-phthalaldehyde (0.27 g, 2.0 mmol) in THF (5 mL). After 30 minutes a solution of the vinylmagnesium bromide (4 mmol) was added via cannula. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at -78 °C, then quenched with brine (30 mL) and 3M HCl (10 mL), diluted with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with brine (2 x 15), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated.

To a solution of the above residue, pyridine (3.30 mL, 40.0 mmol) and catalytic amount of DMAP in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (12 mL) at 0 °C was slowly added acetyl chloride (0.58 mL, 8.0 mmol). The reaction was stirred at the same temperature for 30 min before being diluted with hexanes (15 mL). The solid precipitates were filtered off and the filtrate obtained was concentrated. The residue was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) to yield the desired acetate in 73% yield (overall yield from *o*-phthalaldehyde). <sup>1</sup>H NMR show that it is a mixture of two diastereomers with a ratio of 1.6:1. **Acetic acid 1-[2-(1-acetoxy-3-phenyl-prop-2-ynyl)-phenyl]-allyl ester (1n).** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 2.05 (s), 2.06 (s), 2.10 (s), 2.11 (s), 5.22-5.28 (m), 5.97-6.12 (m), 6.68-6.70 (m), 6.98 (s), 7.03 (s), 7.25-7.26 (m), 7.35-7.48 (m), 7.73-7.80 (m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) two isomers, d 20.70, 20.73, 20.78, 20.81, 62.96, 63.48, 72.36, 72.67, 85.39, 85.43, 86.83, 87.29, 116.82, 117.10, 121.70, 121.76, 128.00, 128.30, 128.37, 128.41, 128.45, 128.55, 128.73, 129.02, 129.10, 131.57, 134.58, 134.78, 135.67, 135.79, 136.53, 136.69, 169.10, 169.30, 169.31. HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: calcd: 371.1254, found 371.1272.

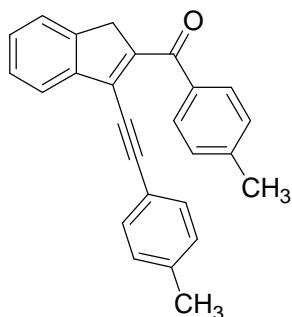
**General procedure for the determination of NMR yields listed in Table 1.**

To a solution of diacetate **1a** or **2a** (0.4 mmol, in 4 mL dry  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ) was added Lewis acids or Brønsted Acids as shown in Table 1. The mixture was kept at room temperature and the reaction was monitored by TLC. After the reaction completed, water (4 mL) and saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution (8 mL) were added to the mixture. Then the mixture was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The extract was dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . The solvent was evaporated in vacuo at room temperature and the residue was taken into a NMR detection using  $\text{CH}_2\text{Br}_2$  as an internal standard.



**3a**

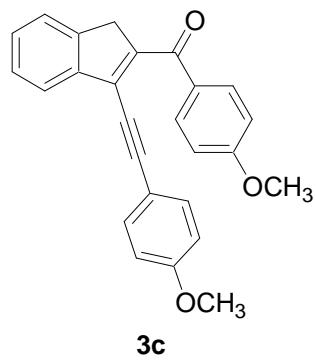
**Phenyl-(3-phenylethynyl-1H-inden-2-yl)-methanone (3a).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) followed by recrystallization in petroleum ether/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  afforded the title compound in 65% yield (104 mg, 0.5 mmol scale) as a yellow solid. M.p. 116-118 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  4.05 (s, 2H), 7.03-7.06 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.51 (m, 4H), 7.55-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.75-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.91-7.94 (m, 2H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  39.66, 82.88, 101.68, 121.99, 122.47, 124.20, 127.13, 128.04, 128.17, 128.38, 129.09, 129.60, 131.92, 132.20, 132.40, 138.76, 142.86, 143.43, 145.53, 193.73. HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}$ : calcd: 320.1201, found 320.1209.



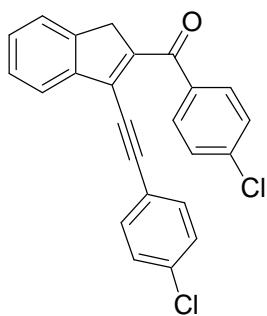
**3b**

**p-Tolyl-(3-p-tolylethynyl-1H-inden-2-yl)-methanone (3b).** Purification of the crude product

by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=3:1) followed by washing with ether afforded the title compound in 70% yield (85 mg, 0.35 mmol scale) as a red brown solid. M.p. 185-187 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 4.03 (s, 2H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 21.53, 21.58, 39.63, 82.60, 101.78, 119.06, 122.41, 124.15, 127.05, 128.20, 128.65, 128.93, 129.83, 131.83, 132.22, 136.16, 139.39, 142.75, 142.85, 143.49, 145.56, 193.57; IR (neat): 2208, 1628, 1604, 1545, 1371, 1279, 769, 747 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 348.1514, found 348.1500.



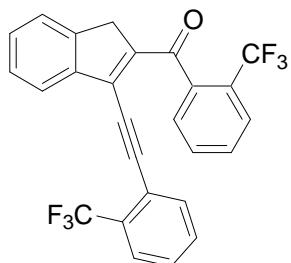
**(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-[3-(4-methoxy-phenylethynyl)-1H-inden-2-yl]-methanone (3c).**  
 Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=3:1) followed by recrystallization in petroleum ether/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> afforded the title compound in 76% yield (70 mg, 0.4 mmol scale) as a red brown solid. M.p. 171-176 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 39.78, 55.27, 55.44, 82.28, 101.45, 113.20, 113.84, 114.25, 122.27, 124.12, 127.01, 128.02, 131.32, 131.56, 132.17, 133.47, 142.80, 143.53, 145.37, 160.20, 163.08, 192.44; IR (neat): 3002, 2931, 2835, 1600, 1573, 1509, 1459, 1251, 1169, 1029, 833, 758 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 380.1412, found 380.1394.



**3d**

**(4-Chlorophenyl)-[3-(4-chlorophenylethynyl)-1*H*-inden-2-yl]-methanone** **(3d).**

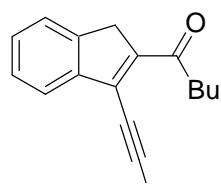
Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) followed by washing with petroleum ether/ether afforded the title compound in 61% yield (95 mg, 0.4 mmol scale) as a white solid. M.p. 199-201 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 4.04 (s, 2H), 6.97-7.00 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.56-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.84-7.87 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 39.60, 83.71, 100.91, 120.26, 122.54, 124.34, 127.28, 128.34, 128.73, 128.82, 131.07, 132.61, 133.02, 135.53, 137.20, 138.52, 142.90, 143.11, 145.57, 192.30. HRMS (EI) for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O: calcd: 388.0422, found 388.0418.



**3e**

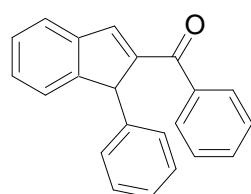
**(2-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-[3-(2-trifluoromethyl-phenylethynyl)-1*H*-inden-2-yl]-methanone** **(3e).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the title compound in 32% yield (59 mg, 0.4 mmol scale) as a red brown crystal. M.p. 127-129 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 4.04 (s, 2H), 6.88-6.91 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.54 (m, 5H), 7.57-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.72-7.78 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 38.55, 87.01, 98.31, 119.80, 123.14 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 272.0Hz), 123.28, 123.74 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 270.2Hz), 124.32, 125.79 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 5.2Hz), 126.54 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 4.6Hz), 127.48, 127.76 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 31.9Hz), 128.23, 128.99, 129.33, 129.57, 131.05, 131.26 (q, J<sub>C-F</sub> = 30.9Hz), 131.68,

134.45, 135.38, 139.67, 143.11, 143.44, 145.51, 191.58;  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d -62.20, -58.66; IR (neat): 2208, 1627, 1605, 1548, 1371, 1318, 1165, 1135, 1111, 774, 766, 759, 658  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{15}\text{OF}_6$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ : calcd 457.1022, found 457.1041; Anal. Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{15}\text{OF}_6$ : C, 68.40, H, 3.11; Found: C, 68.43; H, 3.09.



**3f**

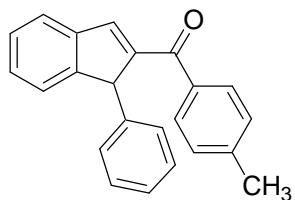
**1-(3-Hex-1-ynyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)-pentan-1-one (3f).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether :  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  = 2:3) followed by recrystallization in petroleum ether afforded the title compound in 51% yield (143 mg, 1 mmol scale) as a white solid. M.p. 43-45  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 0.97 (t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.39-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.61-1.85 (m, 4H), 2.61 (t,  $J$  = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.13 (t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 7.35-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.66 (m, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 13.54, 13.96, 19.69, 22.08, 22.58, 26.64, 30.51, 38.12, 40.96, 75.29, 104.59, 122.50, 124.01, 126.82, 128.23, 132.13, 142.72, 144.20, 145.17, 198.31. HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}$ : calcd: 280.1827, found 280.1829.



**4g**

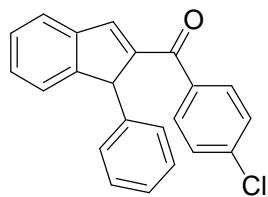
**Phenyl(1-phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)methanone (4g).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the desired product in 81% yield (72 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow solid. M.p. 145-147  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 5.18 (s, 1H), 7.15-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.29-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.41-7.56 (m, 5H), 7.80-7.83 (m, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 55.77, 123.82, 124.68, 126.87, 127.44, 127.89, 128.27, 128.57, 128.64, 128.99, 132.10, 138.17, 138.57, 141.57,

142.72, 149.40, 150.30, 191.82; HRMS (EI) for  $C_{22}H_{16}O$  : calcd: 296.1201, found 296.1204.



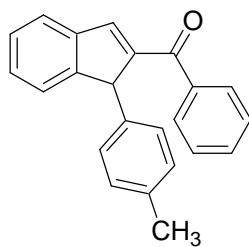
**4h**

**(1-Phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)-*p*-tolyl-methanone (4h).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 8:1) afforded the title compound in 36% yield (52 mg, 0.46 mmol scale). M.p. 105-106 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 2.40 (s, 3H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.36 (m, 10H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 21.56, 55.87, 123.72, 124.68, 126.86, 127.41, 127.92, 128.50, 128.57, 128.98, 129.22, 135.94, 138.24, 141.69, 142.07, 142.88, 149.63, 150.23, 191.59. HRMS (EI) for  $C_{23}H_{18}O$  : calcd: 310.1358, found 310.1361.



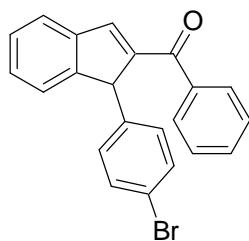
**4i**

**(4-Chlorophenyl)-(1-phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)-methanone (4i).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) afforded the title compound in 91% yield (126 mg, 0.42 mmol scale) as a yellow solid. M.p. 134-135 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 5.16 (s, 1H), 7.14-7.55 (m, 12H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 55.79, 123.91, 124.71, 126.96, 127.52, 127.86, 128.58, 128.61, 128.83, 130.37, 136.86, 137.99, 138.43, 141.40, 142.78, 149.11, 150.28, 190.47. HRMS (EI) for  $C_{22}H_{15}ClO$ : calcd: 330.0811, found 330.0808.



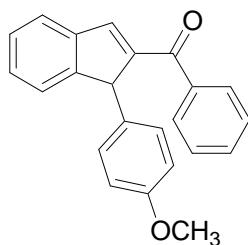
**4j**

**Phenyl(1-p-tolyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methanone (4j).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the desired product in 86% yield (80 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow oil.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  2.22 (s, 3H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 7.00-7.08 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.79-7.81 (m, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  20.97, 55.41, 123.73, 124.57, 127.31, 127.69, 128.18, 128.54, 128.95, 129.24, 132.01, 134.97, 136.30, 138.56, 141.51, 142.48, 149.45, 150.39, 191.77; HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$  : calcd: 310.1358, found 310.1351.



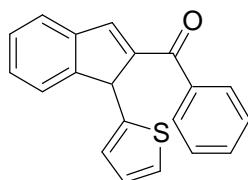
**4k**

**(1-(4-Bromophenyl)-1H-inden-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone (4k).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the desired product in 85% yield (95 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow solid. M.p. 146-149 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  5.11 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.40-7.56 (m, 5H), 7.78-7.80 (m, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ )  $\delta$  55.02, 120.64, 123.99, 124.58, 127.66, 128.30, 128.81, 128.90, 129.67, 131.63, 132.20, 137.36, 138.39, 141.56, 142.98, 148.85, 149.65, 191.60; HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrO}$ : calcd: 374.0306, found 374.0315.



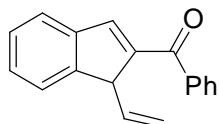
**4l**

**(1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1H-inden-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone (4l).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=5:1) afforded the desired product in 95% yield (93 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow solid. M.p. 122-124 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 3.67 (s, 3H), 5.14 (d,  $J$  = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74-6.77 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.79-7.82 (m, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) d 54.97, 54.98, 113.93, 123.73, 124.56, 127.30, 128.18, 128.52, 128.82, 128.92, 129.86, 132.02, 138.52, 141.45, 142.30, 149.49, 150.43, 158.35, 191.80; HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$  : calcd: 326.1307, found 326.1310.



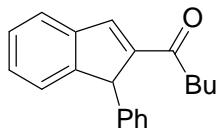
**4m**

**Phenyl(1-(thiophen-2-yl)-1H-inden-2-yl)methanone (4m).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the desired product as a mixture of two isomers (the another isomer was suggested to be double bond isomer of phenyl-(3-thiophen-2-yl-1H-inden-2-yl)- methanone, the ratio of two isomers is 8.0:1, **4m** is the major isomer) in 78% combined yield (70 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow oil.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) major isomer: d 5.53 (s, 1H), 6.86-6.89 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.56 (m, 8H), 7.85 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ) major isomer: d 50.28, 123.70, 123.97, 124.67, 125.80, 126.72, 127.80, 128.28, 128.67, 129.06, 138.33, 139.96, 140.90, 142.23, 148.59, 148.85, 191.68, one signal was overlapped with other signals; HRMS (EI) for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{OS}$  : calcd: 302.0765, found 302.0757.



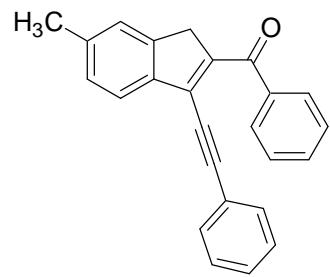
**4n**

**Phenyl-(1-vinyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)-methanone (4n).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) afforded the title compound in 43% yield (42 mg, 0.4 mmol scale) as a liquid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 4.67 (d, *J* = 8.1Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, *J* = 8.1Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, *J* = 17.1Hz, 1H), 5.73-5.84 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.83-7.86 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 54.10, 117.60, 123.92, 124.74, 127.53, 128.28, 128.36, 128.99, 132.06, 134.10, 138.76, 141.73, 142.81, 147.50, 147.63, 192.20. HRMS (EI) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O : calcd: 246.1045, found 246.1036.



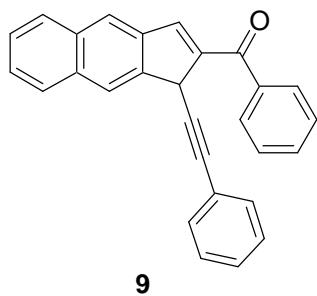
**4o**

**1-(1-Phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)pentan-1-one (4o).** Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the desired product in 75% yield (62 mg, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow liquid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.21-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.62 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 7.04-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.33 (m, 6H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.69 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 13.79, 22.26, 26.50, 39.10, 55.06, 123.65, 124.56, 126.67, 127.28, 127.64, 128.47, 128.54, 138.59, 140.08, 141.26, 149.80, 150.50, 197.39; HRMS (MALDI/DHB) for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O: calcd: 276.1514, found 276.1515.

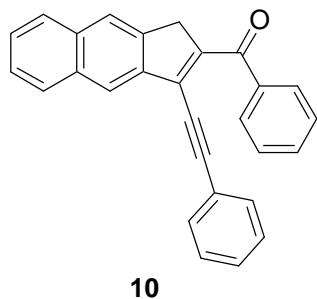


**6**

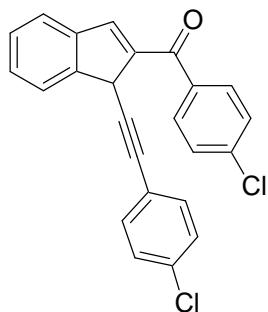
**(6-Methyl-3-phenylethynyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)-phenyl-methanone (6).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=5:1) afforded the title compound in 73% yield (51 mg, 0.2 mmol scale) as a red orange solid. M.p. 115-117 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 2.47 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.89-7.92 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 21.72, 39.32, 83.05, 101.54, 122.00, 122.15, 124.90, 127.95, 128.03, 128.10, 129.01, 129.50, 131.89, 131.98, 132.56, 138.73, 138.95, 140.94, 143.18, 144.63, 193.60; IR (neat): 3058, 3026, 2920, 2207, 1713, 1630 1598, 1546, 1488, 1445, 1367, 1281, 1223, 757, 713, 691 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 334.1358, found 334.1350.



**Phenyl-(1-phenylethynyl-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]naphthalen-2-yl)-methanone (9).** To the reaction mixture was added water. The organic layer was separated and washed with water, dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Evaporation of the solvent afforded the title compound in 99% yield (74 mg, 0.2 mmol scale) as a brown solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 5.23 (s, 1H), 7.20-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.52 (m, 5H), 7.57-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.94 (m, 5H), 8.13 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 40.42, 82.05, 85.22, 123.19, 123.45, 126.11, 126.70, 127.86, 127.99, 128.21, 128.42, 128.47, 129.11, 131.80, 132.37, 133.30, 133.86, 138.39, 139.82, 142.20, 142.24, 145.98, 191.53; IR (neat): 3056, 3025, 2333, 1645, 1597, 1578, 1549, 1520, 1493, 1447, 1431, 1342, 1329, 1247, 1227, 749, 698 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 370.1358, found 370.1361.

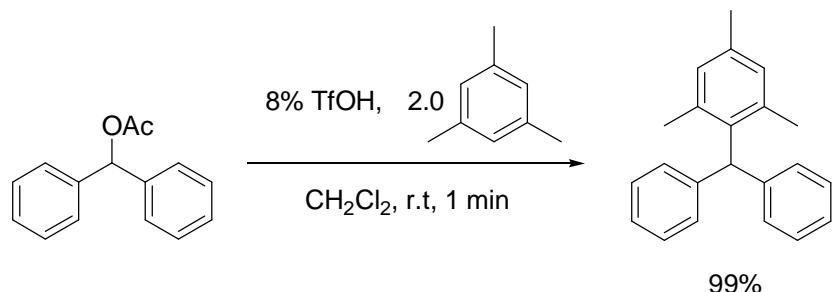


**Phenyl-(3-phenylethynyl)-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]naphthalen-2-yl)-methanone (10).** Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica-gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10:1) afforded the title compound in 61% yield (45 mg, 0.2 mmol scale) as a red brown solid. M.p. 100-102 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 4.13 (s, 2H), 7.08-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.61 (m, 5H), 7.86-7.98 (m, 5H), 8.15 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 38.78, 82.77, 101.75, 121.42, 121.98, 122.78, 125.64, 126.33, 127.91, 128.08, 128.18, 128.51, 129.14, 129.62, 131.96, 132.31, 132.79, 133.66, 138.64, 139.26, 142.37, 146.39, 193.89; IR (neat): 3049, 2202, 1616, 1597, 1544, 1487, 1443, 1368, 1284, 752, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup>: calcd 370.1358, found 370.1353.



**4d**

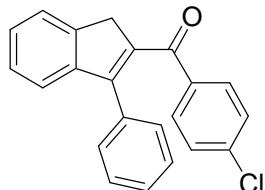
**(4-Chlorophenyl)-[1-(4-chlorophenylethynyl)-1*H*-inden-2-yl]-methanone (4d).** NMR yield: 94%. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 5.05 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.49 (m, 5H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) δ 41.05, 81.21, 85.11, 121.54, 124.29, 124.46, 128.26, 128.29, 128.71, 129.47, 130.47, 132.97, 133.83, 136.50, 138.75, 140.88, 143.25, 144.78, 145.64, 190.08. LRMS (EI) *m/z* 389 (M<sup>+</sup>), 388, 353, 139 (100).



**2-Diphenylmethyl-1,3,5-trimethylbenzene.** This is a known compound.<sup>5</sup> <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) d 1.99 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 2H), 7.07-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.26 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) d 20.79, 21.96, 50.95, 125.86, 128.12, 129.27, 130.09, 135.95, 137.03, 137.53, 142.47. HRMS (EI) for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O: calcd 286.1722, found 286.1723.

### Isomerization of 4i to 2,3-disubstituted indene 3i.

**4i** (50 mg in 4 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) was added to a 25 mL round-bottomed flask. Then silica gel (1 g) was added and the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*. the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 20 hours. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) to afford the desired indenyl ketone **3i** in 72% yield.



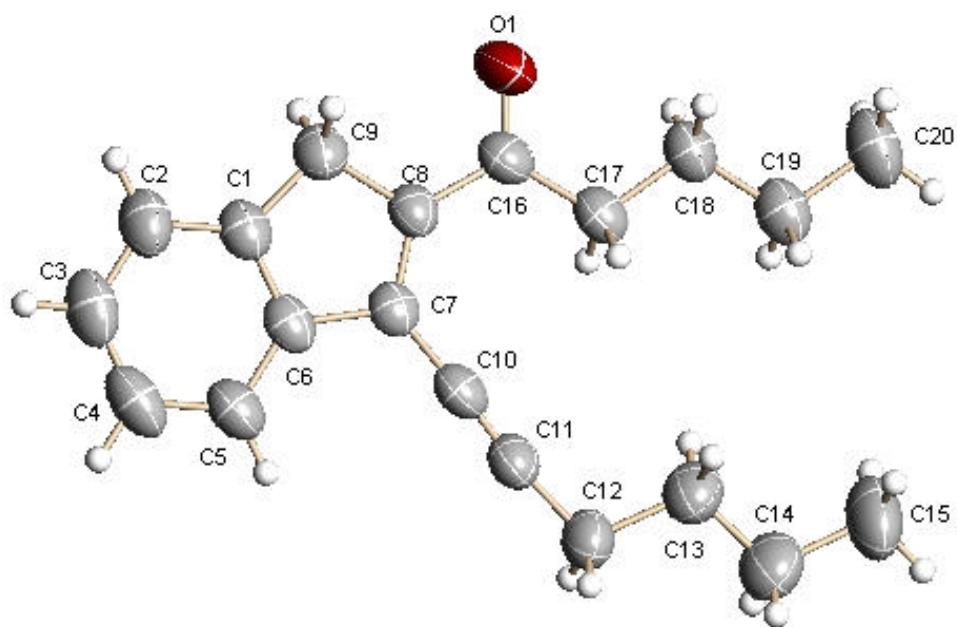
**3i**

**(4-Chlorophenyl)-(3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)-methanone (3i).** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) d 4.03 (s, 2H), 7.04-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.37-7.52 (m, 5H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 6.9Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si) d 40.40, 122.66, 124.38, 126.92, 127.68, 127.89, 128.20, 128.30, 129.27, 130.55, 133.77, 136.18, 137.95, 139.80, 143.65, 143.96, 150.39, 194.27. HRMS (EI) for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>15</sub>OCl: calcd 330.0811, found 330.0800.

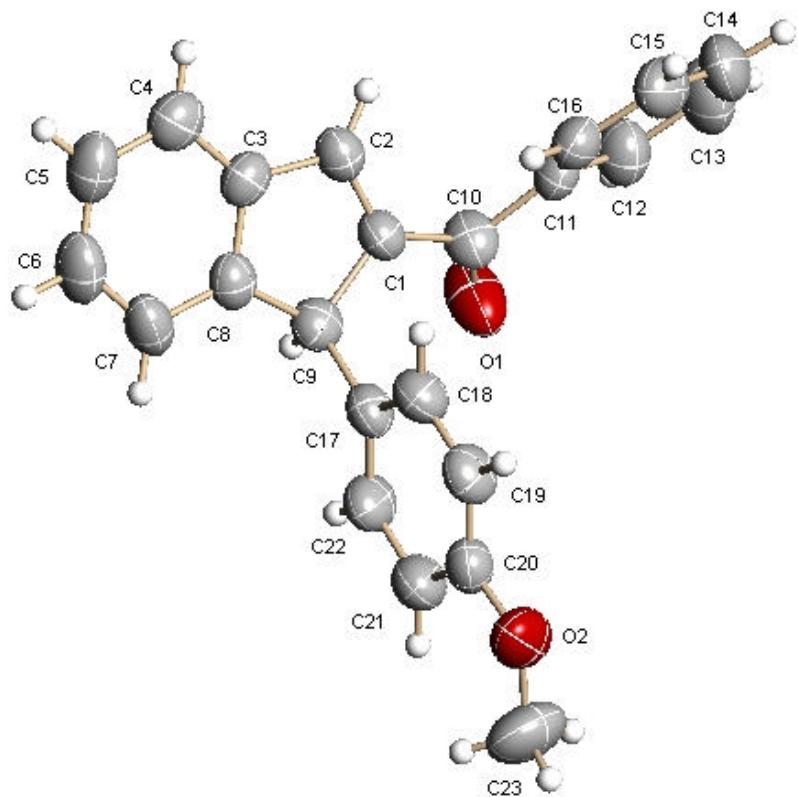
### References:

(1) Rodríguez, D.; Castedo, L.; Domínguez, D.; Saá, C. *Org. Lett.* **2003**, 5, 3119.

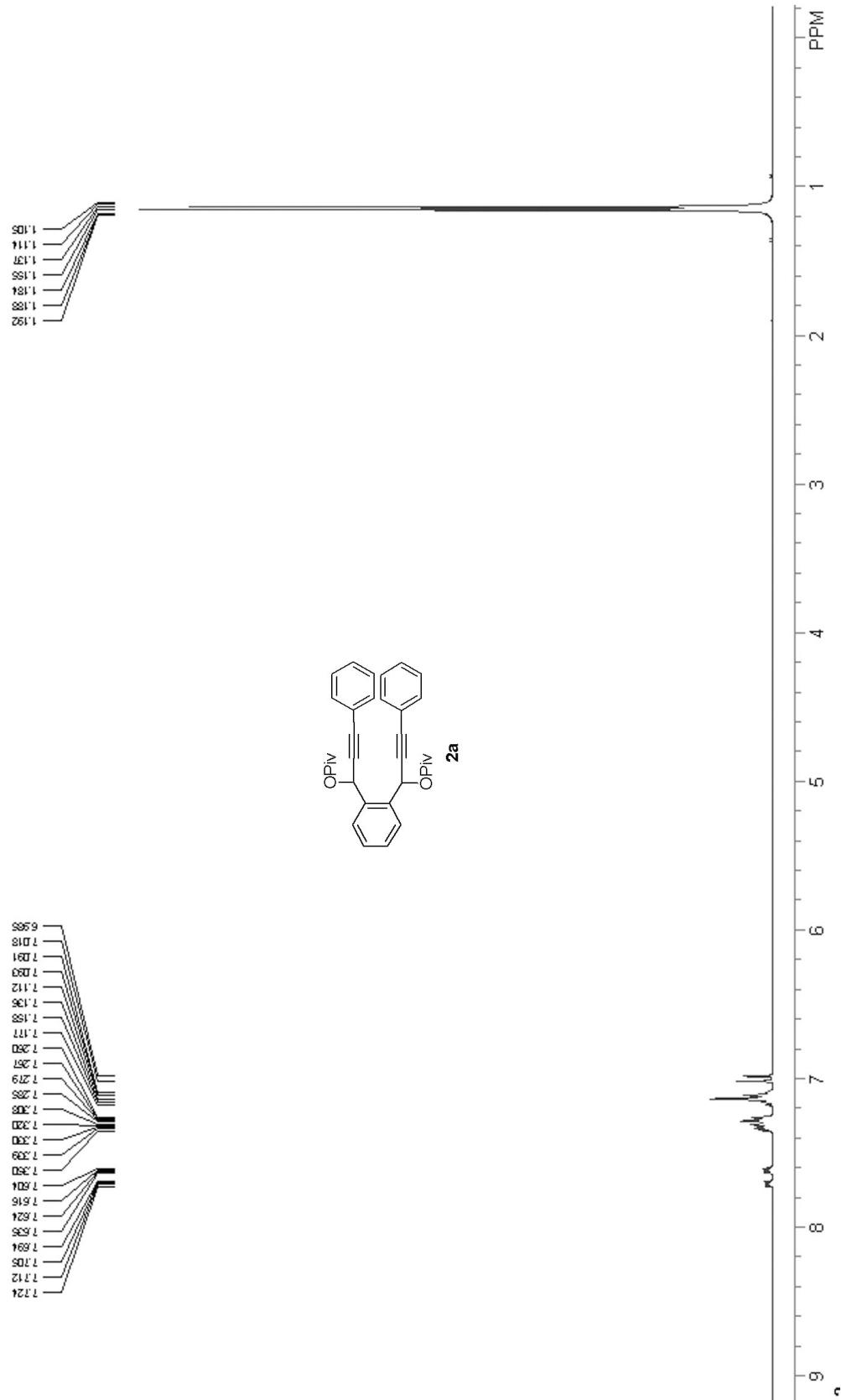
- (2) Wang, S.; Zhang, L. *Org. Lett.* **2006**, 8, 4585-4587.
- (3) Sugimoto, Y.; Hanamoto, T.; Inanaga, J. *Appl. Organomet. Chem.* **1995**, 9, 369.
- (4) Bradley, J. C.; Durst, T. *J. Org. Chem.* **1991**, 56, 5459
- (5) Kessler, H.; Moosmayer, A.; Rieker, A. *Tetrahedron* **1969**, 25, 287.

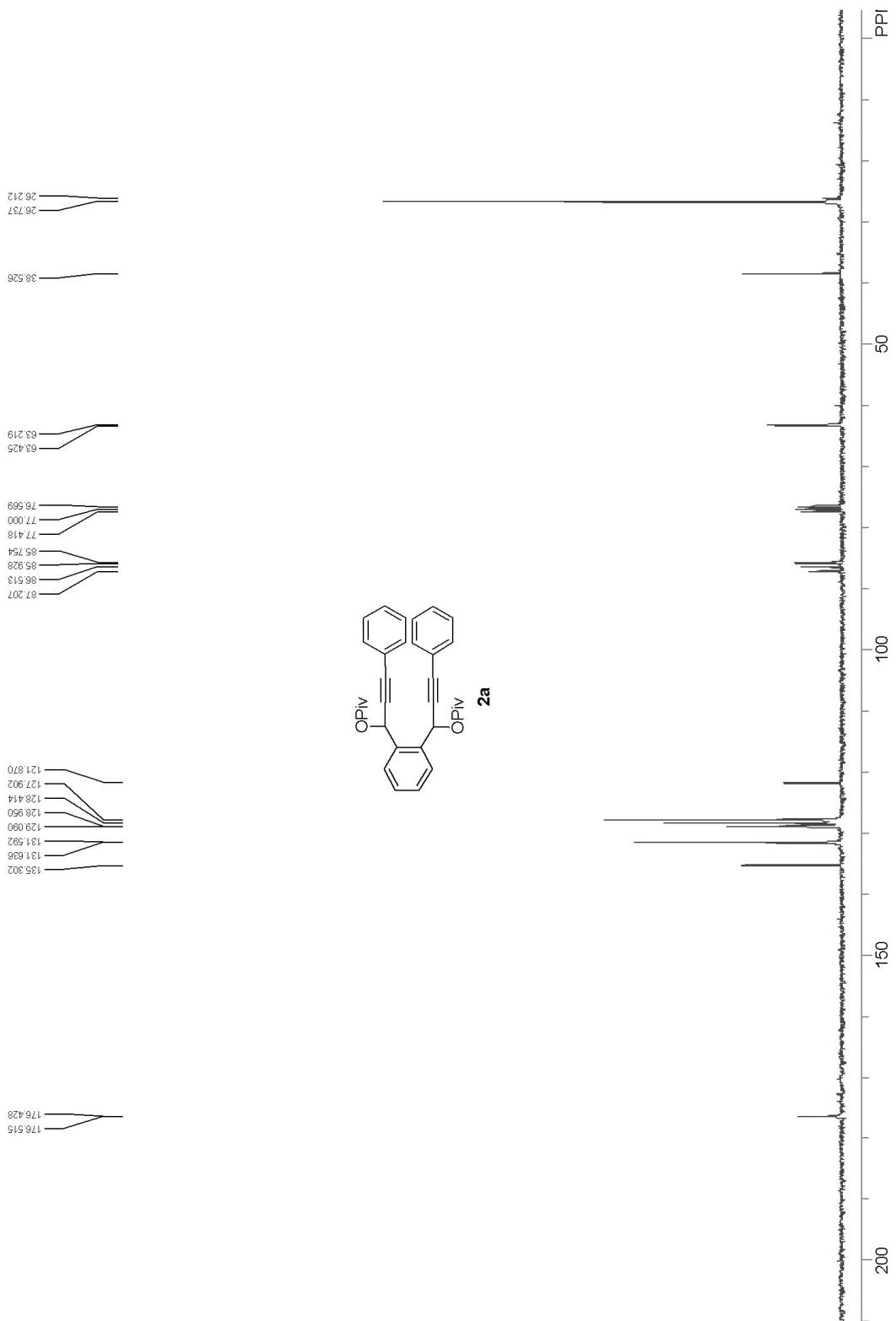


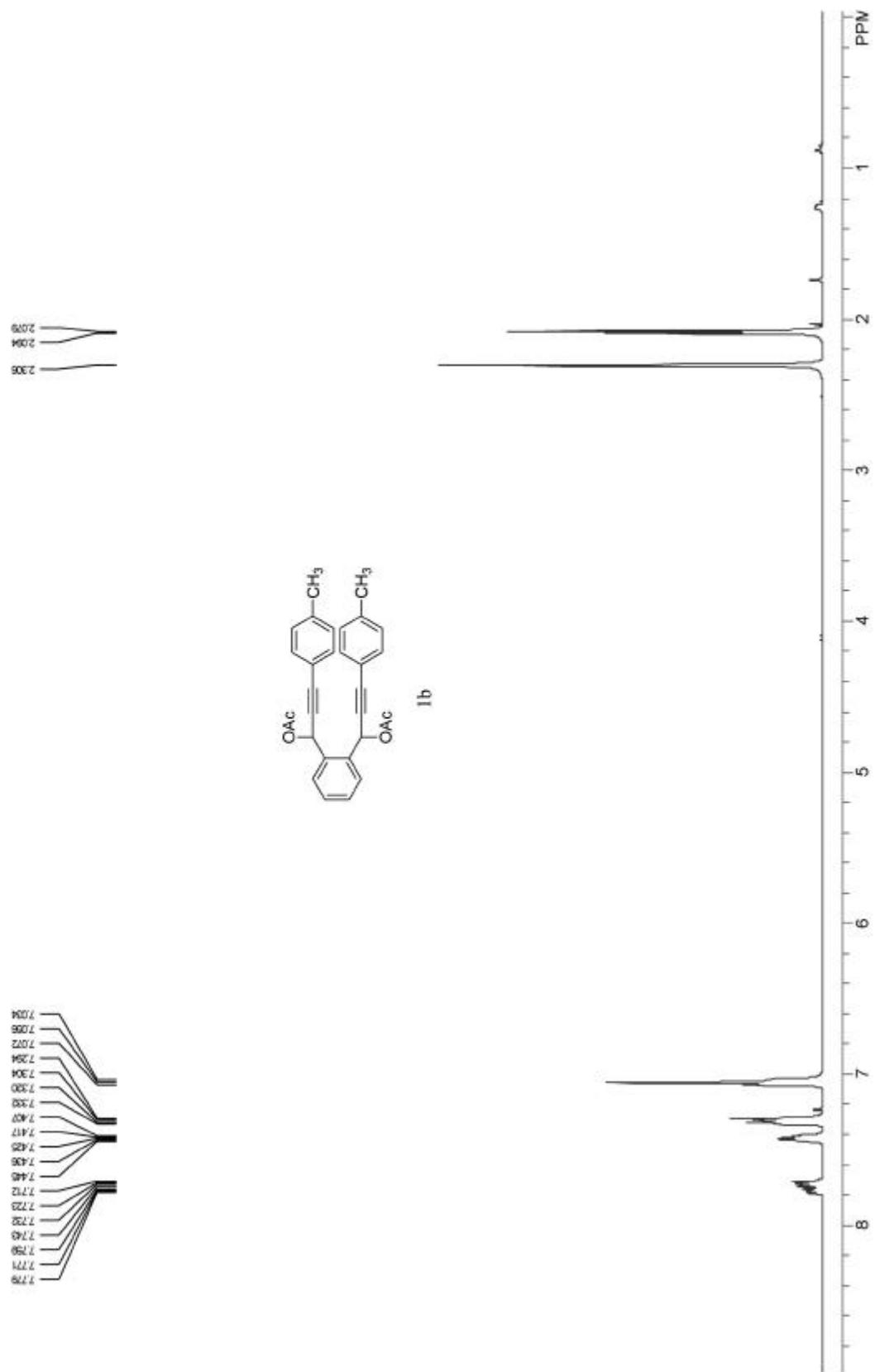
**Figure 1**, The X-ray crystal structure of compound **3f**.

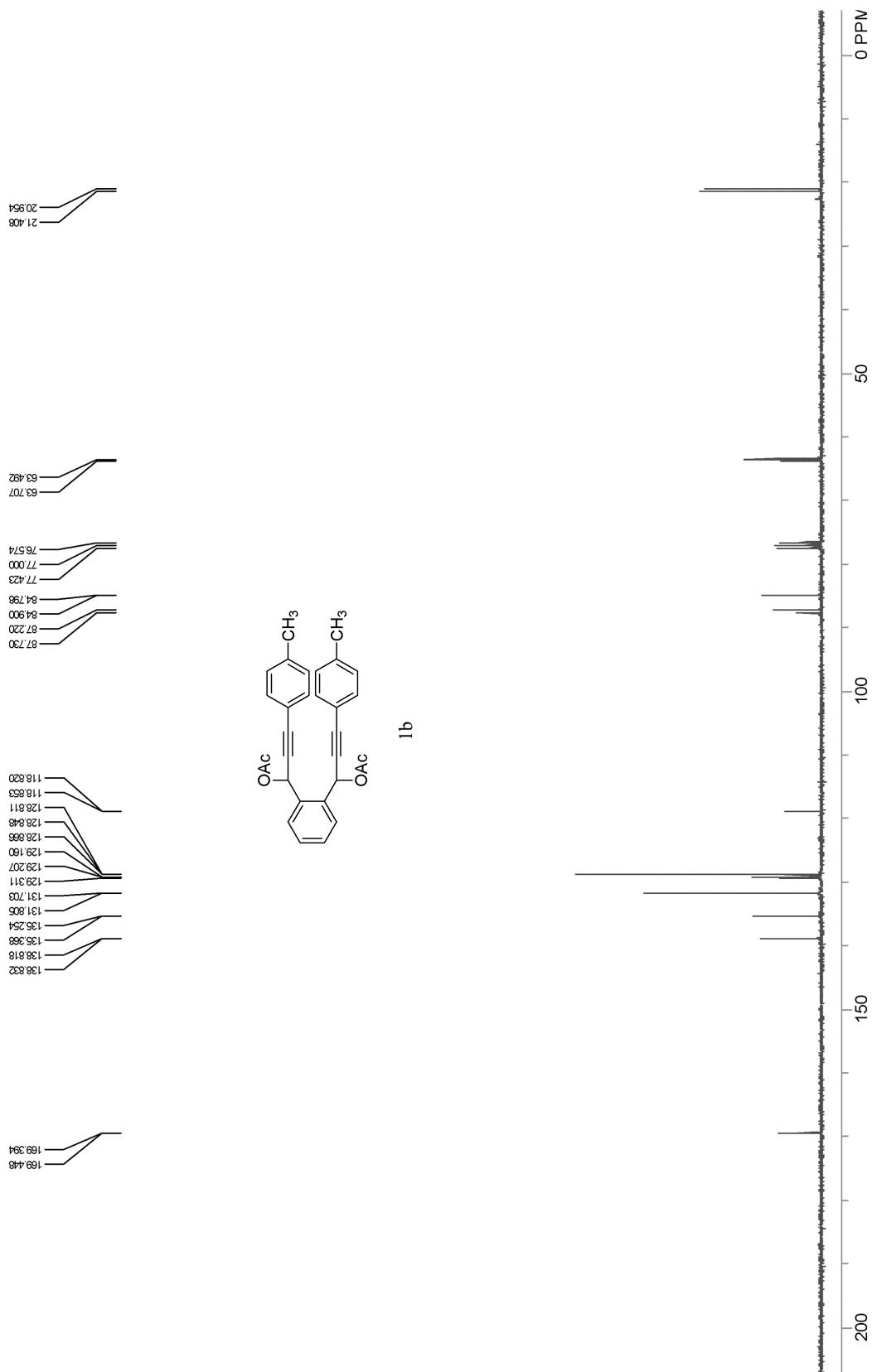


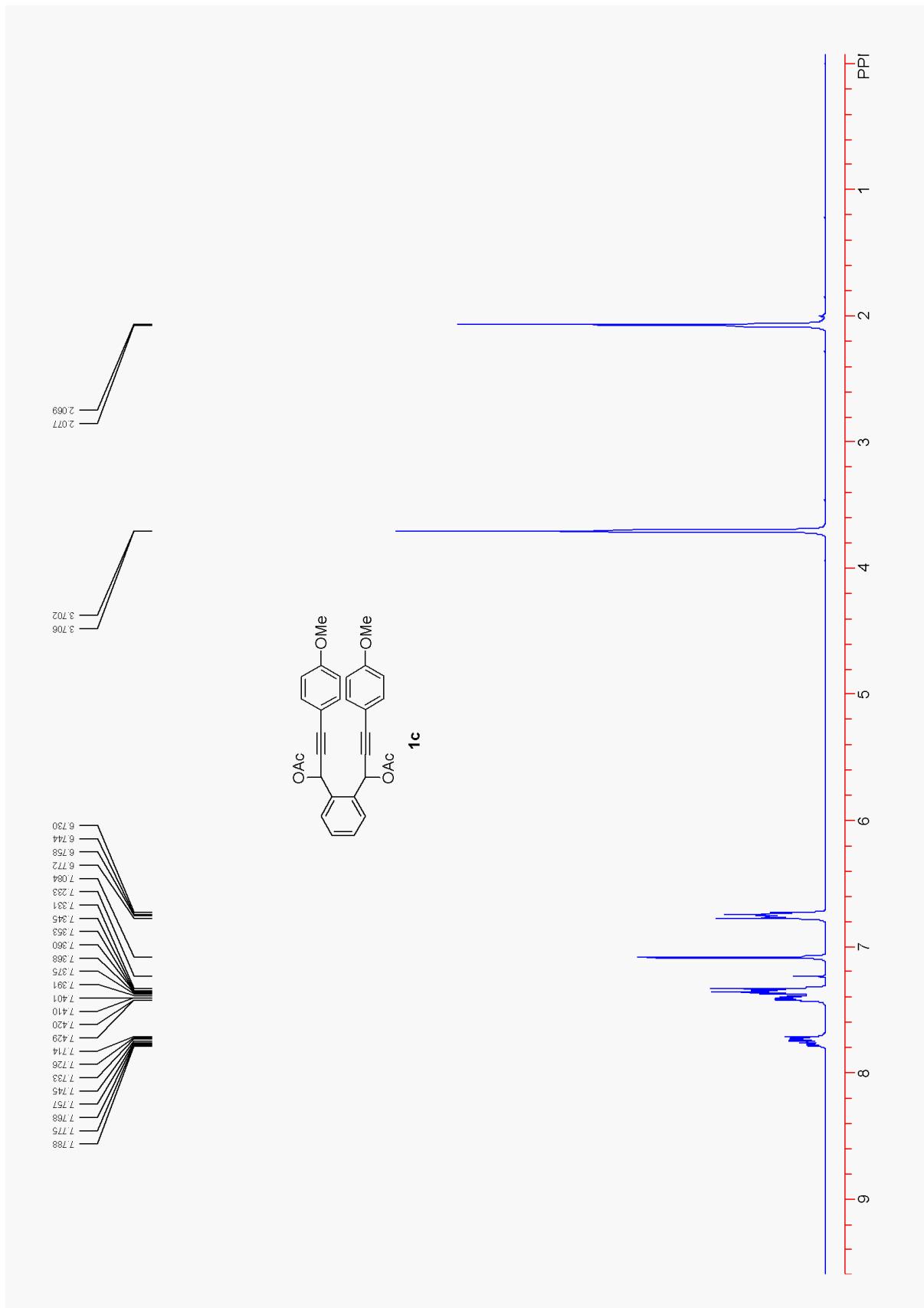
**Figure 2**, The X-ray crystal structure of compound **4l**.



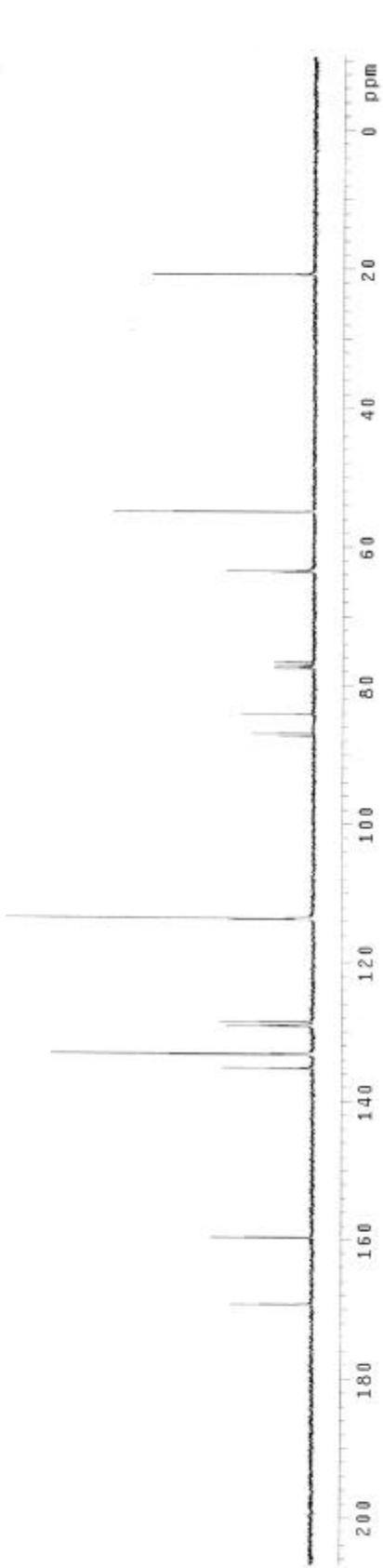
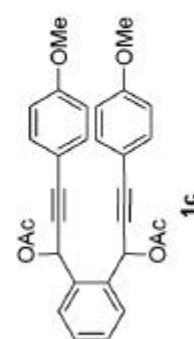
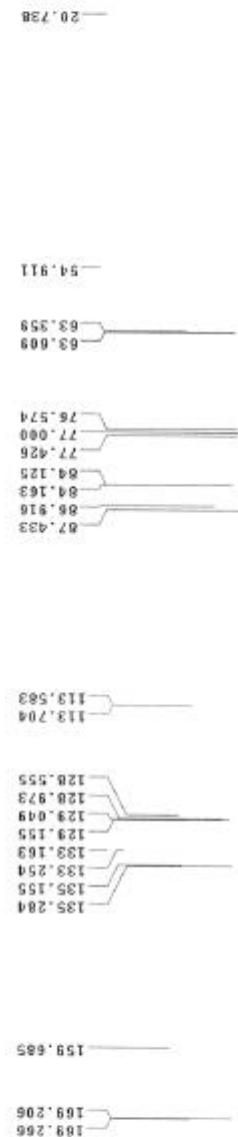


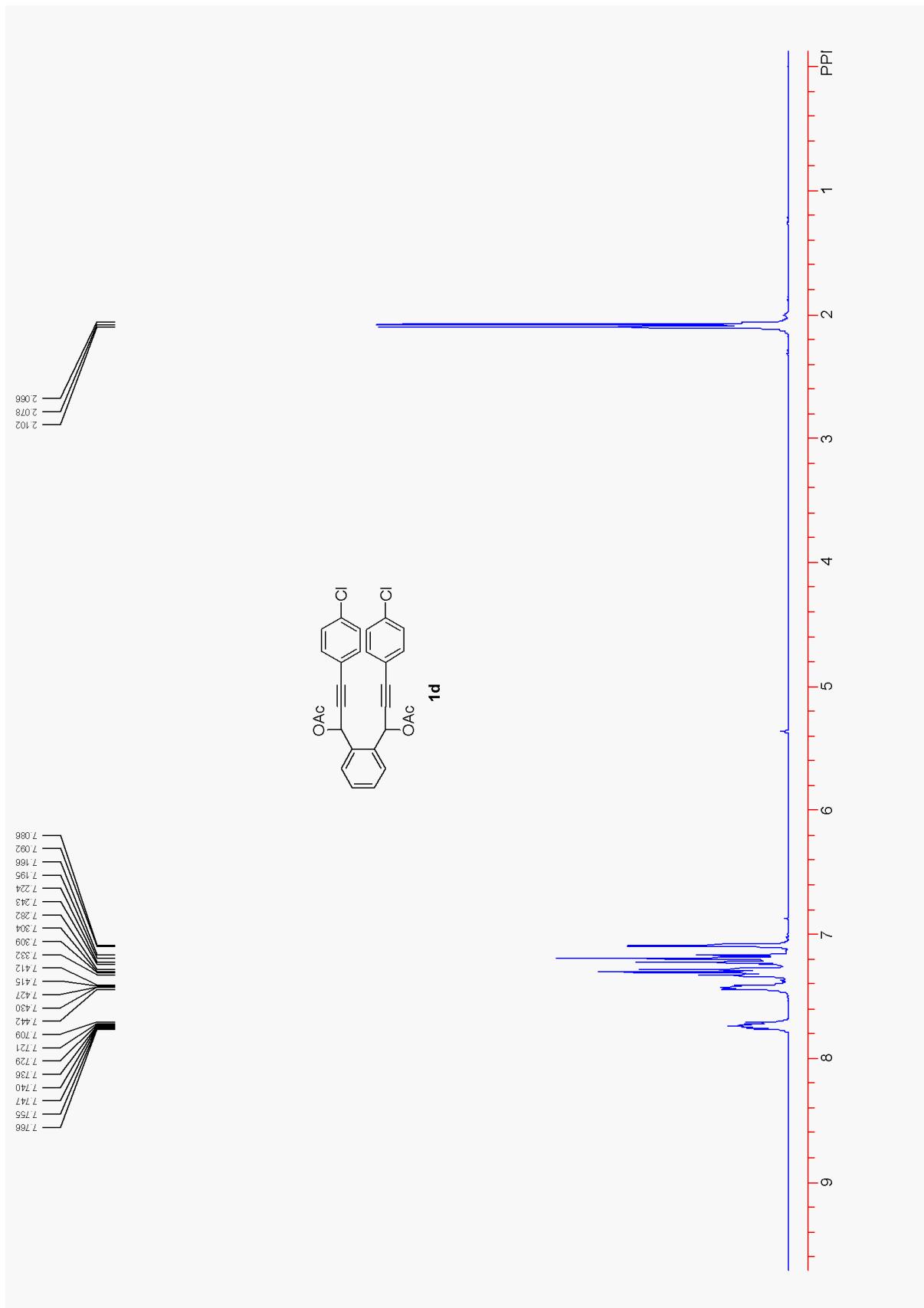




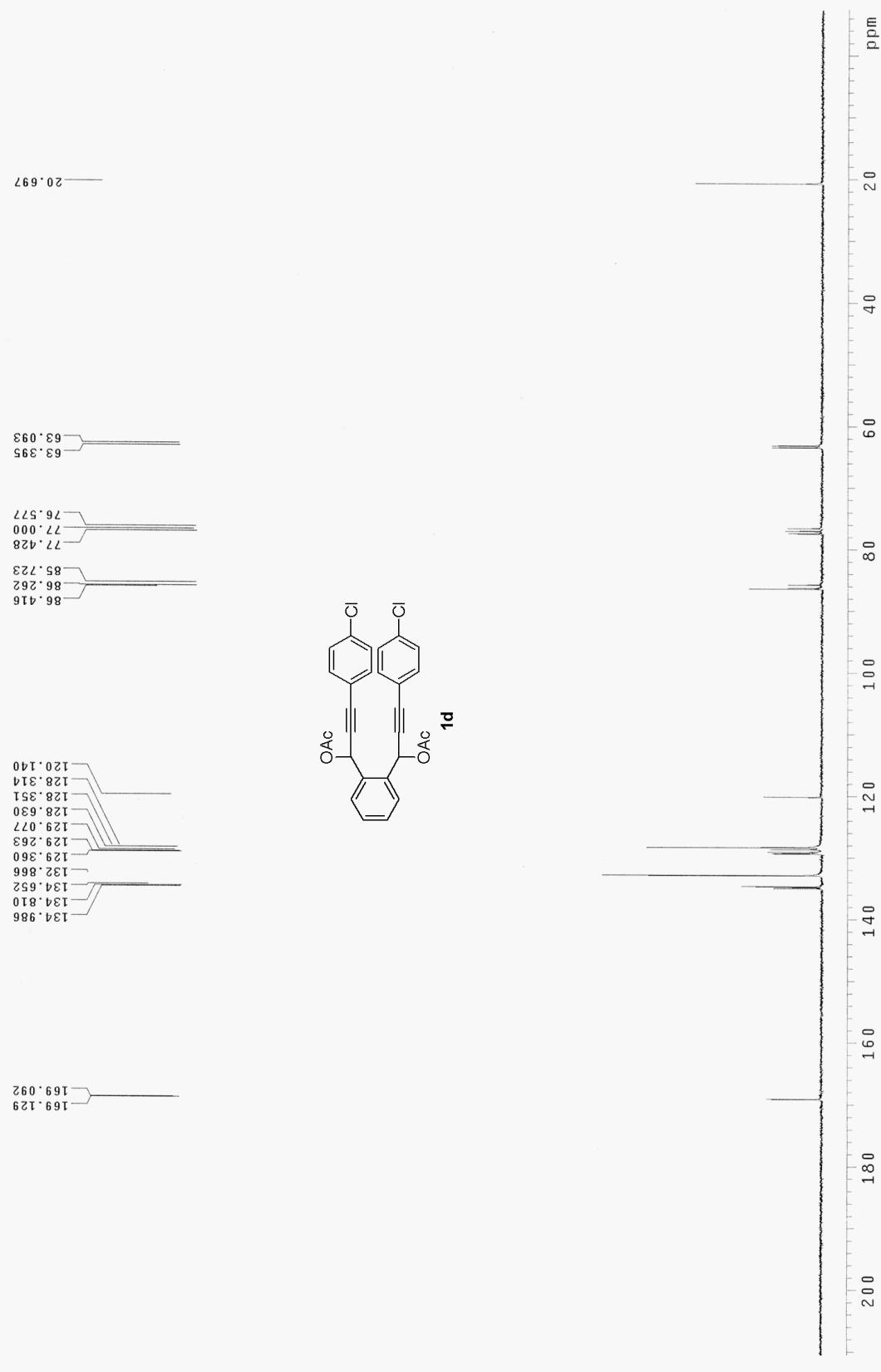


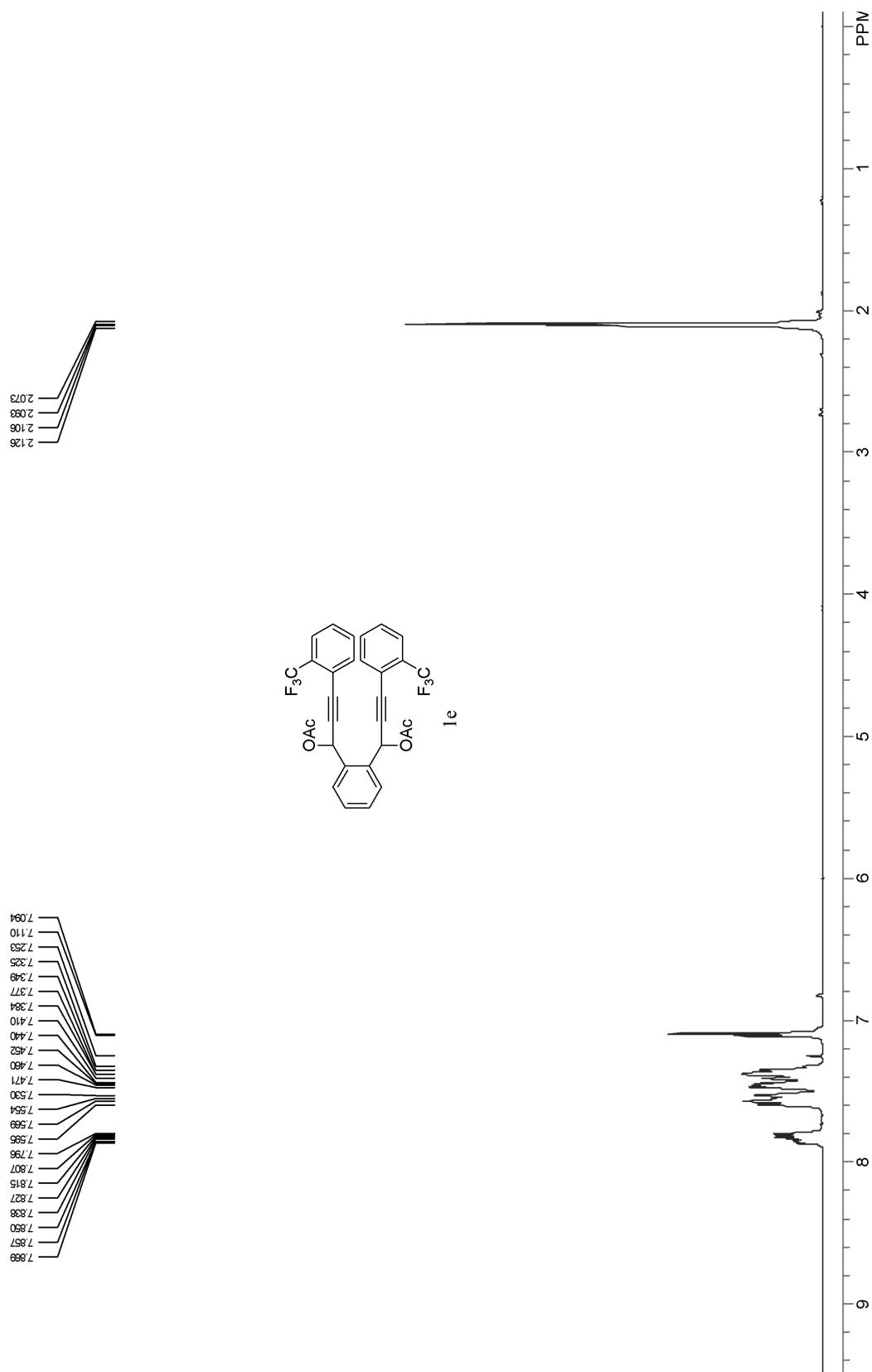
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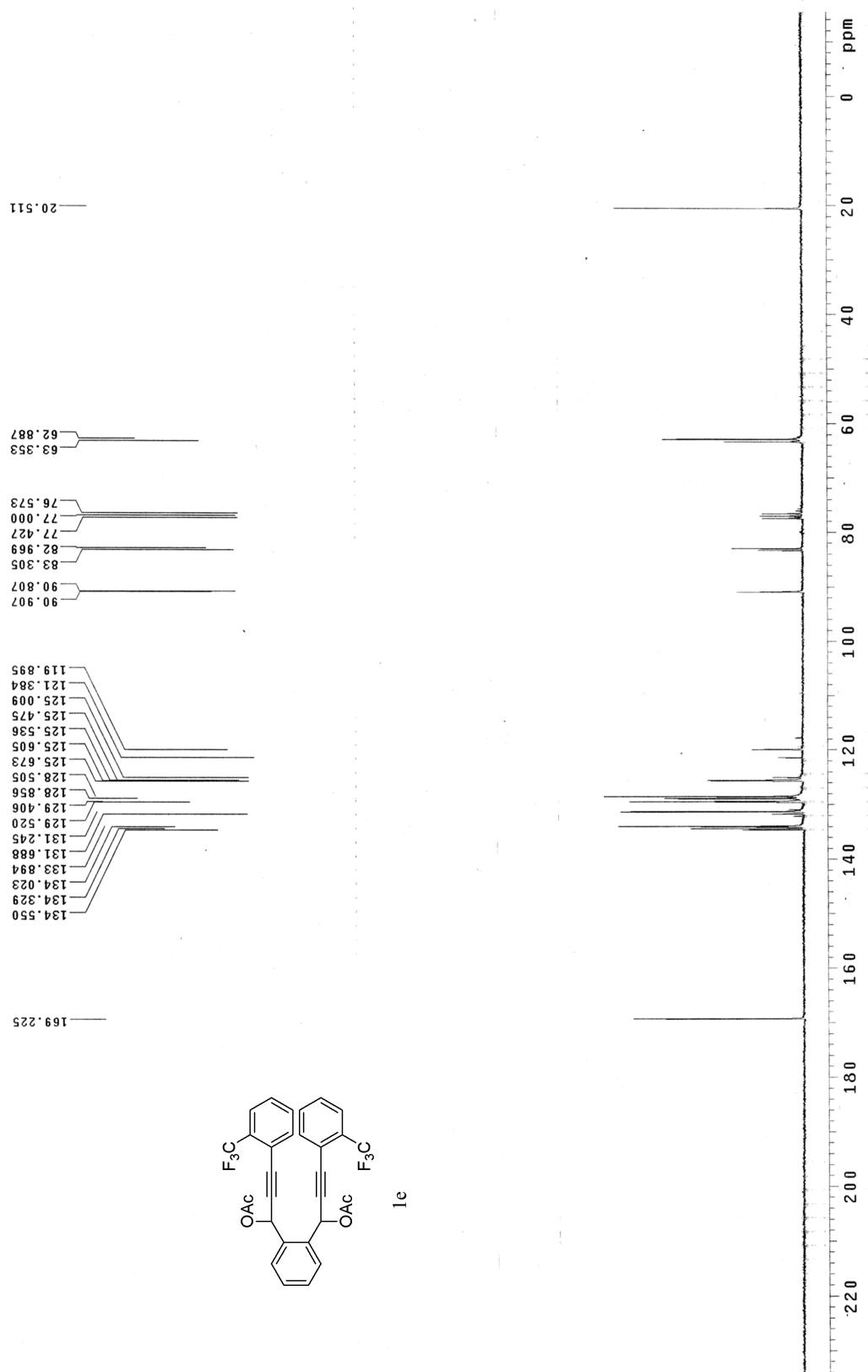


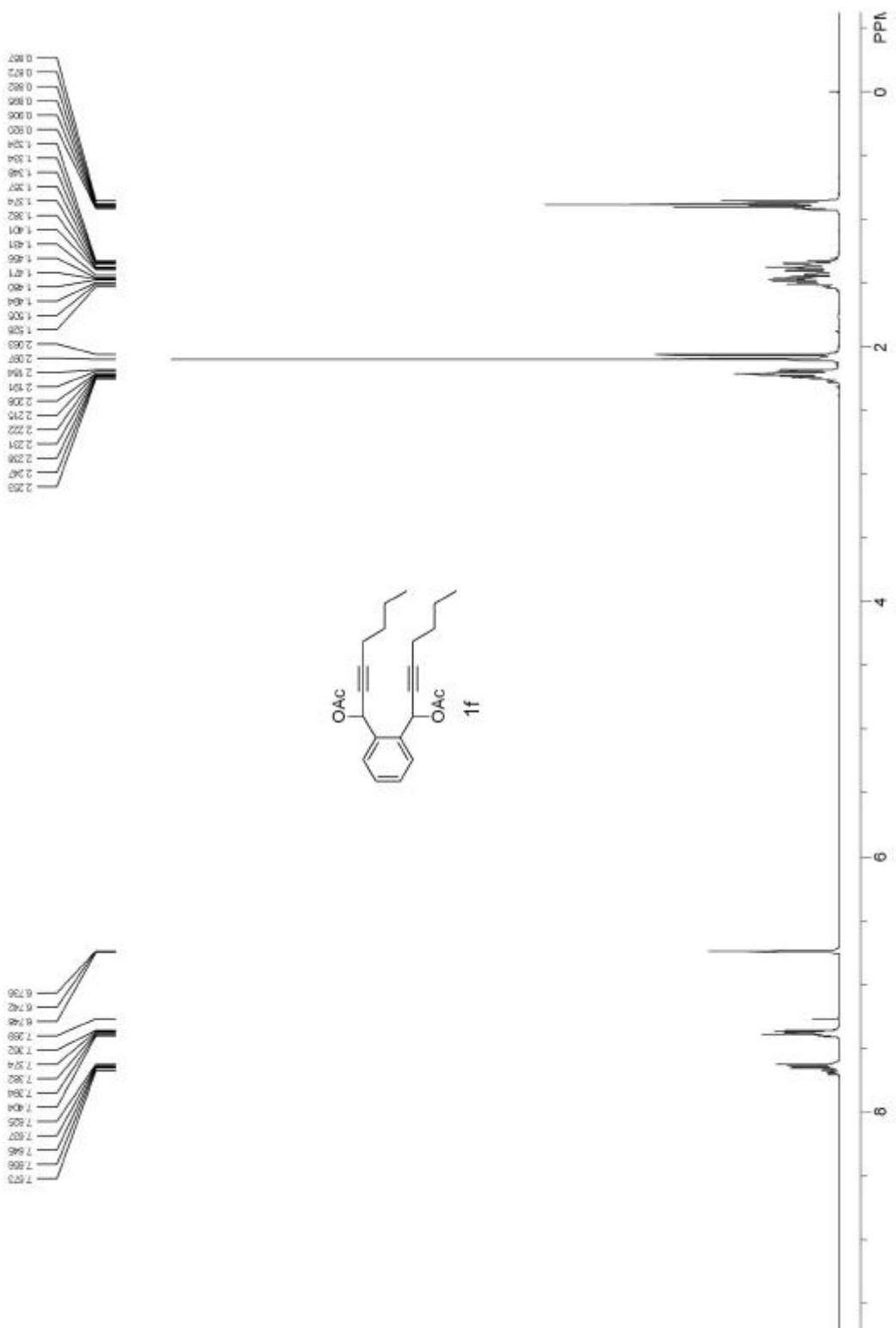


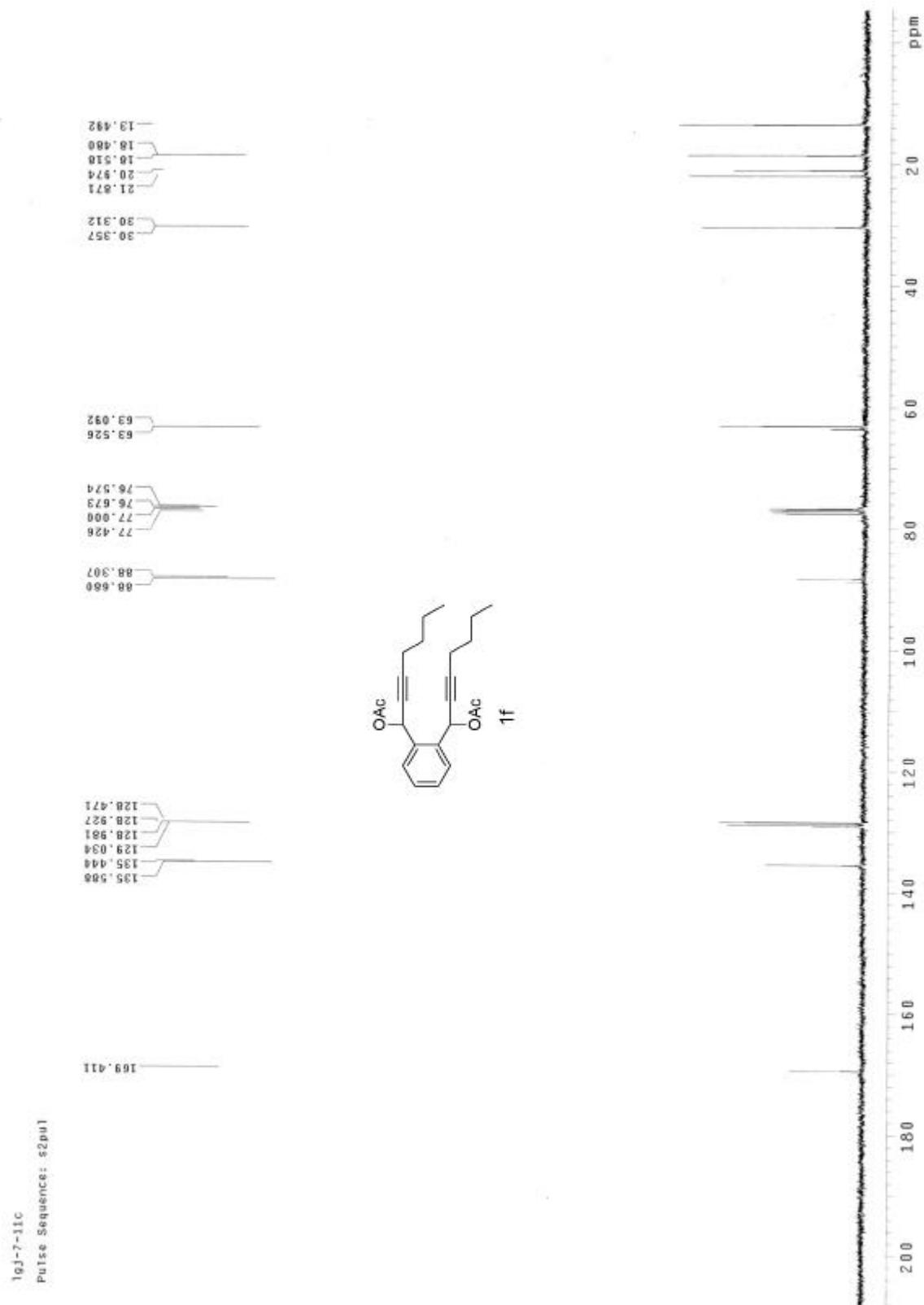
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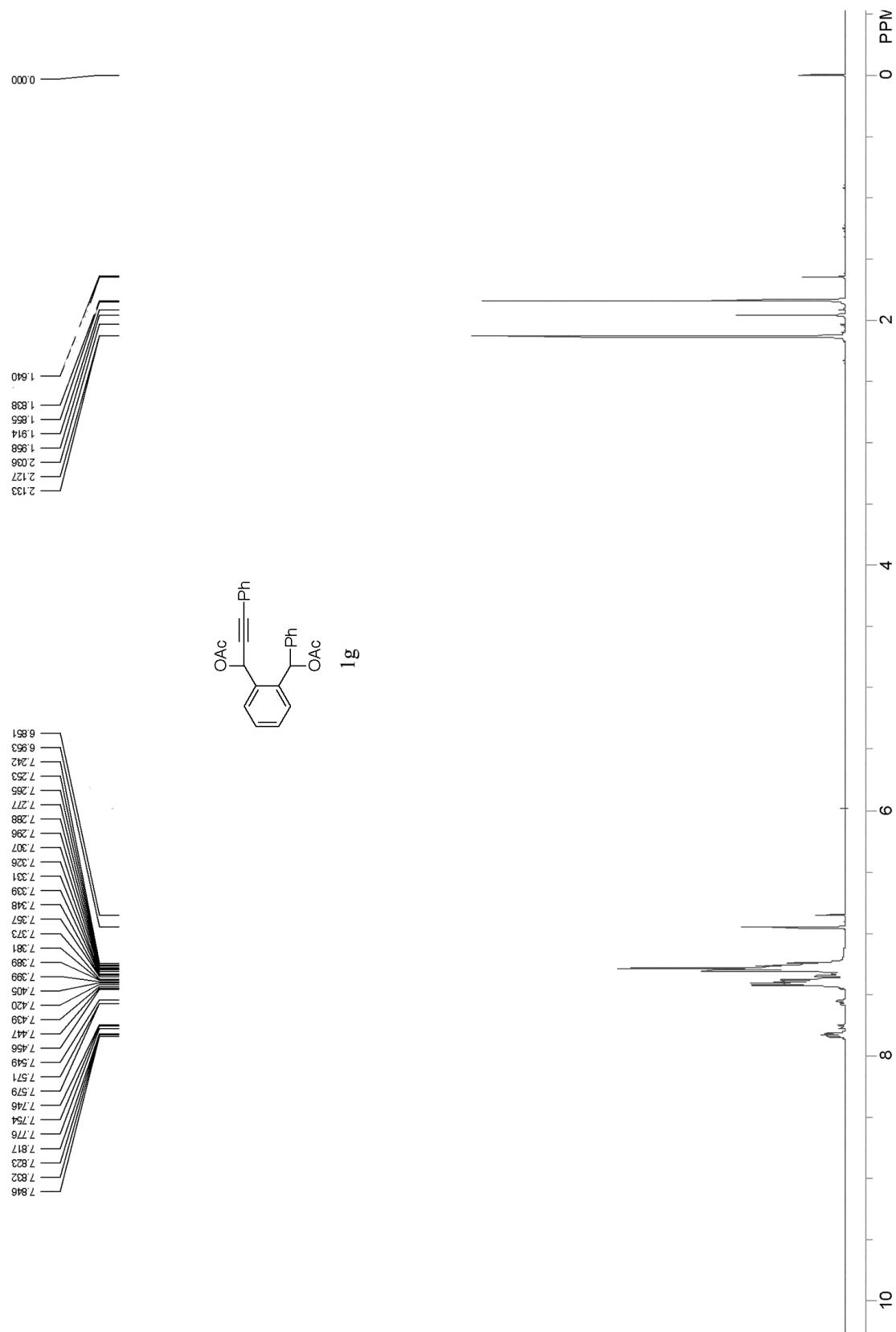


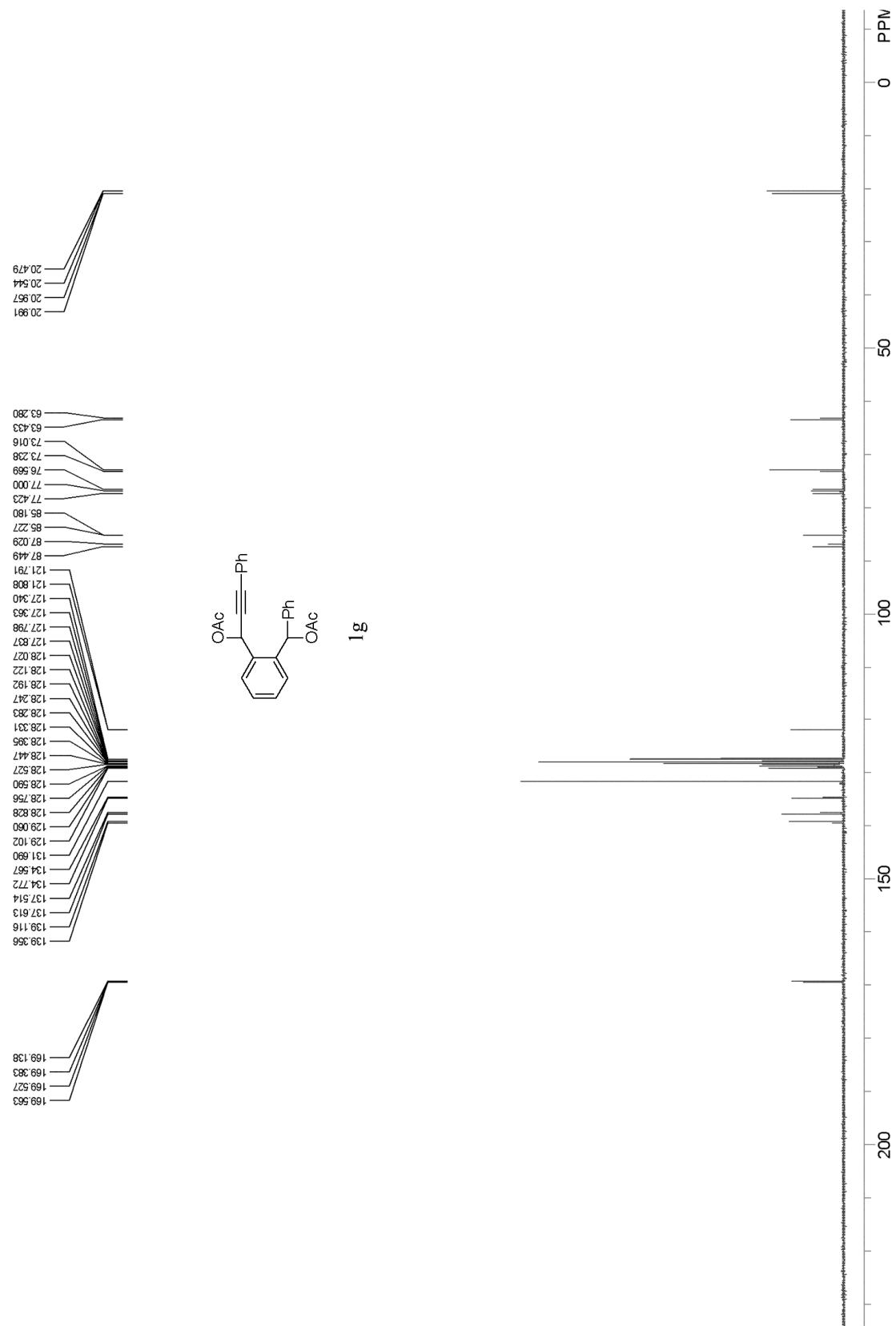


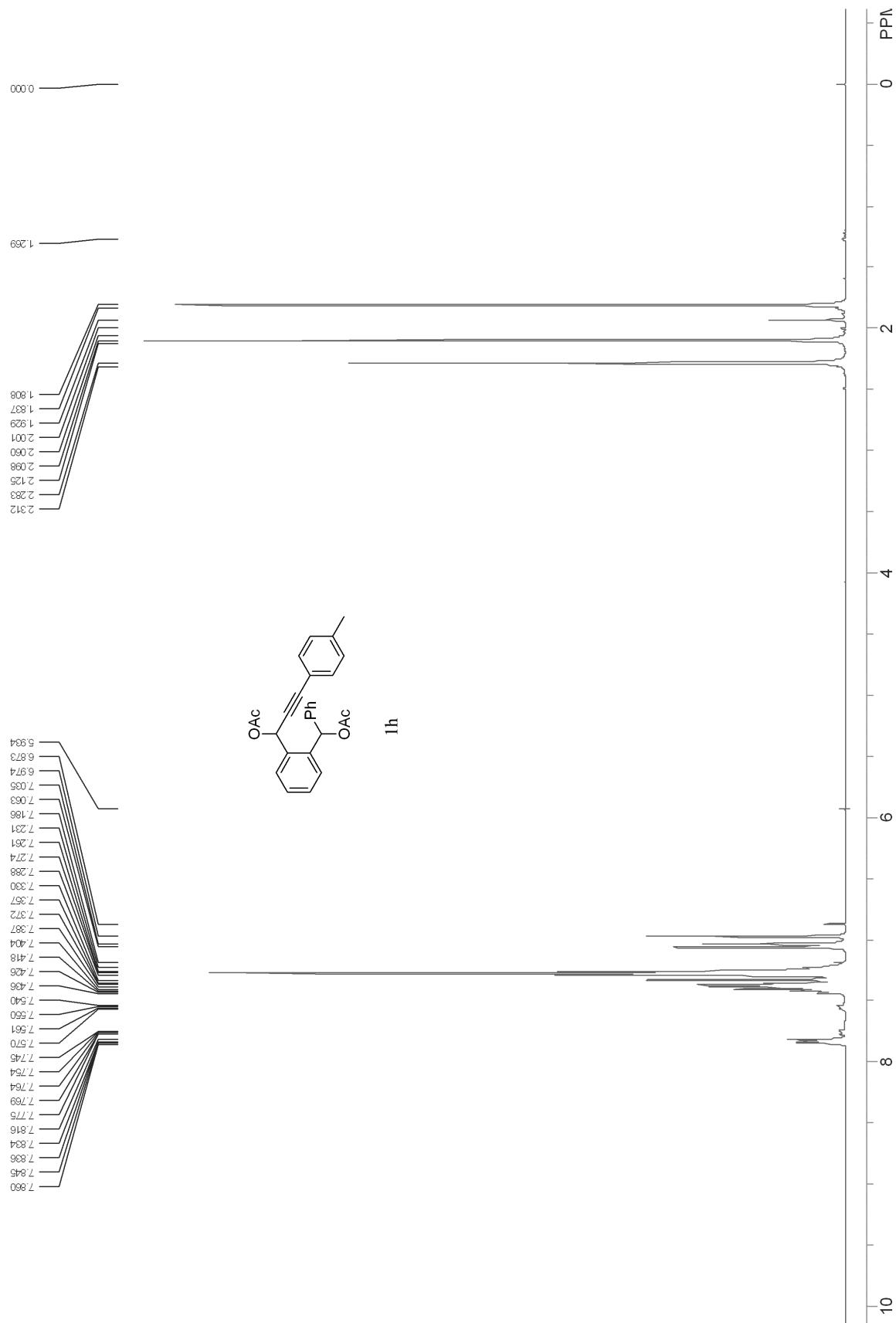


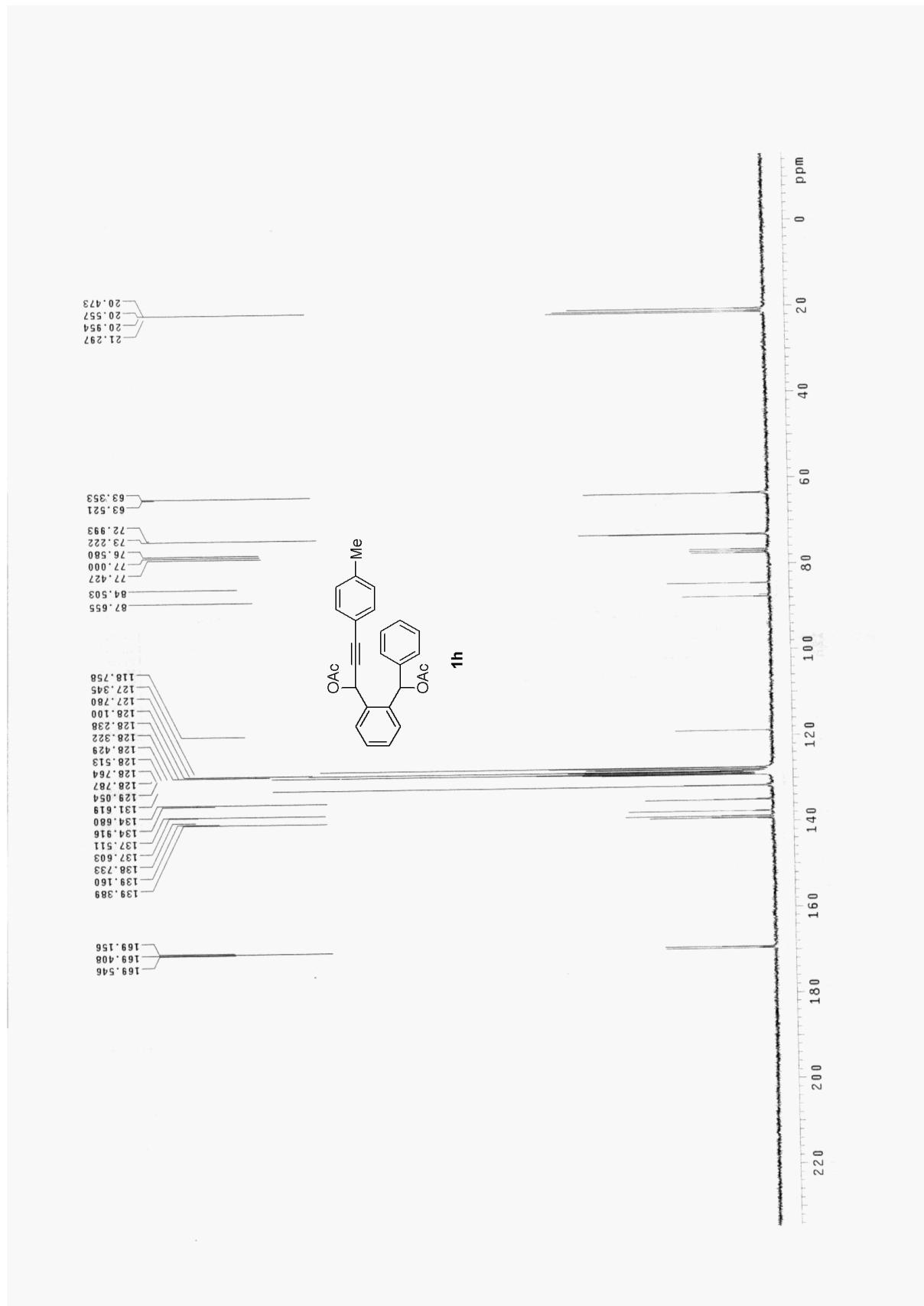


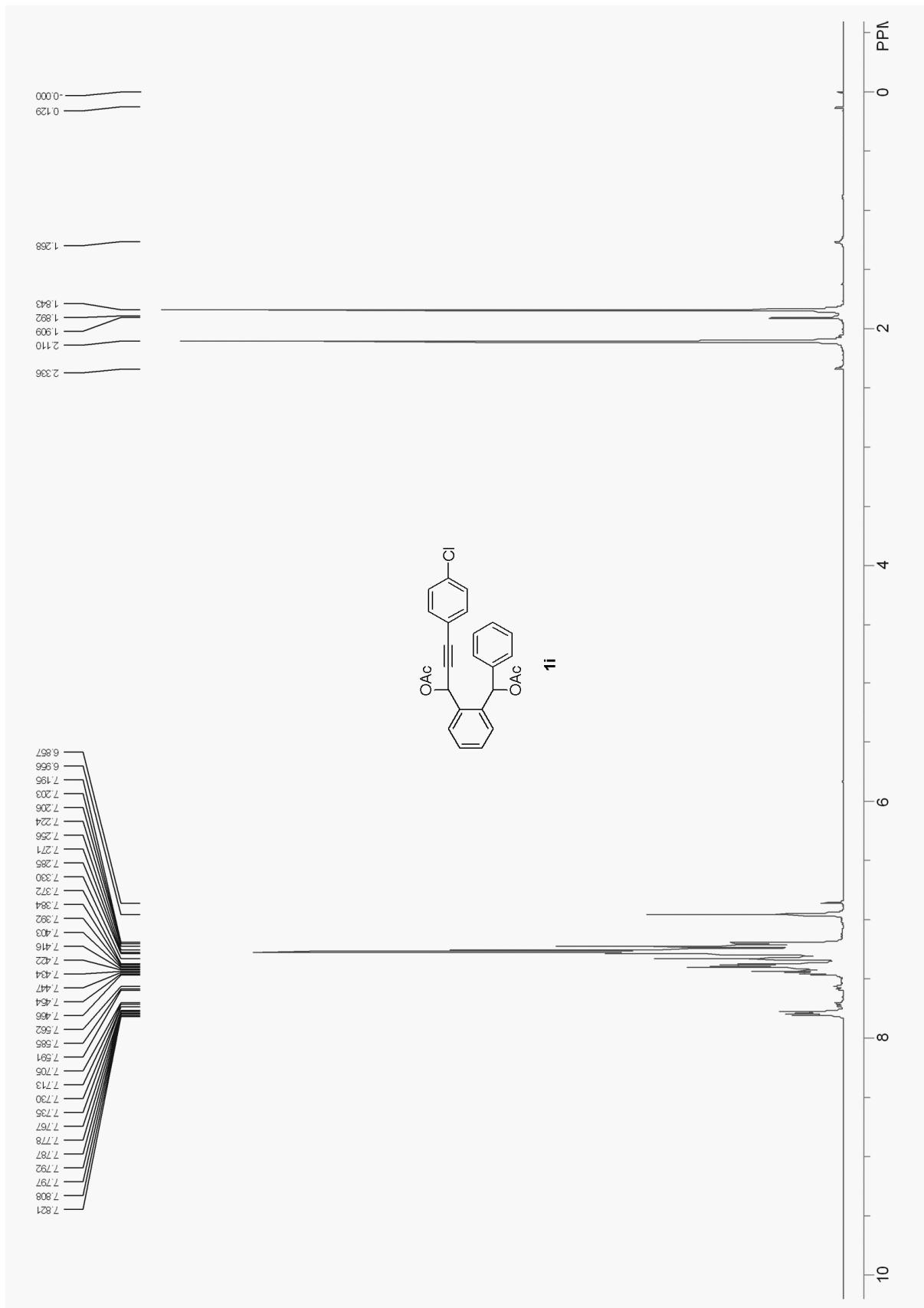


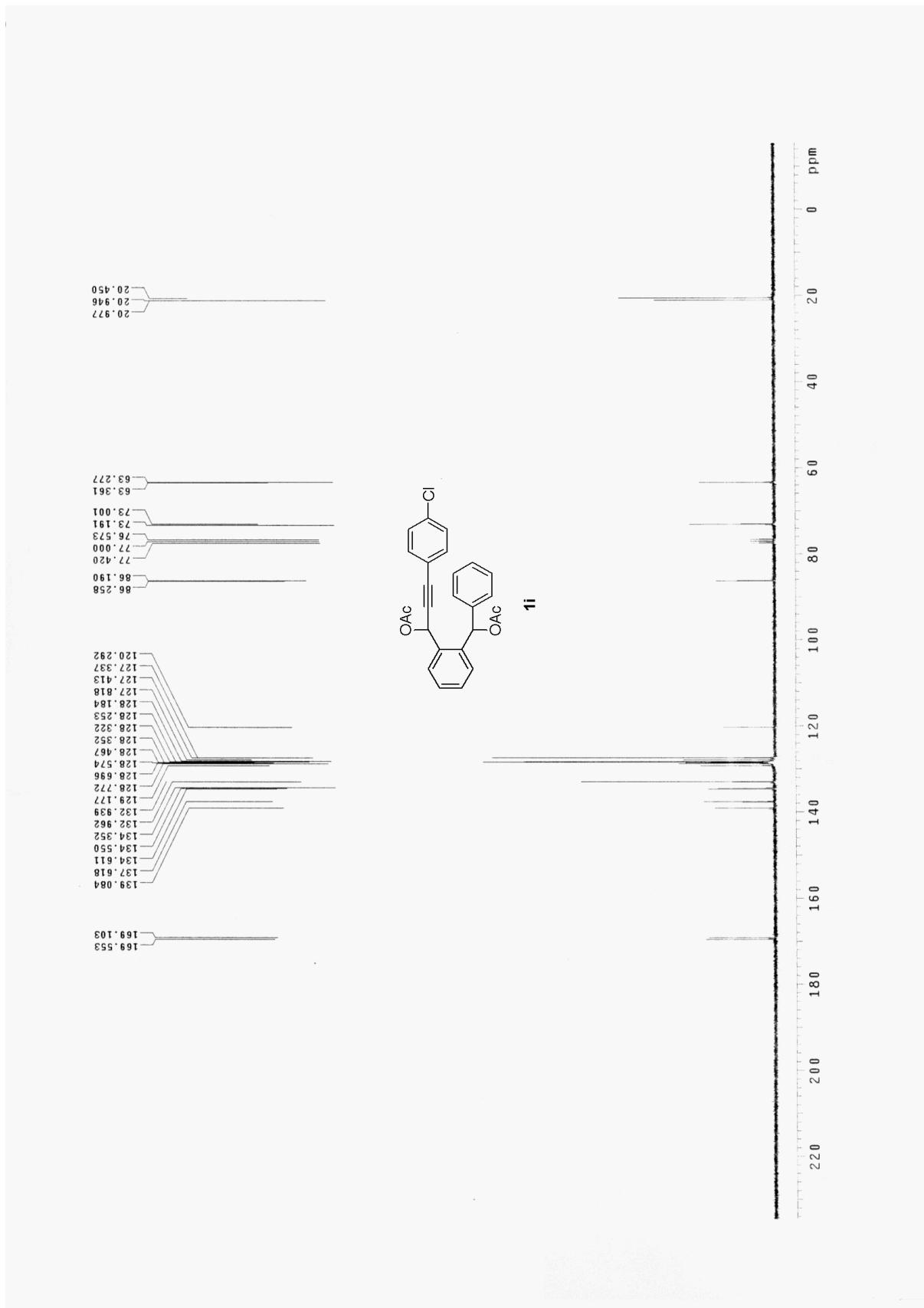


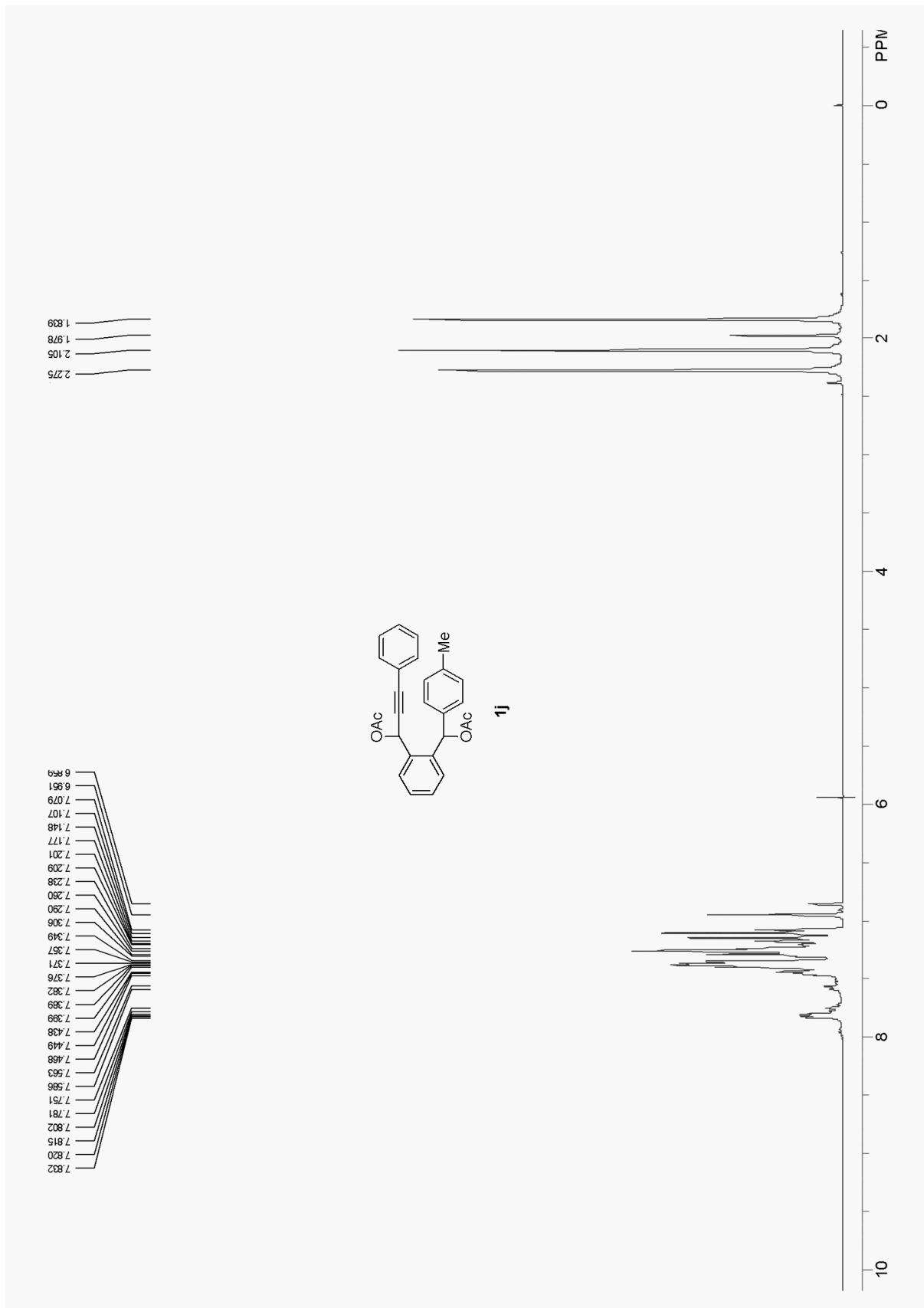


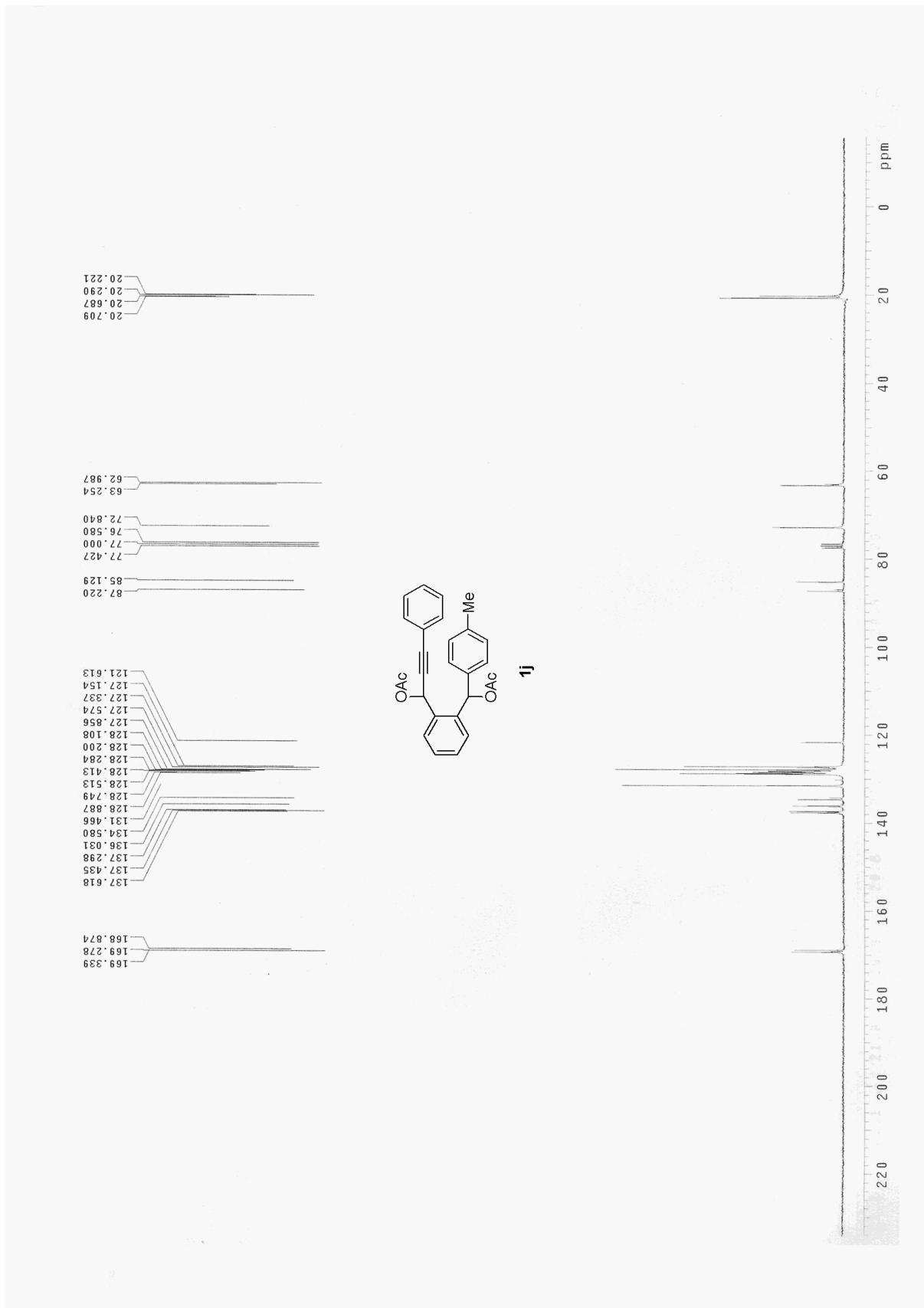


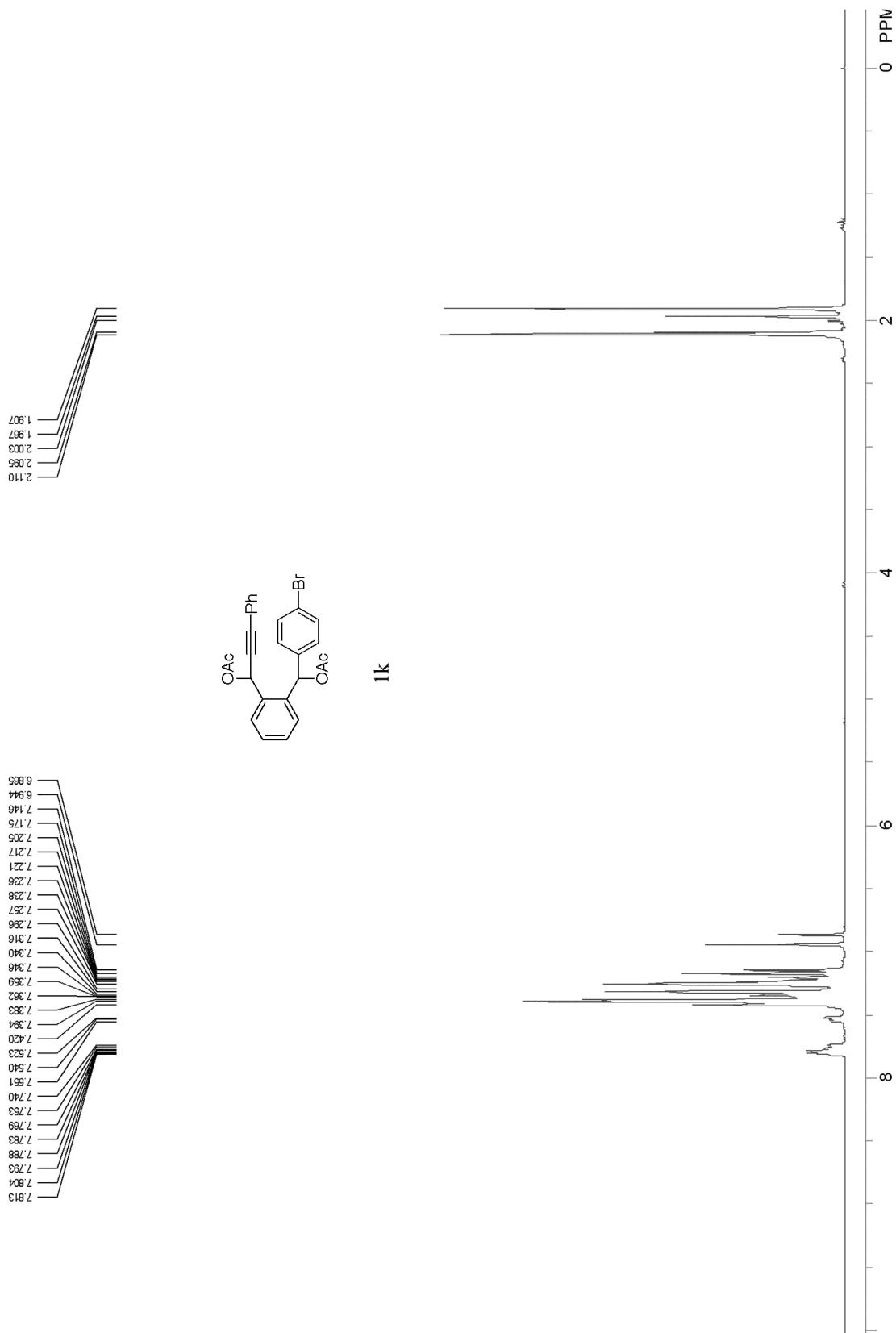


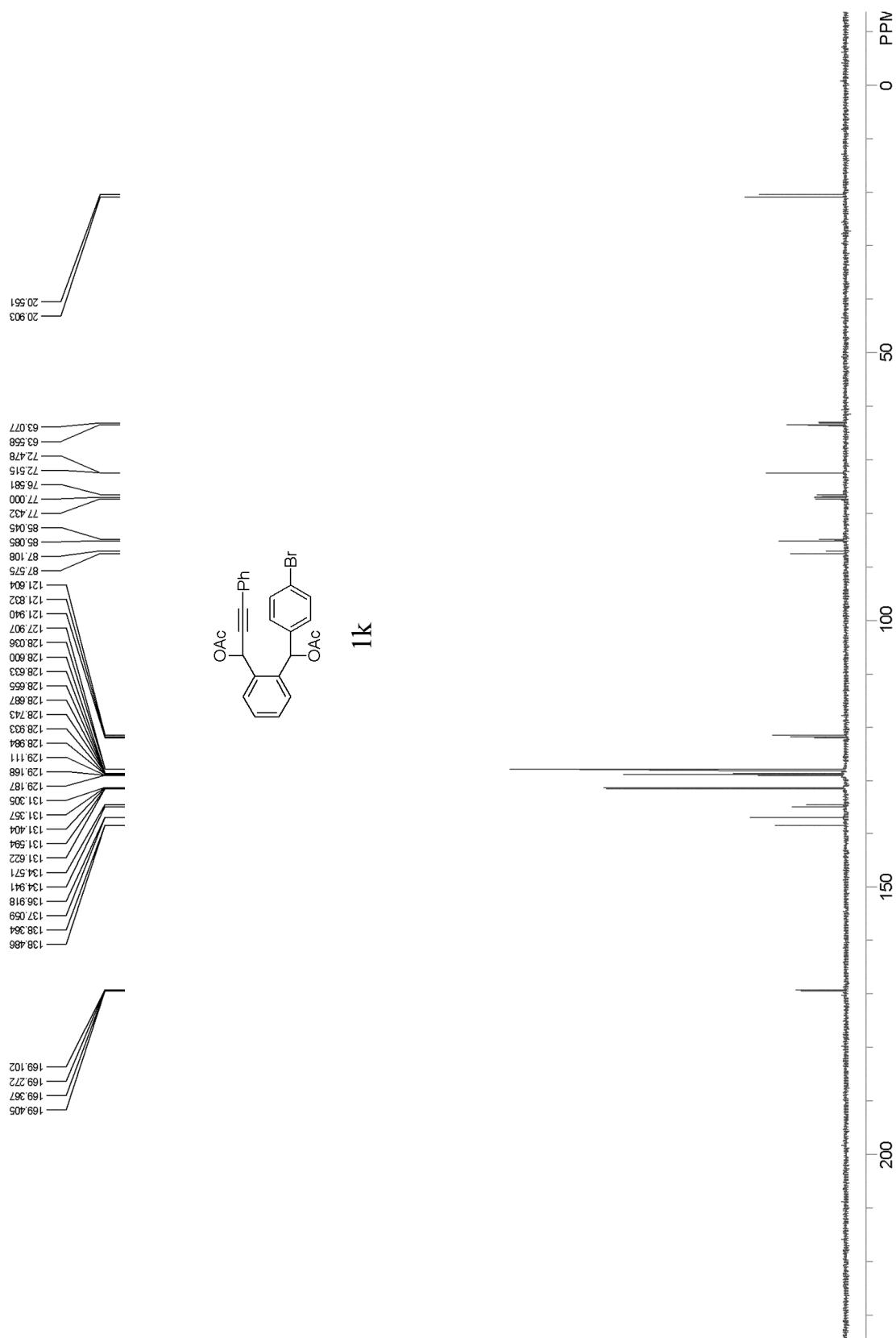


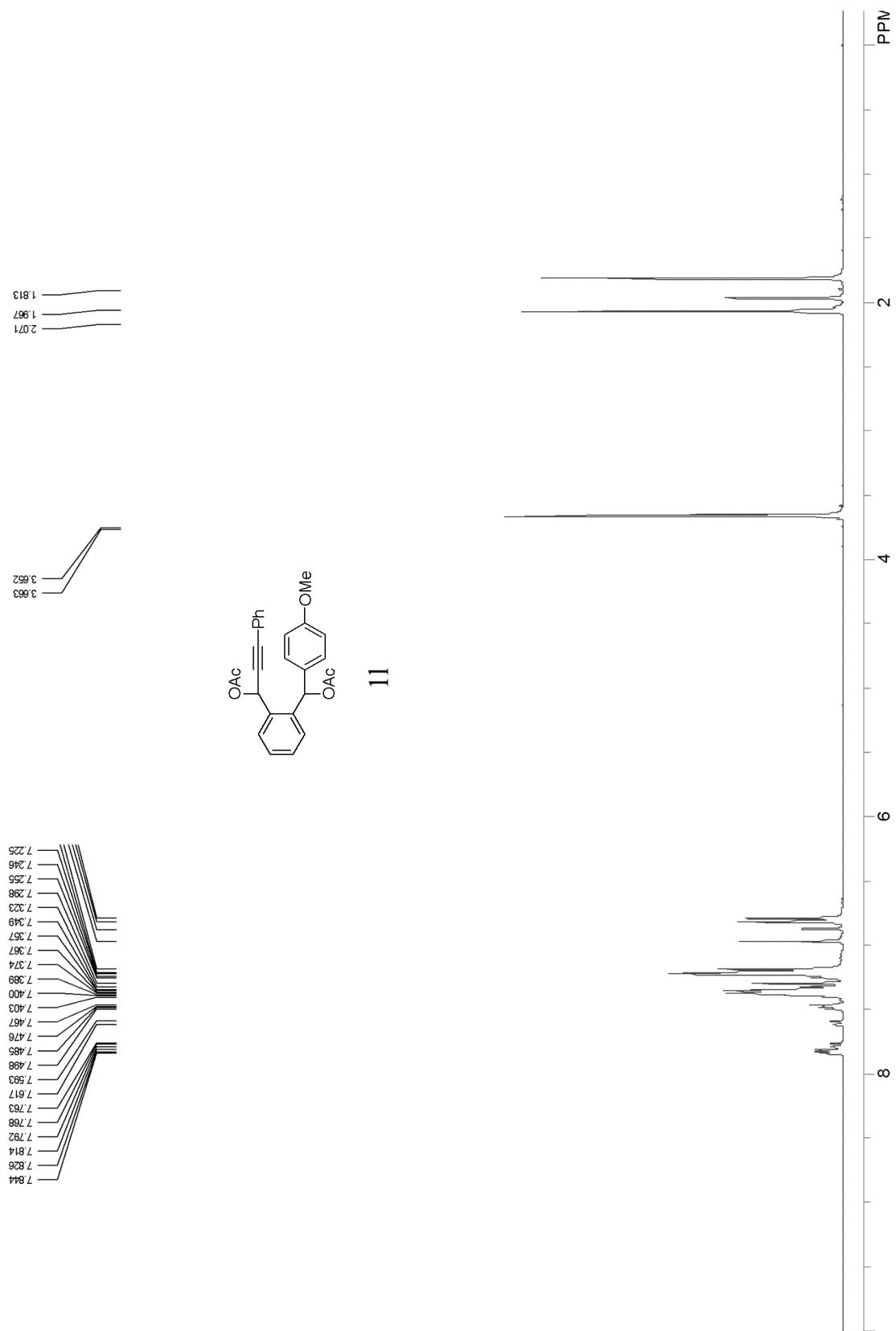


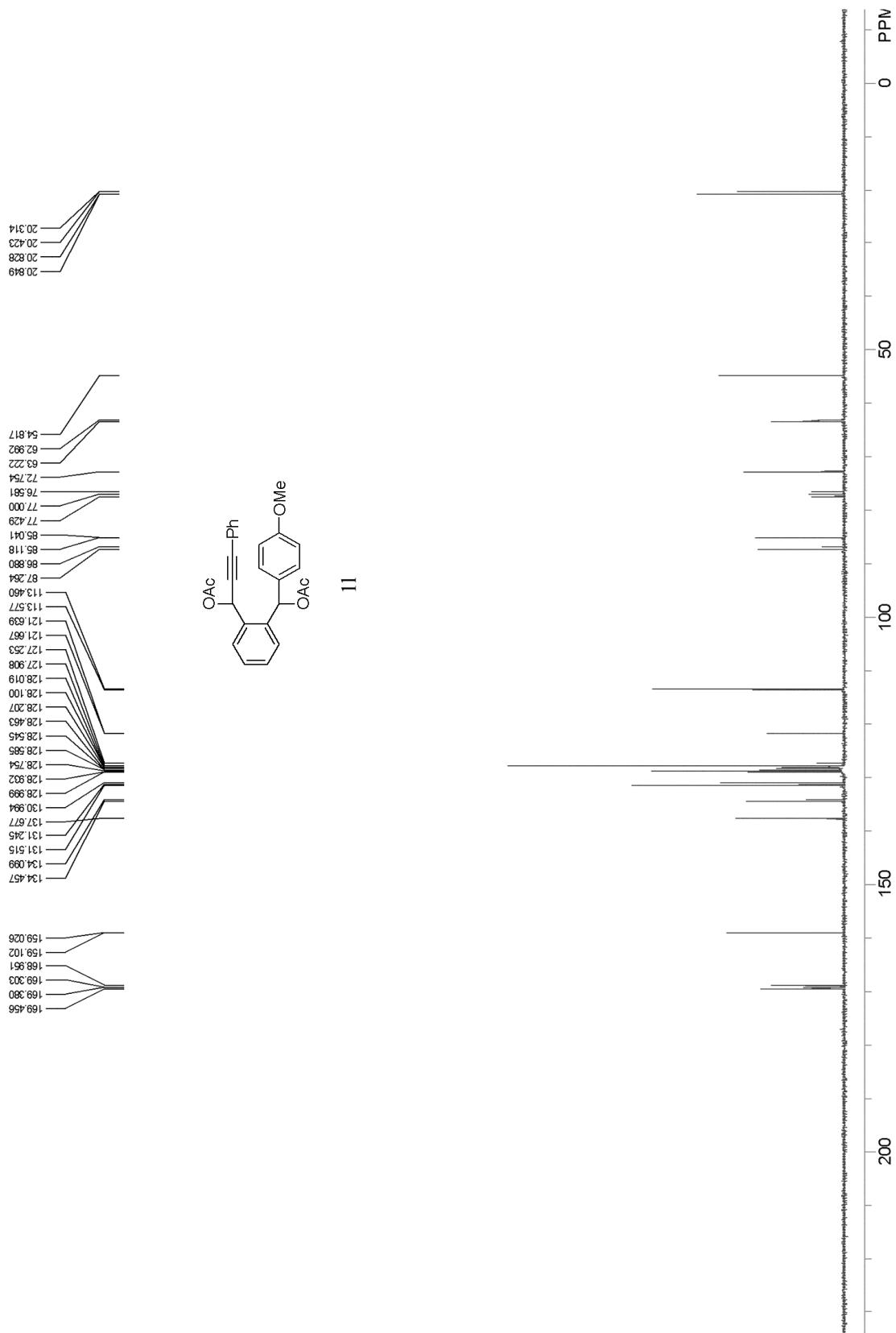


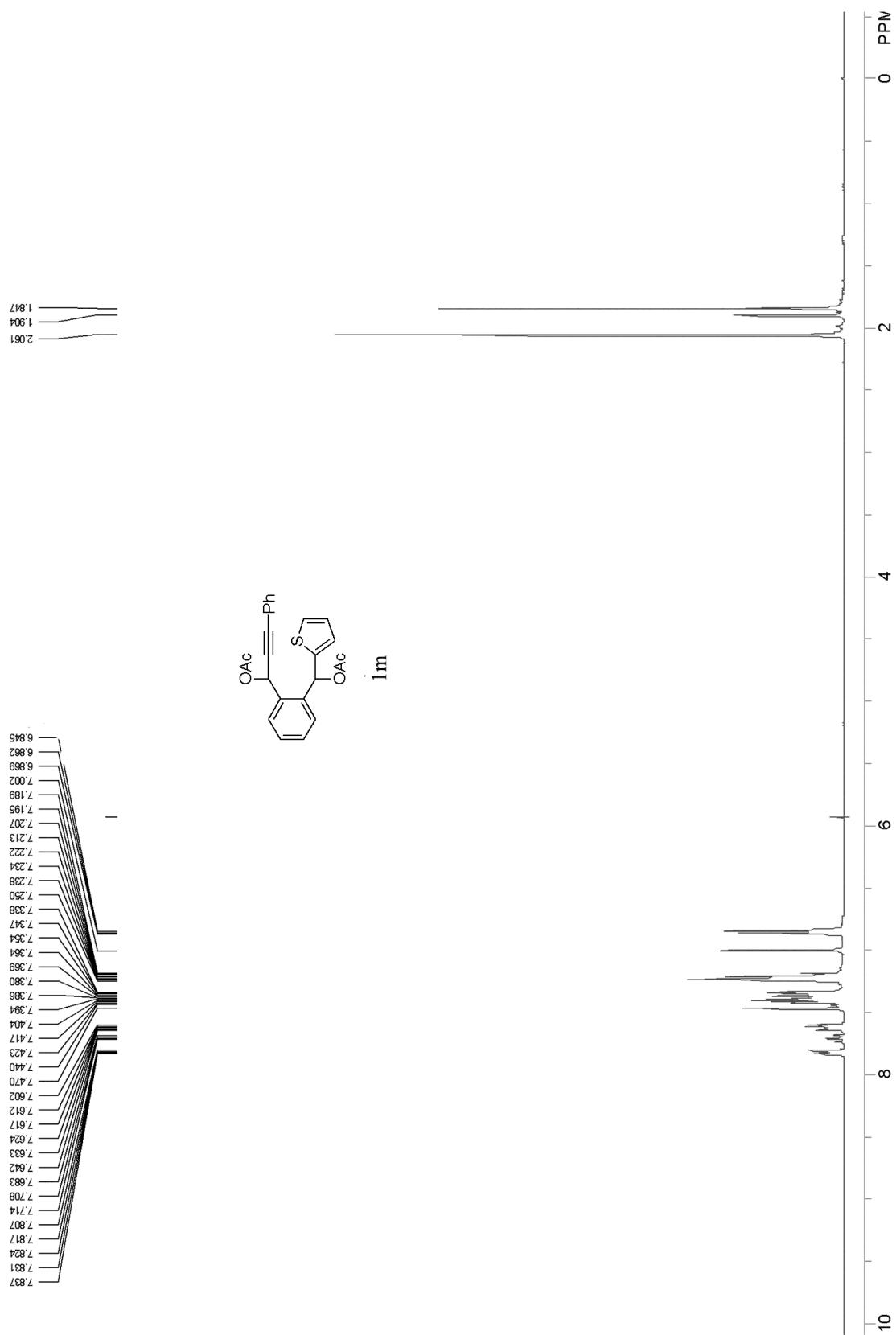








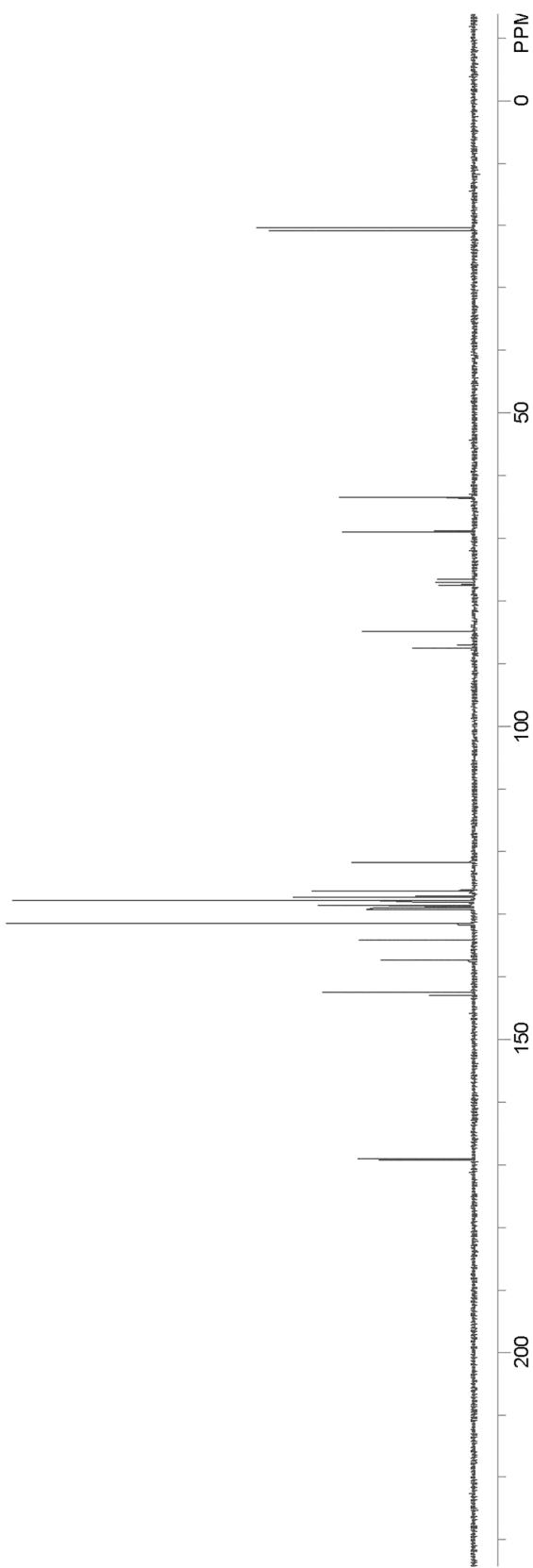
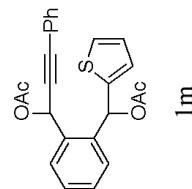


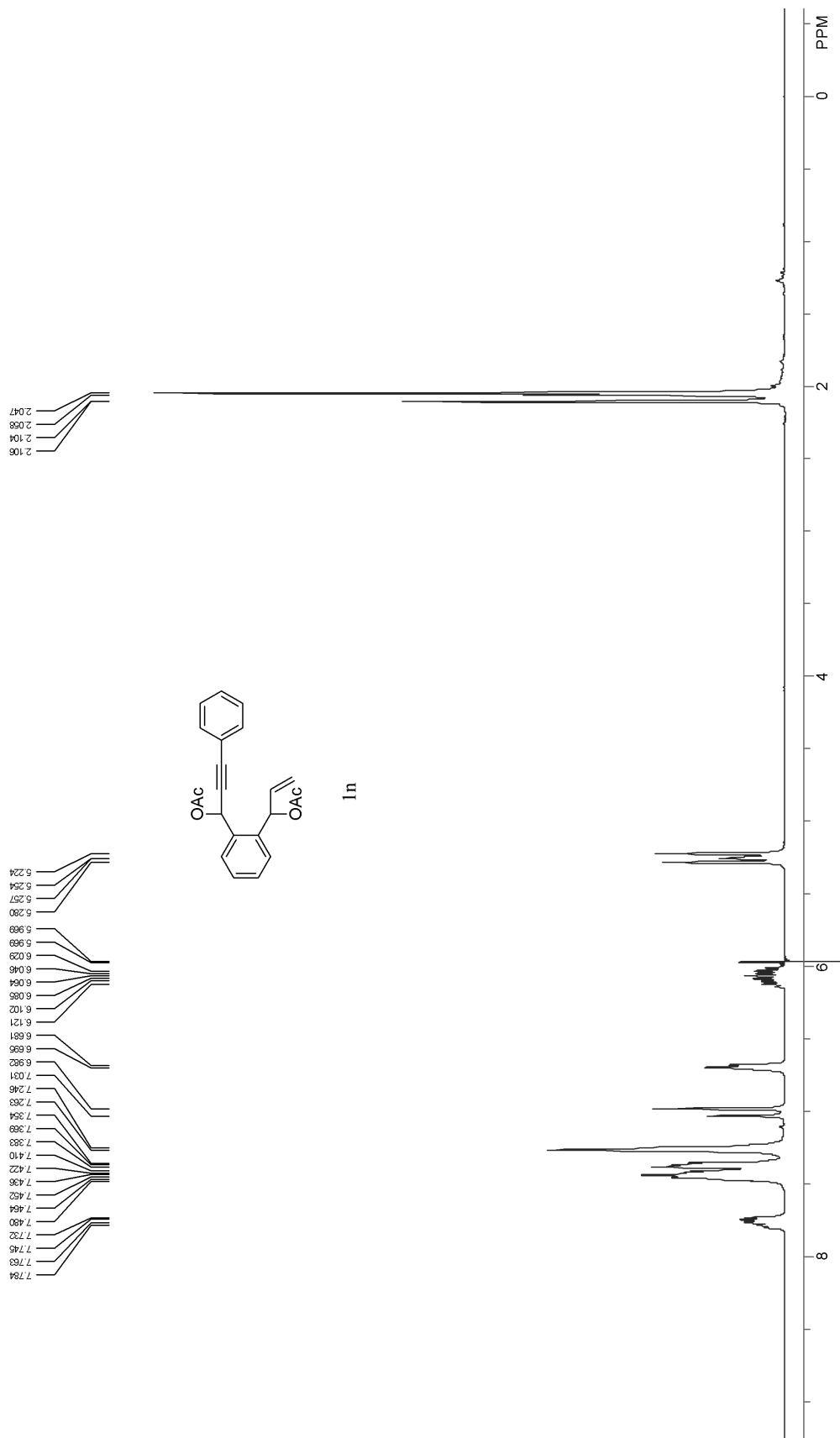


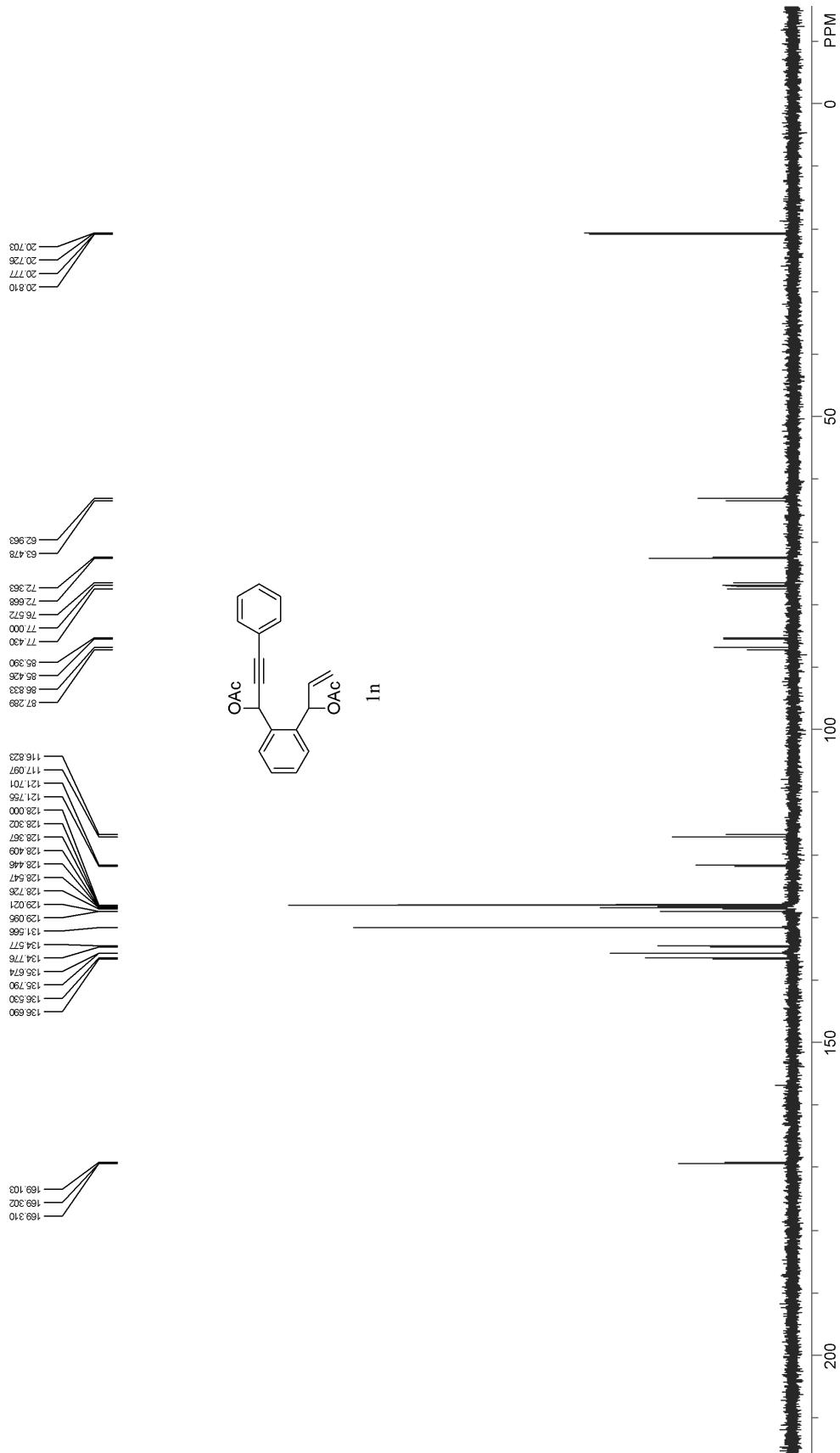
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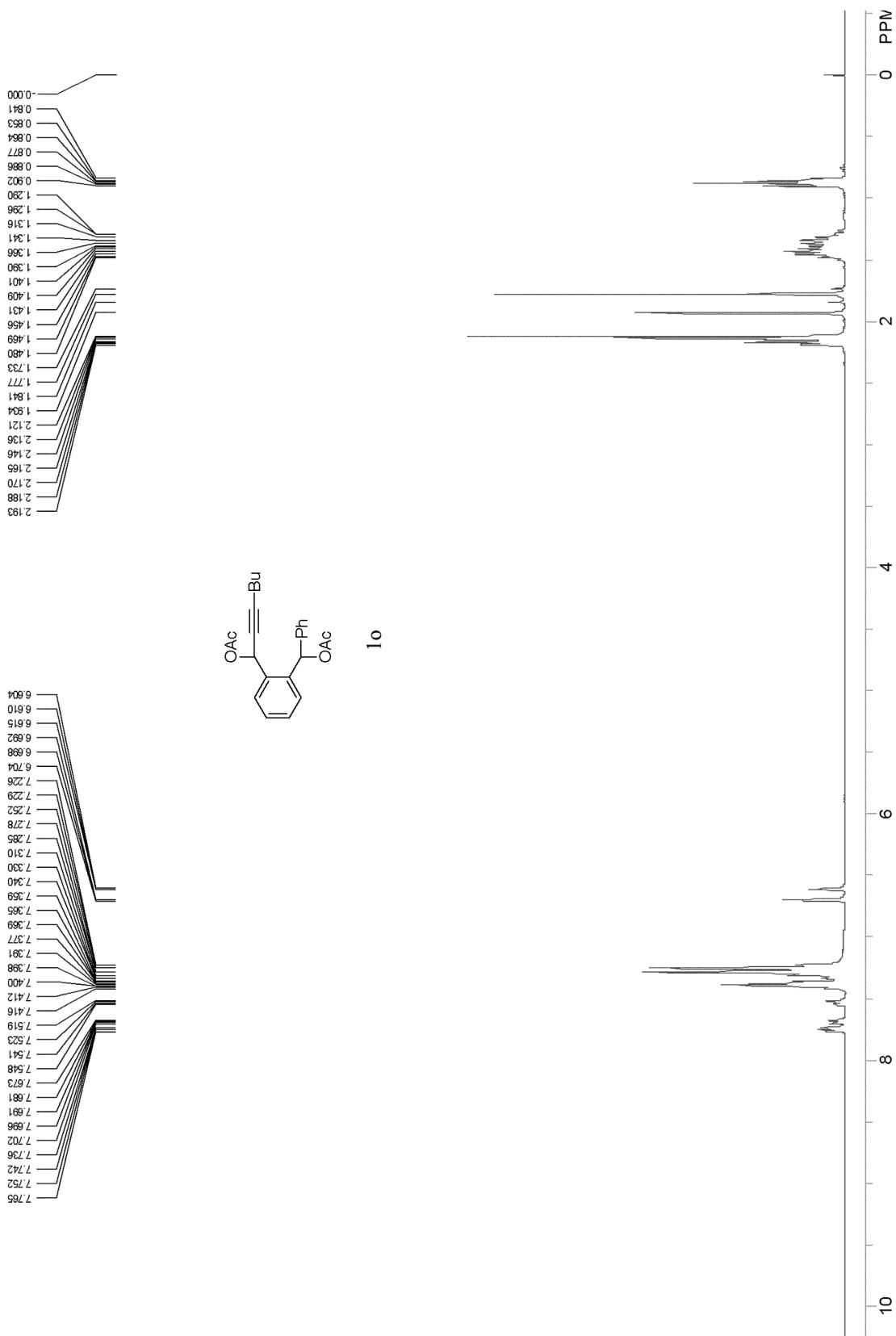
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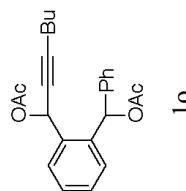
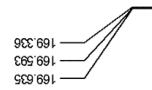
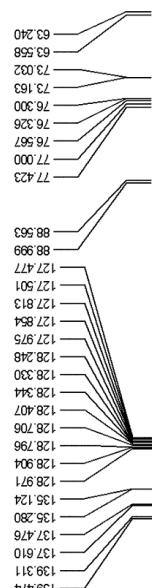
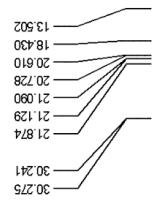
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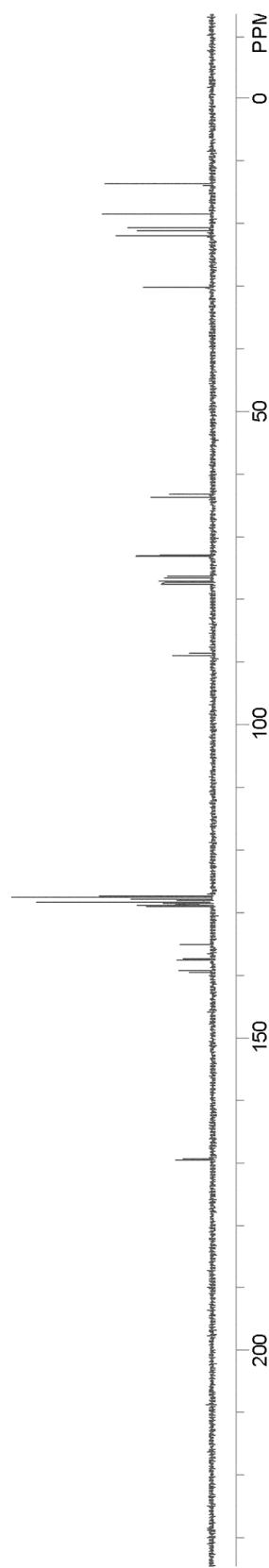


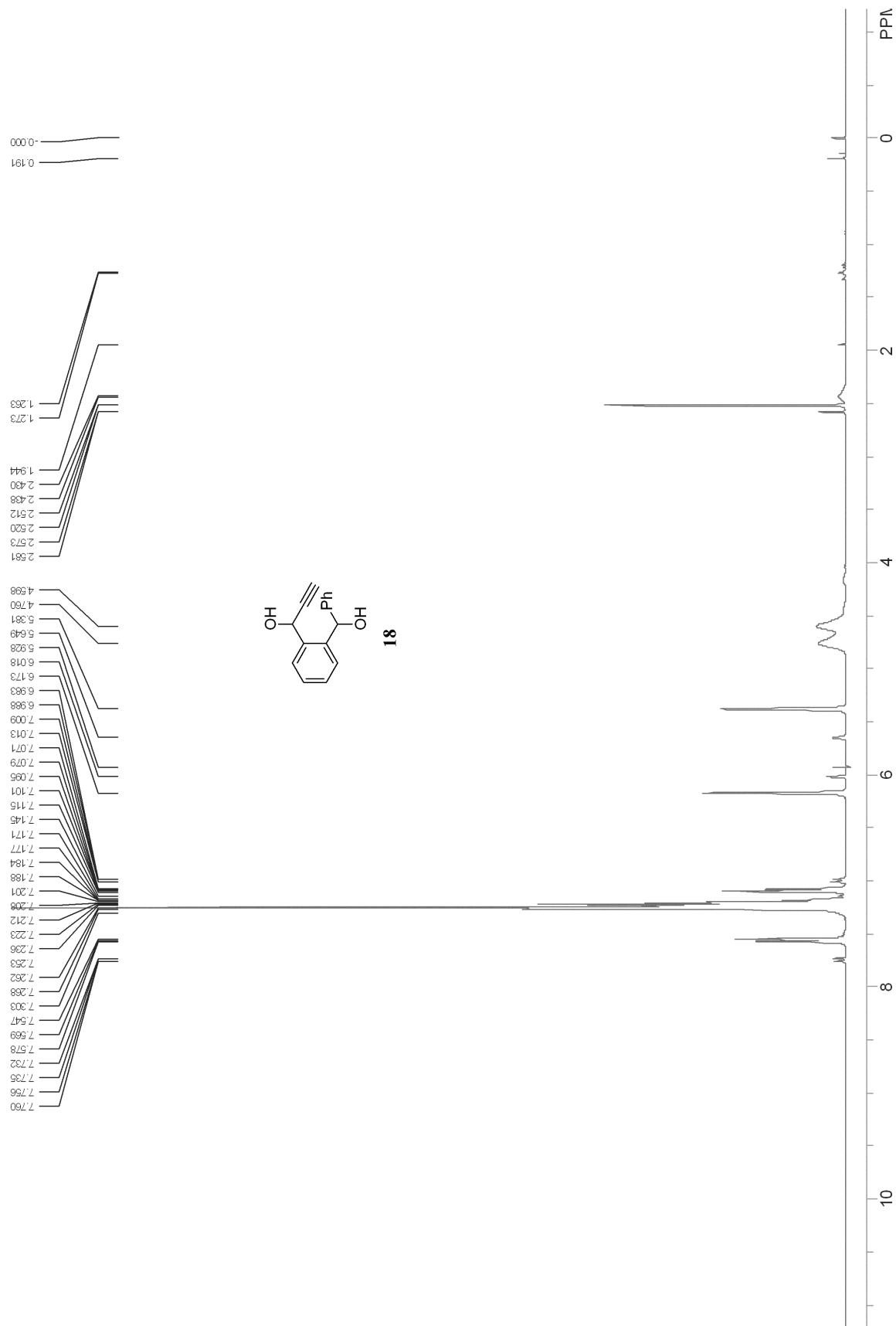


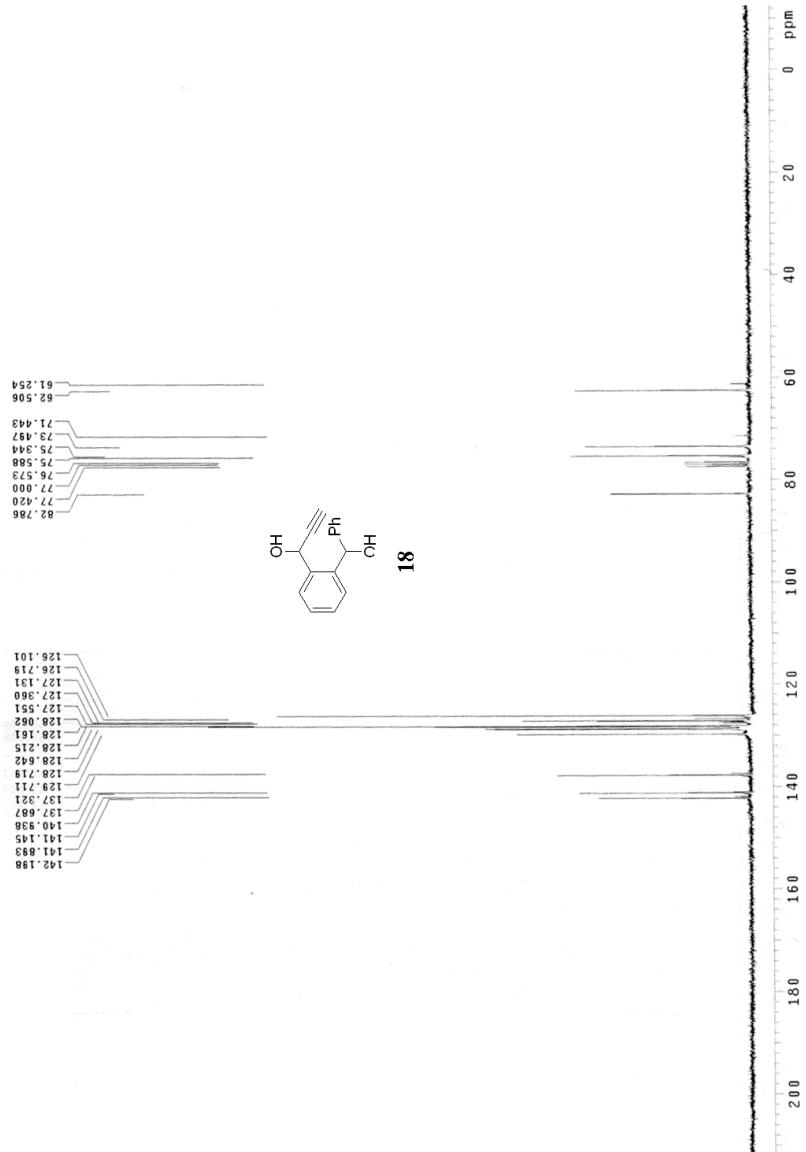


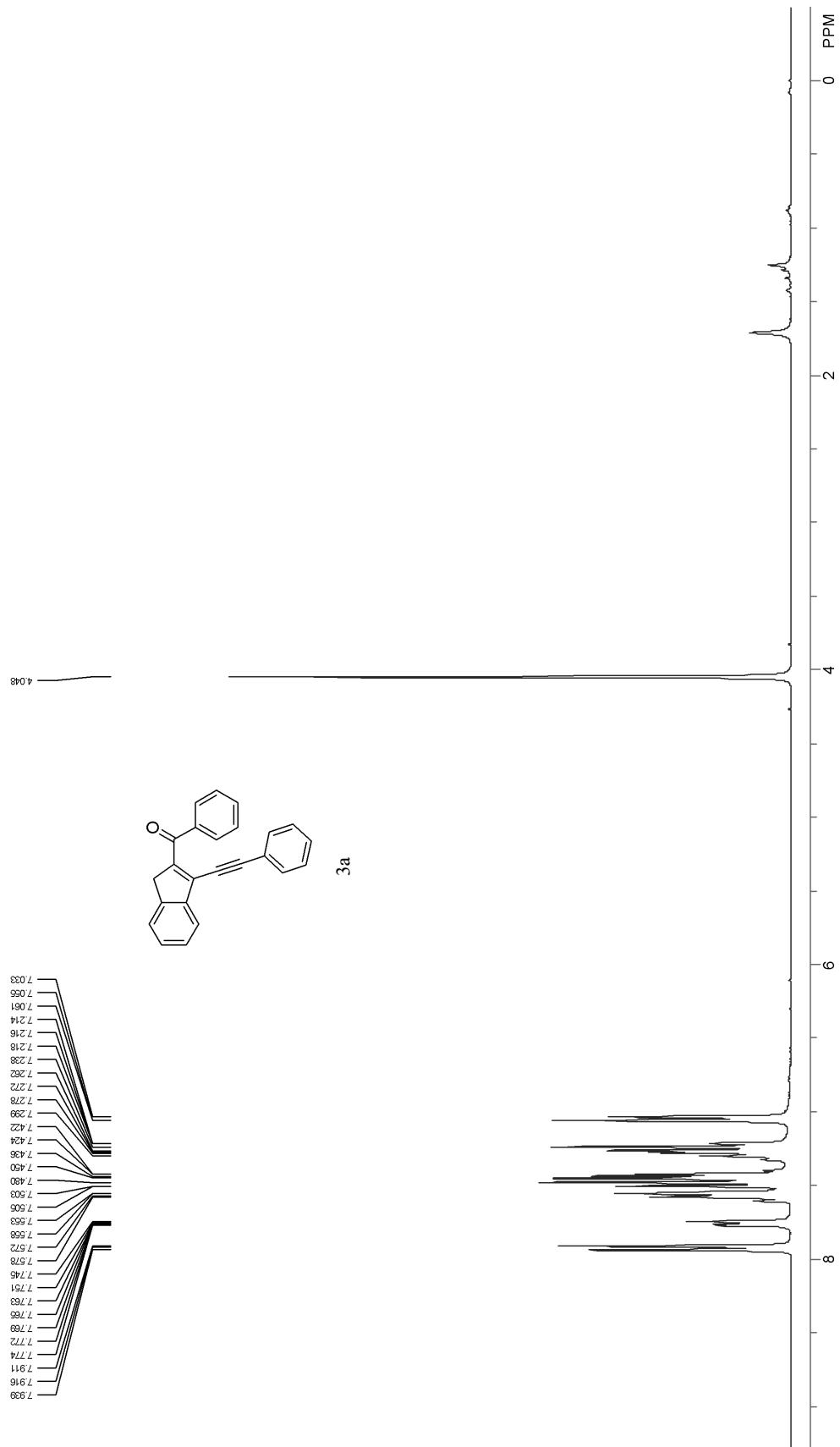


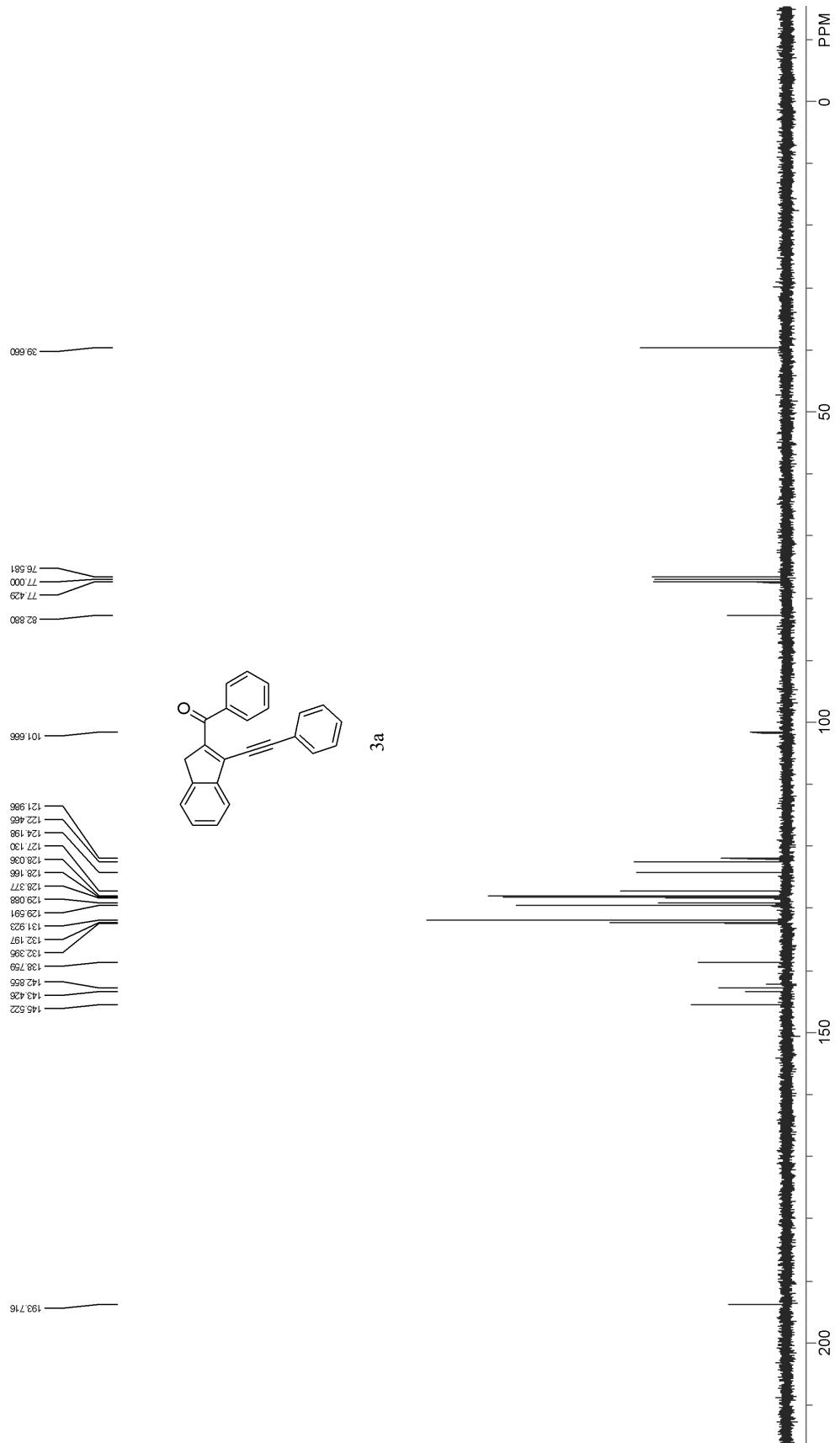
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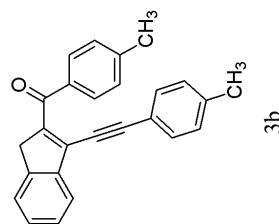
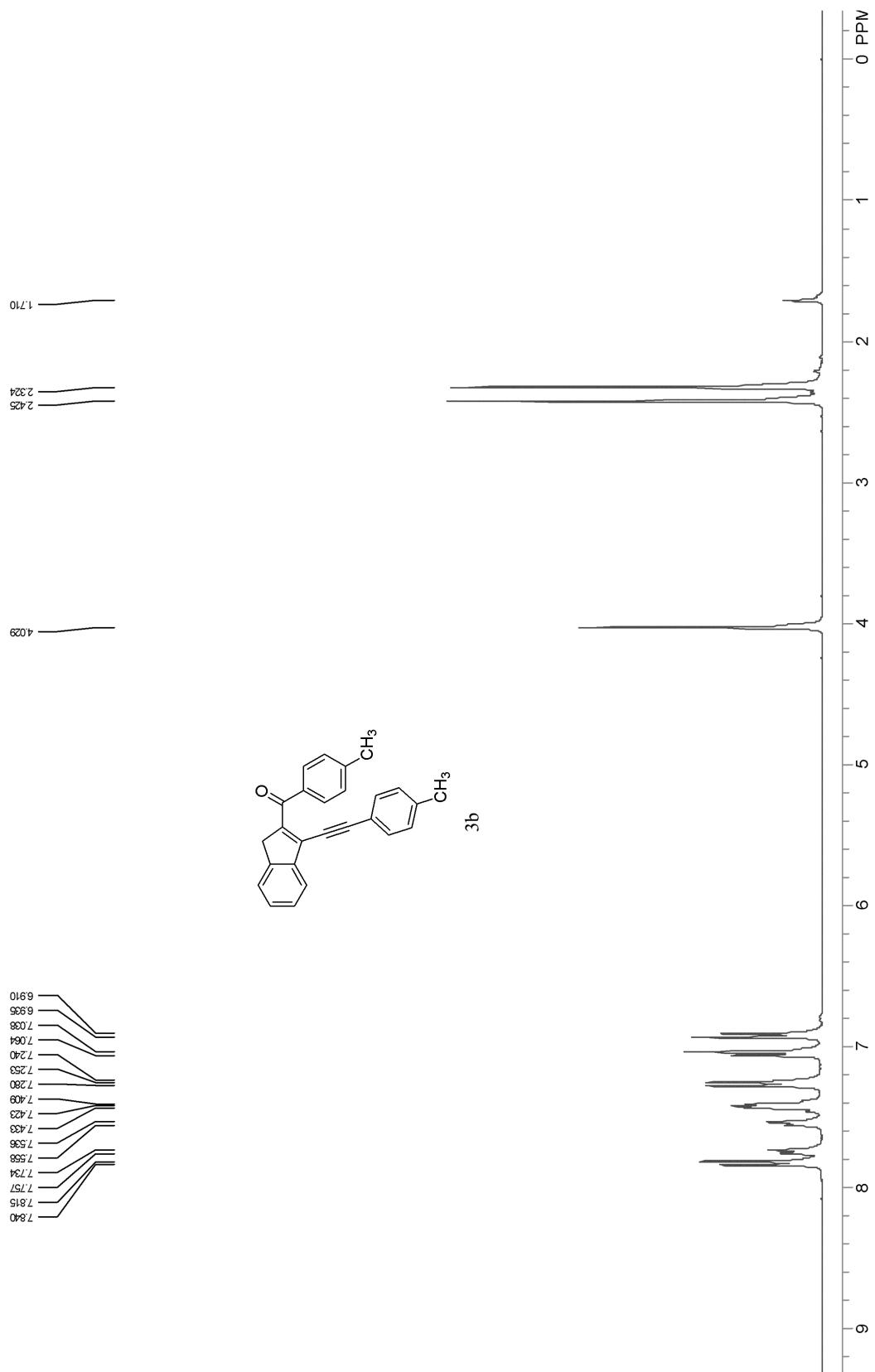






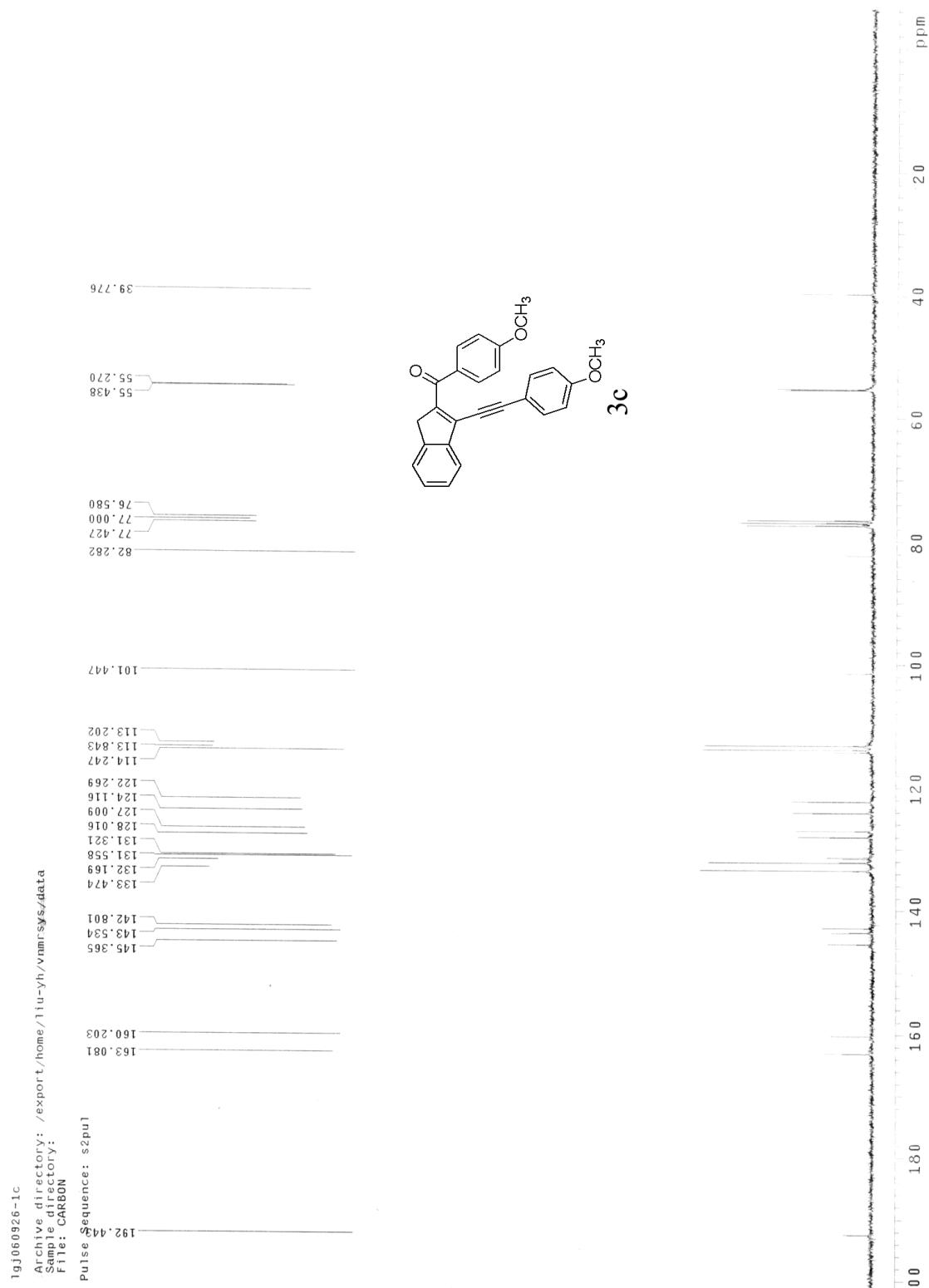


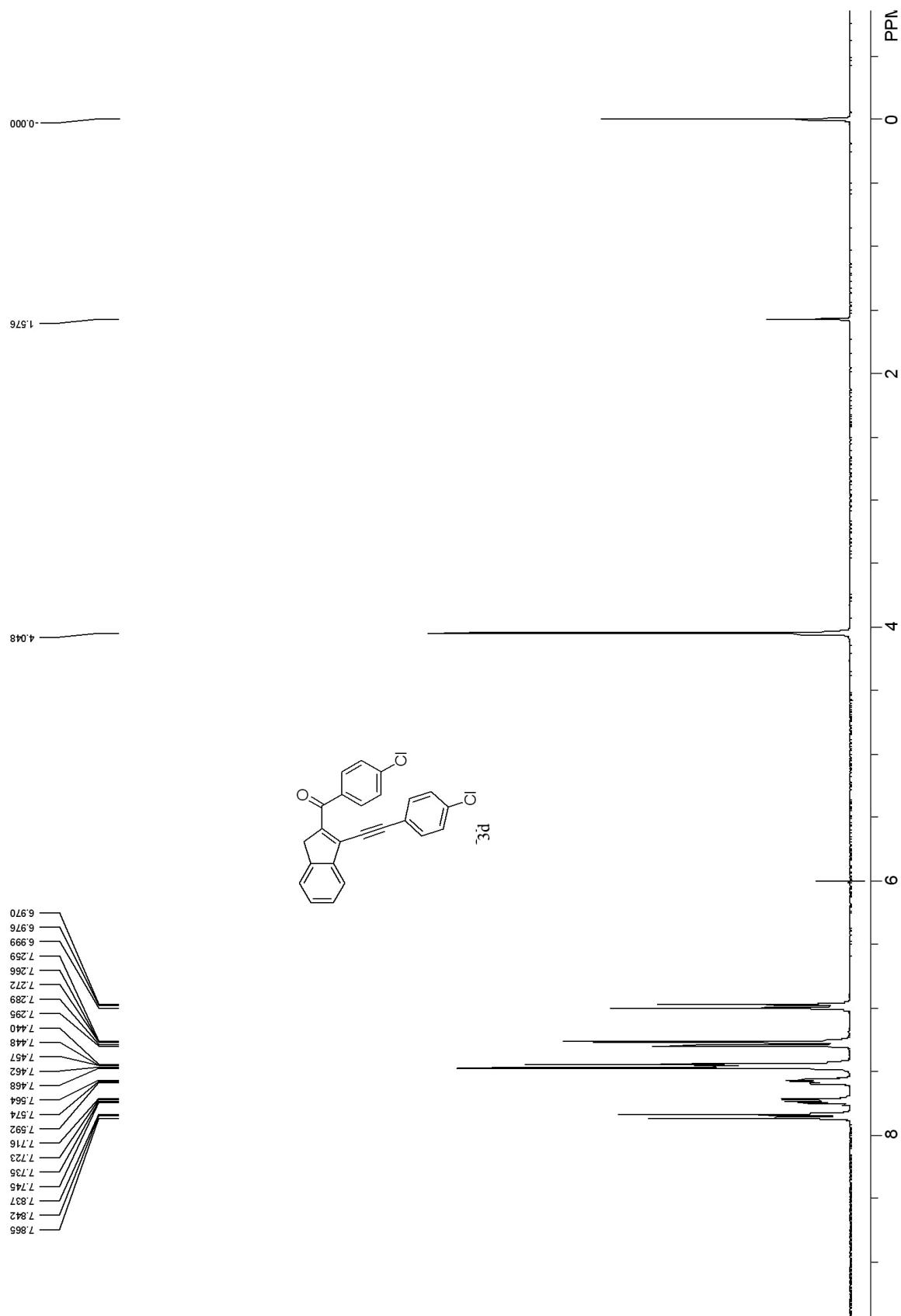




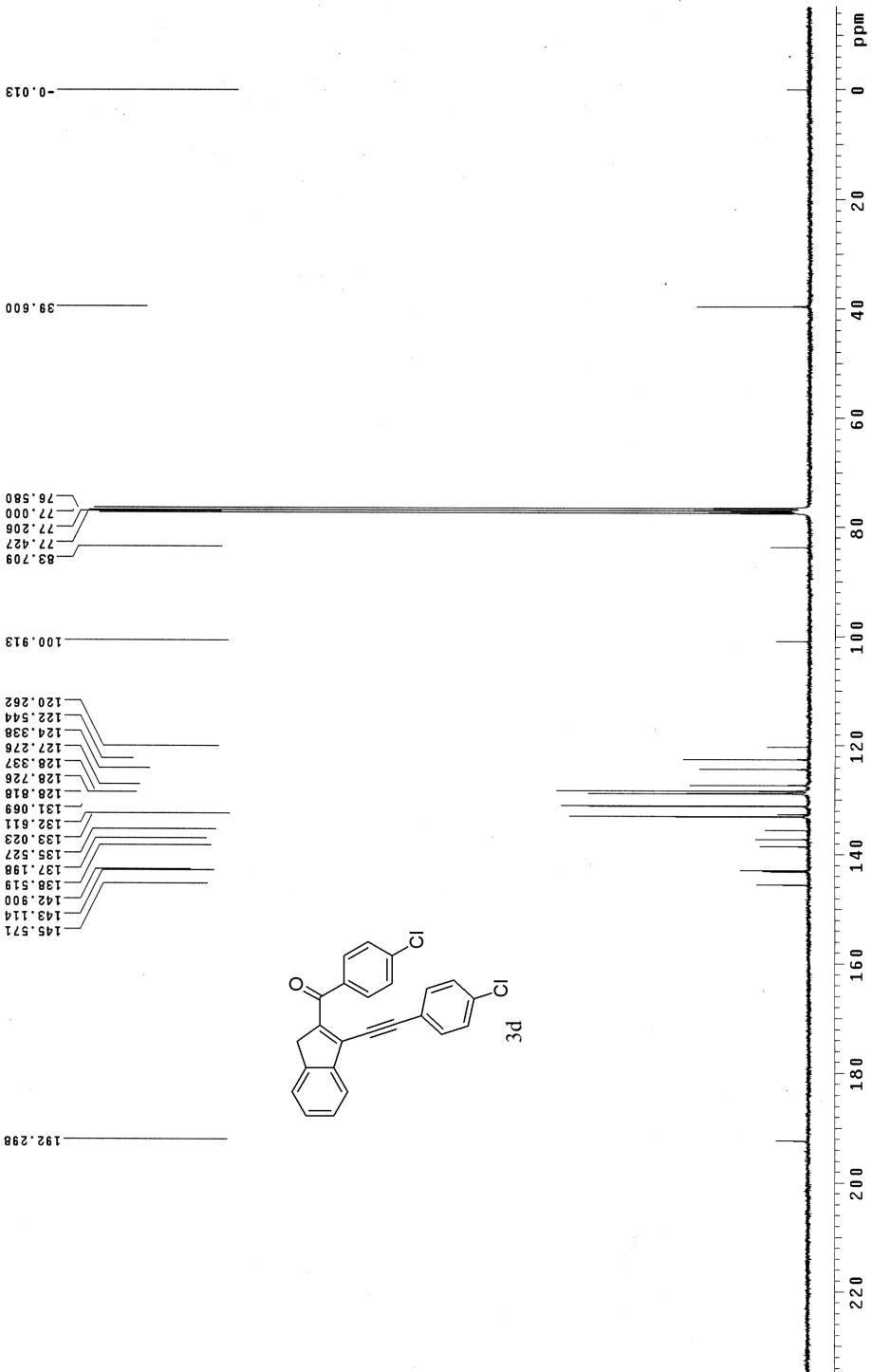


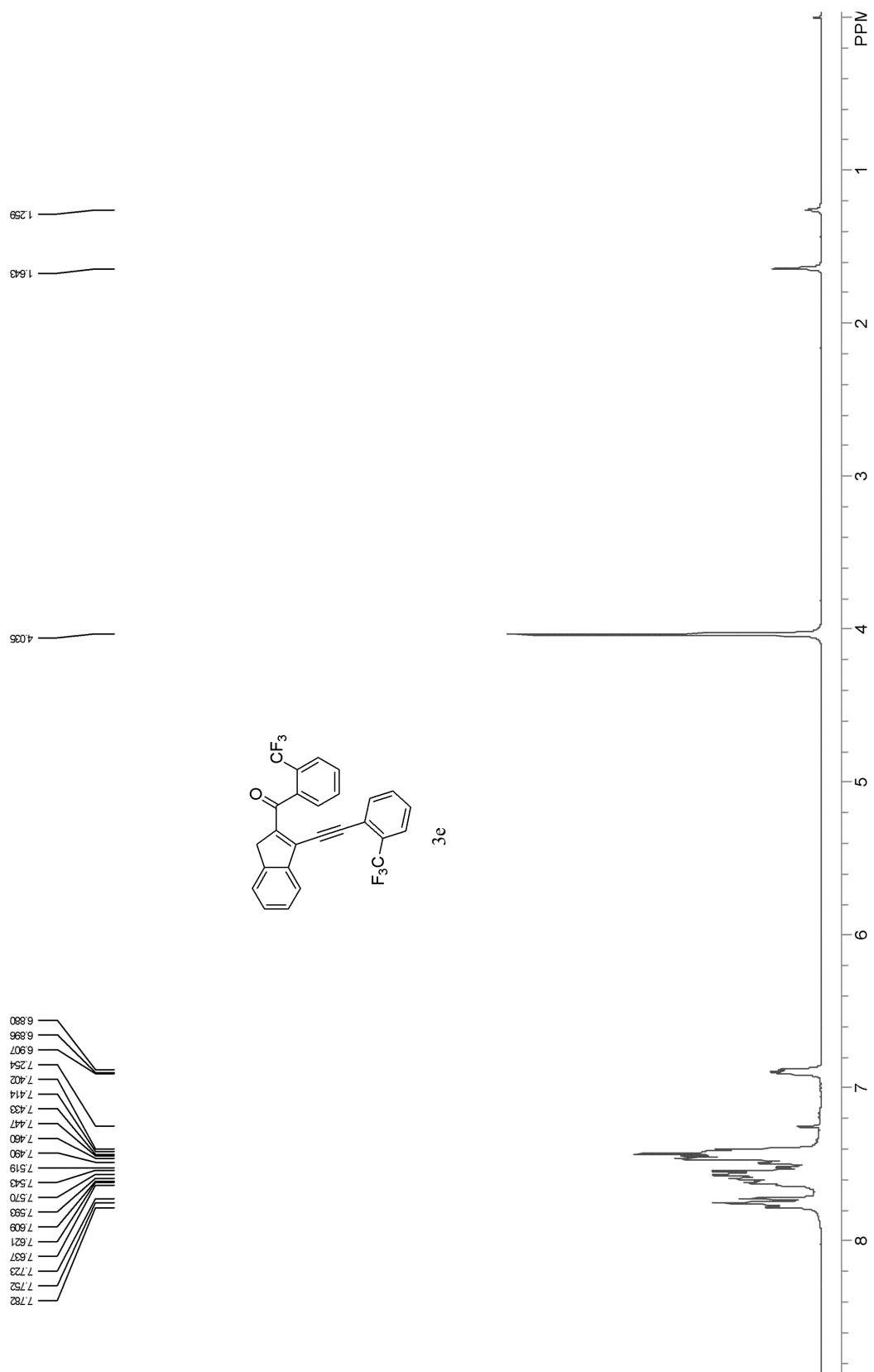


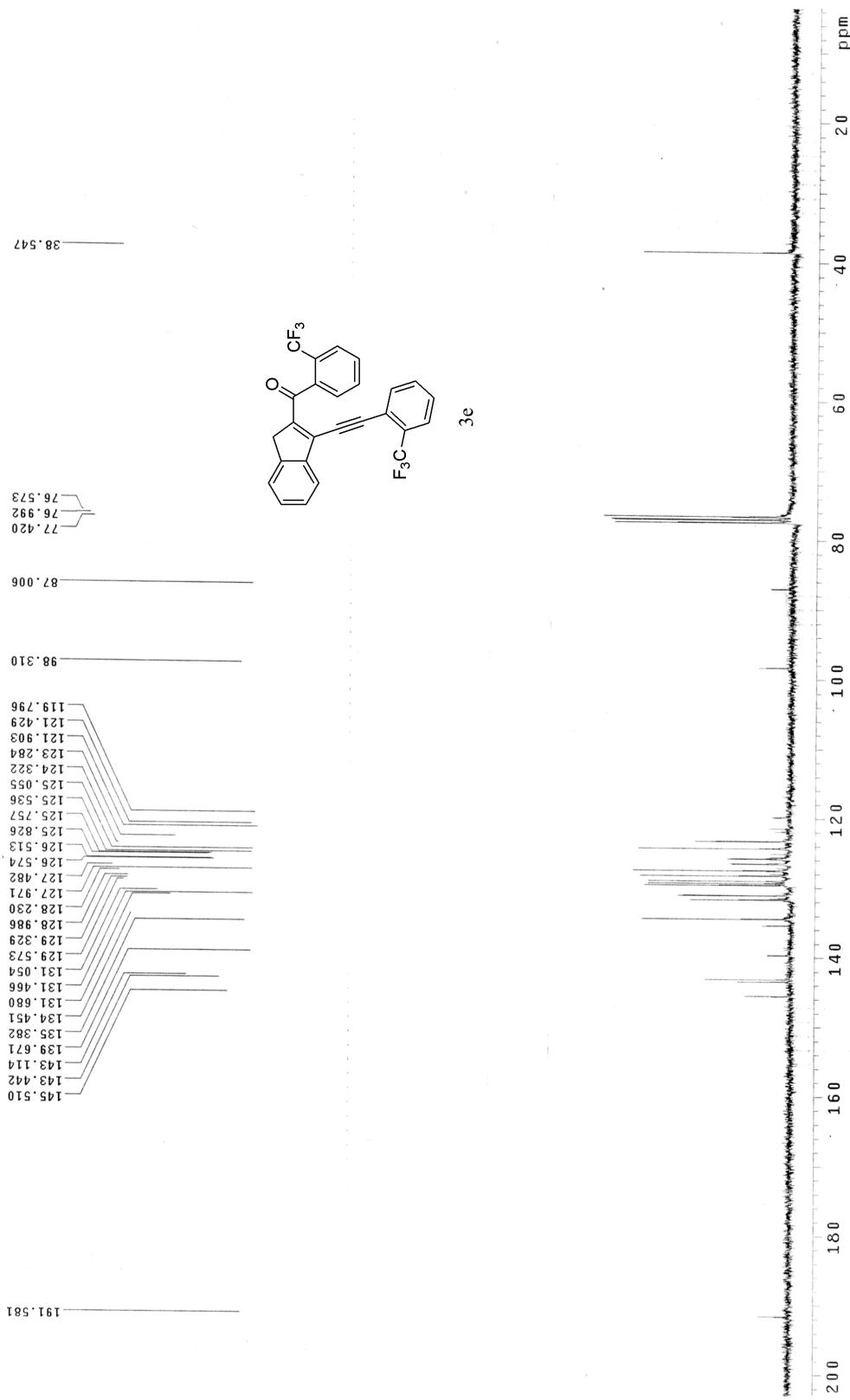


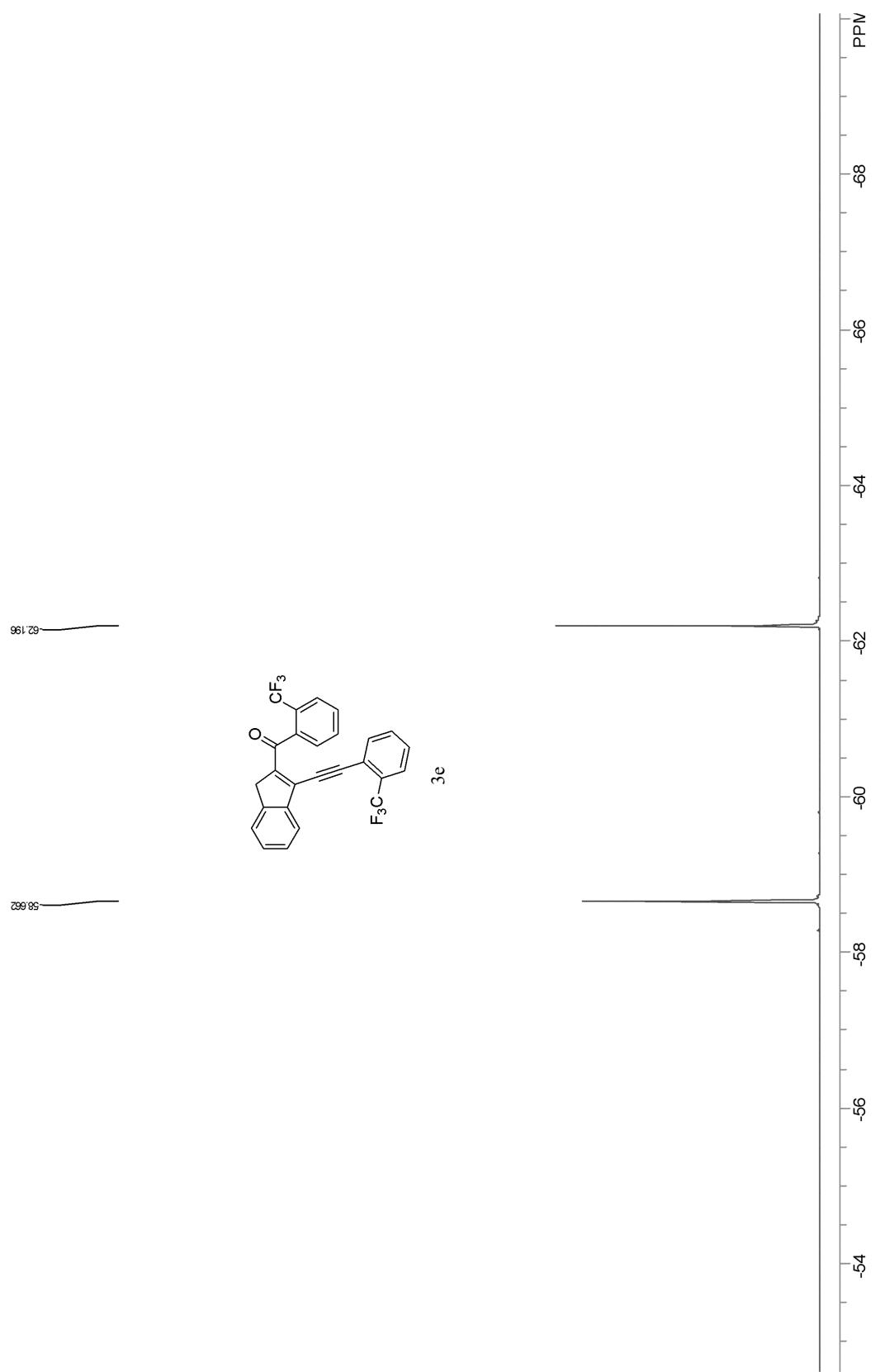


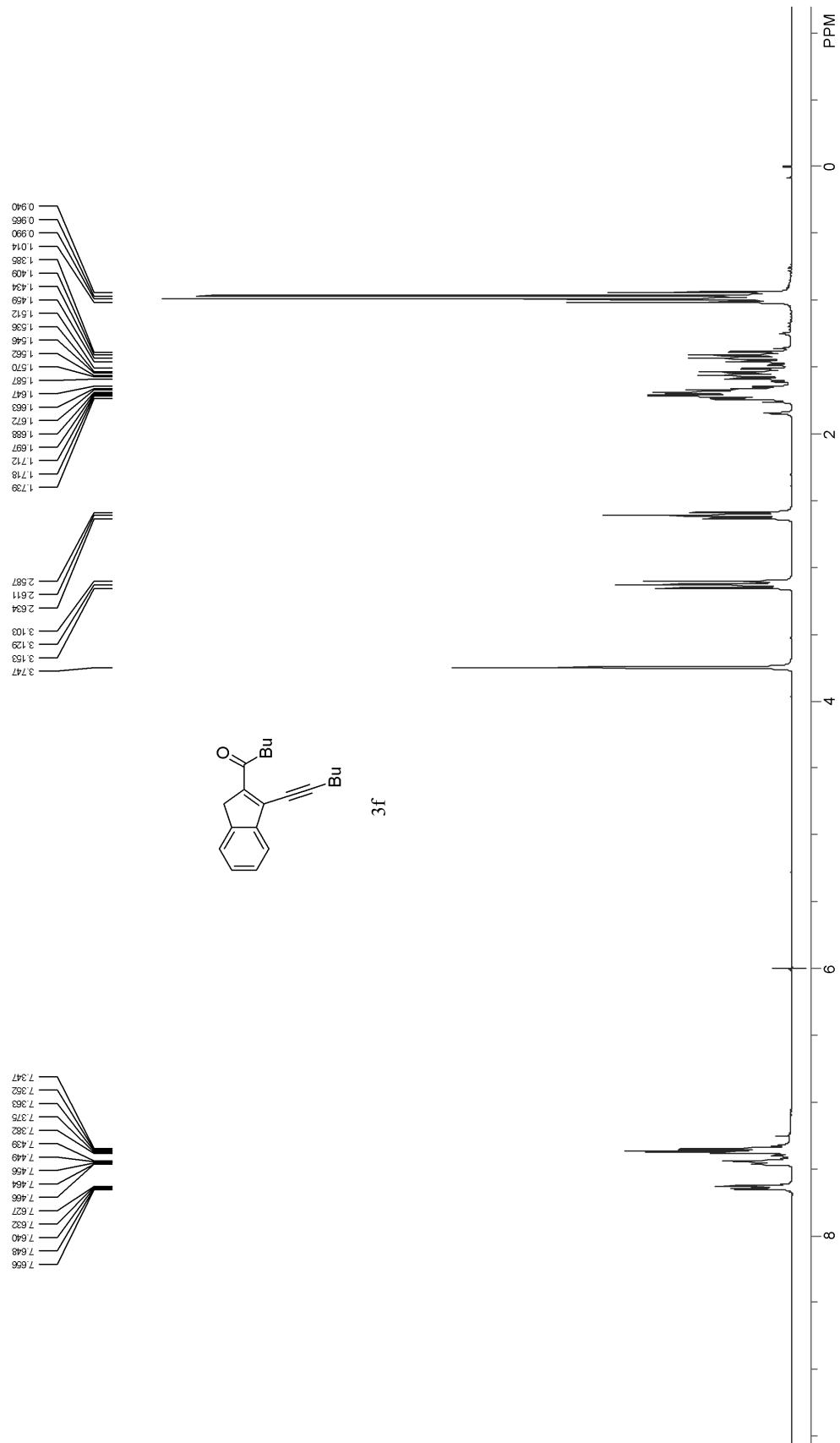
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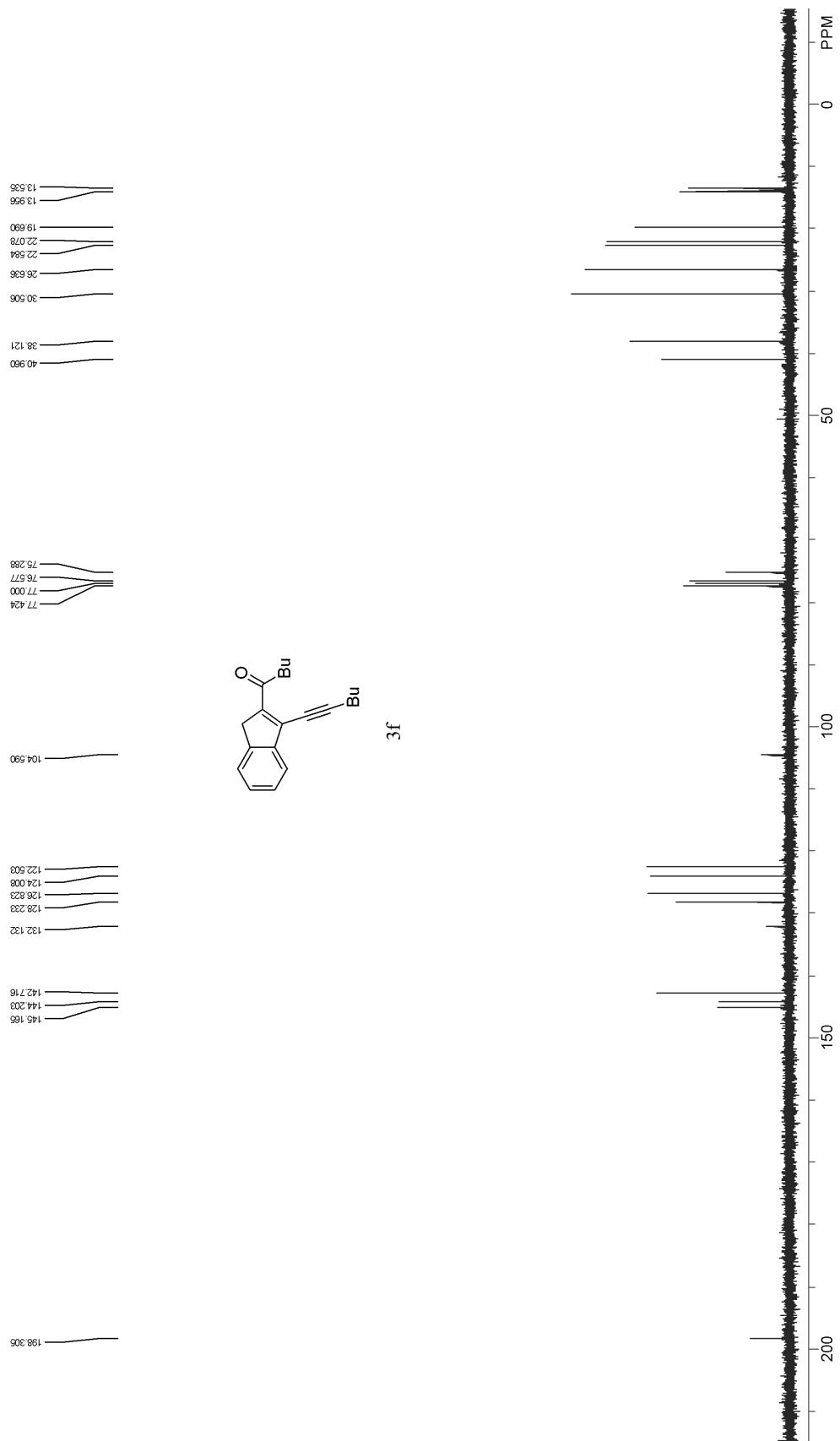


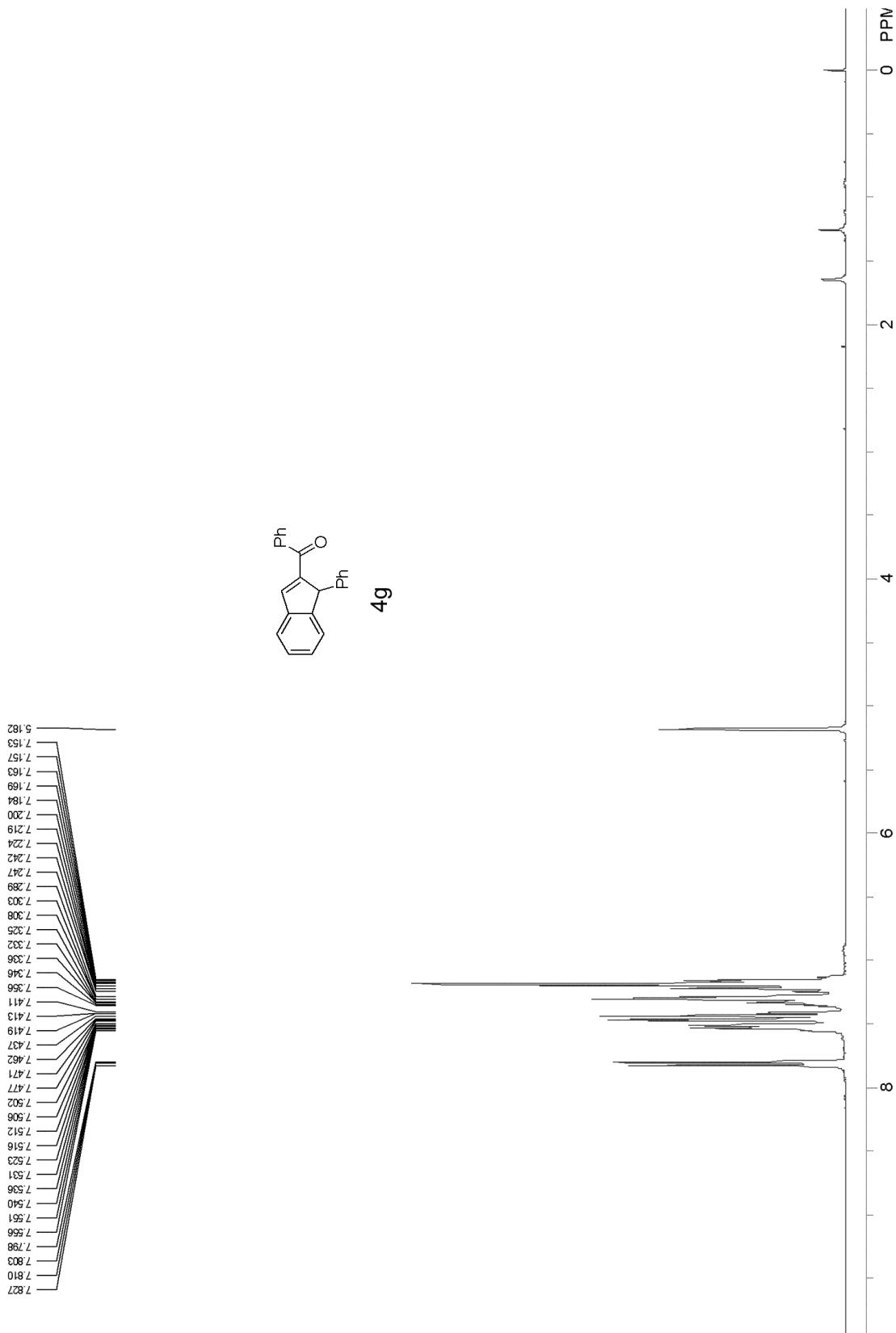
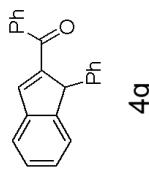


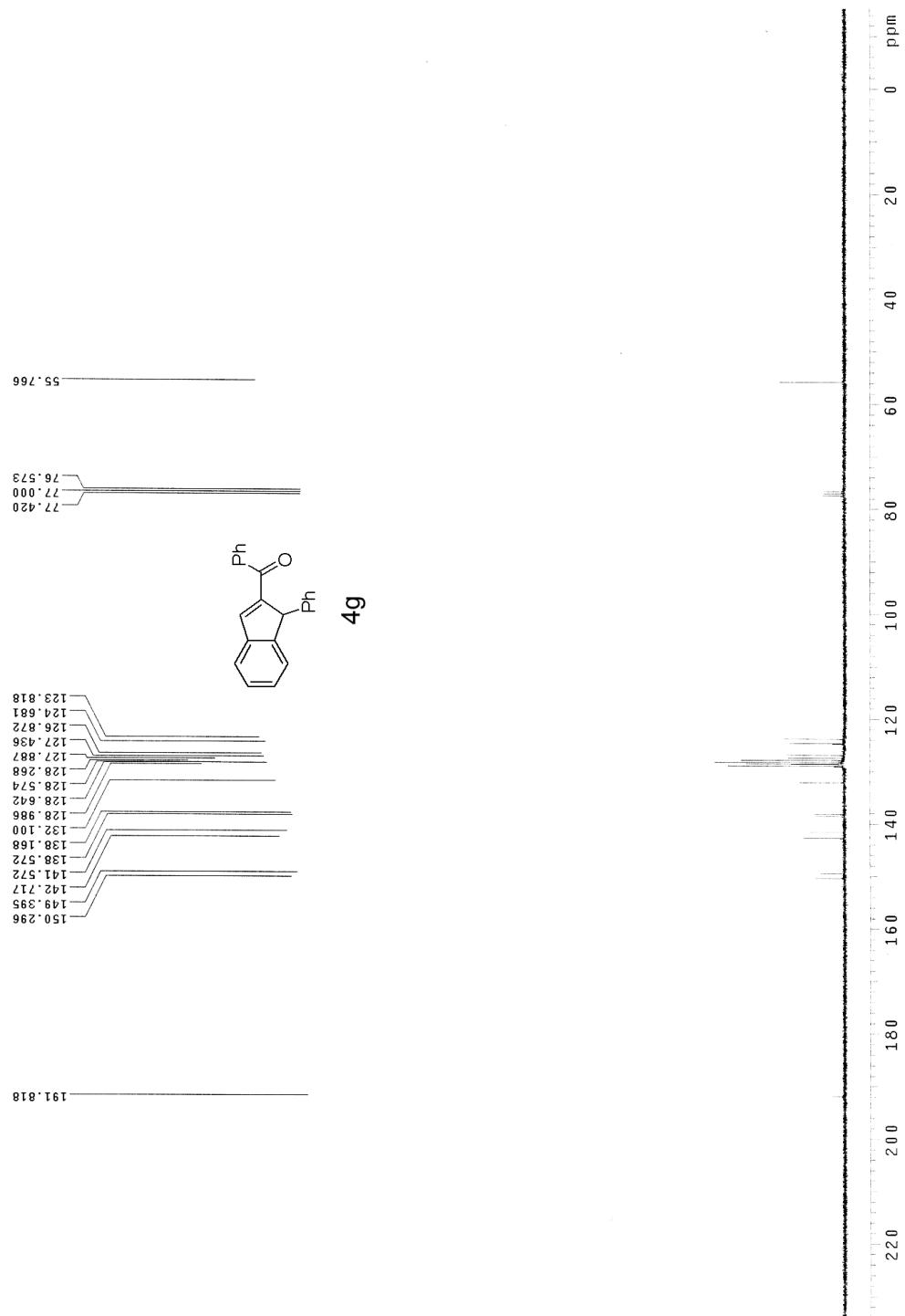




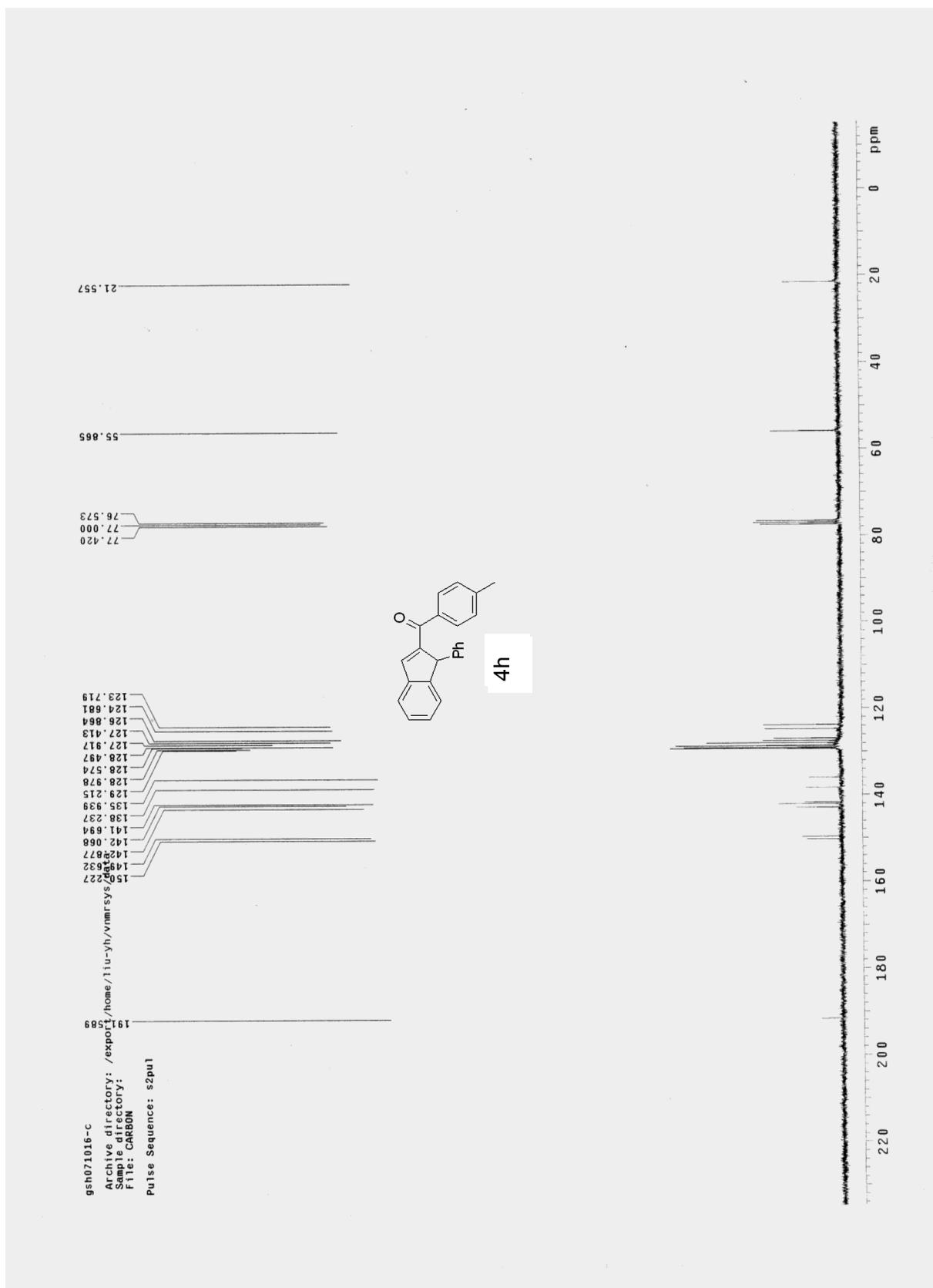


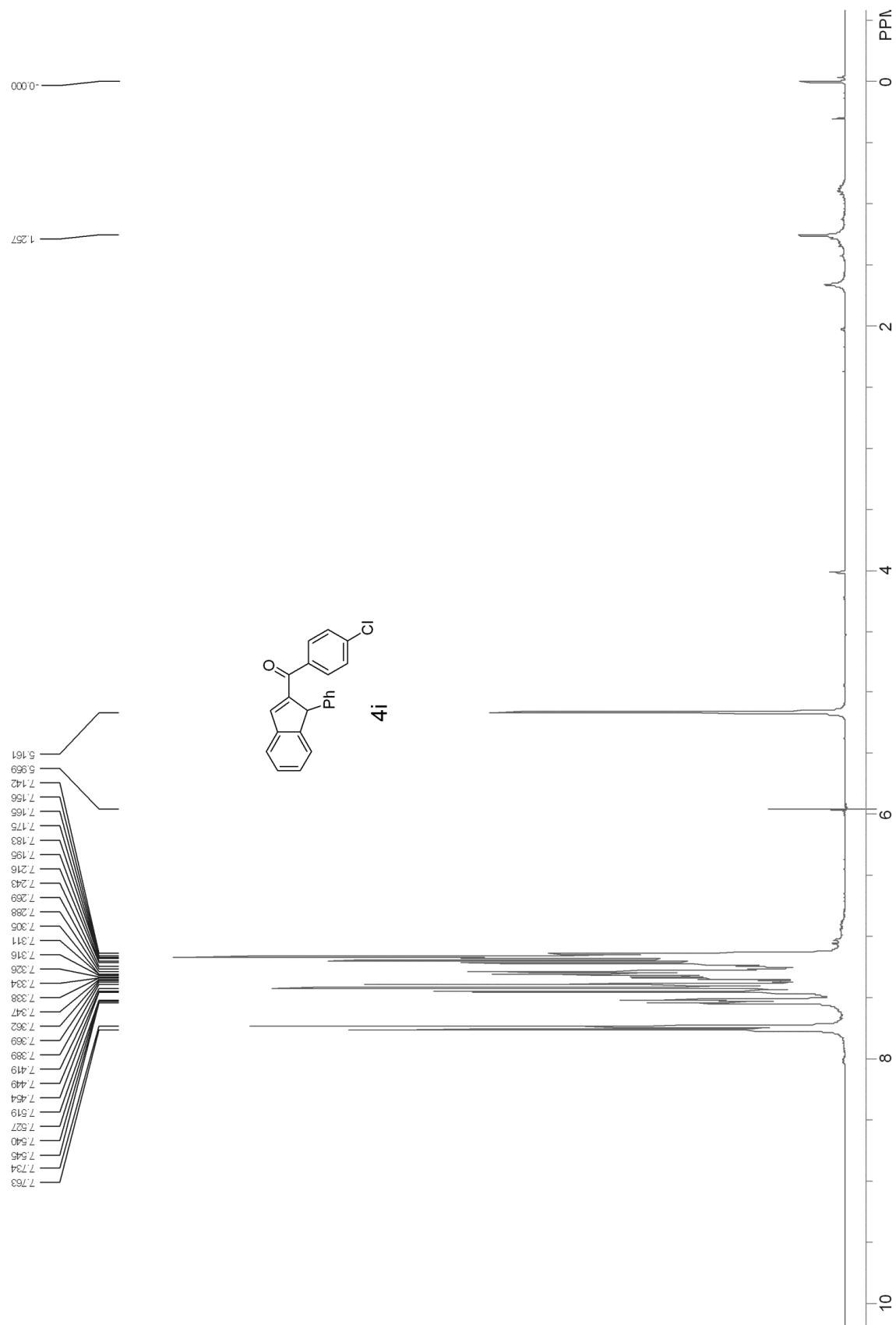


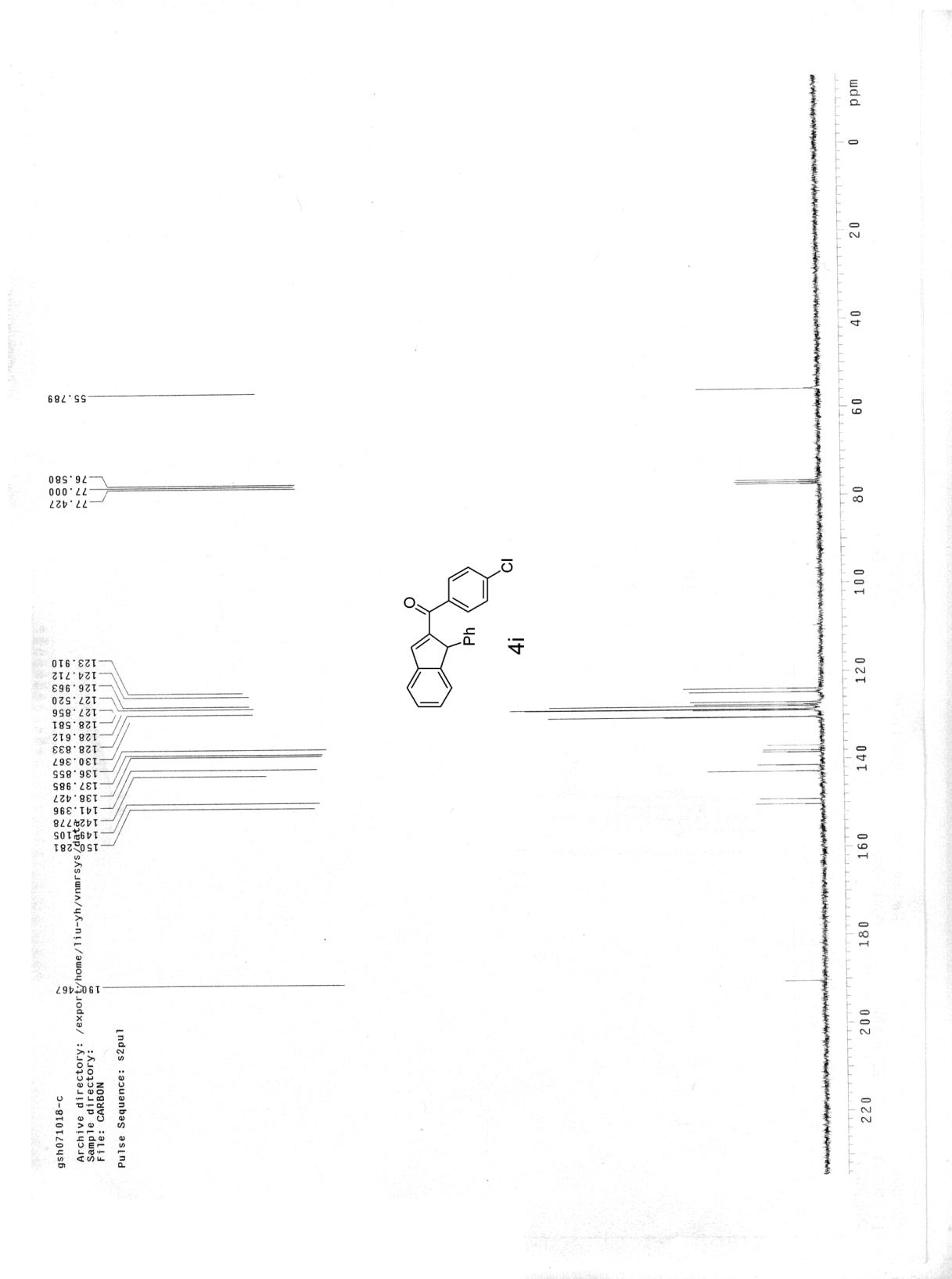


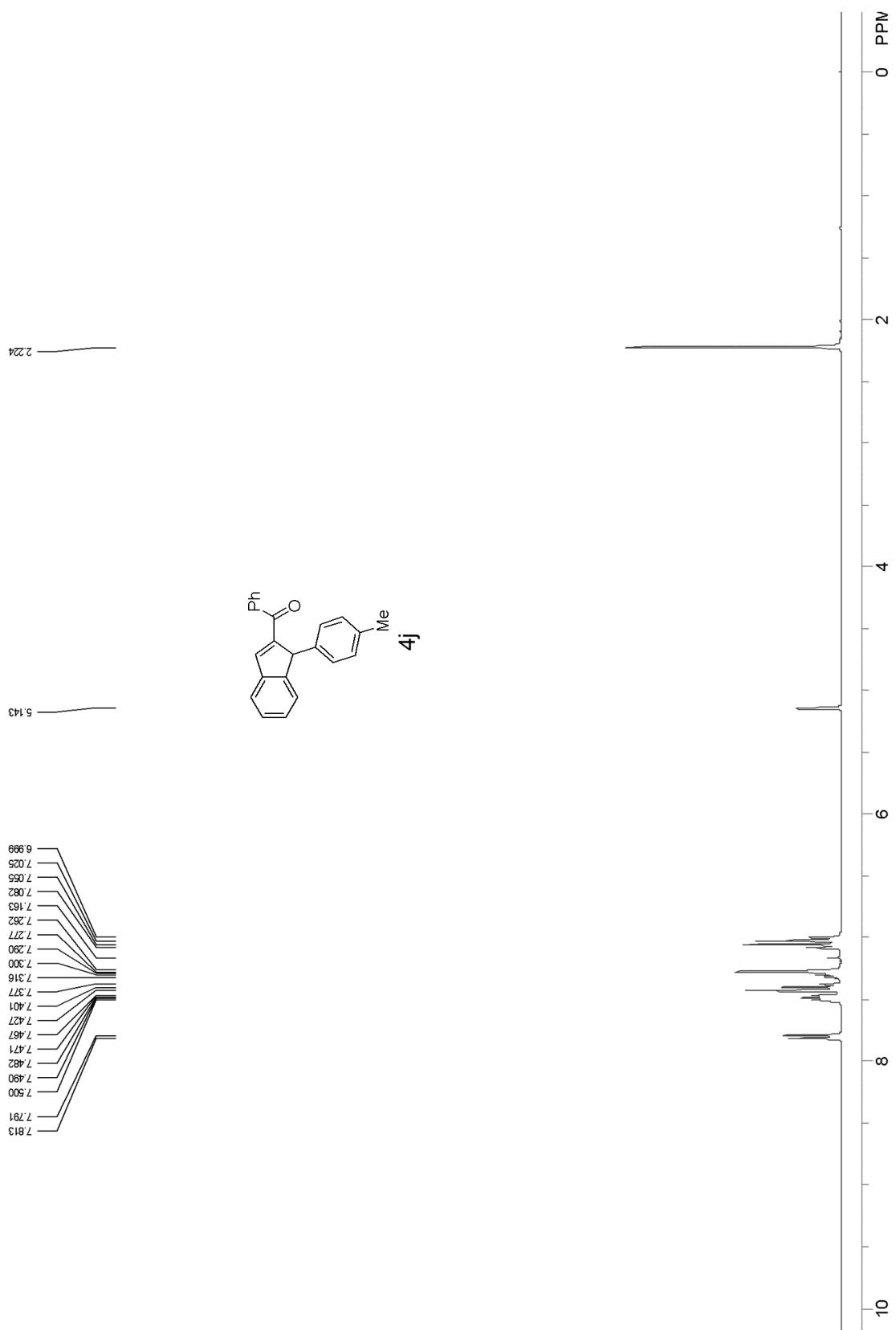


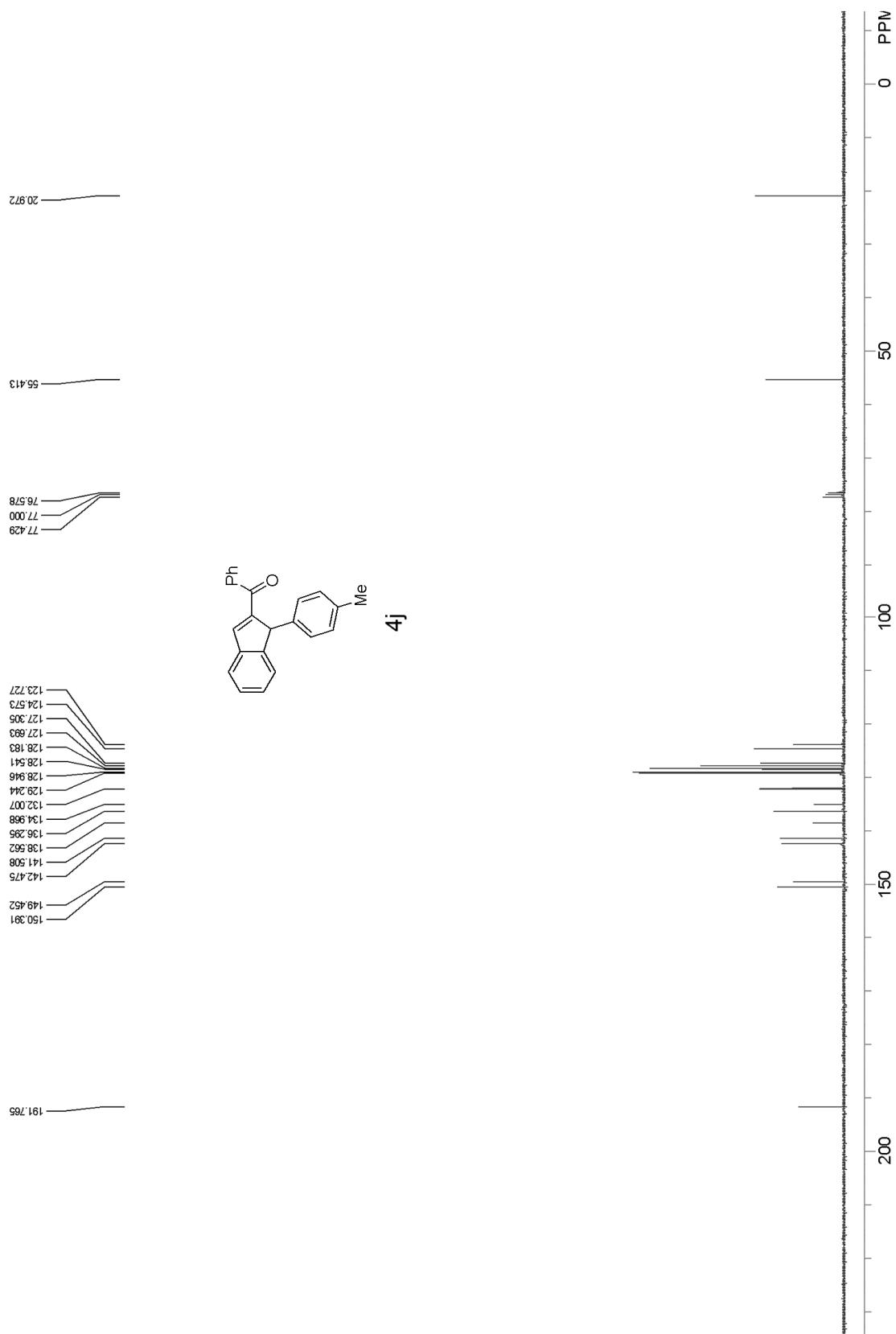


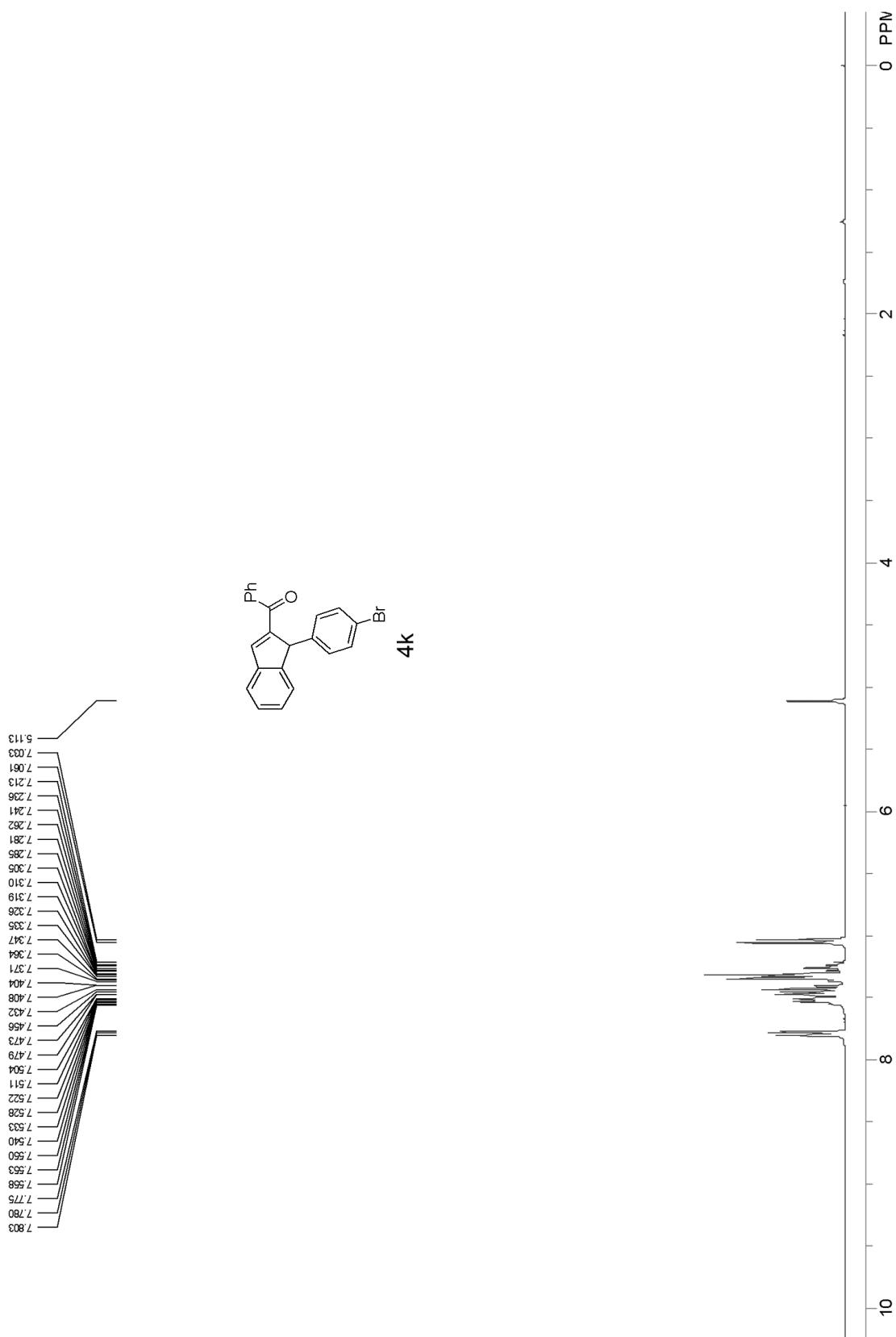


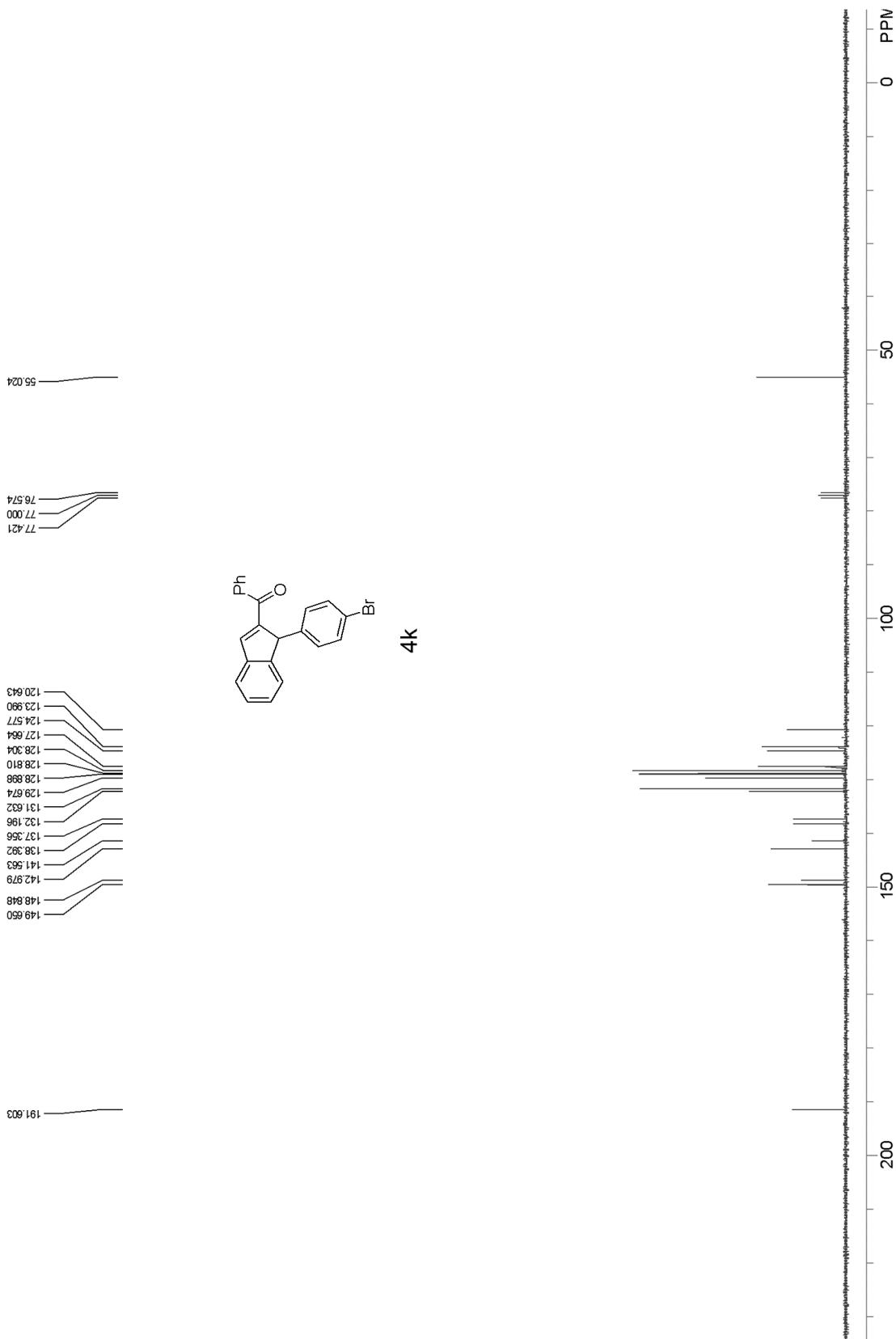


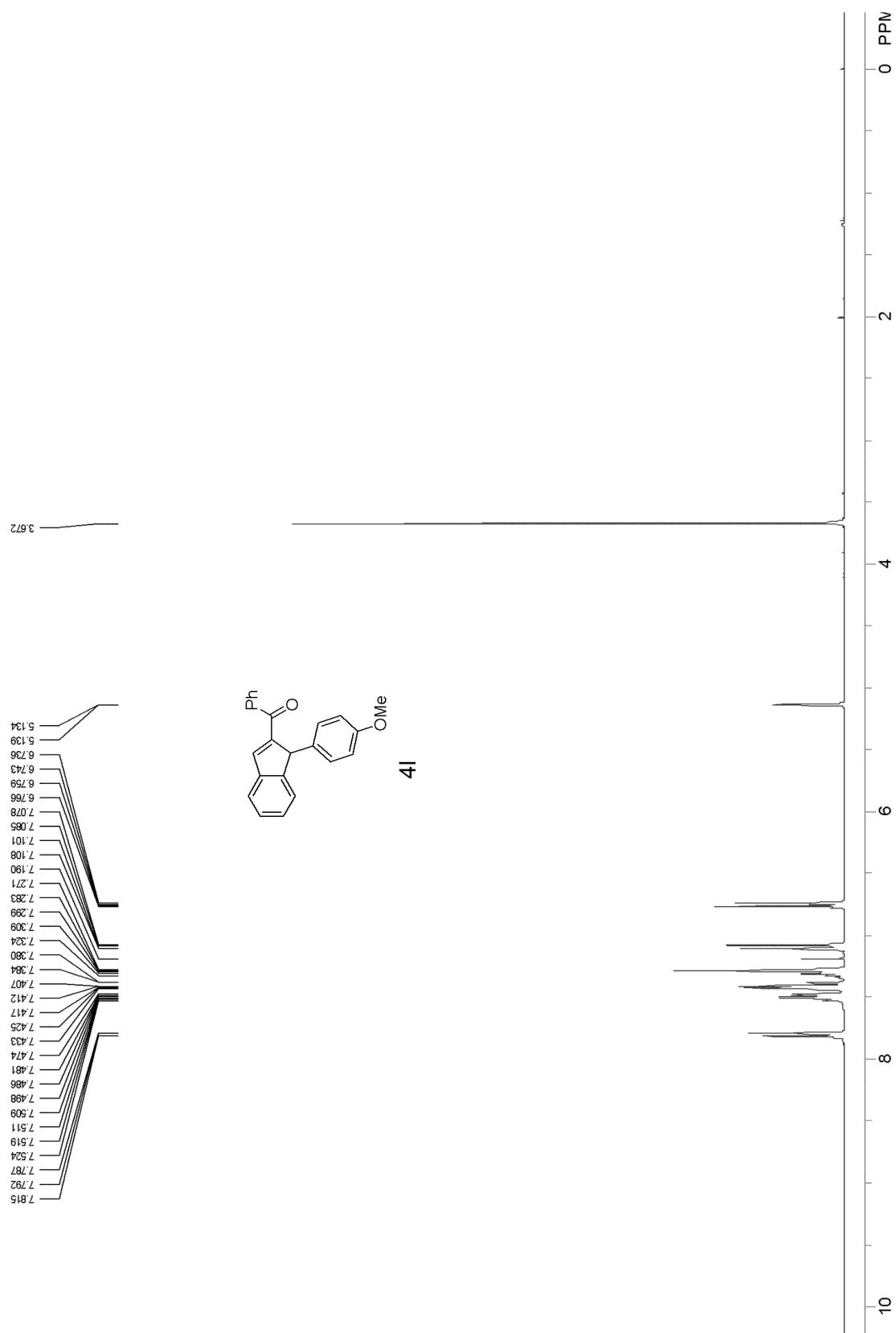


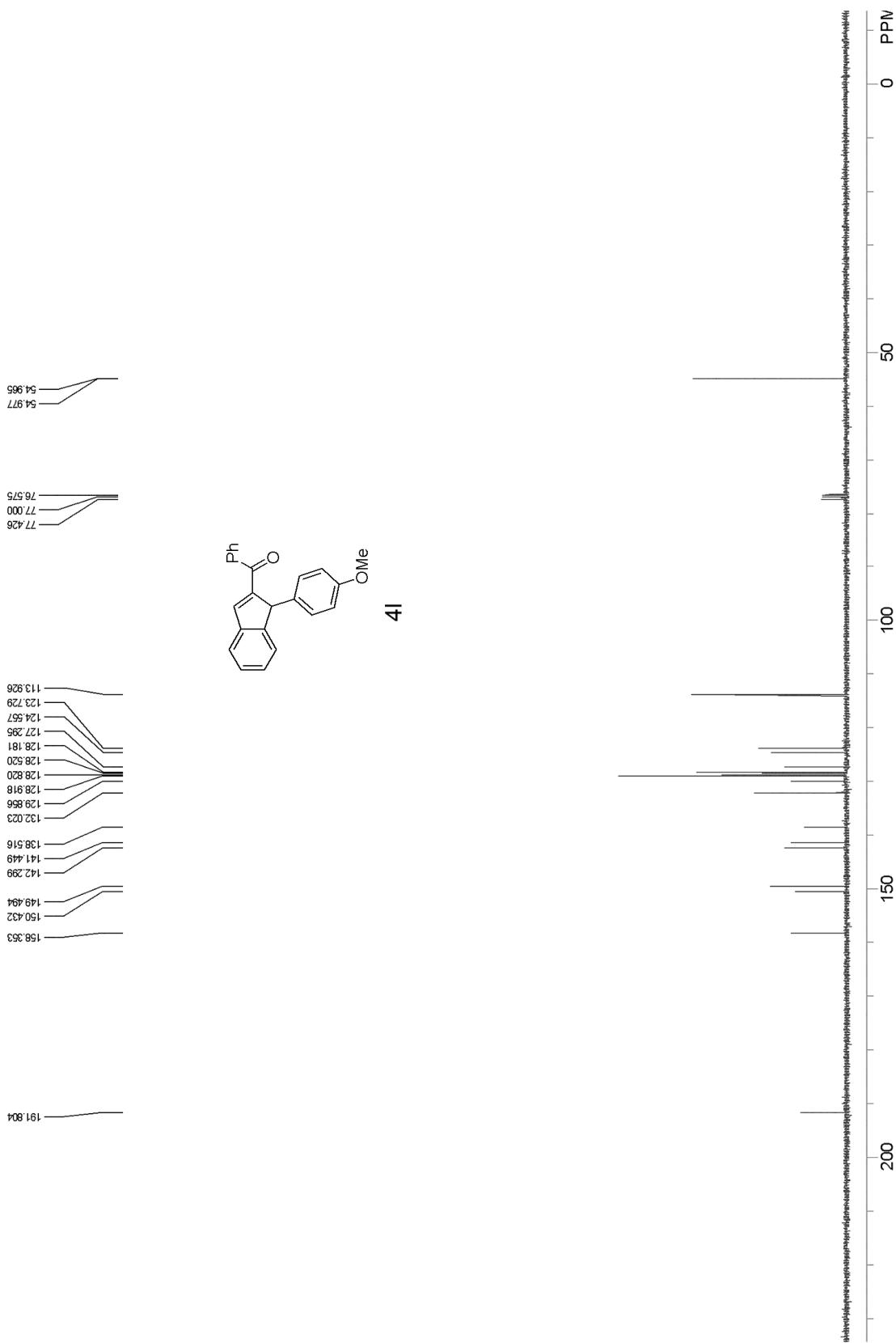


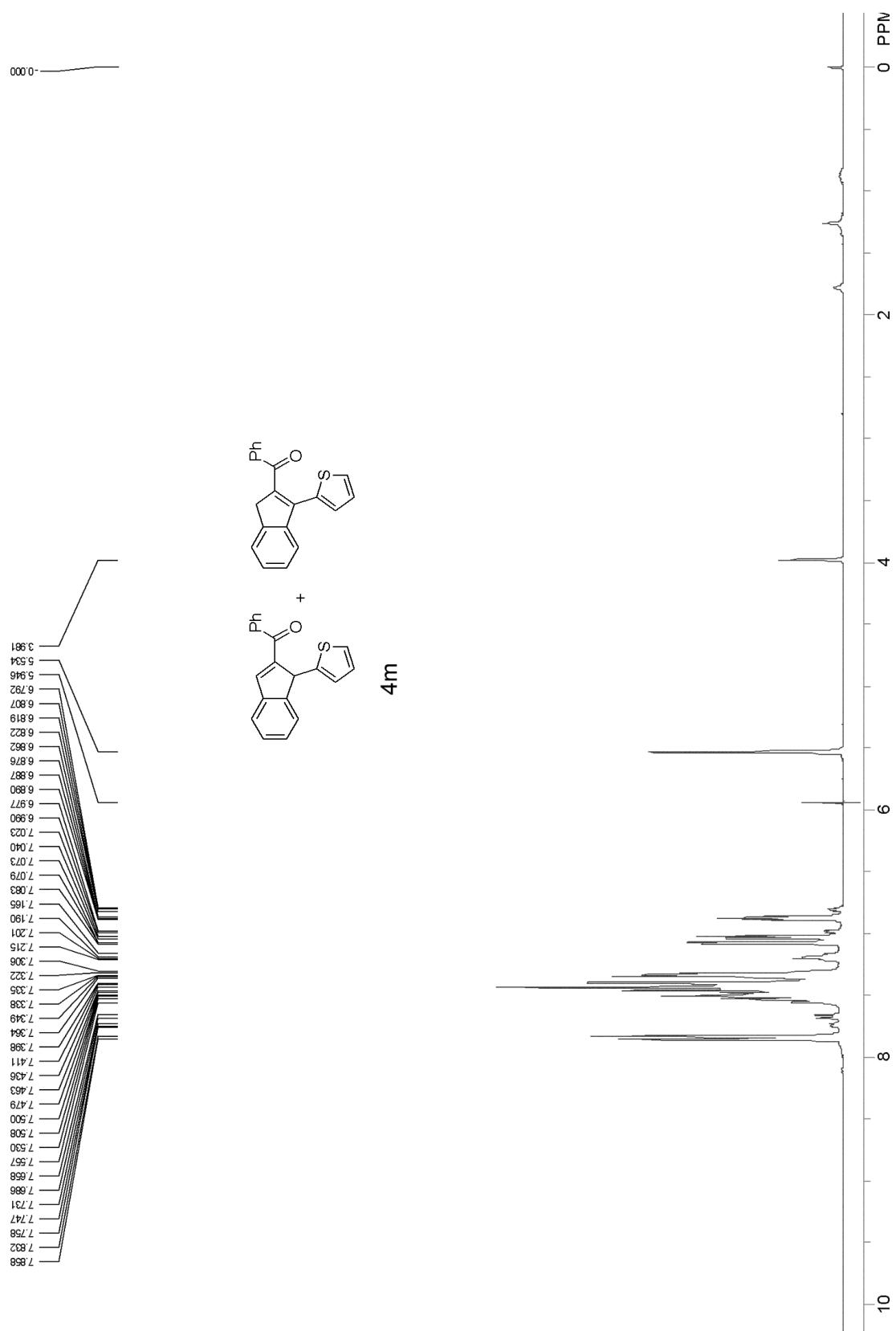


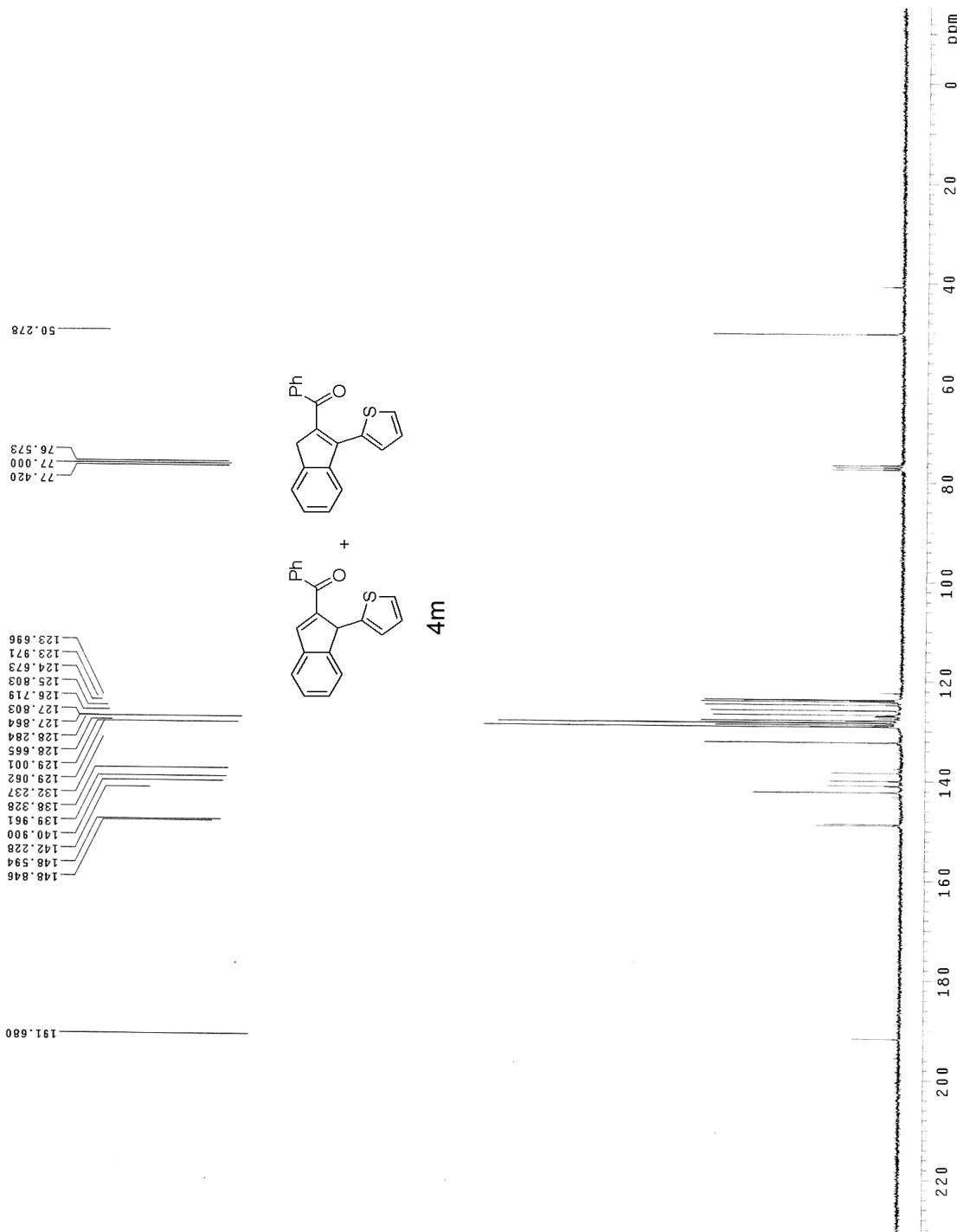


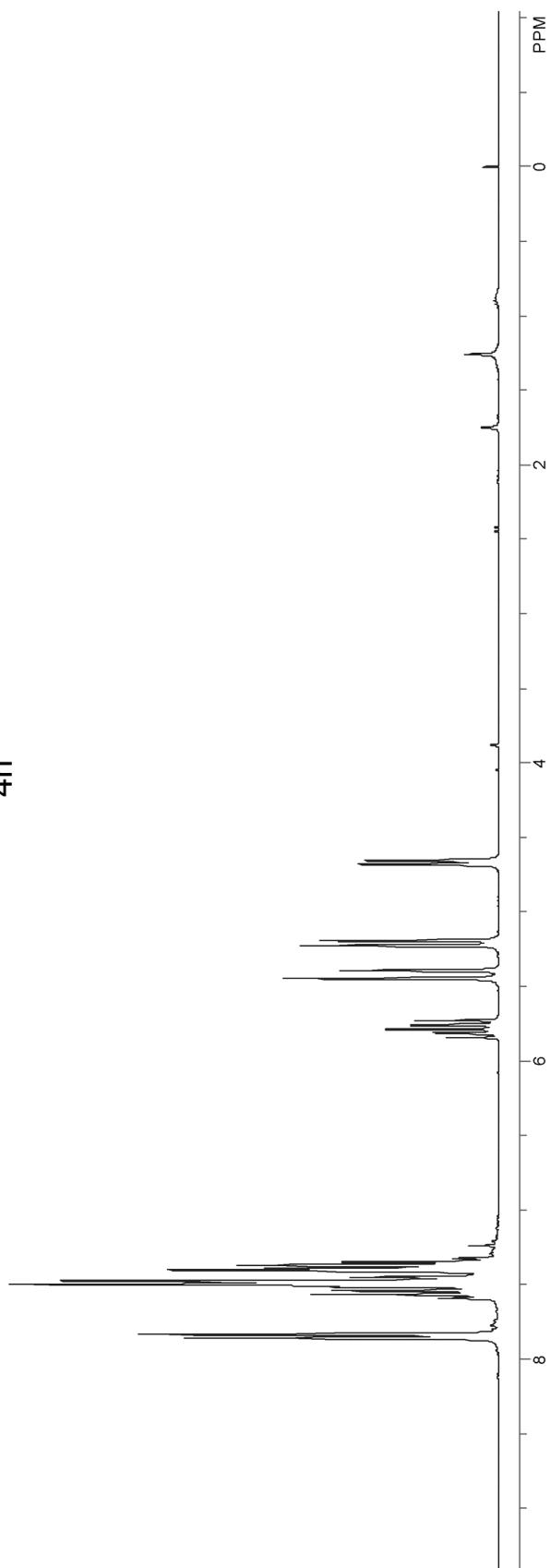
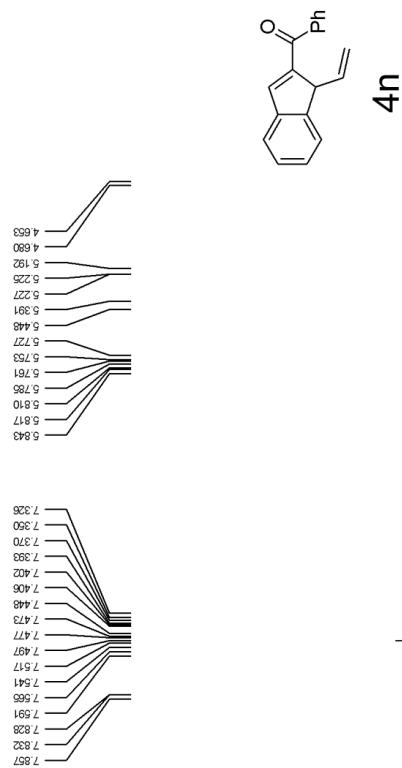


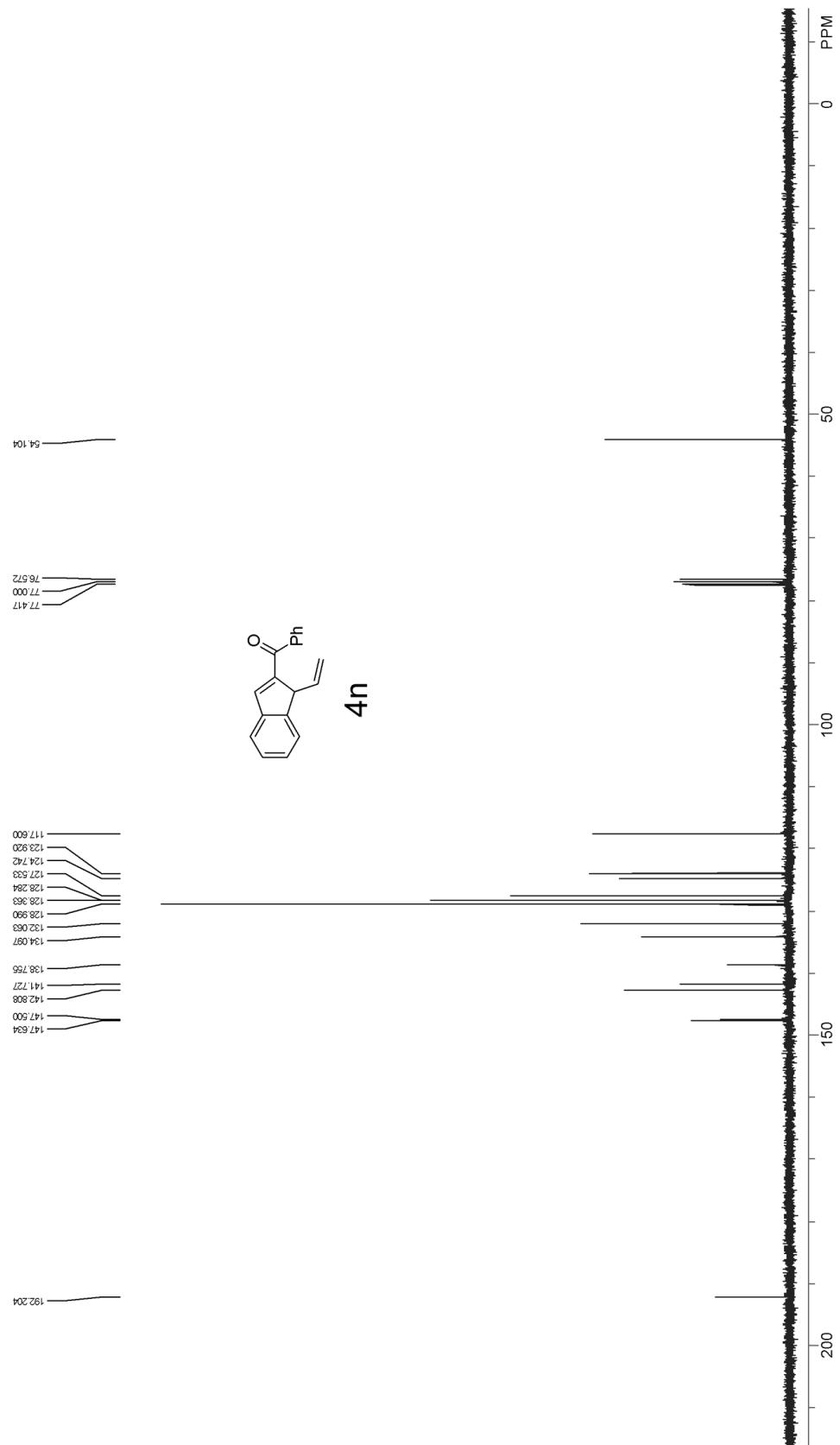


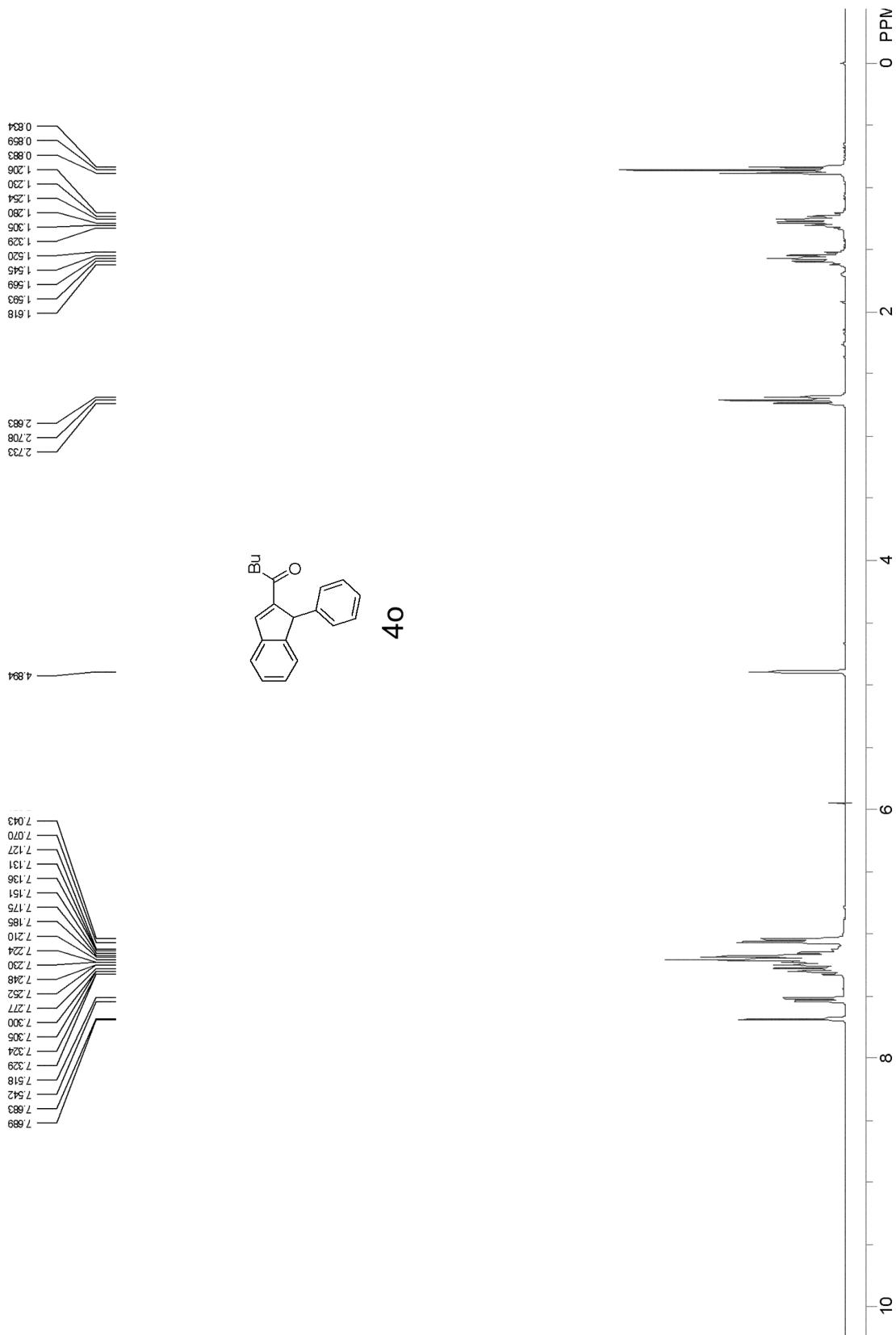


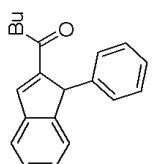
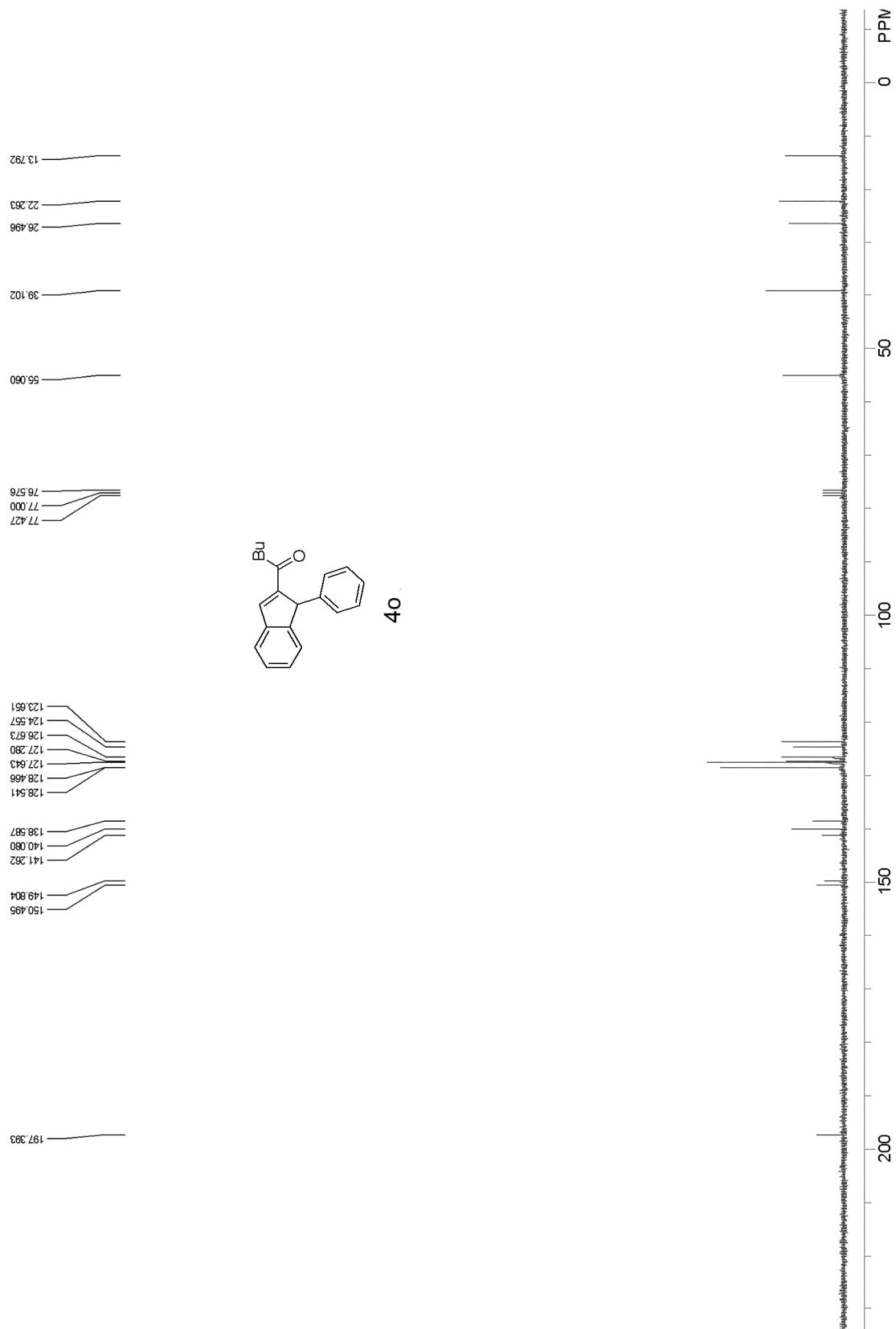




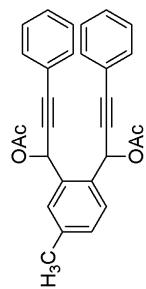
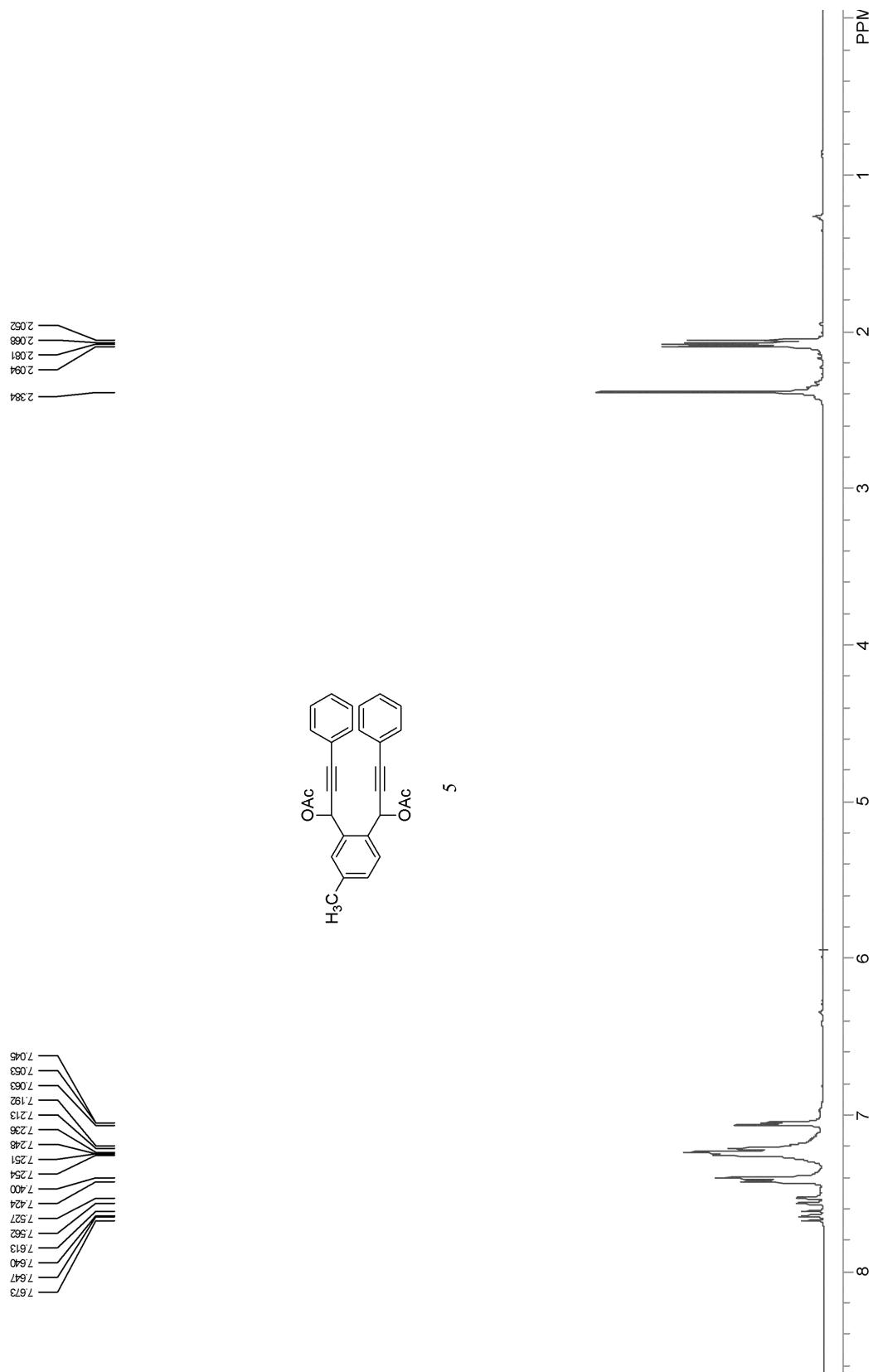








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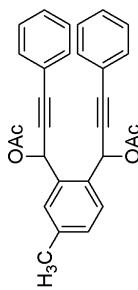
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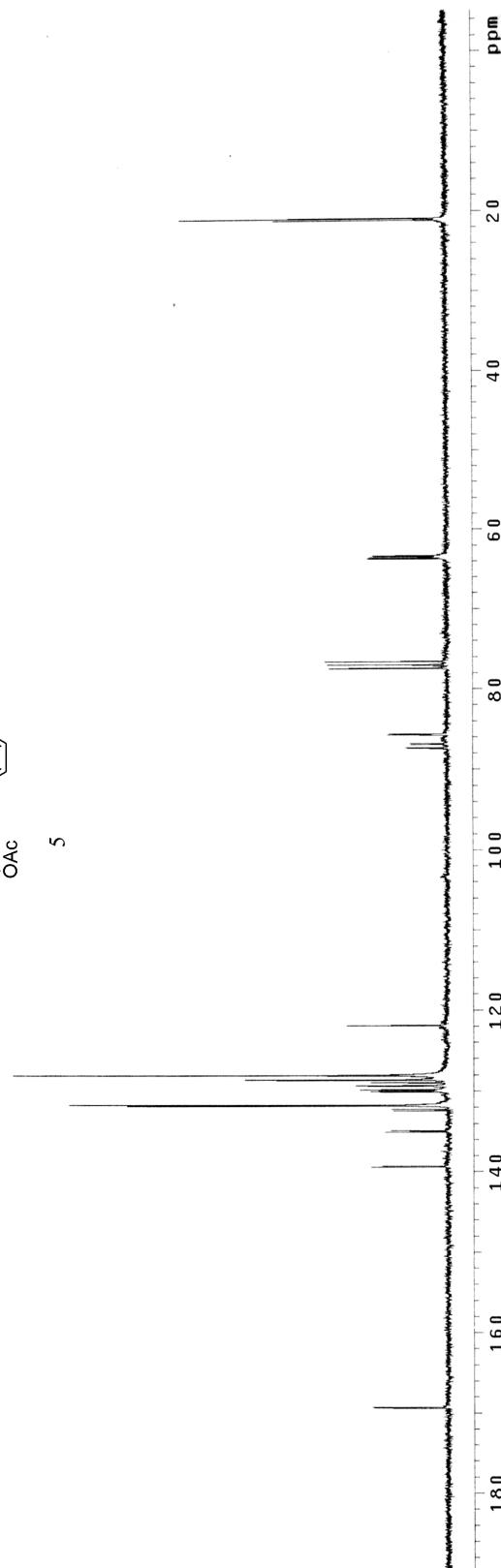
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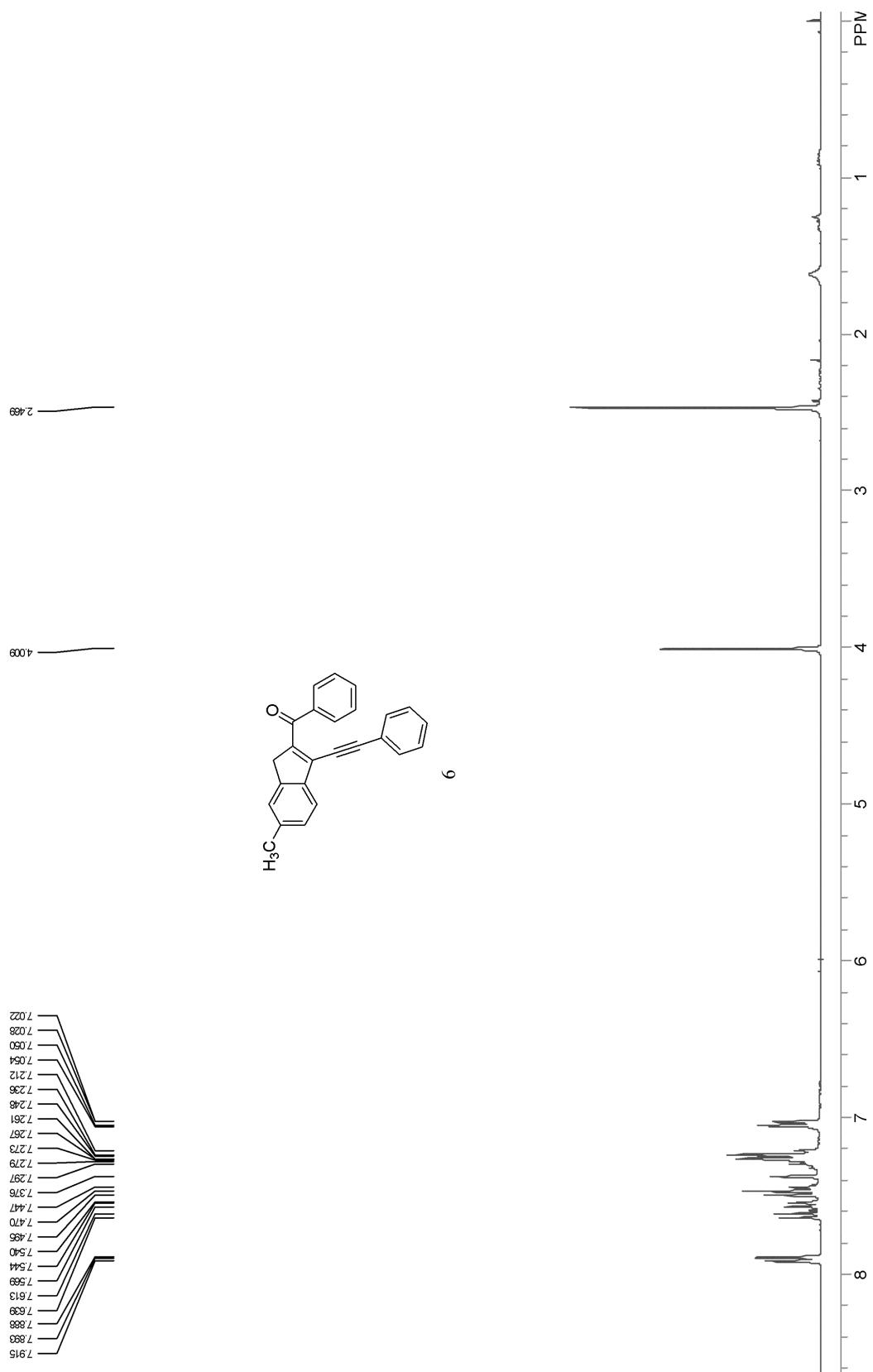
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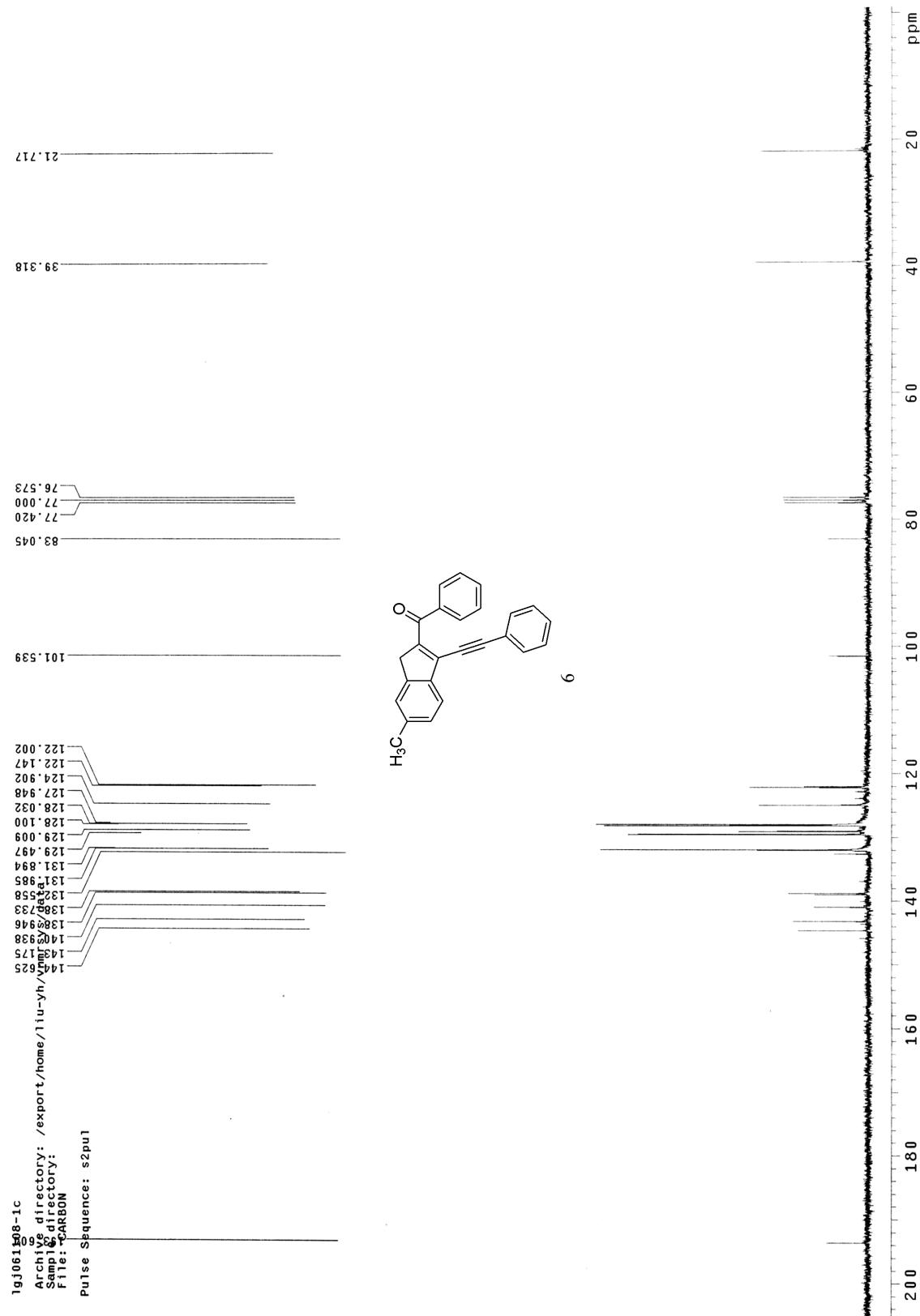
m/z	Relative Abundance (approx)
63.264	100
63.399	10
63.521	10
63.666	10
76.573	10
77.000	10
77.420	10
85.602	10
85.648	10
85.688	10
85.732	10
86.777	10
86.869	10
87.296	10
87.388	10
121.887	100
121.910	10
128.039	10
128.062	10
128.359	10
128.925	10
129.233	10
129.367	10
129.802	10
129.928	10
130.062	10
131.711	10
131.810	10
132.222	10
132.338	10
134.031	10
134.290	10
134.404	10
135.031	10
135.188	10
135.290	10
135.355	10
136.294	10
136.334	10
136.355	10

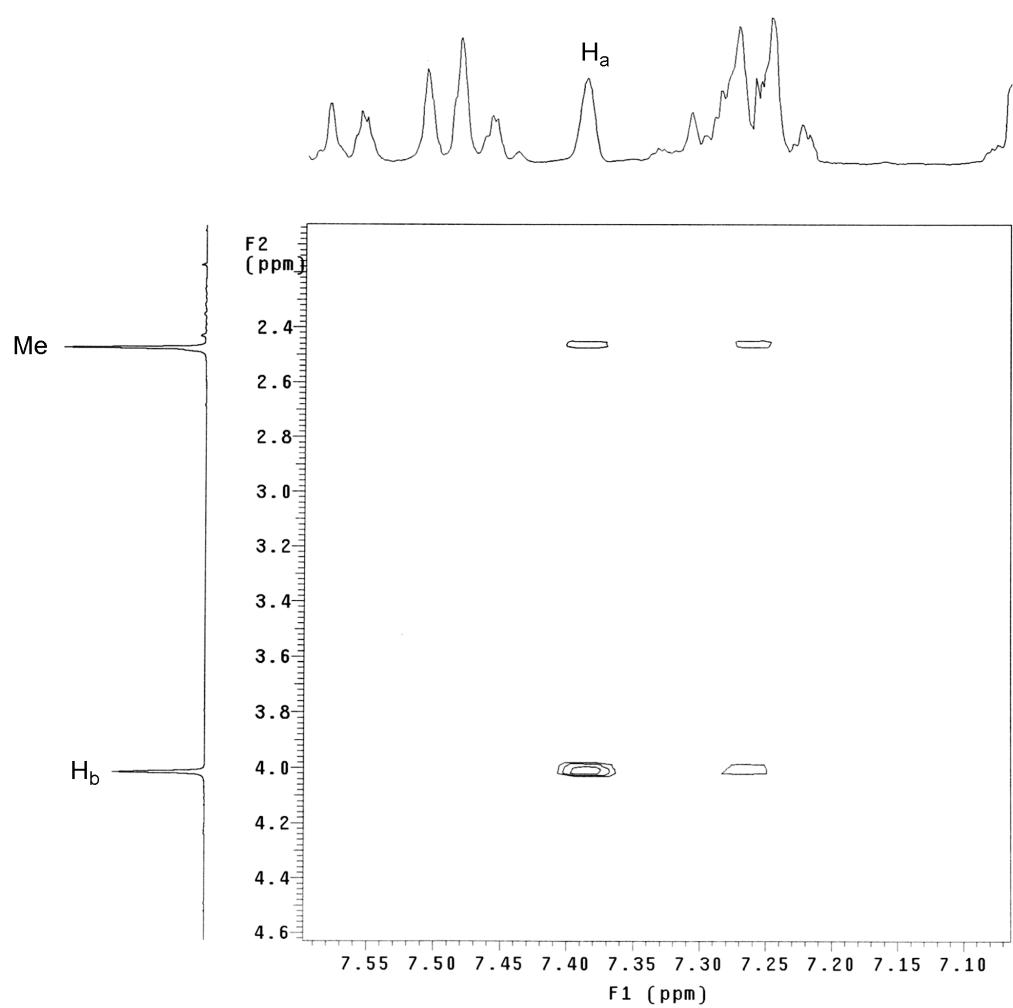
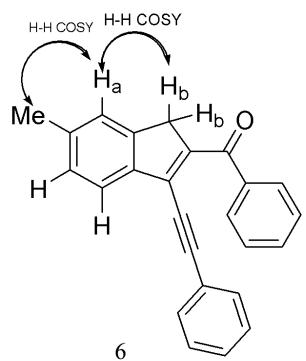


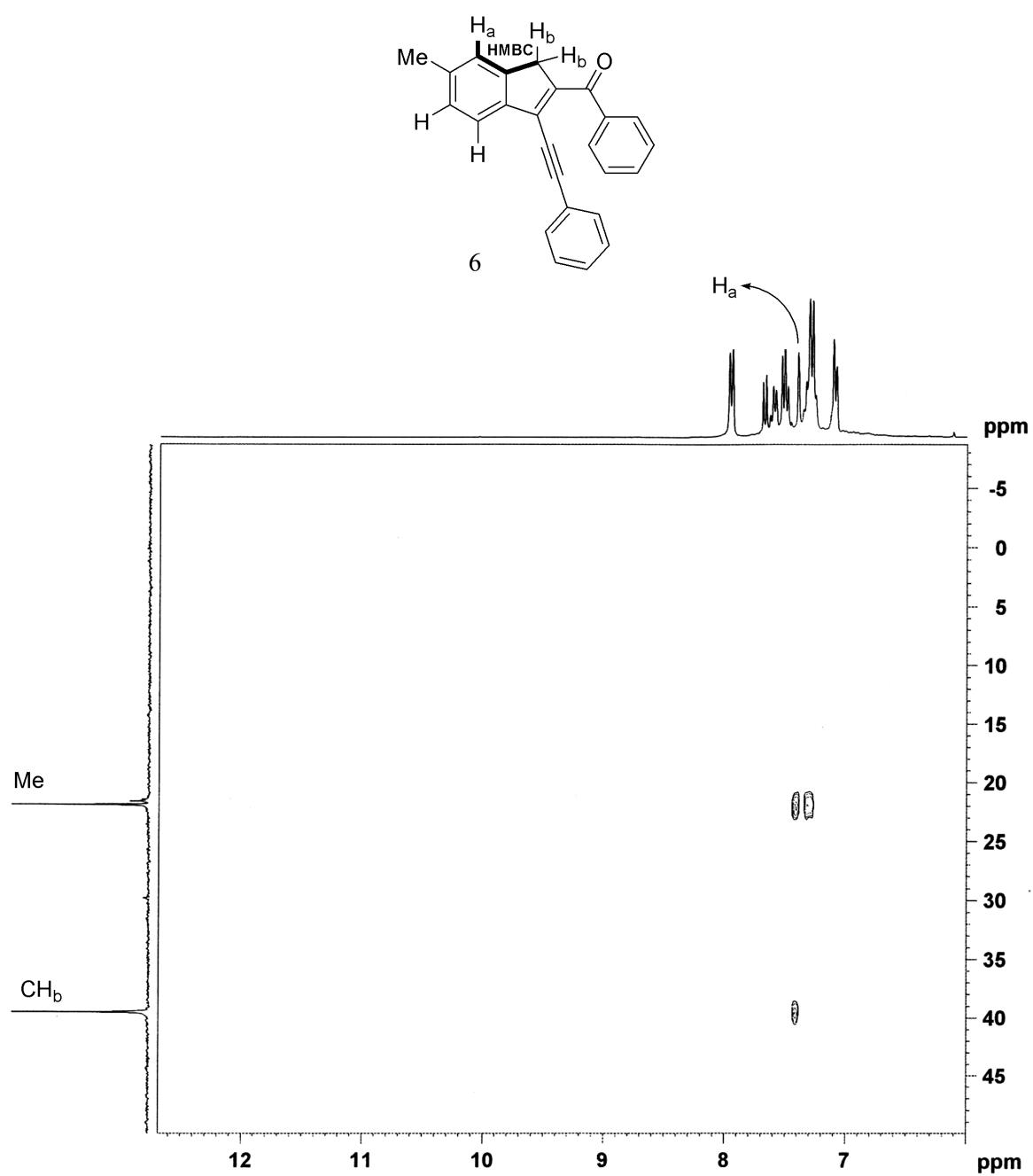
5

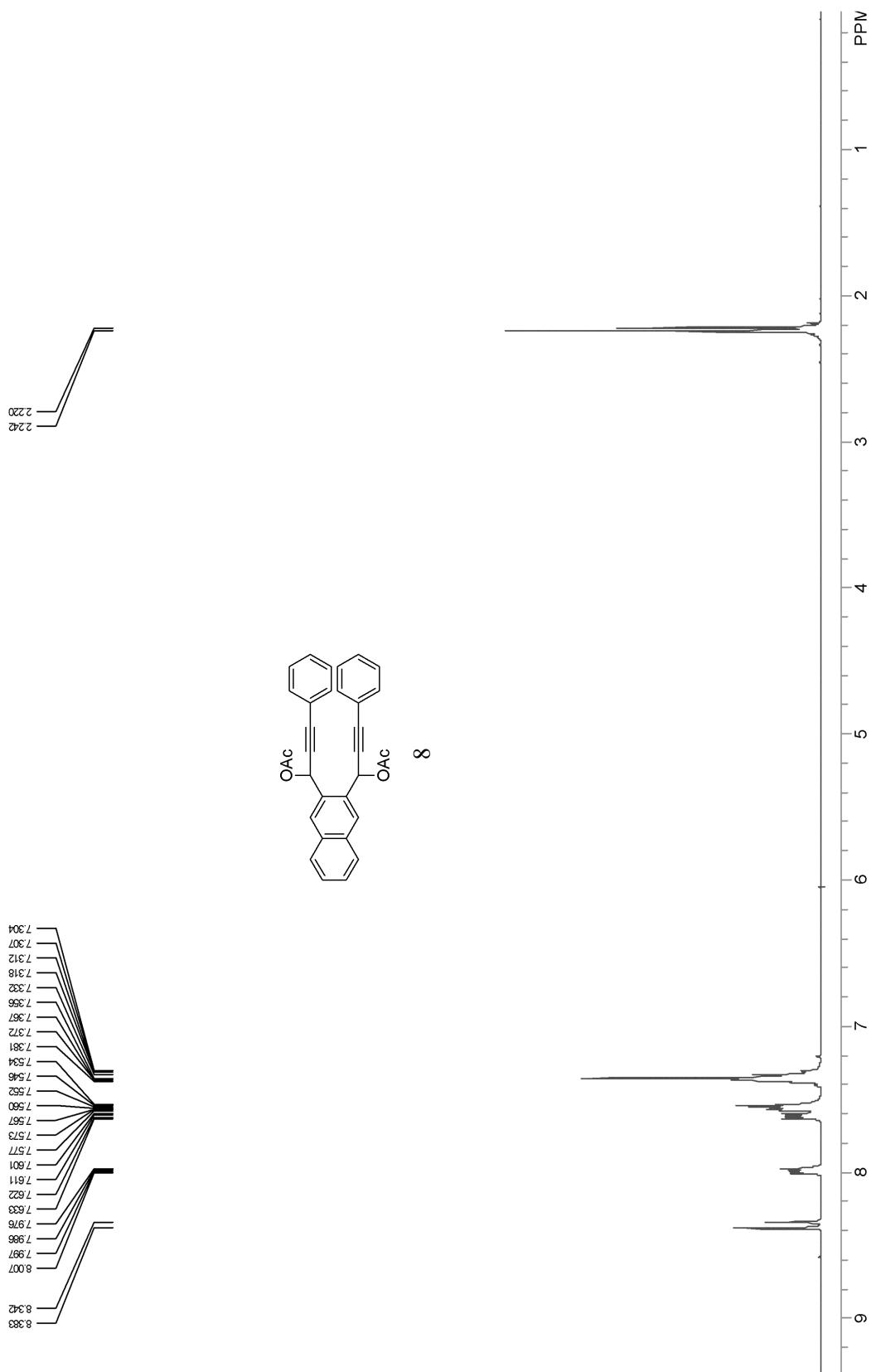




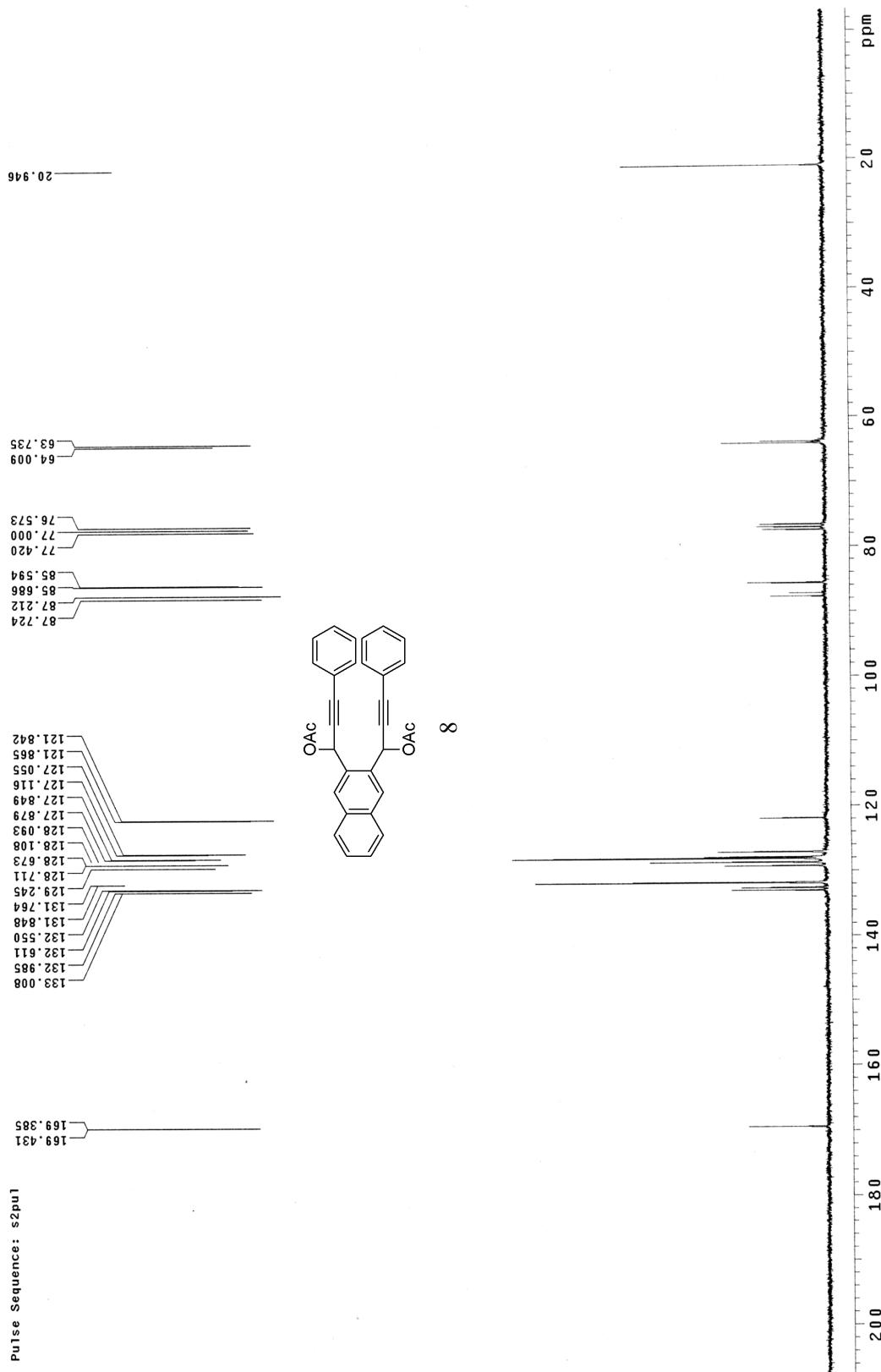


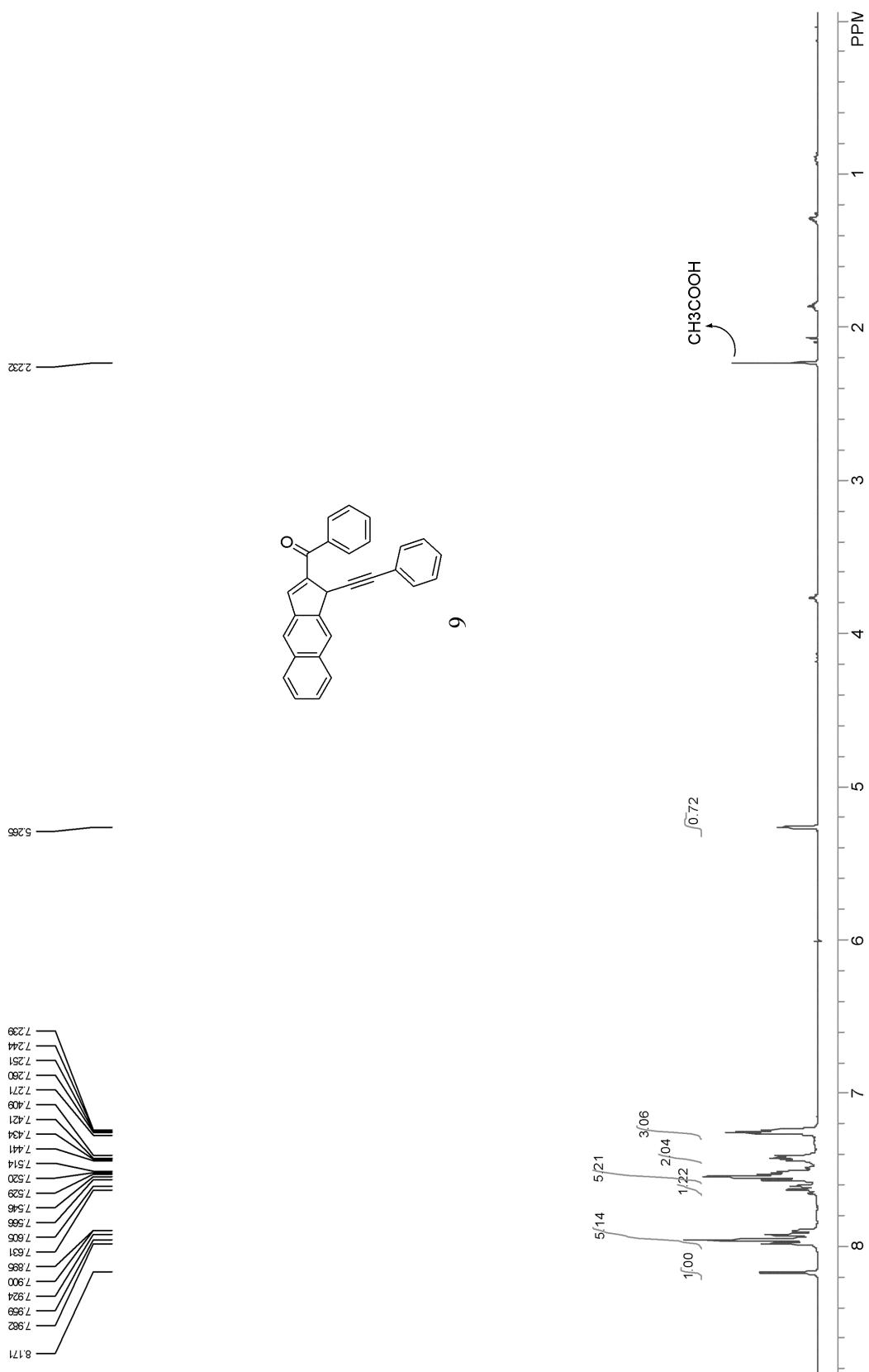




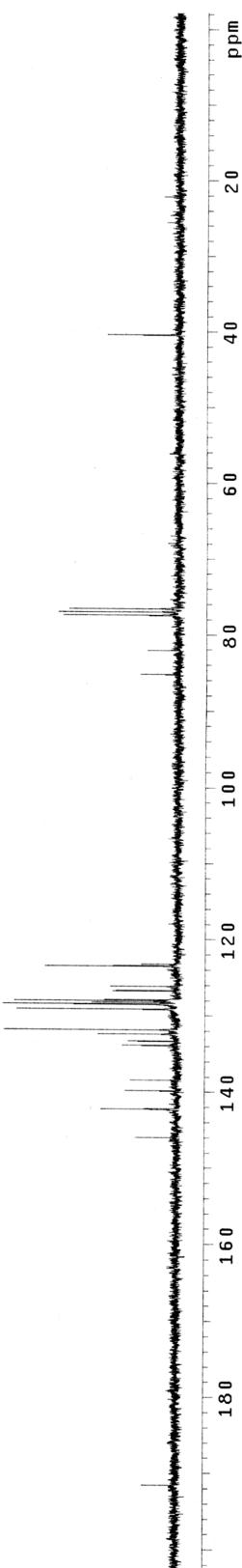
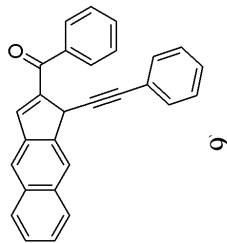
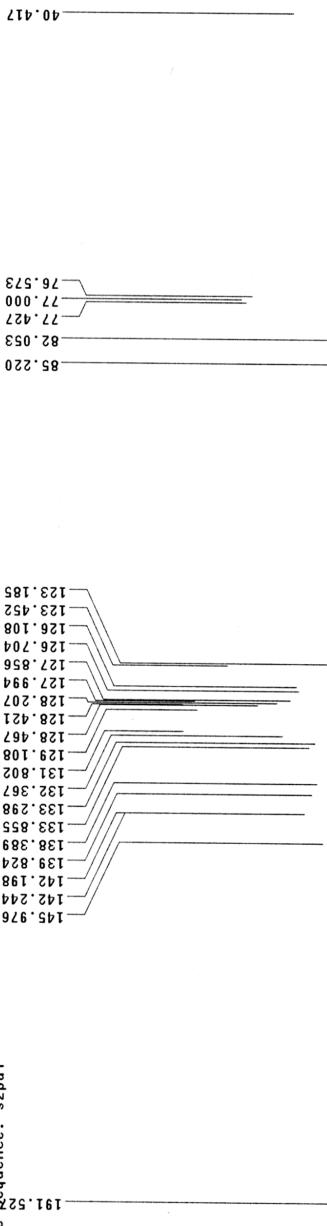


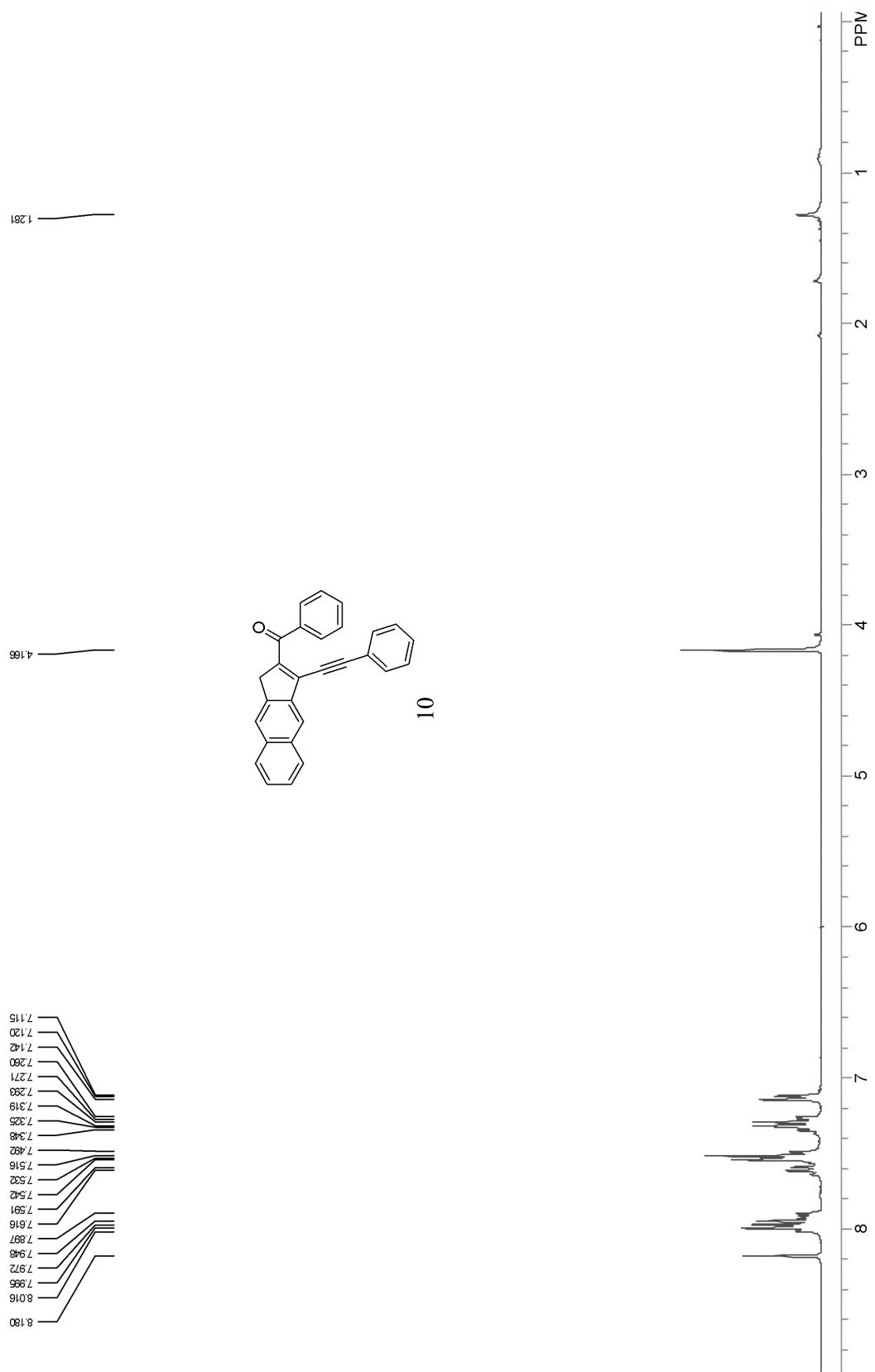
19.061031-4c  
Archive directory: /export/home/liu-yh/vnmrsys/data  
Sample directory:  
File: CARBON  
Pulse Sequence: s2pu1





lgj061102-1c  
Archive directory: /export/home/liu-yh/nmrsys/data  
Sample directory:  
File: CARBON  
Pulse Sequence: s2pu1





19J061103-1c

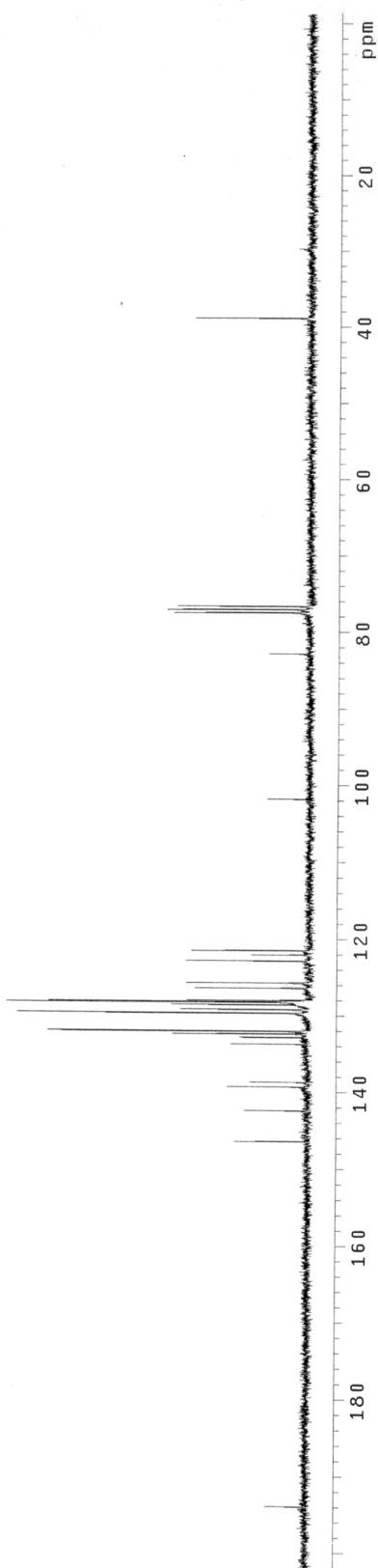
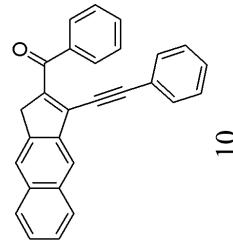
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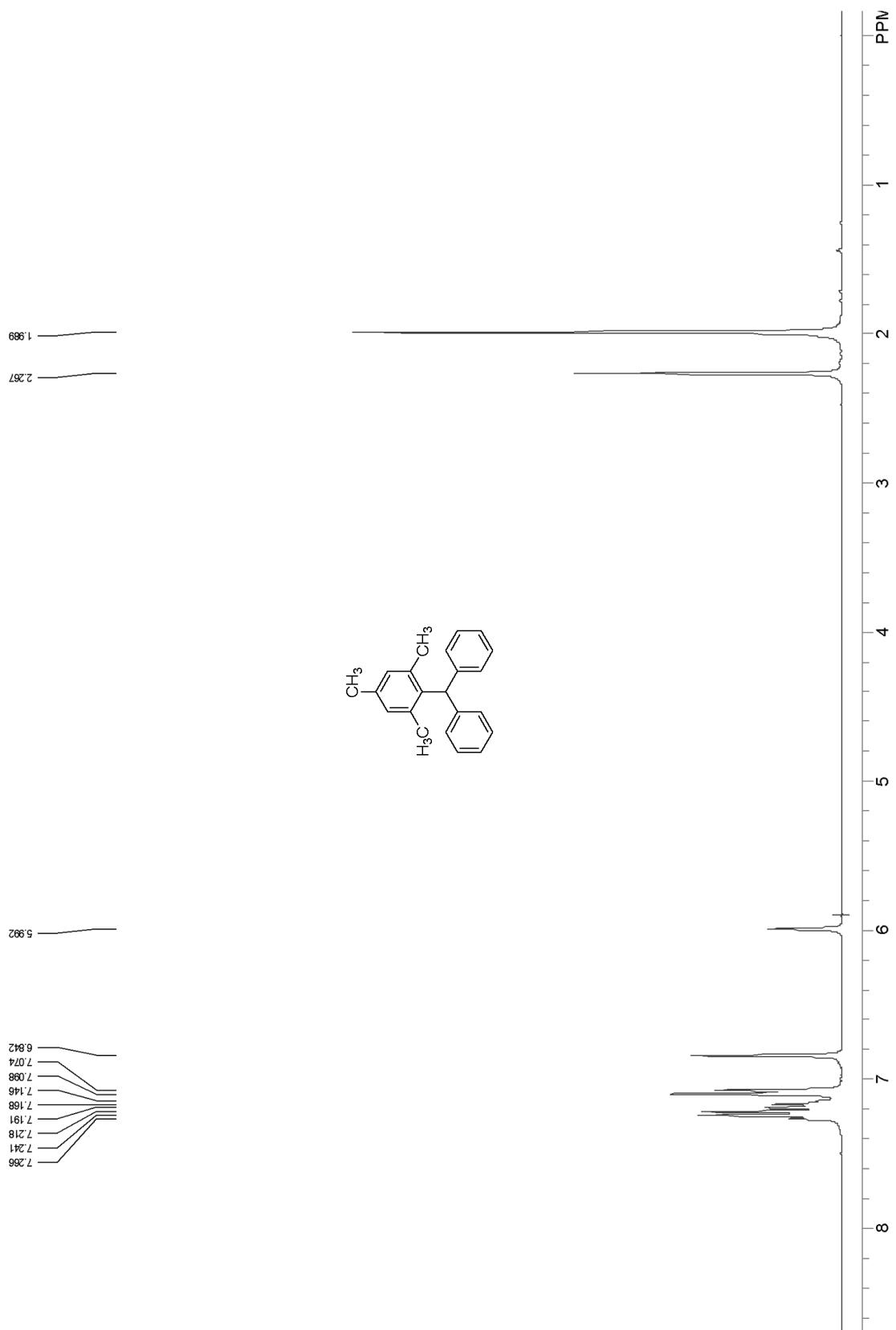
Sample directory:

FILE: CARBON

Pulse Sequence: s2pu1

38.776  
82.770  
101.745  
121.422  
121.979  
122.780  
125.643  
126.330  
126.910  
127.077  
128.077  
128.184  
128.513  
129.138  
129.169  
129.193  
131.314  
132.787  
133.657  
138.641  
139.259  
142.366  
146.388  
193.888





1gj-4-67c  
Archive directory: /export/home/tang-y/vnmrsys/data  
Sample directory:  
File: CARBON  
Pulse Sequence: s2pu1

